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New Implement Warehouses,
William-St., Next Presbyterian
Church,
J. P. RILEY, Agent.

THE WEEKLY POST.

OUR FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR—NO. 64

LINDSAY, ONT., FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1902.

TERMS—\$1.00 PER YEAR
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

BOY WANTED Immediately, as apprentice in Drug Store, and to take care of Doctor's horses. Apply to JAMES GRANT, M. D., Victoria Road, Ont.—w4.

FOR SALE.—A 150 acre farm for sale three miles from Lindsay, on the Omeo road. The buildings on the premises are fairly good. Terms reasonable. Apply to David Walker, Lindsay P. O.—w4.

Pigs for Sale.—The undersigned has a number of young pigs for sale. Will ship and pay freight for customers to nearest railway point; safe arrival assured. Write for prices. J. J. HADLEY, Hatfield Stock Farm, Hatfield P. O.—w4.

FARM FOR SALE.—Lot 9, con. 1, Elton, 100 acres, all cleared, good frame barn and other outbuildings, also good large frame house with stone cellar, full size, on boundary between Elton and Thorah, five miles from Beaverton, three miles from Lorneville. This is a first class farm for every particular. Apply to E. EVANS, Crosswell.—w4.

FOR SALE.—A nice frame house on Ridout-st., No. 51, half acre of land, a good stable and first-class well and a nice shade tree, price \$325. Also a desirable building lot, face two streets, Kent and Ridout, a good wood shed and well on the premises. Apply to F. FORRETT, Shoebush, 14 William-st.—w4d4.

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Will visit Lindsay Every 1st and 3rd Wednesday, at the Simpson Hotel, Hours, 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. Consultations, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 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AN HUMBLE HERO

BY THOMAS P. MONTFORT

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(Continued from last week.)

CHAPTER XIX.

Louisa Banks felt that her cup of misery was full, but there was more, much more, to be poured in yet.

When Sim did not appear at breakfast next morning, she went up to his room to see if he was there. It was then she discovered the little pile of money and the papers he had left on the table. With a premonition of what was to come she pushed the money aside and eagerly took up the first paper and unfolded it. It was the poor little note Sim had written to her. She read it through, then sank into a chair and, pillowing her head on the table, burst into tears.

It would have been a hard heart that would not have been affected by the simple pathos of Sim's words, and Louisa was not hard hearted. She was touched, deeply touched, by the manly, generous manner in which he absolved her from all blame and bravely took it all on his own shoulders. That note presented him to her in a new and a far more favorable light than she had ever seen him. It showed how truly he could love, how good and generous his heart was and how grand and noble his nature.

She realized now that in losing him she had lost one of the purest and truest souls that ever lived, and she regretted, deeply and sincerely, that she could not love him.

"But I tried," she told herself, "God knows I tried, to love him and wanted to love him, but I couldn't. Yet I was not worthy of such a man or of such love as he gave me."

Presently she took up the deeds and read them over. The tears started afresh to her eyes.

"More of his goodness," she thought, "No other man would have done such a thing. Oh, Sim! Poor, heartbroken Sim! How I pity you!"

Later in the day she went out and stood by the gate, looking down toward the wood, the way she had seen Sim go the previous evening. Her heart was heavy, and her thoughts were all of him. Before he went she had always thought she could never be happy except with Frank Shelton, but now she felt that she could never be happy again under any circumstances.

Presently Mary Mann came down the street on her way home from the store, where she had gone to view Melvin's remains and to learn all the news about the tragedy. Louisa had not been from home all day, and no one had visited her, so she was entirely ignorant of all that had transpired to excite the community in a tumult of excitement. Mary Mann knew this, and glad of an opportunity to tell the news and at the same time inflict a cruel wound on one she hated, she stopped when she reached Mrs. Banks and accosted her sweetly, very, very sweetly, with:

"Howdy, Louesey? I'm right glad to see you. You rale well?"

"I'm very well, Mrs. Mann," Louisa replied coldly without looking up.

"I'm glad to hear it," Mrs. Mann said in her sweet tones, ignoring Louisa's coldness. "I'm rale glad to hear it, Louesey, but I must say you ain't a-lookin' very well."

"I'm very well, I thank you."

"Yes? And Sim—I suppose he's well?"

"I presume so."

"Is he at home today?"

"No."

"Where is he, Louesey?"

Mrs. Banks, remembering all she had heard of the relationship existing between this woman and Sim, flashed anxiety in an instant.

"I don't know," she replied scornfully, "that it's particularly any of your business where he is."

Mrs. Mann did not allow her feelings to be ruffled by this curt answer. Her time to deal a deadly thrust was coming, and then her revenge would be so full that she could well afford to wait. Quietly she said:

"Oh, you feel that way 'bout it, do you?"

"I do."

"Waal, I s'pose it's nat'ral, Louesey, that you should. I reckon it's even nat'ral that you should feel that it ain't nobody's business."

"Whether it's natural or not, Mrs. Mann, that is just how I feel."

"Just so. But, for all that, Louesey, there's many as will feel different 'bout it. There's a heap of people, an especially the officers, who will think it's a right smart of their business."

Louisa raised her head and gave Mrs. Mann a look of scorn.

"I know of no reason why they should," she replied, "nor do I presume you know of any."

"Lal! Is that so? Then you've not heard 'bout all that's been goin on to-day?"

"I have heard nothing."

Now had the time of Mrs. Mann's revenge arrived—revenge for the loss of Sim and all she had suffered in consequence of it. Bluntly, almost brutally, she said:

"Then you didn't know that your lover, James Melvin, had been found dead with a bullet hole through his heart. It was a cruel blow cruelly dealt, and Louisa staggered under it. Her eyes opened wide, her face became deathly white, and for a moment her heart stopped beating. She reeled and would have fallen had she not clung to the fence for support. Her lips moved

as if in speech, but no sound escaped them.

Her suffering was intense. It was pitiful. Even a heart of stone must have been touched by it. But Mary Mann was impervious to pity. In her heart there was no compassion. She had dealt a hard blow, but she had a harder yet to deal, and she did not hesitate. Relentlessly she said:

"Yes, your sweetheart has been killed, an it was your husband murdered him, an you, Louesey Banks, are responsible for it all."

With one wild, heartrending shriek Louisa fell back in a dead faint. Two hours later a group of men were standing in front of Hicks' store discussing the murder. Some there were who talked, and some there were who only listened. Pap Sampson, Jason Roberts and Sam Morgan were of the latter. Jim Thorn, still occupying the position of supreme importance in the village, was saying:

"No, sir, men, I've got nothin on earth ag'in Sim Banks, an thar's not a man in the world I'd befriend quicker than I would him, but in spite of all that I can't shut my eyes to the plain fact that ever' thing goes to show that Sim Banks fired the shot that killed Melvin."

"I hate moughtily to think Sim could do sich a thing," Hicks remarked, "but I'm afeard I'll have to own that ever' thing seems to point pow'ful strong ag'in him."

"Of co'se it does," Thorn agreed. "Lord, Jake, as much as I hate to say it, I got to own that it's a plumb plain case. In the first place, Sim had a reason for killin Melvin, an thar wa'n't nary another soul in this whole section that did have a reason. You know that's so, don't you?"

"I'm afeard it is, Jim," Hicks admitted.

"Then yistery evenin, jest before Melvin must 'a' been killed," Thorn went on, "Sim was seen goin down into them woods with his gun on his shoulder. He knowed Melvin was at the store here, no doubt, an would be a-passin through them woods on his way to Turner's. What more likely than that he went down thar an bid behind that tree till Melvin come along, then upen an drapped him?"

"It 'pears to look like it mought 'a' been that a-way," Hicks replied. "It does shore."

"Then on top of all that," Thorn added, "is the fact that Sim Banks is gone or else is in hidin somewhar. Now, why would he run off or hide if he wa'n't guilty of somethin? And what could he be guilty of if it ain't this murder?"

Hicks shook and shook his head.

"I reckon you must be right, Jim," he said, "though I hate vuss'n pizen to have to say so. Yes, it looks like Sim must 'a' done it. It does shore."

"Of course he done it," another said emphatically. "Lord, that's jest as plain to my mind as the nose on your face. I don't see how anybody'd man-

What makes you so pizen hard on him?"

"I ain't. I'm jest talkin facts."

"They're mis'able blame hard facts, then."

"I can't help that. I didn't make 'em hard."

"Waal, I hope they won't never hang old Sim nobow. Gosh a-mighty, fellows, thar'd jest be awful, wouldn't it?"

"It would so," Hicks agreed, "an I wouldn't have it done for a party."

"Say," called Sam Morgan, "who you all reckon that stranger was that come long over thar in the woods today?"

"Lord," Thorn exclaimed, "if I hadn't gone an clear fogot all 'bout him! But I ain't no notion who he was nobow."

"He 'peared to take a right moughty intrust in the murder, didn't he?"

"Shore. 'Peared to think it was a painful pity Melvin got killed."

"Did so. Acted like it made him considerable sorry. I bet he's pow'ful tender hearted."

"Purly good sort of feller, I guess. But, say, fellows, what you reckon Louesey Banks thinks 'bout the way things has turned out?"

"I dunno, I'm shore," Hicks replied. "Guess mebbe she don't know nothin 'bout it."

"Lord, if she does I reckon she can't feel none too good with her sweetheart dead an her husband a murderer."

"That is a lie, Jim Thorn—every word a lie!"

They started and looked around, and there among them stood Louisa, her face white and drawn, her form trembling, but a look of dreadful earnestness in her eyes.

CHAPTER XX.

PAP SAMPSON AS A FRIEND.

"It's a lie, a positive lie!" Louisa repeated, with her gaze fixed steadily on Jim Thorn's face. "I don't care if the whole world says he did, and I don't care what proof there is against him, I say Sim Banks never committed such a crime as murder!"

"That's what he didn't, Louesey," and Pap Sampson stepped to the woman's side, thumped his cane firmly against the ground and faced the others defiantly. "I say it, Jim Thorn, an I say it openly an aboveboard, an I'll continue to say it till the last day in the evenin, Sim Banks never took that man's life."

Louisa turned a grateful look on the old man, and the tears started to her eyes.

"Thank you, Pap, with my whole heart," she said. "It's a comfort to know that Sim has one true friend in all the world who will stand up in his defense to the last."

"An I will stand up for him, Louesey. As long as there's a breath of life in my body I'll defend Sim Banks against all the world, because I know he's an innocent man."

Jim Thorn stood with his head bent and his gaze fixed on the ground. He made no reply to anything Louisa or Pap said. Perhaps, for all that, he may have been honest in his expressed belief in Sim's guilt. There were others there who were. They could scarcely be blamed under the circumstances.

"You and I know Sim is innocent," Louisa said, laying her hand on Pap's arm, "even if all the world believes he's guilty."

"We do," Pap replied. "But we are not alone, Louesey. Thar's others here who b'lieve Sim is innocent."

Louisa shook her head.

"But thar is," Pap insisted. "Sam Morgan, you b'lieve it, don't you?"

Sam's head dropped, and after hesitating a moment he turned and walked slowly away. It needed no words to tell what he thought. Pap was disappointed, but he said:

"Never mind, Louesey. Sam Morgan is honest, and he can't help his opinions. Thar's one here, though, I know is with us. Jason Roberts, you don't b'lieve Sim Banks is guilty, do you?"

Jason, too, dropped his head and hesitated, but he replied:

"I wish, Pap," he said in low tones, "that you hadn't asked me that. I don't want to tell you the truth, and I can't tell you a lie."

Pap said no more. Two such keen disappointments were enough. Besides, if those two men were not friendly to Sim, where should he look for one who was?

The action of Sam and Jason cut Louisa to the heart. They had been among Sim's nearest friends, and if anybody could believe in his innocence certainly they could.

"Come, Louesey," Pap said. "This is not the place for you. Let me take you to my home. You'll find a true friend in Mirandy, an mebbe she'll do you good."

Louisa took Pap's arm and walked away with him. For some time after they were both silent, but there was something occupying Pap's mind. There was something he wanted to say, but he was at a loss for words to express himself as he felt he should. It was a matter that to him was very delicate, and to breach it without giving offense seemed no easy task. Finally he ventured to begin by saying:

"Louesey, you know I'm your friend an that I want to do ever' thing for you I can an that I wouldn't knowingly do nary a thing to hurt you for nothin on earth. You b'lieve that, don't you?"

"I do, Pap. I believe every word you say. Do you know before Sim went away he wrote a note and left it for me, and in that note he said, 'If you ever need a friend, go to Pap Sampson.' He said I could trust you and depend on you."

"Lord! Did Sim write that a-way 'bout me?" Pap's face fairly beamed with pleasure.

"He did."

"My hand, ain't that queer, now? Who'd ever 'a' thought of Sim writin like that 'bout a old no 'count scrub like me? Waal, waal!"

"Sim thought a great deal of you, Pap, more than he thought of anybody else."

"You don't say so?"

"Yes, I do. And it's true too."

"Waal, waal! Who'd 'a' thought sich a thing? A old played out plug like me, too—my, my! But I allus liked Sim. He was a pow'ful fine feller. Sim was, an a good, honest feller too. An Sim told you to come to me? Waal, I swan!"

"But I didn't have to come to you, did I? You came to me."

"That's quaire, too, ain't it? But it's all right, an now we understand each other, don't we?"

"I understand that Sim was right about you."

"I hope so, Louesey, I hope so. And now I was jest a-thinkin 'bout somethin that I sorter felt like I ought to mention, but yit I didn't know exactly."

"What is it, Pap?"

"I dunno, Louesey. I'm most afeard I'll hurt your feelin's."

"No; speak out. I know you mean to do that which is right."

"Then it is about Melvin. You see, we know all that 'bout you an him, an I thought—you see, I don't know, of co'se, an I may be all in the wrong, but I kinder 'lowed mebbe, on 'count of what was atwixt you two, that nat'rally you'd like to see him once more. I jest sorter 'lowed it mought be that a-way, you know, an I hope I ain't said nothin to hurt you."

"No, you have not," she replied, "and perhaps it's wrong, but I would like to see him. I hope you won't think me wicked, Pap, for God knows I can't help my feelings."

"I don't, Louesey. It ain't my place to judge, an I ain't blamin nobody for nothin. I know it's sad that you an Sim couldn't get along, but if you couldn't get along, an that's all thar is to it. Sim ain't never faulted you for nothin, an I'm moughty shore I ain't a-goin to nuther. Whatever may be said, I know one thing, Louesey, an that is, no matter what you thought of anybody else, you've always been a true wife to Sim. Your conduct has been right, an that's all the world has got to do with. Your thoughts an your feelin's is atwixt you an your God."

"And God knows I never meant to do wrong," Louisa said, "but I did when I married Sim without loving him. But I didn't know, Pap; I didn't know. I was too young, I loved the other then, but I liked Sim, and I wasn't sure. Oh, love is so cruel, so cruel!"

"No, Louesey, it ain't that. It's that people ain't keefin enough of what they're doin when they marry. You was too young to know your own heart."

"I was, and the consequence is I have ruined Sim's life and made myself miserable forever."

"No, no, Louesey. Don't you go to lookin at that a-way. Lord, thar's many years afore you, an thar's no tellin what all may happen yit. You jest keep up courage an be as hopeful as you can, an some of these days you'll find that all your pains an sufferin's has been left behind."

"Not in this life, Pap. It can't ever be in this hard, cold world."

"But it can, an it will. You'll see."

They walked on a little way in silence. They were both thinking, and though neither of them knew it, their minds were on the same subject. Presently Louisa sighed and, as if speaking to herself, said:

"Poor Sim, poor Sim!"

"Ananced quickly at her face, while the faint trace of a smile played about his lips. In that moment he saw farther into the future than Louisa would have believed."

"An now about Melvin," he said. "I reckon you know what people say an think?"

"No, but I suppose they think me wicked and say bad things about me."

"Waal, some of 'em do, Louesey. Yes; I'm afeard some of 'em do."

"I'm sorry, but I can't help it."

"In co'se, I understand all that. But, seem as things are so, I 'lowed you wouldn't keer 'bout givin folks no more room for sayin things than you can help, so I reckoned you'd ruther go to see Melvin when ever'body wa'n't thar to see you."

"Yes; I would. But can I?"

"Shore. If you jest wait till tonight, when ever'body's gone home, I'll take you thar. I'll arrange it with Hicks so's you can go in. That a-way nobody won't know nothin 'bout it, an nobody can't have nothin to say."

"Thank you, Pap. You are more than thoughtful and kind."

"Lord, that ain't nothin. Even if I didn't keer nothin for you I'd do that much jest to balm Mary Mann."

At the mention of that name Louisa shuddered. Pap noticed it and said:

"I reckon you ain't got much more love for that woman than I have."

"I despise her," Louisa replied.

"Most folks does. Lord, she made a plumb fool of herself over Sim."

"And I accused him of making love to her!"

"Makin love to her! Sim Banks makin love to Mary Mann! My Lord, gosh, what was you ever a-thinkin of? Why, Sim hated her vussin pizen."

"I know now that I was unjust."

"To be shore you was. But I reckon somebody told you somethin?"

"Yes."

"That's the way it is—ainus somebody fairly splittin their skins to git to stir up trouble. Sich people ort to have their tongues split an their legs run through 'em."

As Pap had promised, Mrs. Sampson proved a true friend to Louisa. She received her kindly and made her feel heartily welcome from the instant she entered the house. Like Pap, she neither judged nor blamed, but rather sought to soothe and comfort. The generous kindness of these two plain, simple old people touched Louisa deeply, and she never forgot it.

That night Pap took Louisa to the store to see for the last time all that remained of the man she loved. He felt that he was doing right, and when he spoke of it to his wife she readily agreed with him.

"I think it will be for the best," she said. "It may be a comfort to her, an anyway it can't do nobody no harm."

The store was dark, and there was no one there, but Pap had secured from Hicks the key to the wareroom

where the body lay. Leaving Louisa on the outside, he opened the door and went in and struck a light. Then he came back to her and whispered:

"Now you can go in."

"Now you can go in, an I s'pose you'd ruther go alone?"

"Yes," she replied.

She passed through the door, and Pap waited on the outside. What transpired in that room no one save Louisa ever knew. The door stood partially open, and Pap might have looked in, but he would not have done such a thing for the world.

A quarter of an hour passed, and then Louisa came out. Pap saw that she was very pale, but perfectly calm. Without a word he put out the light and closed the door, and in perfect silence they walked back home.



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CHAPTER XXI.

A LITTLE NEIGHBOURLY GOSSIP.

One day Hi Jenkins and Jonathan Turner rode over to Beckett's Mill to see about selling some hogs. It was one of the days when Hi's "ager" was not working on him, so he was in an approachable humor. Naturally in the conversation that followed the arrival of the two men the murder of Melvin and the disappearance of Sim Banks formed the chief topic.

"I knowed from the very first," Turner remarked, "that that feller wa'n't down yere smellin round for no mineral, an I knowed thar was somethin back of him that he wa'n't keenin 'bout people knowin. But, Lord a-massy, men, I never dreamed that he'd gone an done sich a thing as murder. Great snakes an caterpillars, jest think of it, will you—that feller stayin thar in my house, a-sleepin in my bed, an a-eatin at my table when he'd done tuck a feller critter's life! My land, if I'd 'a' knowed I wouldn't 'a' had him thar for a boss. Why, don't you know since he was thar it jest seems like ever' blame thing on the place is got human blood on it—seems like it's on the beds an the towels an the cheers an the dishes, an 'pears like I can taste it in the vittles. Lord a-massy, but it's awful!"

"I bet you'd 'a' been skeered of him, too," Jason Roberts said, "if you'd 'a' knowed 'bout him killin that feller."

"Great possums an persimmons, I reckon I shorely would 'a' been skeered. Why, jest think—that feller mought 'a' got up some night an killed ever' blame one of us."

"An he never cheeped a word to you 'bout nothin he'd done nor nothin?"

"Nary a word. It's been under inquisitive, like some folks, an had 'a' pried into him, I mought 'a' found out somethin. But, Lord, I ain't no hand to ask questions, you know, an when a feller acts like he don't want to tell nothin I jest let him alone."

"Didn't you ask him nothin?"

"Scarcely a thing. When he come up thar fust that day, I sorter dung out one or two little questions, but I see right away he didn't want to answer nothin, so I jest quit. Land, I ain't no hand to try to make people tell things anyhow whether they want to or not."

There was an oppressive silence after this, a silence during which there was much thinking. But Turner was blissfully ignorant of the trend of thought. He did not even suspect it when he saw a smile on more than one face.

"An 'bout that feller over to your house, Hi?" Hicks remarked questioningly.

"He ain't thar no more," Hi replied. "Gone away?"

"Yes; went yistery."

"I'd say 't."

"Yes; he got so'd he didn't 'pear to be satisfied no more, so yistery he packed up an put out."

"Wa'n't satisfied with the 'commer-dation you give him?" Turner asked. "Them fellers mostly ain't satisfied with nothin."

"Oh, it wa'n't that, I guess. Leastwise he never made no fuss 'bout his commerdations."

"What ailed him, then, you reckon?"

"I dunno, I'm shore. Jest seemed to 'a' got sorter restless an uneasy an couldn't be still nohow. When he wa'n't asleep, he was all the time movin about, either trappin round over the woods or else walkin back'ards an for'ards across the yard. I've seed him walkin out thar in the yard for hours, jest goin to an fro, to an fro, till it wore me clean out. It got so's he done it of nights jest the same, an lots of times I've waked up way long towards mornin an seed him at it. Then thar was a kin of a skeered look in his eyes, an at ever' little noise he'd jump an look round like he'd been shot. I never seed nobody do like he done."

"By grab, it was funny, wa'n't it?"

"Looked that a-way to me shore."

"What you reckon was the matter of him, Hi?"

"I ain't no notion, Jake."

"I bet it was that murder done it," Sam Morgan said. "Don't you all reckon it was?"

AMMUNITION, GUNS, RIFLES, CARTRIDGE, SHOOTING GOODS, LANTERNS, PLOW LINES, HALTERS, COW TIES SAWS AXES, CHAINS

J. G. EDWARDS & CO.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1902.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Conservative cry that the Liberals have been in power long enough is a good deal like waiting for a dead man's shoes.

The Toronto World narrates how train loads of settlers are rushing into New Ontario. The efforts of the Ross Government to open our new northland have not been wasted. Those settlers are an effective answer to Tory abuse of the Government's policy.

We observe, says the Hamilton Times, that the Conservative papers are now praising Mr. A. W. Campbell, and his work for good roads. That reminds us that the appointment of the good roads officer was strongly opposed by the Opposition, just as they have opposed nearly all the progressive measures of the last generation in Ontario.

In voting for the Ross government and Mr. Newton Swayne, the Liberal candidate, we vote for a policy which is the combined wisdom of the Liberal representatives of the Province—a policy that has kept Ontario prosperous for 30 years, and that has made her institutions the admiration of nations.

The contract for the building of a great pulp mill at a cost of \$500,000 for the Sturgeon Falls Company has just been closed. The Toronto World says: "When completed it will rank as the second largest pulp and paper mill in the world." The good work so fiercely opposed and denounced by Mr. Whitney and the Ontario Tories goes on. The people will not be in a hurry to stop Mr. Ross from building up Ontario.

Hon. Mr. Blair's eloquent and effective defence of his administration of the Intercolonial appears to have been one of the features of the present session. The Opposition had concentrated their attacks on Mr. Blair's department, knowing that in the old days, under the Conservative regime, the management of the Intercolonial was essentially corrupt and extravagant. In the Public Accounts Committee nothing was revealed to discredit the administration, and when the matter came up in the House Mr. Blair made a splendid exposition of his policy, which left his critics without a leg to stand upon. Mr. Emerson epitomized Mr. Blair's record when he said the Minister had transformed the Intercolonial from a tramway into a railway. It cost money, and it took courage, but he had the courage, and the country will not grudge the money.

Orillia Times: East Simcoe is the last place in Ontario where any one should speak about what the Mail and Mr. Whitney call the Grit machine. All around here we have seen the Tory machine vigorously at work. Our readers remember Mr. Marten as an old Gravenhurst neighbor, the leader and one of the special pets of his party. The Toronto Tory machine turned him down most unceremoniously the other day because he differed from them in regard to the development of New Ontario. The late Mr. Dalton McCarthy was the pride of the party in this country, worked many a day and spent many a dollar for the cause, but he, too, was turned down and described as a "wabbler" by the chief party organ. Col. O'Brien was once a man of light and leading, but there is no love lost on him now. The fact is the Whitney machine allows no liberty within the ranks, except in the case of "Billy" Macdonald and a few others, who defy the machine and refuse to be put out of the party.

Keep your eyes open and be sure that when you ask for Perry Davis' Pain-Killer you get that and nothing else. Use it promptly to cure cramps, diarrhoea and all other bowel complaints in summer.

PALE AND LISTLESS.

A CONDITION THAT AFFECTS VERY MANY WOMEN.

The Appetite Fails—Strength Departs and the Sufferer Feels That Life is Really a Burden.

From The Topic, Petrolia, Ont.
It is impossible that a medicine can be so widely known and used as are Dr. Williams' Pink Pills without striking results frequently becoming known and the merits of this great remedy for the common ailments of man and womanhood being published. Mrs. Thos. Kettle, of Petrolia, Ont., is a case in point. Mrs. Kettle is an old resident of this district and is well known, chatting with a reporter of the Topic the other day in conversation drifted on the subject of medicine when Mrs. Kettle spoke in the highest praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which, she said, had cured her of a long illness. Our reporter, being naturally interested, made further inquiries when Mrs. Kettle gave him the following particulars: "I am the mother of twelve children and in spite of the constant strain and worry the raising of so large a family entailed upon me in addition to my housework I was for many years blessed with splendid health. However, after the birth of my last child my strength seemed to fail and I felt that my health was gradually going. I consulted a doctor and continued under his treatment for some months, but the only result that I could see was that I grew steadily worse. I could not name any particular ailment that I suffered from but I was all 'run down.' My appetite failed me, my strength seemed all gone and I became pale and listless, scarcely able to drag myself around and much of the time in bed. I became alarmed at my long continued ill health and as doctor's medicine had done me no good I determined to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I purchased a box and thought it did me some good so I got six boxes more and before I had finished taking the second I felt a lot better and by the time I had finished the seven boxes I had perfectly regained my health and gained weight and felt better than I had done for some years. I consider the pills a splendid medicine, a real godsend to weak and ailing women and have frequently recommended them to my friends and used them with my children always with good results." During the time Mrs. Kettle's healthy appearance to-day would hardly imagine she had ever known what a day's illness meant.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a positive cure for all diseases arising from impoverished blood or a weak or shattered condition of the nervous system, such as epilepsy, St. Vitus' dance, paralysis, rheumatism, cataplexy, heart troubles, anaemia, etc. These pills are also a cure for the ailments that make the lives of so many women a constant misery. Sold by druggists or sent by mail, postpaid, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 by address to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PRINCIPAL HARSTONE BEREAVED.

His Brother, Mr. Sam. Harstone, of Winnipeg, was Drowned Sunday.

Our citizens will sympathize very heartily with Mr. J. C. Harstone, Principal of the Collegiate, in the sad bereavement noted in Monday morning's daily papers—the drowning of a beloved brother on Sunday at Winnipeg as the result of a yachting accident. The facts are given briefly as follows:

Winnipeg, April 28.—The yacht "Gracie B.," with a pleasure party of Winnipeggers, 16 in number, cap-tained at Lower Port Garry yesterday. The yacht struck an overhanging ferry cable wire, and was overturned. All on board managed to reach the shore, but one—Sam Harstone of the Clarendon Hotel—who was drowned. Harstone was a prominent Winnipegger, for many years a leading figure in curling, having frequently won prizes at the Winnipeg and St. Paul tournaments.

Deceased was unmarried but leaving surviving him the following brothers and sisters: J. C. Harstone, principal High School, Lindsay; Leonard Harstone, Town Solicitor, St. Mary's; Mrs. Noah Quince, wife of the Principal of the High School, St. Thomas; Mrs. G. F. Thompson, wife of the Purser on a San Francisco liner. Harstone was one of the best-known curlers in the Dominion, and only last winter he intended to visit Lindsay next winter with a rink of crack curlers.

MET DEATH BY DROWNING.

Survives as to the Fate of Paddy Donoghue Set at Rest.

Considerable excitement was aroused Monday afternoon when it became known that the body of Paddy Donoghue, who disappeared mysteriously on March 3rd, had been found alongside a crib of logs near the Kennedy & Davis Co's mill. The news soon spread about town and a large number of citizens gathered at the river bank to see the body taken out of the water.

The crib of logs mentioned above was tied a short distance from the spot where it was supposed the poor fellow fell in. The logs were piled several tiers deep, and as the ends nearly touched the bottom of the river the body evidently became fastened under them. Last Saturday this crib was raised to the mill to be cut up, and while working on it Monday, Thos. Elliott, an employee, was covered the body floating between a couple of logs. He at once notified Mr. Kennedy, and the latter sent for Chief Newson and Coroner Poole. After their arrival a rope was fastened around the body and it was taken out of the water.

On account of the body being in the water seven weeks it was badly disfigured. After an examination the coroner decided that an inquest was unnecessary and the body was put in a casket and taken by Undertaker Nugent to St. Mary's cemetery, where it was placed in the vault. The remains were buried Tuesday at 10 o'clock.

WHAT THE LIBERAL GOVERNMENT HAS DONE.

What has the Liberal Government done for Ontario during its thirty years' term? The bill is a long one and its items cannot all be cited at once. But here are a few of them:

The contention for territorial rights in the greater part of what is now known as New Ontario.

The possession and the development of New Ontario.

Vote by ballot.

The trial of election petitions by judges.

The establishment of the School of Practical Science.

The making of the Agricultural College more efficient.

The separation of the liquor traffic from municipal control.

The appointment of a Minister of Education.

The establishment of Normal Schools at London and Ottawa.

The extension of the franchise to farmers' sons.

The building of colonization roads in many of the new districts.

The establishment of a reformatory for females.

The extension of surveys of Crown lands.

Encouragement of immigration.

Facilities for settlement.

The creation of new parliamentary buildings.

The assertion of the right of the province to property in rivers and streams.

The establishment of a Normal College.

County Council reform.

The appointment of a Good Roads Commissioner.

The appointment of a Provincial Municipal Auditor.

The taxing of corporations.

The establishment of a Western dairy school.

The establishment of a pioneer dairy farm in order to test the agricultural character of the lands of Western Ontario between Port Arthur and Rat Portage.

A handsome vote of \$1,000,000 for the encouragement of good roads.

The right of property of the province in the timber and minerals of the disputed territory.

The provincial control of liquor licenses.

Remonstrance against the action of the Dominion government in taking control of provincial railways.

Improved representation for Algoma in 1885.

Improvement in the Separate Schools Act.

The creation of a Separate Department of Agriculture.

Representation in the Legislature for New Ontario.

The teaching of French or German in the Public and Separate Schools of the province, where the language of the locality rendered it desirable in order to the better teaching of English.

The appointment of a drainage referee.

The building of the asylum at Brockville.

The passing of the succession duties act.

And there is more to be recorded. All this the government has done for the province. The opposition has done nothing but oppose. This is the substance the government has given. Who would change it for the shadow offered by Mr. J. P. Whitney & Co?

Saturday's Markets.

The market was fairly well attended, and there was a very brisk demand for fresh butter and eggs. Following were the quotations: Butter 17c to 18c, per lb., eggs 11c to 12c, per doz., chickens 15c to 20c, per pair, ducks 10c to 12c, per pair, geese 11c to 12c, per pair, cream 10c per pint, potatoes 60c to 65c, per bag, hay \$7 to \$9 per ton.

No More Wooden Walks.

Orillia News-Letter: The council has been making its annual tour of inspection of the roads and sidewalks during the past week. It is now pretty well decided that any new walks laid this summer and in future will be granite, excepting on the steep hills. It is likely that a by-law governing the laying and paying of walks will be introduced at an early meeting of the council. In other places the custom is for the corporation to pay a part of the cost, while the taxpayer in front of whose property the walk is laid also bears a portion. The same to be spread over a number of years. At any rate, the day of the wooden walk is ended.

Salt Rheum

It may become chronic. It may cover the body with large, inflamed, burning, itching, scaling patches and cause intense suffering. It has been known to do so.

Do not delay treatment. Thoroughly cleanse the system of the humors on which this ailment depends and prevent their return.

The medicine taken by Mrs. Ida E. Ward, Cove Point, Md., was Hood's Sarsaparilla. She writes: "I had a disagreeable itching on my arms which I concluded was salt rheum. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and in two days felt better. It was not long before I was cured and I have never had any skin disease since."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. It is positively unequalled for all cutaneous eruptions. Take it.

ELECTION IN FRANCE

The Government Fares Badly in the City of Paris.

NO ABSOLUTE DECISION SO FAR

Sunday's Results Show 165 Ministers and 183 Anti-Ministerialists Elected—Rebals Will Be Required in 193 Cases and Will Be Held May 11—Some of the Prominent Deputies Elected.

Paris, April 28.—Paris has not elected a single Ministerialist to the Chamber of Deputies in the general elections, held yesterday. Eight Nationalists, 6 anti-Ministerialist Socialists, 4 anti-Ministerialist Republicans and 3 Conservatives were returned. It was the worst defeat the Government has ever sustained in Paris.

The Ministerialists lost four seats, and another new constituency was won by the Nationalists. The Nationalists, however, suffered a severe check in Algiers, where M. Drumont, the notorious anti-Semite, was turned out by a majority of 900.

Among the prominent deputies elected to the Chamber are: Count Rion de Cattellane (Progressist) from the District of Castellane, Department of Basses-Alpes; M. Ribot (Republican), from the District of Saint-Omer, Department of Pas-de-Calais; M. Maline (Progressist), from the District of Reims, Department of Vosges; and M. De Lanussan (Radical), from the District of Lyon, Department of the Rhone.

The polling for the election of new members to the Chamber of Deputies began at 8 o'clock yesterday morning, and closed at 6 o'clock yesterday evening. The total number of candidates was 2,515. Of this number, 353 stood in the Department of the Seine. The number of seats to fill is 581.

Re-balling will occur in 29 districts.

The candidates who secured an absolute majority of the votes recorded, provided such majority be equal to one-fourth of the electors in the register, are returned, and a fortnight hence the battle will be fought out in the constituencies where no candidate has succeeded in getting such a majority on the first ballot. The number of political parties and groups arrayed against each other was larger than ever before. Nevertheless there is, after all, only one real issue—France was asked to vote for or against M. Waldeck-Rousseau, who has been at the helm nearly three years.

A comparison of the state of France to-day with what it was in 1899 furnishes the best defence of his administration.

Law reports are as follows: Ministerialists 165, anti-Ministerialists 123, re-ballots 123.

DISFIGURED BY ACID.

Crown Witness in Toronto Assaulted by an Unknown Assailant.

Toronto, April 28.—Mrs. Lucy Allen, a witness in the Crown in the trial of Mrs. Richard Wolfe, the Yonge street furrier, was badly burned with carbolic acid on Sunday night, while passing along Ontario street. The acid was applied to her face by an unknown person, who slipped up behind her, and the police are working on the theory that the deed was the outcome of Mrs. Allen's giving evidence against Mrs. Wolfe. Mrs. Allen is badly disfigured, but the attending physician is hopeful of the sight of her right eye, though the lids are much burned and swollen. The unknown assailant got away before she recovered from first pain of the assault.

Mrs. Allen was to have appeared in the Police Court this morning to put in her defence in the counter charge of stealing furs, preferred by Mrs. Wolfe.

Mrs. Wolfe is awaiting trial at the Criminal Sessions next month on charges of theft and conspiracy to defraud. She is charged jointly with her husband, Max Wolfe, and her brother, David Davis. Mrs. Allen is the principal witness against Mrs. Wolfe in the theft case.

Mrs. Allen will, of course, be unable to appear to-day.

The extreme penalty in such cases is life imprisonment.

POLITICAL POINTERS.

The Liberals of London met Saturday night at the committee rooms for the purpose of endorsing the candidature of Col. P. B. Leys in the forthcoming election. Mr. Leys was unanimously nominated, which was unanimous.

Officials of the Attorney-General's Department who have looked into the authorities say there can be no doubt that a woman cannot sit as a member of the Legislature. They therefore say that for Mrs. Darwin's name to be placed on the ballot in North Toronto would probably result in the election being upset.

Hon. F. R. Latchford was the chief speaker at a Liberal meeting, held on Wolfe Island, in W. J. Shibley's interests, on Saturday night. He reviewed the work of the administration, and told his power to aid them to secure better ferry service for which they had petitioned. E. J. R. Penso, J. L. Haycock and W. J. Shibley also spoke.

Paquette Killed His Friend.

Notch Hill, B.C., April 28.—About 10 o'clock Saturday night Louis Paquette shot and killed Fred Ledger at his house five miles east of here. They have been on the best of terms.

Paquette called at the hotel about 6 o'clock yesterday morning and told the hotelkeeper he was going to Kamloops to give himself up.

Don J. S. Norton Dead.

Chicago, April 28.—Hon. J. Sterling Morton, former Secretary of Agriculture, died at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

A KINGSTON TRAGEDY

A Boy of 15 Years Kills Girl of Fourteen.

BULLET PIERCED HER TEMPLE

While Leaving School Eric Sharp Drove a Revolver and Shot Beatrice Holland Dead—The Victim Was a Daughter of Mr. Holland, Engineer on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway.

Kingston, April 29.—Just as the children were being dismissed yesterday afternoon at Frontenac School, a shot rang through the building, and a bright, happy girl, aged 14, named Beatrice Holland, fell over and was soon dead. The bullet pierced her temple. Eric Sharp, aged 15, a schoolmate, fired the fatal shot. The girl was cared for and physicians summoned, but she was beyond relief when they arrived.

At 7 o'clock he gave himself up to the police. He says he knows not how the deed occurred. He said he would shoot the girl, she having tipped his hat in the cloak room. When he pulled the revolver it went off.

Scholars say that Eric told the girl if she did not stop he would shoot her, and he drew the revolver and aimed it at her. The revolver was an American Bull, self-acting. He threw the weapon away.

An inquest will be summoned to-day. The families are grief-stricken over the dreadful deed. The victim was the daughter of George Holland, an engineer on the Kingston and Pembroke Railway.

The lad is a son of Henry Sharp, a Princess street grocer. He was a lively lad, fond of cigarettes and novels.

BOY KILLED AT THE JUNCTION.

He Was Caught in an Elevator and Crushed to Death.

Toronto Junction, April 29.—Wellington Lawrence, a lad 14 years of age, who lives at 37 Whitney avenue, Toronto Junction, was killed yesterday morning while working in the factory of the Canada Cycle & Motor Company. There was no one around when the accident occurred, but as he was working on the elevator it is supposed his head got caught between the elevator and the posts and he was dragged up two flights before the elevator stopped. Yesterday was the boy's first day at work. Coroner Clendenen has ordered an inquest.

BASEBALL.

National League, Monday.
New York 9, Brooklyn 3.
Philadelphia 4, Boston 1.

American League, Monday.
Baltimore 3, Boston 7.
Washington 9, Philadelphia 12.
Chicago 0, Cleveland 2.

The Elections in France.

Paris, April 29.—The Ministry of the Interior yesterday afternoon made public the results of 574 elections, which give the Ministerialists 243 seats, sub-divided as follows: Republicans 89, Radicals 92, Radical Socialists 41, Socialists 21.

The anti-Ministerialists have 153 seats, sub-divided as follows: Nationalists 81, Republicans 60, Conservatives 65, Dissident Socialists 2.

One hundred and seventy-three re-ballots, of which 122 are favorable to the Government, and 51 are unfavorable, are necessary.

The latest election figures made public by the Minister of the Interior show that 248 Ministerialists and 163 Anti-Ministerialists have been elected to the Chamber of Deputies.

Mrs. Turnbull Found Dead.

Orangeville, April 29.—Mrs. John Turnbull of Mono Centre, a village ten miles east of here, left home quietly on Thursday morning early. Search for her had been made without success until Sunday afternoon, when her body was found lying beneath a brush pile near her home. A can containing pills near her was found near her body, showing the manner of her death. The deceased was 50 years of age, and had been melancholy for days.

Princess Again on Trial.

Cape Town, April 28.—The trial of Princess Radzivil, on the charge of forgery, in connection with notes purporting to have been endorsed by the late Cecil Rhodes, but which the latter repudiated, began in the Supreme Court to-day. There are 24 counts in the indictment. Though Rhodes and Schultz, the two principal witnesses, have died since the case was first filed, their evidence in the form of affidavits, denouncing the signatures on the notes as forgeries, holds good.

Three New King's Counsel.

Ottawa, April 29.—An Order-in-Council has been passed appointing Premier Haultain and Hon. L. A. Sifton of the Northwest Government King's Counsel. Mr. F. C. Wade of the Yukon has also been made a K. C.

To Go to the Front.

Omamee, Ont., April 29.—Major W. J. Neill of this village has been offered an appointment by the Adjutant-General in the fourth contingent C.M.R. He goes either as a captain of a squadron or as veterinary captain. He is qualified to take either position.

He holds a first-class military certificate. At present he is senior major in the 45th regiment, under Col. Sam. Hughes.

75 Western Men.

Vancouver, B. C., April 29.—Seventy-five men, composing Vancouver, Victoria and New Westminster contingents to the fourth Canadian contingent, left en route for Halifax on yesterday's C.P.R. express. Lieut. Workshop, who has received a commission, went in charge of the detachment. He is a son of the colonel commanding the local militia.

WHO IS GOING TO WIN?

ROSS or WHITNEY?

AGE OF ADVANCEMENT—Advance in the price of meat. Advance in the price of stocks, and present outlook indicates advance in Taxes. Finlay & Chantler's Shoes are the exception. Our buyer has been to the wholesale market and picked up a number of reasonable lines at considerable less than regular prices. We have just opened these up and passed them into stock. They will be on sale at the following prices until disposed of. The early bird gets the worm:

50 pairs Women's Viol Kid Oxford Ties, turned sole, leather lined, all sizes, reg. \$1.35, while they last for - - - \$1.00
40 pairs Women's Dongola Chocolate Oxford Ties and Trilby's, sizes 2-12 to 7, reg. \$1.25, for - - - 95c
35 pairs Women's Patent Leather Bals., extension edge, all sizes, regular \$3 and \$2.50, for - - - \$1.95
60 pairs Men's Working Bals., Klondike eyelet, riveted seams, our price - - - 85c
30 pairs Men's Dongola Bals. and Con., reg. \$1.75 and \$1.50, our job price - - - \$1.25
40 pairs Men's Patent Leather Bals., made strictly up-to-date, reg. \$3.00 for - - - \$2.75

TWO SPECIALS

60 pairs Women's and Misses' Dongola Bals., Dong. Oxf. Ties and Slipper, all sizes, reg. \$1.35 and \$1.25, while they last 50c
60 pairs Boys' and Youths' Buff Bals., sizes 11 to 2, reg. \$1.25 in Boys' and \$1 in Youths', while they last - - - 50c

HEADQUARTERS FOR TRUNKS, VALISES, ETC.
N. B.—We have a new Trunk made specially for us, with fancy embossed metal and square top. Our price \$1.35.

Finlay & Chantler, Blackwell's Bldg., Near the Market

PAGE METAL GATES are so low in price no one can afford to have wooden ones. Light, and yet strong enough to support a heavy man on the end while he swings around the circle without causing them to sag. They are neat in appearance, will last a lifetime. Will not sag nor get rickety. They are supplied with latches which allow them to be opened either way and are self-acting. The only good metal gate fence, poultry netting, nails and staples. The Page Wire Fence Co. Limited, Walkerville, Ont.

Campbell's China Hall---Lindsay

Is the only store in town devoted exclusively to China, Crockery and Glassware. Immediately in rear of our Kent-st. store and fronting on William-st., we have placed a separate store at the disposal of this department and we are giving it special attention. We carry a large and complete stock that cannot be equalled in town. Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Bedroom Sets, Fancy China for Wedding Presents, etc.

A VISIT WILL INTEREST YOU.

Arch. Campbell,

GROCERIES, KENT-ST., CHINA HALL, WILLIAM-ST.

IN THE SPRING....



There is a General Putting "off" of the "Old" and putting "on" of the "New."

How about your Footwear? You'll need a new pair of Shoes soon. Why not have the best? Don't cost any more than inferior goods. See J. & T. Bell's lines for Ladies at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.50. Call and see these lines and when you have seen them you have seen the best goods made in Canada.

F. A. ROBINSON,

74 KENT-ST., LINDSAY.
Successor to Robinson & Ewart.

A FARMER DROWNED.
Prosperous Year For the Upper Canada Tract Society—Man Killed on the Railway Tracks.

The Pope received 2,000 pilgrims at St. Peter's Thursday morning. A Fort William dispatch says: It is reported that A. Hayes, a farmer at Black Bay, is drowned near his home.

The King's dinner to the poor will be held on July 5. No persons under ten will be included. The King will spend \$150,000 on the festivities. The dinner will be a cold one.

Australia has given her adhesion to the Imperial penny postage system. She has held aloof hitherto, on the plea that adhering to the system would result in loss of revenue.

Bargain Friday and Saturday

MAY 2nd and 3rd

We will commence this month with Bargains in HOSIERY, GLOVES, HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND DRESS GOODS.

Ladies' Plain Cashmere Hose, regular 25c, Bargain Days	20c
Ladies' Ribbed Cashmere Hose, reg. 30c, B.D. 25; reg. 50c, B. Day	39c
Ladies' Cotton Hose, mfg. samples, regular 35c and 50c, Bargain D.	35c
Ladies' Cotton Hose, reg. 13c, Bargain Days	10c
Ladies' Heavy Cotton Hose, regular 11c, Bargain Days	9c
Ladies' Pepper and Salt Hose, regular 11c, Bargain Days	9c
Children's Ribbed Hose, assorted sizes, reg. 12c, Bargain Days	9c
Ladies' Black Taffeta Gloves, regular 28c, Bargain Days	22c
Ladies' Black Taffeta Gloves, reg. 20c, Bargain Days	13c
White, cream and black pure silk Gloves, reg. 33c, Bargain Days	25c
Ladies' White Pique Undressed Kid Gloves, sizes 6 to 7, reg. \$1, B.D.	80c
Ladies' White Gloves, fancy backs, reg. 80c, Bargain Days	70c
Black and Colored Kid Gloves, reg. 75c, Bargain Days	67c
Ladies' Fine Leather Belts, reg. 25c, Bargain Days	20c
Ladies' Beaded Belts, reg. 25c, Bargain Days	20c
100 Flowing End Ties, reg. 50c, Bargain Days	25c
Gentlemen's Bows, reg. 20c, Bargain Days	11c
Men's Collars, different shapes, reg. 13c, Bargain Days	11c
Men's Cashmere Socks, reg. 30c, Bargain Days	25c
Men's Cotton Socks in fine thread and fancy stripes, reg. 25c and 28	20c
Men's White Shirts, reg. 90c, Bargain Days	20c
Men's Braces, three styles, reg. 25c, Bargain Days	20c
Men's Regatta Shirts, 100 different patterns to choose from, sizes 14	75c
to 18, regular \$1.00 and \$1.10, Bargain Days	75c
10 per cent. off all Ladies' White Underwear on Bargain Days	
Ladies' Cotton Vests, reg. 11, B.D. 91; reg. 25c, Bar. Days	22c
Fancy Gingham, reg. 13c, Bargain Days	10c
White, pink and blue Organdy, reg. 20c, Bargain Days	17c
White Lawn, reg. 18c, B.D. 15c; reg. 15c, Bargain Days	10c
Black Figured Dress Goods, reg. \$1.50 and \$1.75, Bargain Days	1.00
Fancy Checked Dress Goods, blue and white, black and white, purple	40c
and white and gray and white, reg. 50c, Bargain Days	45c
Blue, Cardinal and black Alpaca, reg. 50c, Bargain Days	45c
Black and Colored Wool Saten Dress Goods, reg. 60c, Bargain Days	1.25
Black Watered Silk, reg. \$1.50, Bargain Days	8c
Embroidery Insertion, regular 10c, Bargain Days	8c
10 patterns of 4 inch Embroidery, reg. 11c, Bargain Days	1.20
Table Napkins, regular \$1.50, Bargain Days	90c
White Damask Table Cloth, reg. \$1.25, Bargain Days	90c
Dress Ducking, black and white, blue and white and brown, reg.	9c
12 1/2c, Bargain Days	20c
Linen Towels, reg. 13c, B.D. 10c; reg. 25c, Bargain Days	18c
Bath Towels, large size, reg. 28c, Bargain Days	22c
Boys' Navy and Red Sweaters, reg. 25c, Bargain Days	22c
Table Linen 62 inch, reg. 50c, Bargain Days	40c
Unbleached Table Linen, reg. 23c, Bargain Days	19c
Red and White Table Linen, reg. 45c, Bargain Days	37c
White 7 ounce Duck, reg. 12c, Bargain Days	9 1/2c
Blue and Brown Denim, reg. 17c, Bargain Days	15c
Fancy Gingham, regular 5 1/2c, Bargain Days	4 1/2c
Towelling in 4 patterns, reg. 10c, Bargain Days	8c
Feather Ticking, reg. 15c, B.D. 13c; reg. 25c, B.D. 20c; reg. 28c, B.D. 22	15c
Ladies' Wrappers, reg. \$1.50, B.D. \$1.25; reg. \$1.00, Bargain Days	75c
5 designs in Ladies' Cotton and Muslin Blouses, reg. 65c and 60c, B.D. 50c	45c
Curtain Poles, reg. 25c, B.D. 20c. 10 per cent. off all Corsets Bar Days	4.50
Black Serge Skirts, satin trimmed, reg. \$5.25, Bargain D.	1.50
Black Alpaca Skirts, reg. \$1.75, Bargain Days	1.50
Lace Curtains, reg. 45c, B.D. 35c; reg. 60, B.D. 48; reg. 90c, Bar. D.	2.25
Lace Curtains, reg. \$1.25, B.D. 95c; reg. \$3.00, B.D.	90c
Men's Black Fedora Hats, reg. \$1.25, Bargain Days	90c
10 per cent. off all Men's Hats Bargain Days	25c
Union Carpet, reg. 33c, Bargain Days	48c
Tapetery Carpet, reg. 60c, Bargain Days	14c
Floral Hemp Carpet, reg. 17c, Bargain Days	14c
10 per cent. off all Oilcloths and Carpets Bargain Days	

E. E. W. McGAFFEY

GEO. A. LITTLE	
150 Rolls Wall Papers at	5c per Roll.
200 Rolls Wall Papers at	6c per Roll.
250 Rolls Wall Papers at	8c per Roll.
300 Rolls Wall Papers at	10c per Roll.

Remember the place
GEO. A. LITTLE,
Book and Stationery Store, Kent-st.,
Lindsay.

Sign of the Mill Saw.
South Side Kent St.

McLENNAN & CO.

Ellwood Wire Fence
Poultry Netting.
Garden Tools,
Horse Clippers,
Step Ladders,
Builders' Hardware,
Alabastine
Jellstone,
Whiting,
Carriage Paints,
Prism Mixed Paints,
Spades and Shovels,
Wheel Barrows,
Churns,
Washing Machines,
Portland Cement and
Sewer Pipe.

McLennan & Co.

Hardware, Coal and Iron.

Here is Good News.
Mr. Thos. Robson, tanner, informs us that he had a call this week from the head of one of the largest tanning concerns in Canada, with a view to enlarging the tannery here to about three times its present capacity. This gentleman—from Toronto—agrees to take all the output of the tannery, will furnish capital, if necessary, and will take a personal interest in the project to make it a success. Mr. Robson has the matter under consideration. We have been furnished the name of the Toronto firm, and its standing and reputation are beyond question.

RALLY AT REFORM ROOMS.

Formal Opening of the Campaign Headquarters Last Evening.

The Reform Committee Rooms, which are situated nearly opposite the Benson house, were formally opened Monday. When the chairman, Mr. Robt. Kennedy, called the meeting to order a large audience of enthusiastic citizens from all parts of the town, as well as from nearby country points, was present. The rooms are handsomely fitted up; the walls are decorated with small Union Jack flags and bunting, and in the windows are large curtains, palms and potted flowers. On a raised platform at the south end stands a good piano.

Short speeches, music and songs constituted the program. Dr. W. L. Herriman, Dr. Burrows, Chairman Kennedy and others made brief and interesting addresses. Dr. Herriman said Ontario is the best province in Canada, and the Reformers had helped make it what it is. He spoke of its immense forest and mineral resources, saying its pulp forests could supply paper for the whole civilized world. It would be a great and sad mistake to place these great resources in the control of inexperienced men. The policy of the Ross government was to build up and equip New Ontario with railways, as well as to look after the interests of Old Ontario. If it had not been for the Reform government in Toronto we would have had no New Ontario. It would have been annexed to some other province. As the Ross government had not misappropriated any money from the treasury, but had a surplus, he did not think it time for a change. When the Doctor took his seat he was loudly applauded.

LOCAL BREVITIES

—First-class Vivox camera for sale. Apply at this office.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

—Friday, May 2nd, is Arbor Day. set apart for tree planting. There is room for a few more trees in Lindsay.

—At the last meeting of C.M.B.A. Branch No. 77 it was decided to hold their annual excursion to Lakefield on Civic holiday.

—We understand the courts for taking municipal suffrage voters will be held on Monday and Tuesday, May 12th and 13th.

—The Huntsville Tanning Co., are advertising for 500 men to peel tan-bark in the woods during the summer at \$24 to \$30 per month.

—The Ontario Government have taken another forward step in appointing Prof. Miller, of Kingston, Provincial Geologist and Inspector of Mines.

—Mr. Robt. Porter, of the 12th concession of Mayners, who was trampled on and gored by a bull on Saturday last, died of his injuries Tuesday afternoon.

—Organizer Chaytor is in town this week in the interest of the A.O.U.W. A number of prospective candidates will be interviewed and the merits of the Order fully set forth.

—We understand that Mr. H. J. Lytle, of the Ontario Bank, has purchased the handsome residence at the north west corner of William and Vincent streets, from Mr. S. J. Fox, and will take possession of it as soon as Mr. R. B. Allan, the present tenant, can secure another house.

—The Str. Sandeman, purchased by Messrs. Carey & Parkin, arrived in port Thursday from Lakefield. The craft will be put in shape for the excursion season as soon as the weather permits. That Kirkfield people have chartered it to run an excursion from that village to Lindsay.

—Mr. F. K. Begbie, Superintendent of the Waterworks, located another serious leak in the old pipe on Wellington-st. on Tuesday. The water was escaping into Wellington-st. drain and the trouble was due to imperfect leading of the joints by the contractor who laid the pipes over 20 years ago.

—Citizens who passed along William-st. early this morning were surprised to find the granolithic pavements between Peel and Wellington-sts. covered with myriads of small red worms in a lifeless state. Thoughtful people are wondering if they came down with the rain, or if their presence indicates the advent of an enemy of cement walks.

—The Lindsay Cemetery Co. purposes making some improvements to their property just as soon as the weather permits. They have let the contract for a new fence along the Ontario road, and modern gates, with an arch, will be erected at the entrance. A number of shade trees will be planted about the grounds. The cost will be about \$600.

—Hon. D. C. Fraser, the giant orator from Nova Scotia, who takes rank as one of the best platform speakers in Canada, will make his money-making tour through the West in the interest of Mr. Steele at Woodville this evening and at Kirkfield to-morrow night. On Monday evening he will speak at Fenelon Falls at a meeting in the interest of Mr. Boyd, the Liberal candidate in East Victoria.

The Fire Hall Contracts.
We understand that work on the Fire Hall will be started next week. Mr. M. McGough will have the carpenter and joiner work, Mr. G. H. Lindsay the brick work, Boxall & Mathew the tin and iron work, and Mr. Geo. McGaffey the painting and glazing. This heating and plumbing contracts will be awarded later.

Died of Appendicitis.
The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Allen, French-att., will regret to hear of the death of their son Fred, which occurred at 4 o'clock a.m. Monday. The little fellow complained Wednesday of not being well, and on Thursday was much worse. Dr. Herriman was summoned and after examination it was discovered he was suffering from a severe attack of appendicitis. Fearing the little fellow would not survive the shock, everything that medical skill could accomplish was done to avert an operation, but as he kept getting worse the operation was performed Sunday evening by Dr. Herriman, assisted by Dr. McAlpin. The case was too far advanced and he slowly sank until death relieved his suffering. The deceased was the second youngest child, and was 11 years and five months old. He was a bright, manly boy and was liked by his schoolmates. Our citizens will sympathize with the parents in their bereavement. The funeral took place Tuesday at 3 o'clock to Riverside cemetery.

Craig & Austin vs Shaw, Cassels Co Ltd.
This was a case that was tried by consent Tuesday before His Honor Judge Harding as one of the local and Judge of the High Court. It was an action brought by plaintiffs to recover an amount owing them for tan-bark shipped to the Hyman Co., of London, on the order of the defendants. The Shaw, Cassels Co., claimed that the bark was damaged and that they should only pay the amount allowed them by Hyman Co. on the contract price. The case lasted all day, there being nine witnesses examined, but as there are still a couple of witnesses to be examined the case was adjourned until Wednesday, May 13th. Messrs. R. J. McLaughlin, town, and D. M. Grant, Huntsville, were counsel for plaintiffs and defendants respectively.

Society Notes.
—The members of Lindsay Lodge No. 143, A.O.U.W. will attend divine service at Queen-st. Methodist church next Sunday evening, May 14th, when the pastor, Rev. A. J. H. Strick, will preach the annual sermon to the brethren.

Watkin-Mills, Friday Evening, May 2nd.
The plan for the public is now open at Porter's bookstore. There were a great many seats taken by subscribers when the play opened Tuesday, but there are still many choice ones left. Mr. Mills is down for eleven songs in all, and they show great variety, ranging all the way from the aria, "She Alone Charming," from "La Reine de Chypre," "Faithful Gypsy," an old Irish melody. He also sings "The Two Grenadiers" of Schumann, and "The Bandoliers." Do not miss this great opportunity. Reserved seats 75c and 50c, gallery 35c. Gallery seats now on sale.—Hf.

PERSONALS

—Mr. Carl Ehlman left Tuesday for Elmhurst.

—Miss Davidson, of Onondaga, was in town Monday.

—Mrs. Church, of Fenelon Falls, was in town Monday.

—Mr. A. McClure, of Kilmount, was in town Wednesday.

—Mrs. W. Laidlaw, of Victoria Road, was in town Wednesday.

—Mr. A. Robinson, of Athens, is spending a few days in town.

—Mr. F. Ray Resnor, of Markham, was in town Monday on business.

—Mr. J. Hayes, contractor, Peterboro, was in town lately on business.

—Mr. I. B. Anderson, of Fenelon Falls, is spending a few days in town.

—Messrs. J. C. Train and A. Y. Hopkins, of Kilmount, were in town Tuesday.

—Mr. Jas. Capstick, implement agent, Bobcaygeon, was in town on Tuesday.

—Mr. J. Austin, of Mosses, Craig & Austin, Kilmount, was in town on Tuesday.

—Mr. W. Brazil, manager of the Hamilton Lumber Co., was in town to-day on business.

—Messrs. T. Eldridge, J. Eldridge and W. Eldridge, of Toronto, arrived on Monday to complete the masonry on the hospital building.

—Mr. J. Rankin, of the Peckham Roofing Co's staff, Oshawa, is in town putting the sheeting on Messrs. Jas. Squier & Son's new warehouse.

—Mr. P. J. Connors, of Fenelon Falls, passed through last Tuesday to Grand Rapids, Mich., having been called there on account of the serious illness of his mother.

—Mr. and Mrs. H. Fowler, Victoria-ave., were the guests last Sunday and Monday of their friends, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Egan, formerly proprietors of the Temperance house, Oakwood, was in town lately. He has tened the hotel at Glenora from Mr. D. J. McGee, who will move to Woodville to take charge of the Queen's hotel.

—Mr. J. Conway, proprietor of that popular hotel, the Grand house, Bobcaygeon, was in town lately. Mr. Conway expects to do a large tourist trade this coming season, a number of Americans having already written to him for accommodation.

—Miss Edith Soames accompanied her brother to Peterboro Monday, and spent the day with his friends.

—Mrs. Goodwin arrived home last Monday from Toronto, where she had been attending the three days' convention of the Women's Auxiliary to Missions as a delegate from St. Paul's branch. At the closing meeting Saturday night in St. James' Hall a missionary address was delivered by the Rev. J. O. Springer of his work in the western regions.

MILLERS FIX ON WHEAT.

Agricultural College Will Assist Farmers Improving Them.
A delegation from the Ontario Millers' Association visited the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph on Friday afternoon, with a view to securing the assistance of Prof. Zavitz in persuading the farmers to grow wheat more suitable for the milling trade. Those present were Messrs. J. L. Flaville, Lindsay; C. E. Vandyke, secretary, Millers' Association, Toronto; Robert Noble, Noyah; Jas. Goldie, Jr., and L. Goldie, Guelph; J. L. Spink, M. McLaughlin and H. Shaw, Toronto; P. Shirk, Bridgeport, and John Goldie, Ayr.

A large number of samples of wheat that had been experimentally with at the college were carefully examined and discussed. Prof. Zavitz stated that if the millers united on two varieties each of red and white wheat suitable for milling purposes, the experimental farm would give the farmers their assistance in growing them. The millers were united in recommending the varieties known as Turkey Red and Michigan Amber as the red wheats most suitable for their business. The white wheats recommended were the Genesee Giant and Bulgarian.

Keep your eyes open and be sure that when you ask for Perry Davis' Pain Killer you get that and nothing else. Use it promptly to cure cramps, diarrhoea and all other bowel complaints in summer.

They're After Trout.
Prof. DeKleit, Mr. J. W. Ashley, proprietor of The Dollar Saloon, Buffalo, Mr. L. Phikerton, Chicago; Mr. E. A. Scott, Dr. C. H. Riggs and Mr. H. Morgan, Toronto, constituted a happy trout fishing party that passed through Tuesday to Haliburton.

Prices of Live Hogs.
Farmers are wearing a contented smile these days on account of the high prices being paid by buyers for live hogs. Yesterday Francis Jordan, buyer for Mr. W. J. Moore, paid \$6.40 per hundred live weight for select hogs, and it is probable that before another week the prices will go still higher. The D. B. McLaughlin made his annual spring shipment of a carload of hogs to the Geo. Matthews Co., Peterboro, and Messrs. McDonald, Brandon & Austin, Fenelon Falls, also sent a carload to the same firm. The prices paid were from \$6.25 to \$6.30 per hundred.

BIRTHS.
GRANT.—At New Glasgow, on Saturday, April 26th, to Rev. and Mrs. H. R. Grant, a daughter.

DEATHS.
FREDERETTE.—At Lindsay, on Wednesday, April 30th, 1902, Mary Frederette, wife of the late Samuel Frederette, aged 67 years.

The funeral will leave the residence of her son, 52 Lindsay-st., north, on Friday, May 2nd, at 8.30 a.m. and proceed to St. Mary's church; thence to the R. C. cemetery.

SOMETHING YOU'LL NEED

NOW that gentle spring is here you'll be changing that heavy winter suit of yours for something lighter. We have just placed on our tables the kind of a suit you'll need, the kind you'll appreciate. These suits are fresh from the factory, and will give the greatest satisfaction in appearance, shape, keeping qualities and wear.

Dependable Qualities
\$5.00 to \$13.00

WHAT HAT FOR YOU?
We have that Hat, it doesn't matter how your liking goes—we can give you an American, English or French make of the best quality and style.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS
We are leaders in Men's and Boys' Up-to-date Furnishings. We keep in close touch with many of the leading makers of Ties and Shirts; by special agreement they submit samples of all their latest productions as soon as they are born. This is why we show you so many new creations in advance of the other stores.

Pay us a visit. Try our way of doing business and you will be pleased.

M. J. Carter.

Secrets of Scotch Success

DELIGHTFUL LECTURE BY REV. R. E. KNOWLES, B.A., OF CALT.

Under the Auspices of the Talent Workers of St. Andrew's Church.

The talented divine who pleased and benefited large congregations at St. Andrew's on the Sabbath—Rev. R. E. Knowles, B.A., pastor of Knox Church, Calt—was again heard with keen delight Monday evening, when he delivered a lecture on "The Secret of Scotch Success" in aid of the funds of one of the church societies. Every seat downstairs was filled, and many latecomers were obliged to repair to the gallery.

At 8.25, after a pleasing solo by Mr. Beckett and a voluntary by the organist, Mr. Hamilton, the lecturer was introduced by the pastor, Rev. J. W. Macmillan, in a few pleasant sentences, in the course of which he referred to Rev. Dr. McTavish, Rev. Robt. Johnston, and other well-known and popular ministers who had assisted in the anniversary services of past years.

At the outset we acknowledge our inability to do any fair measure of justice to Mr. Knowles' address, on account of lack of space, and also because old type cannot interpret the wit, droll humor, the sparkling eloquence and charm of manner which distinguished it, and made it seem all too short.

In opening Mr. Knowles testified to the pleasure he had derived from this first visit to Lindsay and St. Andrew's congregation and their lofty minister. He had heard many say they had not seen his like for some time, and he had not seen his like for long. The subject upon which he had been asked to speak was difficult, important and broad in its significance. There are always characteristics by which men may be singled out from their fellows, and on one evening he heard a gentleman say he could always tell a story from a grin when the collection plate was being passed around—the story put on a copper—the grin nothing (Laughter). For fear of being misunderstood by his hearers he felt it obligatory to confess that he was Scotch—he was only Irish, but was proud of it. He had not one drop of Scotch blood in his veins; he mentioned one drop because a drop of Scotch blood was worth many drops of other blood—except Irish. He had not been born in Ireland, but his veins still pulsate with the blood of Erin's Isle—that unfortunate Isle whose cushions are the harp and shamrock. He had only contempt for the man who was ashamed of his country—he was prepared to hear that every man thought his last best, and it was fitting that Scotch men should love the "land of the brown heath and snappy wood."

Have Scotchmen been successful? He did not think there was more divergence anywhere than in our conception of the meaning of the word "success." Many would say that one of the first tests was the requirement of riches. We have prostituted the word "riches"—he had known a man with scarcely a dollar, yet who was rich indeed—rich in the goodness of his life and its purity. We must content ourselves with the aspiration that we have the ability to enjoy the life which God dispenses free to all. He had spent part of that day at Sturgeon Point and other pleasant points, and had enjoyed every moment of the time. It might be true that some men or men over the world delight in sport, but they really belong to every one—the joys and sweetness to be derived by mind and soul were for all.

Referring to the use of this word success in relation to marriage, the speaker said the ladies were too apt to apply the collection count, and to make a sacred contract a matter of Dun Wiman rating and bookkeeping; morals were subverted to money. That was one way to measure success. There may be those on your streets called successful men, whose souls are in ruins; on the other hand there may be men not deemed successful in a worldly sense, who may be rich in the sense that they are achieving the real success—the mastery of themselves—and whose influence and example are aiding others. There might be some present who had looked on the coffin-plate of a parent who had never been heard of half-a-mile from home, yet who had blushed and blessed the lives of all about them.

Scotchmen are successful because they are the universal race—you find them everywhere, on the stock exchange on the bench, in parliament, and even in our goals. Where there is an effect there must be a cause—it is not by haphazard that they have been successful—it is because they have been taught to work—a great blessing which many of us wish to be spared. Very often that which at first seems a grim necessity becomes a blessing. So it is with some men when engaging in matrimony—they decide from motives of economy and comfort, and in time come to realize that the act had been the making of them. Toil is ennobling, and men should rejoice that they have to labor when they reach heaven's gate they will attain their reward. His sympathy did not go out to the young women who worked in stores, and offices, and in the homes, but to the idle daughters who long to occupy niches of society, whose only ambition is to make an "appearance" and kill time—even if time killed them. For such as these he would shed a tear if he every shed one.

The poverty of Scotland's soil and house was one of the secrets of Scotch success. Scotchmen are very sentimental though they are rather scornful of the fact. Sentiment is to the life what blood is to the body. Music is only a sentiment, yet who can hear the immortal sonatas composed by Mozart and Beethoven and remain unmoved. The flag of Scotchmen is only a sentiment, and even the Last Supper, the offering of the alabaster box of precious ointment, and the giving of the widow's mite may be so described, yet they are world-moving. A band in battle arouses a powerful sentiment, but it does not kill—unless perhaps the music of the Scotch bagpipes. Flowers are only sentiments, yet he had known them to be removed from the house of God by good Presbyterians. Still, Scotchmen are sentimental—thousands of them all over this and other lands will cut porridge to-morrow morning if it kills them because their forefathers had eaten it. Scotchmen are also superstitious—especially the Highlanders. He had a few fancies himself—since a boy he had always deemed it unlucky to be struck by lightning—on a Tuesday, the slide of the old days of warlike, of forays, burnings and roivings, shed a kind of sombre glory on the McGregors, the McMillans, and other well-known names. When the signal to foregather was displayed the step of these men was never slow—it was the coronation of Scotchness. No doubt in the hearts of the people there still exists the love for the true aristocracy of man that resulted in the selection of Lincoln, as in England and Scotland no man was more honored than the great commoner Carlyle, who preferred that his bones should rest beside those of the despotic parents, and not in Westminster Abbey.

In these days life has become for many a system of afternoon visits and hypocritical friendships. Women make calls and turn away with expressions of relief and pleasure when the persons happen to be absent. In these days items are published telling tales whose mahogany logs the night before. In these days even in small towns we behold the worms fighting for the carcass, and some recently improvised social peacocks, who dare not show their family records, strut around in the proud fancy that they lead society. While all this savage war of ostentatious goes on, still the voice of Burns rings out from the tomb, "For rank is but the guinea stamp—the man's a man for a' that."

Perhaps the greatest of Scotch successes had been the high standard of religious life in Scotland. He was not speaking particularly of the Church of Scotland. Much credit was due the nonconformists, who had sowed their faith with their blood. Be a nonconformist in your daily life—do not conform to worldly frivolities. Yet men have been known to refuse others the liberty of worship which their forefathers had died to gain for them. He had no word to say against any man's form of worship; it was a fact that Scotch congregations had been rent in twain by disputes over the pronunciation of "Amen" and the introduction of organs even while the preacher made use of the tuning fork—as much an instrument of music as the organ behind him. Presbyterianism had been slow to adopt the best of the old and the best of the new—it has been their bane to think there is no best way but their own—yet withal has it not been the halcyon faith in the providence of God, carried from Scotland's humble homes to all lands and adhered to with Calvinistic fervor, that has made Scotchmen successful? The same faith was present in other bodies under other names. The deepest instinct of the Scottish heart was towards heaven—that was the crown of their lives. Rich he may be, but if a man be not rich towards God, then is he indeed a pauper.

A cordial vote of thanks was moved by Mr. J. R. McNeillie, who took occasion to praise Galt—Mr. Knowles' home—as being the cleanest town he had ever visited, and offering somewhat of a contrast when compared with Lindsay. Mr. J. D. Flaville seconded the motion. In his reply Mr. Knowles made a sly reference to Lindsay dust and darkness.

WOOLVILLE.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)
For an extraordinary buggy or wagon at reasonable prices call at Trefethway Bros.—w1.

1 Mr. Donald Jamieson was transacting business in the county town on Thursday.

Miss Ida Edwards, of Canington, visited with acquaintances here for the past ten days, and returned home somewhat improved in health.

Mr. Leoban Gilchrist left on Monday evening to visit his brother, Neil Gilchrist, who resides in California, and will probably combine business with pleasure.

The Rev. Mr. Camp will occupy the pulpit of the Presbyterian church for the next two Sabbaths.

Mr. D. J. McGee, of Glenora, has moved here with his family. He has leased the Queen's hotel.

McKay, the tailor, carries a large stock of suitings, puttings, etc. Call and see him for your next suit of clothes. His garments are the very best.—w1f.

Miss Lila Pearn has gone to visit friends in Port Perry for a week.

Mr. John Gura was at Lindsay on Tuesday last.

Mr. Harry Edwards, of Huntsville, was renewing acquaintances in the village on Tuesday, after an absence of several years.

What's the matter with our village lamp-lighter? For several nights it's been as dark as Egypt, there being no lamps in use.

If you are thinking of purchasing a new suit this spring call and see Geo. McKay's stock tweeds, serge, etc. He can guarantee a perfect fit and his prices are all most reasonable.—w1f.

We understand several citizens drove to Lindsay Thursday to hear Hon. G. W. Ross' speech.

Mrs. J. W. Laidlaw, of The Fort, Palsam Lake, is visiting relatives here at present.

Messrs. Trefethway Bros. do general repairing and painting with care and promptness.—w1f.

Here for Next Printing.
When in need of anything in the line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc., have your order at The Post job department. Workmanship unequalled.

Your Faith

will be as strong as ours if you try

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

and ours is so strong we guarantee a cure or refund money, and we send you free trial bottle if you write for it. SHILOH'S costs 25 cents, and will cure Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and all Lung Troubles. Will cure a Cough or Cold in a day, and thus prevent serious results. It has been doing these things for 50 years.

S. C. WELLS & Co., Toronto, Can.

Karl's Clover Root Tea cures Indigestion

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1902.

FOURTH CONTINGENT

Militia Orders Issued Concerning Assignment of Pay.

WOUNDED HART'S RIVER HEROES

Corpl. F. S. McL. Howard of Montreal. Dangerously ill at Klerksdorp. Wounded in that Engagement. In Johannesburg and Johannesburg and Word of Condition Is to Be Sent Lord Minto.

Ottawa, April 26.—Militia orders have been issued relative to assignment of pay of officers and men of the fourth contingent to their relatives or friends in Canada. Assignments of pay will date from June 1 and will be made monthly from the Militia Department.

E. B. Holt of the accounts branch of the militia is acting as paymaster to the C.M.R. at Halifax till May 31.

Lieut.-Col. Macdonnell, who is in command of the Sixth Regiment, C.M.R., has arrived from Regina to consult with the Minister of Militia in regard to the appointment of officers to the contingent.

His Excellency has received from the casualty department a cablegram stating that Corpl. F. S. McL. Howard of Montreal, recently wounded in action, is dangerously ill in hospital at Klerksdorp.

Other members of the C. M. R. wounded at Hart's River March 31 are at Johannesburg and Elandsfontein, and their condition will be cabled to His Excellency as soon as reported to the casualty department at Cape Town.

Major-General O'Drady-May will call for England on May 31 from Halifax on the steamship Ionian.

Eleven Dragons Will Go. Toronto, April 26.—Major Forrester, R.C.D., was notified yesterday that, besides those non-commissioned officers and men who have already gone from Stanley Barracks as battalions to Major Williams, eleven members of the Dragons will be allowed to go to South Africa. These 11 men should be duly qualified and competent to act as non-commissioned officers, as they would be distributed among the third and fourth contingents for instructional purposes. A number of men were picked out yesterday by Major Forrester, and will be examined by Col. Nattress this morning. The eleven men chosen will leave for Halifax to-night.

The remaining men chosen by Col. Otter from the ranks of the civilians will leave for Halifax to-night instead of Sunday night.

Veterinary of Sixth Regiment. Ottawa, April 26.—Dr. Seymour Hadwin of Duncan's Station, B. C., has been appointed veterinary officer to the Sixth Regiment of Canadian Mounted Rifles of which Lieut.-Col. Macdonnell will take command.

KILLED BY A TORNADO. Four Deaths and Great Damage Done in Missouri.

Joplin, Mo., April 26.—A tornado struck this city at 4.45 p.m. yesterday. Four fatalities are reported and many persons were injured. Meagre reports from Galena, Kansas, and Webb City and Cartersville, Mo., indicate great damage. The damage in this city is estimated at \$50,000. Houses were blown away and the city streets with the wreckage of the storm. The storm suffered heavy damage from broken plate glass and floods.

Smiles 90 Years Old. London, Dec. 24.—Dr. Samuel Smiles, author of the Self-Help series, celebrated his ninetieth birthday yesterday. His last published book, "A Publisher and His Friends," netted him £10,000, which he gave as a Christmas gift to his four surviving sons and daughters.

For the Naval Reserve. Halifax, April 25.—Fifty Newfoundland sailors, who have been serving six months in the British navy, came here on the Warship Charybdis and are in barracks at H.M. Dockyards. They will go home next month, and will be attached to the naval reserve for five years. The men are well drilled and active, and are said to make splendid sailors.

No Cause for Alarm. London, April 25.—Cabling from Amsterdam, the correspondent of The Daily Mail says that he is assured that Queen Wilhelmina's condition gives no cause for alarm. The rumor that porphyria had supervened is not confirmed.

GAVE A SCOTTISH FLAG.

Premier Ross' Graceful Tribute to the Sons of Scotland—Bayham Votes For the Bertram Shipyards Brawl.

Maple avenue has been successfully made at Thornhill, Man.

Two men walked 50 miles in from Rat Portage to Winnipeg to join the fourth contingent. Only one was fit.

A Texas rancher will place 10,000 steckers on a block of land comprising 175,000 acres south of Maple Creek, Manitoba.

W. J. Bryan has announced that he will not be a candidate for President of the United States at the Democratic Convention.

The voting in the Township of Bayham on Saturday on Bertram shipyards brawl resulted in the by-law passing by more than the required majority.

At the meeting of Wauchops Camp, Sons of Scotland, in Toronto, on Saturday night, a handsome Scottish flag, presented by Premier Ross to the Grand Camp, was formally handed over. The presentation was made by the donor, and was received by Alex. Fraser.

If the publishers of Toronto newspapers do not accede to the demands of the printers for an increase in wages by May 8 a strike will be ordered. This decision was arrived at at a special meeting of Typographical Union No. 91 on Saturday night. The printers want \$3.50 a day.

THE SHIPPING COMBINE.

Morgan's German Agreement—Red Star and Holland-American Lines Join.

Hamburg, April 28.—An official statement of the terms of agreement between the German Steamship Line and the syndicate formed by J. P. Morgan is published here. The agreement between the Hamburg-American Packet Company and Mr. Morgan, it appears, was concluded last March. The duration of the agreement is limited to 20 years, but either side may terminate it after 10 years, or demand a revision of the contract, and withdraw it if revision is refused.

Red Star Joins. Brussels, April 28.—It is announced here from Antwerp that the Red Star Line, and from Rotterdam that the Holland-American line have joined the shipping combine.

For Jews of Europe. London, April 28.—The Daily Mail, in the course of an editorial article on the terms of agreement between the German steamship lines and the Morgan Anglo-American steamship syndicate declares that the birthright of British shipping seems to have been sold for something like a mess of pottage.

All But the Beaver. London, April 28.—The Daily Express declares that every considerable steamship line except the Beaver line has now joined in an agreement to raise saloon fares for transportation across the Atlantic.

PROSPECTS OF PROLOGATION. Looks at If the House May Rise During First Half of May.

Ottawa, April 28.—According to gossip in the lobbies there is a possibility of Parliament disposing of the business before it by May 10. This is, perhaps, a more optimistic statement than the facts warrant. A more likely date would be the end of the week following. There is no doubt that the Ontario members are anxious to get away to aid their friends in the Provincial fight, and this will tend to shorten the balance of the session. It is also true that the Opposition have not made the capital they expected out of the investigation into the affairs of the Intercolonial Railway. Had they met with the expected success in their efforts at fishing, an attack upon the Government, followed by a prolonged debate, might have been witnessed. As it happens, however, the Conservatives are probably in the mood to drop the matter. The Cabinet were at work on the supplementary estimates Saturday, and held three sittings, the third lasting from 8.30 until midnight. The supplementary bill will probably be laid before Parliament about the middle of the week.

Five Children Cremated. Winnipeg, Man., April 23.—Word reached this city last night of a terrible disaster near St. Norbert Village. The house of Baptiste Moncham, a butcher, was burned, while the family were asleep, and five children whose ages range from 3 to 15 years, were cremated. The mother is seriously burned, and the mother is almost daunted through grief. An elder daughter was also badly burned, and may not recover.

Two Boys Drowned. Rat Portage, April 28.—Two little boys, aged six and three and a half years, respectively, sons of Richard G. Joss of First street, went out to play Saturday and were soon after missed by their mother. When they could not be found upon the street or at any of the neighbors' houses, the police were notified. About 6 o'clock in the evening one little lad was brought to the surface, and about 7 the other was found.

Cape to Cairo Railway. London, April 25.—An important concession was signed by the King of the Belgians, April 14, by which an Anglo-Belgian company secured the right to build the Cape Town to Cairo Railroad planned by the late Cecil Rhodes, through the Belgian Congo. The line north of Rhodesia will thus be diverted from Germany to East Africa.

Letters Patent and Licenses. Toronto, April 25.—The Provincial Secretary and Registrar reports, in regard to industrial and commercial companies, that in 1900 there were issued 467 letters patent, supplementary letters patent and licenses, while last year 547 instruments, either incorporating or licensing companies, were granted. The total amount of fees collected by the department last year was \$88,648, of which \$75,782 was received for letters patent and licenses, compared with \$71,179 in 1900 and \$60,917 in 1899, and \$5,530 in 1891.

RECRUITING TO STOP

Only 500 Men to Be Enrolled in the Northwest.

COL. IRVING TO COMMAND 5TH

St. Catharines and Toronto Doctors Appointed Medical Officers to the Fourth Contingent—The Orders to Cease Recruiting in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces Were Sent Out Wednesday.

Ottawa, April 24.—It is understood that Lieut.-Col. James Douglas Irving, Halifax, D.O.C. of No. 9 military district, will be appointed to the command of the 5th Regiment Canadian Mounted Rifles. The other commanding officers, as already announced, are Lieut.-Col. Williams, Major Boulanger, and Lieut.-Col. Macdonnell, Regina. The last named officer is on his way to Ottawa to consult with the authorities.

Orders went out yesterday to cease recruiting in Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces last night. The total number enrolled in these Provinces is over 1,400, which will be sufficient to form three regiments. About 500 men now remain to be enrolled in the west, where recruiting will begin today. Lieut.-Col. Macdonnell will be entrusted with the organization of the regiment from the west.

Dr. J. M. Jory, St. Catharines, and Dr. J. M. Anderson, Toronto, have been appointed medical officers to the fourth contingent.

More Men Leave Toronto. Toronto, April 24.—A hearty farewell was tendered to the detachment of soldiers who left last evening for Halifax. For fully half an hour before the train departed the soldier lads were surrounded by their friends and sweethearts, and then a final cheer went up from the throng as the train moved out.

Corps. H. A. Cousins and G. Smith were appointed corporals in charge of the men to Halifax. The men who left were as follows: G. J. York, W. G. W. Wilson, R. Mulcahy, H. McMaster, G. D. Patterson, Joseph Humphrey, R. W. Wilson, N. Davey, W. P. O'Brien, J. F. Green, C. Simpson, W. H. Hill, J. E. Bozue, J. E. Graham, J. A. Dixon, H. A. Jones, T. Johnston, H. Gledhill, J. J. Connors, J. R. Kelly, S. Hawkins, C. Chandler, J. Hughes, W. H. Sears, H. Beatty, G. A. Rankin, H. Wilson, G. Price, W. Brown, E. Bunsenath, J. Hamman, J. Graham, W. J. Wingo, G. H. Smith, E. Odium.

Col. Otter will not inspect more men for the contingent, having received word from Ottawa that the requisite number has been obtained.

Lieut.-Col. Nattress, A.M.S., will be busy to-day examining the last of those passed by Col. Otter. Those accepted by him yesterday were: Wm. T. Harris, James Lawson, Fairbank, Robert S. Hambleton, Farney, Ont.; Chester C. Maclellan, Sutton West; Geo. Riley, Bennington, Ont.; John H. Chapman, Dundas, Ont.; Jas. Morton, Hamilton; James Craig, Orangeville; Park, Thornbridge, Ireland; Archibald Bonnett, a trumpeter; Frederick T. Guntler, Herbert J. Newson, Toronto Junction.

SHARP FIGHT ON A FARM. British Lost Twenty-Two at Oliver's Farm on Sunday.

London, April 24.—In an engagement at Oliver's farm, near Ficksburg, on Sunday, two British officers and three men were killed, three officers and ten men were wounded, and four men are still missing.

100 Miles of Fence. London, April 24.—The War Office to-day shipped 100 miles of iron fence material to South Africa. It is intended to reinforce the blockhouses with barbed wire fences and stop the Boer cattle raids.

Lays Is No Victim. London, April 24.—Belgian papers, says the Brussels correspondent of The Times, no longer accept Lays as a South African oracle. The statement, made by him that the Boer chiefs know that the British terms will not be accepted by the commandoes is regarded as untrustworthy.

A Quick Western Election. Regina, N.W.T., April 28.—The Northwest Legislative Assembly will be dissolved at once, and will be re-elected on the 30th inst. Nominations will be held May 10, and voting May 21.

18,000 ON STRIKE. Tremendous Importance of the Riots Among Russian Peasants.

St. Petersburg, April 28.—Trustworthy reports received here say 18,000 peasants are participating in the riots in the Provinces of Poltava and Kharkoff alone. The disturbances throughout the Southern provinces were primarily not of a political nature, but began in the efforts of starving peasants forcibly to seize seed corn from the big estates. Agitators quickly took advantage of the situation when the troops began ruthlessly repressing the disorders, and incited the peasants against the authorities. After this, the desperate country folk ravaged every unprotected estate, destroying everything which they could not carry off.

The Queen Sleeps Badly. Amsterdam, April 26.—In official circles no amelioration of Queen Wilhelmina's condition is admitted, but her doctors' admission that she is sleeping badly is taken as a bad sign. It is alleged that the despatch from the royal family concerning the Queen's condition differs substantially from the medical bulletins on the subject. It is reported that the Queen is restive under the liquid diet treatment and has indicated that her nurses give her solid food.

To Dissolve MacKenzie Howell. Ottawa, April 26.—The Conservative Senators are participating in the Opposition members of the House of Commons will tender a banquet to Sir Mackenzie Howell on Tuesday week, May 6. The banquet will be held in the Senate dining room.

A Pioneer Legislator of Canada Has Been Called Away. Toronto, April 28.—Hon. David Reesor, ex-Senator, died on Sunday morning at his residence here, after a long illness. He had been an invalid for ten years, but the illness which culminated in his death was contracted about 20 years ago. In Winnipeg. At that time, he caught a unusually severe cold, which developed into rheumatism, and finally, locomotor ataxia. Though infirm in body, he maintained his mental faculties unimpaired until the last and it was not until about a year or so ago that he resigned his seat in the

WOUNDED CANADIANS

Corporal Williamson of Guelph Loses an Eye and an Arm.

CONVALESCENT WITH TWO MORE

News of Three of the Hart's River Heroes Sent to Governor-General's Military Secretary in Response to Cable Request—Fourth Contingent, Its Progress and Sure Destination.

Ottawa, April 28.—Major Maude, military secretary to His Excellency the Governor-General, has received the following answer to a cable sent by him on April 18, enquiring as to the condition of the dangerously wounded at Hart's River, March 31: "Cape Town, April 27.—Referring to your telegram of April 18, Farrier Sergt. McHugo is convalescent. Corp. Williamson has lost his right eye and half right forearm; doing well. Both up and about at general hospital at Elandsfontein. Pte. J. Tennant is in general hospital 13, Johannesburg, condition unchanged since admission; slight somewhat impaired.

(Signed) "Casualty." Farrier Sergt. McHugo enlisted at Rossland and was dangerously wounded in the left chest. His mother is Mrs. John Maskell, Custom House, London, Ont.

Corp. Williamson enlisted in Guelph. He was wounded in the face and right forearm. His mother is Mrs. Catharine W. Lane, Clyde, Ont.

Pte. J. Tennant enlisted at Moncton, N.B. He was wounded in the head. His father is James Tennant, Fredericton, N.B.

WILL GO JUST THE SAME. Even If Peace Is Declared, Fourth Contingent Will Be Needed.

Montreal, April 28.—Some 130 more men left here yesterday by the Maritimes express for Halifax. They are from points west of Toronto, and include 20 men from the Royal Canadian Dragoons, Col. Gordon, who was present at the departure of the troops, stated in reply to an enquiry that, should peace be declared, these troops would go forward all the same, as they will be required for garrison duty, replacing the Imperial regiments, which will be called home as rapidly as possible.

Major Hosmer Appointed. Major Hosmer, commanding the Canadian Mounted Rifles, Winnipeg, has been appointed second in command to Lieut.-Col. Macdonnell of the 5th Regiment, C.M.R.

Recruiting Stopped in the West. Winnipeg, April 28.—Recruiting was stopped here and at other points in the province yesterday morning. There are many disappointed applicants.

Lieut. Page, who has already seen fifteen months' service with Brabant's Horse, and Capt. Hartley, a lawyer, both of the 90th Regiment, have been informed that they have been given commissions in the fourth contingent. They will be under Col. Macdonnell. They leave here on Wednesday.

PROGRESS OF PEACE. The Indications in South Africa Are Still Favorable.

London, April 28.—Cabling from Johannesburg, under date of Friday, April 25, the correspondent of The Daily Telegraph says that Gen. Delarey, with his staff, arrived at Klerksdorp, Transvaal, yesterday. Special despatch received here from Pretoria show that Gen. Delarey had been in consultation with his command two days previously, and that the other Boer leaders are still moving about consulting with the burghers. From this it is informed that the prospects for peace are improving.

FIFTY PERSONS INJURED. The "Three-Penny Train" Wrecked on a Bridge.

London, April 26.—Fifty persons were injured yesterday morning in an accident on the Great Eastern Railway, near the Hackney Downs station. As a train from Walthamstow, called the "three-penny train," was crossing the bridge, an axle of the car nearest the locomotive broke, and the coach jumped the rails, and crashed into the side of the bridge and lodged across both tracks. The train was filled with passengers on their way to work. The two coaches following the straddled car crashed into it, completing the wreck and dealing awful havoc among the passengers caught therein. The second car also was wrecked and a number of its inmates were badly hurt. The injured were taken to the hospital.

Alarming Emigration. London, April 28.—Emigration from the West of Ireland to America is assuming what is called "alarming proportions." During the last fortnight, hundreds of emigrants have passed through Limeick on their way to Cork. Two special trains from Port Arlington carried nearly 1,800 emigrants, mostly young persons of both sexes. Other lots of 200 or more had already gone on board the steamer.

Americans Buy Canadian Land. Montreal, April 28.—"Yes, it is quite true, an American syndicate has purchased a large area of land in Assiniboia and Manitoba, half a million acres, and are re-selling it in the United States." That is what Mr. Charles Drinkwater, assistant to the president and secretary of the Canadian Pacific, said on Saturday.

First of the Season. Quebec, April 28.—The R. M. S. Parisian, Allan Ray, which arrived in port Saturday night, is the first mail steamer from Europe for the St. Lawrence this season.

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Corporal Williamson of Guelph Loses an Eye and an Arm.

CONVALESCENT WITH TWO MORE

News of Three of the Hart's River Heroes Sent to Governor-General's Military Secretary in Response to Cable Request—Fourth Contingent, Its Progress and Sure Destination.

Ottawa, April 28.—Major Maude, military secretary to His Excellency the Governor-General, has received the following answer to a cable sent by him on April 18, enquiring as to the condition of the dangerously wounded at Hart's River, March 31: "Cape Town, April 27.—Referring to your telegram of April 18, Farrier Sergt. McHugo is convalescent. Corp. Williamson has lost his right eye and half right forearm; doing well. Both up and about at general hospital at Elandsfontein. Pte. J. Tennant is in general hospital 13, Johannesburg, condition unchanged since admission; slight somewhat impaired.

(Signed) "Casualty." Farrier Sergt. McHugo enlisted at Rossland and was dangerously wounded in the left chest. His mother is Mrs. John Maskell, Custom House, London, Ont.

Corp. Williamson enlisted in Guelph. He was wounded in the face and right forearm. His mother is Mrs. Catharine W. Lane, Clyde, Ont.

Pte. J. Tennant enlisted at Moncton, N.B. He was wounded in the head. His father is James Tennant, Fredericton, N.B.

WILL GO JUST THE SAME. Even If Peace Is Declared, Fourth Contingent Will Be Needed.

Montreal, April 28.—Some 130 more men left here yesterday by the Maritimes express for Halifax. They are from points west of Toronto, and include 20 men from the Royal Canadian Dragoons, Col. Gordon, who was present at the departure of the troops, stated in reply to an enquiry that, should peace be declared, these troops would go forward all the same, as they will be required for garrison duty, replacing the Imperial regiments, which will be called home as rapidly as possible.

Major Hosmer Appointed. Major Hosmer, commanding the Canadian Mounted Rifles, Winnipeg, has been appointed second in command to Lieut.-Col. Macdonnell of the 5th Regiment, C.M.R.

Recruiting Stopped in the West. Winnipeg, April 28.—Recruiting was stopped here and at other points in the province yesterday morning. There are many disappointed applicants.

Lieut. Page, who has already seen fifteen months' service with Brabant's Horse, and Capt. Hartley, a lawyer, both of the 90th Regiment, have been informed that they have been given commissions in the fourth contingent. They will be under Col. Macdonnell. They leave here on Wednesday.

PROGRESS OF PEACE. The Indications in South Africa Are Still Favorable.

London, April 28.—Cabling from Johannesburg, under date of Friday, April 25, the correspondent of The Daily Telegraph says that Gen. Delarey, with his staff, arrived at Klerksdorp, Transvaal, yesterday. Special despatch received here from Pretoria show that Gen. Delarey had been in consultation with his command two days previously, and that the other Boer leaders are still moving about consulting with the burghers. From this it is informed that the prospects for peace are improving.

FIFTY PERSONS INJURED. The "Three-Penny Train" Wrecked on a Bridge.

London, April 26.—Fifty persons were injured yesterday morning in an accident on the Great Eastern Railway, near the Hackney Downs station. As a train from Walthamstow, called the "three-penny train," was crossing the bridge, an axle of the car nearest the locomotive broke, and the coach jumped the rails, and crashed into the side of the bridge and lodged across both tracks. The train was filled with passengers on their way to work. The two coaches following the straddled car crashed into it, completing the wreck and dealing awful havoc among the passengers caught therein. The second car also was wrecked and a number of its inmates were badly hurt. The injured were taken to the hospital.

Alarming Emigration. London, April 28.—Emigration from the West of Ireland to America is assuming what is called "alarming proportions." During the last fortnight, hundreds of emigrants have passed through Limeick on their way to Cork. Two special trains from Port Arlington carried nearly 1,800 emigrants, mostly young persons of both sexes. Other lots of 200 or more had already gone on board the steamer.

Americans Buy Canadian Land. Montreal, April 28.—"Yes, it is quite true, an American syndicate has purchased a large area of land in Assiniboia and Manitoba, half a million acres, and are re-selling it in the United States." That is what Mr. Charles Drinkwater, assistant to the president and secretary of the Canadian Pacific, said on Saturday.

First of the Season. Quebec, April 28.—The R. M. S. Parisian, Allan Ray, which arrived in port Saturday night, is the first mail steamer from Europe for the St. Lawrence this season.

SURPRISE SOAP
IS
PURE HARD SOAP



"SURPRISE" makes child's play of wash day. Use the "Surprise" way. Follow directions. They are plain.

Dunlop Carriage Tires
SPEED—STYLE—COMFORT

Solid Rubber and Pneumatic Tires for Cycles, Autos and Carriages.

Let us tell you how little it costs to get the best—by letter and catalogue.

DUNLOP TIRE CO., LIMITED, TORONTO.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.
EPPE'S COCOA

Prepared from the finest selected Cocoa and distinguished everywhere for its delicacy of flavour, superior quality, and highly nutritive properties. Sold in quarter-pound tins, labelled JAMES EPPE & Co., Ltd., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPE'S COCOA
BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

GENUINE IRISH FREIZE.

We have it in Overcoatings and Suitings. No need of a description—Irish Freize is like the Bank of England, known the world over, and almost as durable.

We have an immense stock of English and Scotch weaves as well.

Nowhere in the Midland district can you get better value for your money in the way of stylish, well-trimmed Suits or Overcoats. Call and talk the matter over with us.

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PRISM BRAND

Ready Mixed Paints

Made from Pure Oil and Lead—will dry with a gloss and of the best wearing qualities.

The latest artistic shades and to be had in any quantity. Manufactured by the Canada Paint Co., for sale by

McLennan & Co.

Marriage Licenses.
At Britton Bros. Jewellers.

WEDDING STATIONERY in the latest styles printed and kept in stock at The Post.

REWARD—A reward of \$5 will be paid to any person giving information that will lead to the conviction of any person selling liquor in the County of Victoria otherwise than according to the law as laid down in the Liquor License Act. The address of the rewarder will be treated with confidence and the information will be acted on promptly. **JOHN SHORT** License Inspector, Box 473, Lindsay, Ont.

NORTH VICTORIA FARMERS
When in need of—
FARM IMPLEMENTS, BUGGIES, WAGGONS OR PUMPS
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Victoria Road.

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FIRE AND LIFE.
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Rates and premiums as low as any other responsible company. The settlement of losses is prompt and liberal. The resources and standing of the company afford three insurances in it perfect security against loss.

W. R. WIDDESS
Agent for Lindsay and Victoria Counties

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You Can Lead a Horse

to water but you can't make him drink.

You can't make him eat either. You can stuff food into a thin man's stomach but that doesn't make him use it.

Scott's Emulsion can make him use it. How? By making him hungry, of course. Scott's Emulsion makes a thin body hungry all over. Thought a thin body was naturally hungry didn't you? Well it isn't.

A thin body is asleep—not working—gone on a strike. It doesn't try to use its food.

Scott's Emulsion wakes it up—puts it to work again making new flesh. That's the way to get fat.

Send for free sample.

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An Optical Parlor.

We now have a room completed in the rear of the store where we can test your eyes privately. We have equipped it with every modern convenience for the examination and correction of defective vision, making one of the most up-to-date optical rooms in Ontario.

Examination and Advice Free.

MORGAN BROS.

Druggists and Opticians.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1902.

COMMUNICATIONS

THE CANDIDATES AND PROHIBITION.

(To the Editor of The Post.)
Sir.—There is no question before the public at the present time fraught with more important and far-reaching interests to our developing Province than the question of the drink traffic.

A recent editorial in the "Canada Baptist" so fairly expresses my sentiments as to our duty as temperance men at the present juncture that I take the liberty to quote largely from it. There may be a slight divergence of opinions on a few points which I omit.

After having stated his position and objections to the referendum, as presented to the people, and its hard conditions; also the position taken by the leaders of the two political parties regarding the temperance question, he says: "So much for the past. But now there is a fixed condition, and we must shape our course accordingly. No good purpose can be served by wasting energy in regrets over what cannot be changed. We had better grip up our loins and face the future." The editor then places the seal of his approbation of the decision arrived at by the Prohibition Alliance, as well as that of the Temperance Committee of the Methodist body, which he can heartily support.

The first part of the Alliance decision has reference to the action of prohibitionists in the approaching Provincial elections. It advises prohibitionists in each electoral district to secure, if possible, pledges from the candidates, committing them to the support of prohibition legislation. This means that prohibitionists are advised to give their support to those pledged to prohibition irrespective of party affiliation. If prohibitionists are able to win in the vote on the referendum, he says, no government that might be in power would dare venture to set aside the bill which has thus become law, or attempt to thwart it in the face of such overwhelming sentiment in its favor. Of course, personally I would discount that view, slightly, in the face of what the Manitoba Government has done. In any case the best assurance of its enforcement is in members of the Legislature pledged to prohibition legislation. If the referendum vote fails to make the bill the best hope of prohibitionists, then, obviously, will be in a solid body of men committed to prohibition if they can be secured. This last means that prohibition is not to be a party question, as Mr. Ross says it is not.

"As it is, we honestly believe our best policy is to keep the prohibition question above party politics, seeing there is no party prepared to adopt prohibition."

The second part of the decision of the Alliance is to do with our course in reference to the referendum. After giving reasons why he at first felt inclined to repudiate the referendum, and his reasons why, later on, he considered it a wiser course to support it, he concludes his remarks by saying: "The referendum is a question of the gravest importance, and when we have in hand their decision we will then know how to direct our influence and voting in the coming contest. It is well that all true prohibitionists should not allow this grand opportunity of their life to pass unimproved. It is now that we may secure the greatest amount of restrictive or prohibitory legislation that it is in the power of our Province to grant. I would urge every well-wisher of his country to give this question his serious and prayerful consideration."

W. L. HERRIMAN, M. D.
Lindsay, April 24th, 1902.

GORED BY A VICIOUS BULL.

Manvers Farmer Badly Injured.

Mr. Robt. Porter, a farmer over 60 years of age, residing on the 11th concession of Manvers, was severely trampled and gored by a vicious bull on Saturday afternoon, receiving injuries which may prove fatal. He was feeding the animal when it suddenly turned on him, knocking him down and badly injuring him. When rescued by his son the unfortunate man was lying beside the dead bull in an unconscious condition. Dr. Allan, of Lindsay, was summoned and is doing all he can to save the unfortunate man's life.

THREE VOTES TAKEN

A Trio of Divisions in the House on Last Members' Day.

NIAGARA FALLS POWER CO. BILL

Mr. E. F. Clarke Voices Objections and Moves Amendments Which Were Defeated—The Market Gardeners—Proposal to Increase Their Protection Inopportune—Minimum Government Wages.

Ottawa, April 20.—Yesterday was probably the last private members' day in the House, and it was marked by the somewhat unusual occurrence of three divisions, the subjects being the Toronto & Niagara Falls Power Company's bill, to which Mr. E. F. Clarke desired important amendments; Mr. Leonard's market gardeners resolution, and Mr. Logan's minimum wage resolution. The House rose at 1 a.m.

Sir Richard Cartwright introduced a bill to amend the act respecting the packing and sale of certain staple commodities. It adds the word "dealer" to the persons liable under the act, and deals with penalties to be inflicted on the case of binder twine, not agreeing with the description on the label. The general inspection act will also be amended, to add "binder twine" to the list of articles dealt with by the act.

Sir Richard Cartwright substituted for the Chinese Immigration Act Amendment Bill, a resolution to authorize a change in the proportion of the proceeds of the Chinese poll tax to be given to British Columbia.

Toronto and Niagara Power Co. Bill.

The House went into committee on the bill to incorporate the Toronto and Niagara Power Co., and Mr. E. F. Clarke moved his amendment to clause 11 of the bill to make it clear that the company cannot discriminate against individuals or municipalities in supplying electricity for light, power or heat. The amendment sought to change the word "may" to "shall" in the clause of the bill reading that "The company may supply hydraulic, electric, or other power, etc." It also sought to make the supply compulsory "to all persons, corporations and municipalities desiring the same along the line of its works, or within a reasonable distance thereof." And further, provided that, as to rates, that if the company and those desiring its power be unable to agree upon rates, the terms may be those ordered by the Railway Committee of the Privy Council.

Mr. Clarke, in support of his amendments, said that the gentlemen who are applying for this incorporation are those who control the Toronto Electric Railway and Toronto Electric Light Company. The franchise of the Railway Company had some time yet to run, but would be a valuable franchise when it came back to the city. If the company was able to discriminate it might render the franchise valueless.

Mr. Archibald Campbell said the bill had received careful attention by the Private Bills Committee, before which the same amendments were proposed, but it was not thought to be in the public interest that they should be adopted. The word "shall" had never been used in conferring power upon any company. It would be going an inordinate length to do so in this case, for, perhaps, the company might be unable to supply all the municipalities desiring power.

Hon. James Sutherland agreed with Mr. Campbell, and said if any such provisions were desirable they should be imposed by a general act applicable to all companies. "Imagine," said the Minister of Marine, "the Canadian Pacific Railway picked out and made subject to regulations fixed by the City of Toronto, while all other railways were exempted."

Mr. E. B. Osler said that this entirely fallacious argument against making exceptions in special cases was the chief argument resorted to in the case of every move made in Parliament to protect the public interest. The Power Company was in the nature of an amalgamation, and he ventured the assertion that in ten or twelve years the entire Niagara power development would be under the control of this company. This company was being granted powers of expropriation, the same of a railway company, and should therefore be equally under Government control. He suggested that at least a clause be inserted in the bill making the company amenable to any general act that might be passed.

Mr. Gowan, chairman of the Private Bills Committee, said that the bill had been considered at a full meeting of the committee, and City Solicitor Fullerton was offered every opportunity of debating the bill. Several of his suggestions were agreed to without a division. Mr. Fullerton was satisfied by the committee that section 90 of the Railway Act applied to this company, thus enabling the city of Toronto to withhold permission from the company if they saw fit to do so, to erect poles or otherwise enter upon the streets of the city.

Mr. Monk supported the amendment, pointing out the exceptional circumstances of this company, which would, he said, be empowered by this bill to hold up the city in respect to power for a municipal railway or lighting plant. Such things had happened in Montreal, so it was desirable to provide in this bill that the city of Toronto would obtain power on what might be deemed a legitimate consideration therefor.

After Messrs. Fraser, Wade and Pringle had further opposed the amendment, Mr. Clarke said he had been advised that the municipalities had not the power, under the act cited, to exclude a company from its precincts until it agreed to supply the municipality with power on favorable terms.

Mr. Pringle declared that the act did confer this power, and Mr. Clarke replied that the amendment had been prepared by the City

Solicitor of Toronto. He urged that it was not too much to ask that the right of Toronto, comprising one-tenth of the population of Ontario, should have some consideration of this House.

After some further discussion, the amendment was put and lost, then the committee arose and reported the bill adopted without amendment, and, on motion for the third reading, Mr. Clarke divided the House. The third reading carried by 74 to 18.

Protection to Gardeners.

Mr. Leonard (Conservative, Laval) moved, "That it is greatly in the interests of the market gardeners and the farmers that the duties on our Canadian garden produce be reduced as to guarantee the Canadian farmer an effective protection against foreign competition."

Mr. Leonard, speaking in French, made a strong plea for protection, urging that the tariff be changed from ad valorem to specific. Mr. Tarte replied in French. He argued that vegetables could not be produced in Canada in winter, and it was in the early spring that vegetables were imported from the States.

Mr. Leonard said that the climate is in favor of the American product. Mr. Tarte: Well, but even by increasing the duty we can't change the climate. (Laughter.) Mr. Monk urged the importance of the industry market gardening in the vicinity of Montreal and Toronto, and pointed out that the vegetables imported from the States were grown by negroes in South Carolina and by Chinese in California. He declared that if given adequate protection the market gardeners could raise vegetables for early spring.

Mr. Talbot spoke against the resolution.

Mr. Archie Campbell expressed his regret that the resolution had been brought on at this late stage of the session. Had it been brought on before the budget it might have had some effect, but what possible good could be done by discussing the question after the House had decided by a large majority that there should be no change in the tariff, he asked. If the market gardeners had insufficient protection, it was due to the Tory Government, which reduced the duty in 1894. He would like to see the Government increase the duty a little. He admitted there was a grievance, but thought the matter should not be touched until after the coronation conference. It was only to make party capital that the resolution was brought up at present, he thought. He favored such slight increase in all duties as might be necessary "to build up the institutions and develop the resources of the country."

Mr. William Ross (Liberal, Victoria, N.S.), expressed the hope that when the Premier and his colleagues went to the international conference in London they would have more important things to discuss than the market gardening of Montreal. The Government had other interests to protect than those of the market gardeners, namely, those of the consumers. The Finance Minister said the view of the Government, that no tariff changes should be made this session was no sign of what might happen at a future stage. It would be time enough to discuss it when that stage was reached. Anyway, this duty on vegetables was the same under the Conservatives. He moved that the debate be adjourned.

The House divided on the motion, which was carried by 71 to 33 on a straight party division.

Trackmen's Wages.

Mr. Logan offered a resolution, that, "considering the general prosperity of Canada, the minimum wage to be paid to trackmen and other laborers in the Government system of railways should be at least \$1.00 per day."

F. D. Monk, after dwelling upon the inadequate remuneration to postal and canal employees, moved in amendment, to add to the resolution: "As well as all men now employed on the canals of Canada and all steamers, sorters and letter carriers in the service of the Dominion."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated that the amendment by Mr. Monk would appear rather to the Postmaster-General's bill regulating the salaries of packers and sorters. The House would be glad to learn that the question of wages of trackmen was now receiving the attention of the Government. Within ten days a deputation of trackmen of the Government railways, in an interview with the Minister of Railways, had presented their claims for increased wages. The Minister of Railways had presented their claims for increased wages. The Minister of Railways had presented their claims for increased wages.

The employees admitted they had not fared badly at the hands of this Government, having been given an increase of wages two years ago, and the discussion having served a good purpose, he hoped the resolution would be withdrawn.

Mr. Logan agreed, but Mr. Monk regretted he could not concede to the Premier's request, as the letter carriers of Montreal, Toronto and other delivery cities had a grievance, while the wages paid to the Lachine Canal employees was a scandal to the country. Mr. Fielding moved the adjournment of the debate, and, the yeas and nays being demanded by the Opposition, a vote was taken, resulting in the resolution being squelched by the motion carrying by 54 to 23. The House adjourned at 1 o'clock.

King's Millers.

Montreal, April 29.—The Ogilvie flour mills have been appointed millers to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

Fell to His Death.

Goodwood, April 28.—A sad and fatal accident occurred here Saturday by which an old and respected resident, Mr. John Lee, while feeding stock, fell through an opening in the floor, a distance of about 12 feet. He was found by some of the family, deceased was 73 years of age, and leaves a widow and large family.

IN FAVOR OF PEACE

Meetings of the Vryheid and Utrecht Commandoes.

GEN. BOTHA'S MEN FOR PEACE

Strong Opinions Expressed—A Tacit Truce in Those Districts Has Expired—128 More Boers Accounted For—Twenty-Five Killed, 102 Captured or Surrendered During the Week.

London, April 29.—Wiring from Pretoria under date of Sunday, April 27, the correspondent of The Daily Telegraph says that Gen. Botha, with other Boer leaders, attended meeting of the Utrecht and Vryheid commandoes last week. At these meetings strong opinions in favor of peace were expressed. The tacit truce in the Utrecht and Vryheid district, the correspondent concludes, will expire to-morrow.

FIGHTING STILL GOES ON.

One Hundred and Twenty-Eight Boers Accounted For Since 21st.

London, April 29.—The War Office has made public the following despatch from Lord Kitchener at Pretoria: "Since April 21, 25 Boers have been killed, 78 have been taken prisoners and 25 have been surrendered. There has been desultory fighting in various sections of the Transvaal and Orange River Colony."

Canadians Hit.

Ottawa, April 29.—The Governor-General has been informed by cable that the following members of the 2nd Battalion of C.M.H. are dangerously ill of enteric fever in South Africa:

Pte. William Blanchard of Peterboro, Ont., at Elandsfontein.

Pte. John Arthur Wilson of London, Ont.

Pte. Robert Dease of Montreal, at Pretoria.

Trooper Drury Dead.

Ottawa, April 29.—The Militia Department has received word that Trooper Joseph Drury of the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles died from enteric fever at Klerksdorp on April 24. Drury comes from Maple Creek, N.W.T.

WILL SAIL MAY 8.

First Section of Fourth Contingent Almost Ready—The Scene at Willow Park, Halifax, Is of Great Activity.

Halifax, N.S., April 29.—The military camp at Willow Park is now a scene of great activity. The work of organizing is steadily getting on, and preparations are being made for the third regiment, which will sail first. The clothing for the men of this regiment has all been served out, and yesterday the troopers of the 4th Regiment were receiving their kit.

Several troopers were before the commanding officer of the 3rd Regiment, and minor charges were tried. One of the men was charged with striking a fellow trooper, but he was acquitted. Several for breaking barracks and being absent from parades were dealt with. A number of horses arrived yesterday, and were taken to the stables at the camp. The 3rd Regiment is now complete and ready to go on the troopship. A portion of the 4th Regiment (in which the Halifax men are) will leave with the 3rd Regiment on the Cestrian on May 8.

The Third Regiment is commanded by Col. Williams, Adjutant Capt. Strathmore, Major Wilbur Henderson, Lieut. Kingsford of Toronto and Lieut. Barker of Hamilton.

Col. Macdonnell's Adjutant.

Ottawa, April 29.—Dr. Tye, Chatham, Ont., has declined a position as Medical Officer to one of the regiments for South Africa. Inspector Strickland, N.W.M.P., will be adjutant of Lieut.-Col. Macdonnell's regiment, and Sergt. Raven will be quartermaster.

PICKED UP IN QUEEN'S PARK.

Twelve New Smallpox Cases Reported—Settlers For Temiskaming.

Toronto, April 29.—W. A. Parks has a good lot of exercise ahead of him in investigating the fossils of Western Ontario for the Bureau of Mines. He will start by walking between Hamilton and Scarboro.

At the Provincial Health Office yesterday, twelve new cases of smallpox were reported in the province from the following places: Oshana, two; ownship, Stormont County, four; Draper Township, Muskoka, three; Deseronto Township, Algoma, two; Plantagenet Village, one; Brockville, two.

Prof. Longhead of the Guelph Agricultural College states that the first consolidated rural school in Ontario will be built near the college and convenient to the Macdonald School for the study of nature.

Sixty-three settlers took up homesteads in the Temiskaming district during March, totalling 10,080 acres. This is an unusually large number for March, in view of the difficulty from freshets, in going up there in that month.

Gold Royalty Reduced.

Ottawa, April 29.—The Government will reduce the royalty on gold in the Yukon to 25 or 3 per cent. At present the royalty, if not paid in Dawson, will be collected at the boundary when the gold is exported. Those who wish to escape the export duty will have to produce a certificate that payment was made in Dawson. The reduced royalty will be applicable to all gold produced in the Yukon, and there will be no exemptions.

Looks Like Murder.

St. John, April 24.—Isaac Outton, an old man, reputed to be a miser, was found dead in bed last night with his body badly mutilated. Coroner Roberts was notified, and he thinks there is every reason for a supposition of foul play.

A COMPLETE REPLY.

Premier Ross in His Brampton Speech Showed Results of Efforts of a Canadian in His Country's Development.

Brampton, April 29.—Premier Ross addressed a meeting here last night, which for enthusiasm and zeal for the cause of good government has probably never been equalled in the county town of Peel. The Town Hall, where the meeting was held, could not hold half those whom sought admission. The audience gathered early, and from the first to the last they manifested like their interest in and their appreciation of the various points made. Peel Liberals are on their mettle, and the enthusiasm displayed last night by those who had come from a distance as well as the townspeople promises well for the result on May 29th. The Premier, who was in excellent form, delivered one of the best speeches of the campaign. His particular theme was a recital of what had been accomplished along the lines outlined in his inaugural speech at Whitby, criticism of which has been attempted by Mr. Whitney. The Premier's speech last night was a complete reply to his critics, and, as he modestly put it, showed the result of the efforts of a Canadian in the development of his country. The reception accorded both to Mr. Ross and Mr. Smith, the candidate, was of the most gratifying character.

POLITICAL POINTERS.

At a well-attended meeting in St. Paul's Hall, Toronto, Monday night, Mr. G. F. Marter, in the course of his speech, said that in regard to the differences between him and his party, in his opinion, he was right and the party wrong. That was a big thing to say, but there never was any principle in their course of action, and he was standing to his old principles of justice and honesty, and fair play to everybody alike.

Mrs. Darwin, the nominee of the Canadian Socialist League for North Toronto, and who, it might be stated, is a relative by marriage of the propounder of the celebrated theory of evolution, states that the Socialists have nominated her simply as a protest against the position in which the women of to-day were being kept. They are not chaffers, nor the slaves of men. Mrs. Darwin is a thorough believer in theosophy and reincarnation, and the law of Karma. She is also a firm believer in the Darwinian theory.

NO TRUTH IN THE STORY.

Montreal Star's Story of the Premier's Health a Romance.

Ottawa, April 29.—The Montreal Star has surpassed all previous attempts at romancing by its state-ment yesterday afternoon that the Premier intends to retire after the coronation ceremonies. There is not a title of foundation for the story, which can be characterized as a pure fabrication. Had The Star made inquiries in the proper quarter it could easily have obtained evidence of the falsity of the story, but apparently it has given currency to the report without the slightest attempt at investigation. No member of the Government or of the House has been more faithful in the discharge of his Parliamentary duties during the present session than Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Early and late he has been in his seat, and has promptly responded to the incessant demands upon his time and attention. This of itself should be a sufficient answer to the statement that he is not equal to the cares of office. But as a matter of fact there has never existed any cause for anxiety as to the Premier's health; and, so far from entertaining any desire to withdraw from public life, he has been occupied with plans for the future which indicate his wish to remain at the head of public affairs as long as the people continue to honor him with their confidence. The Star's report may therefore be classed as wholly imaginative and utterly lacking in any element of truth. Sir Wilfrid Laurier's health during the session has not been as good as usual, but the Premier intends to take some rest at an early date, and he is satisfied that this little rest is all that he needs and all that he will have.

Give Canada a Share.

London, April 25.—At a meeting of the Women's Emigration Association yesterday Lord Selborne, the First Lord of the Admiralty, strongly urged the settlement of British in South Africa as the only way the wounds of the war could be healed.

Lord Strathcona followed, urged Canada's need of women settlers. He declared that if the British Government gave any emigration assistance whatever Canada should share it.



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also some SECOND HAND WHEELS in stock. Lamps, Bells, Saddles, Tires and all kinds of Bicycle Sundries on hand.

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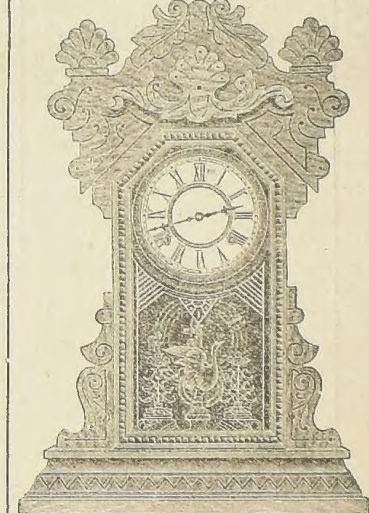
We show Lace Curtains 2½ yds. long, taped edge, at 25c per pair; 3¾ yards long, taped edge, at 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50.

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C. HUGHAN,

JEWELLER,

and Issuer of Marriage Licenses
ONTARIO BANK BLOCK,
Corner of Kent and William Streets
will sell on

Saturday May 3rd,

125 Eight Day Mantle Clocks
with or without alarm, that strikes the hours and half hours, walnut or oak or e case same as cut, fully guaranteed, usually sold for \$4.00, Saturday

\$1.98

These clocks will only be sold on the above date, and only one to a customer.

Bring along your Watch
Repairing.

EYES TESTED FREE.

Retiring

FROM STORE BUSINESS

After 18 years conducting general store, commencing on a small scale in 1884 and gradually growing, until the year 1901 was the largest business by over \$3,000 ever transacted in the store, and equal to over 5 times the amount of the first year's turnover.

We now desire to express our thanks to the many customers and friends and assure them of our appreciation of the loyal support given to the business, making the growth a present proportion possible, but being interested in other lines of business, arrangements have been made to lease the store to Pascoe Bros. on 1st July next, who will continue the business without interruption from that date. Mr. Wm. T. Pascoe will also continue weekly trips with egg wagon during the season and arrangements will be made to redeem all our due bills either in cash or trade as desired.

THE STOCK MUST BE REDUCED AT ONCE.

OVER \$15,000 WORTH OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE TO BE SOLD OFF. Prices in every department will be cut to make room for new goods while buying large parcels. Stocks are complete in every department and it will pay to come a distance while stocks are complete. Staff of experience has been increased to give prompt attention during this sale. Terms Cash or Trade. Highest Prices paid for WOOL, POTATOES, BUTTER and EGGS. Potatoes delivered at Mariposa station, other produce at the store. All accounts on the books will be rendered on 1st May, when prompt settlement will oblige, as books must be closed at once.

BINDER TWINE—McCormick, Pure Manila and Sisal; car load just to hand and will be kept on hand both at Elevator and Oakwood during harvest. CASH WILL BE PAID FOR ABOVE PRODUCE ALSO.

Hogg Bros. Oakwood

Subscribe for The Post

SUTCLIFFE'S SPECIAL VALUES.

LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS AT \$2.45
Ladies' Dress Skirts—Made of all wool hard finish Serges; five rows of wool braid trimming; lined throughout; velvet binding, extra value each \$2.45

LADIES' ALL WOOL COSTUMES \$5.00
Ladies' All Wool Costumes—Serge or Cheviot Costumes—Coat or Skirt styles, coats lined with mercerized sateen—skirts well lined, special. \$5.00

BLACK SATEEN WAISTS AT \$1.19
Ladies' Black Mercerized Sateen Waists: tucked front, back and sleeves; attached collar and cuffs, and fancy pleat down the front. Regular price \$1.40 each. Extra special. \$1.19

HAT VALUES "EXTRA" IN MILLINERY SECTION
These prices will be particularly interesting to the Ladies, though space won't permit lengthy descriptions.

45c. LADIES' SAILOR HATS—white or black rustic straw, with black velvet band. special 45c

98c. LADIES' WALKING HATS—silk draped in the your choice 98c

\$1.48 LADIES' HATS—variety of styles; silk draped, suitable to wear with shirt waists. only \$1.48

25c. HOSE FOR 19c
Ladies' pure Mao yarn, black cotton hose, balbriggan or black feet, guaranteed fast dye, regular value 25c. pair for 19c

CROCHET SACQUES 45c
These are Ladies' all wool Sacques in colors of light blue or pink, beautifully crocheted and nicely trimmed. Your choice for only each 45c

PURE SILK FOUARDS AT 50c
Pure Silk Foulards, 27 inches wide, Foulard and fancy patterns—fashionable for full dresses or waists, colors of Green, Blue, Mauve, Old Rose and Navy. Extra special per yard. 50c

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS—25 per cent. under value
We have been exceptionally fortunate in picking up our Umbrella and Parasol stock this season. You practically get a parasol at maker's prices, as they are marked fully 25 per cent. less than regular value.
Some at 35c. worth 60c., at 75c. worth \$1.00, at \$1.00 worth \$1.50

KING EDWARD CORONATION PINS AT 19c
Fine handsome photos of His Majesty King Edward VII. as he will appear wearing the Coronation Robes. Fine Electro plate fancy rims and strong pin attached. They are suitable for brooch, ribbon fastener or lapel pin. Special each 19c

SPECIALS IN THE STAPLE DEPARTMENT
30 INCH DRESS DUCKS—Navy or black grounds, with white spots special per yard. 10c
36 INCH GREY FACTORY COTTON—round even thread, worth today 6c. yard, special 5c
53 INCH TABLE LINEN—with Turkey Red border, good clear pattern, special per yard 30c

DRESS MUSLINS AT 8c
Fine sheer weave dress Muslins, floral designs with stripes, variety of colorings, regular value 10c. yard. Special 8c

CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS
MEN'S ALL PURE WOOL FANCY WORSTED SUITS, Grey or Brown, French shoulder, piped facings, extra quality farmer's satin linings. Regular value \$12.00, special \$10.00

BOYS' TWO PIECE TWEED SUITS, fit ages 7 to 11 years, double breasted styles, summer weight; colors of brown and fawn; good linings. Regular value \$2.75, special \$1.98

BOYS' TWEED CAPS
Boys' Fancy Tweed or Serge Caps, with leather peak, regular price 25c., for 15c.

BLACK SATEEN SHIRTS
Men's Black Sateen Shirts—with narrow stripes of white or gold, regular value \$1.00, special 50c

J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS,
CASH LINDSAY ONE PRICE

SPECIAL BARGAINS

- 30 Pairs Men's Fine Dongola Congress Boots, Elastic Side, Plain Toe, a capital boot for summer, sizes 6, 6½, 7, 7½, 8, 8½, 9, 9½, our bargain price is \$1.00
- 30 Pairs Men's Heavy Granger Cut Plow Boots, guaranteed solid, all sizes 6 to 11, never sold for less than \$1.25, our bargain price is \$1.00
- 40 Pairs Women's Fine Dongola Laced Boots, a comfortable shoe for summer wear, our special price is \$1.00
- Women's Light Buff Oxford Shoes, Patent Tip, New Style, Leather Lined, Solid Inner Soles, sizes 6 to 7, our special price is 75c
- 30 Pairs Misses' Tan Pebble Oxford Shoes, Solid Leather Inner Soles, sizes 6 to 7, an excellent shoe for school wear, our bargain price is 65c
- 31 Pairs Children's Dongola Strap Slippers, Turn Soles, Spring Heels, sizes 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, our bargain price is 50c
- 65 Pairs Children's Dongola Oxford Shoes, Turn Soles, sizes 6, 7, 8, 9, 10; these are selling quickly at our bargain price, 45c

R. NEILL,
THE SHOE KING.
BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, TRUNKS
SOLE LOCAL AGENTS FOR "The Slater Shoe"
90 KENT-ST., LINDSAY.

KAWARTHA LAKES
Proposed Summer Service.
Bobcaygeon, Sturgeon Pt., Lindsay.
"ASTORION" or "MANITA."
May 1st to 31st, and from Oct. 1st to close of Navigation.
Bobcaygeon Lv. 8 00 a.m. Arr. 5 30 p.m.
Lindsay Arr. 10 30 " Lv. 3 00 "
Calling at Sturgeon Point on Signal.
Saturdays boat will wait evening Toronto train. July 1st to September 1st leave Lindsay at 6 30 p.m. instead of 5 45.
Meals served on board.
Lindsay Agent, GR. WILSON, O. T. R., own Ticket Agent, Express Office.

PREMIER ROSS' WELCOME

Magnificent Meeting in the Academy of Music Thursday Evening.

AN ELOQUENT ADDRESS BY THE LIBERAL LEADER.

Mr. Whitney's Attempts to Retard the Development of New Ontario—The Opposition's Record as to Corruption Reviewed—The Government's Honest Course with Reference to Prohibition—Able Speech by the Liberal Candidate for West Victoria.

The magnificent gathering at the Academy of Music last evening to welcome Hon. G. W. Ross afforded an impressive and gratifying testimony of the respect, esteem and confidence entertained by the people of Lindsay and the County of Victoria for the eloquent and statesmanlike leader of the Liberal Government in Ontario, that has done so much to make the Province great and prosperous. The representative and enthusiastic assemblage, compared with the somewhat sparse attendance at the Whitney meeting was indicative of the fact that the mass of the people realize that the policy of the Liberal party now, as in the past, is the one best calculated to promote future progress along right lines, and that the vacillating course taken by the leader of the Opposition in connection with many important matters has inspired in the public mind a feeling that he is not "the man for the job."

Some idea of the deep interest taken in the Premier's visit may be gleaned from the fact that reformers were present from all points within a radius of twenty miles and over, from Beaverton, Kirkfield, Woodville, Glenora, Oakwood, Little Britain, Oshawa, Downeyville, Bobcaygeon, Fenelon Falls, Dunstons and other places they came to honor their political chief and to add to the enthusiasm of his reception. In its representative character, as in other respects the meeting was a remarkable one.



MR. NEWTON SMALL

Hon. G. W. Ross arrived from the east on the G.T.O. train, accompanied by his son, Dr. Geo. Ross. They were met at the station by Senator McHugh, Mr. C. E. Works, President of the West Victoria Reform Association, Mr. Newton Small, the Liberal candidate, and others, and were driven to the Benson house, where a few personal friends took dinner with the Premier. At 7.45 Hon. Mr. Ross was escorted to the Academy of Music, the Citizens' Band heading the procession. The pretty, airy and well packed to the doors, and the happy forethought of those in charge of the arrangements in providing seating accommodation for 200 persons on the spacious stage, was commended. Every available chair was pressed into service in the aisles, and so great was the crush that many were compelled to stand, and their fortitude in bearing the fatigue for over two hours was a mute but eloquent proof of their interest in the speaker.

The entrance of the Premier was a fitting for a triumphal outburst of applause, which was kept up for some moments, and the cheering was renewed when he took his seat, the College Gate Club adding to the warmth of the welcome by singing, "See Him Sailing." The front of the stage had been decorated with palms, flowering plants and small flags, presenting a pretty appearance.

Among those seated on the stage with the Premier were Dr. Geo. Ross, Senator McHugh, the Liberal candidate for West Victoria, Mr. C. E. Works, of Woodville, President of the West Victoria Reform Association, Mr. James Graham, Secretary, Messrs. J. McEldon, Hector Campbell, D. McEldon, Ed. Macgregor, W. Mitchell, Kirkfield, S. Washington, S. Champion, A. O. Hogg, A. L. Minthorn, Philip Mack, Oakwood; J. A. Jackson, Lorneville; Peter McMillan, Beaverton; W. Theaton, Millbrook; D. Grant, J. C. Giesbert, Woodville; J. D. Thurston, Oshawa; J. Martin, Little Britain; J. P. Donald, Hazelton; K. C. D. R. Anderson, L. V. O'Connor, T. Stewart, Dr. Totten, Dr. White, Dr. Jeffers, Dr. Herriman, Dr. Simpson, Dr. Burrows, Dr. and Mrs. Blanchard, Thos. Brady, P. J. Hurley, F. C. Taylor, Geo. H. Wilson, Ald. Hogg, Ald. Jackson, Ald. McDermid, Ald. O'Reilly, R. B. Clark, J. Duke, T. W. Greer, J. M. McLennan, Wm. McLennan, A. H. Hardy, W. H. Stevens, A. M. Paton, David Walker, A. P. Irvine, King's Ward, Thos. Short, A. C. Edwards, R. Barry, Manilla; J. T. Robinson, W. C. Moore, Bobcaygeon; Isaac Small, T. Sadler, A. Watson, F. Knowlton, J. B. Knowlton, F. W. Sutcliffe, R. B. Allan, O. Loughlin, E. Kinney, R. Kennedy, D. C. Trow, Geo. Miller, R. F. Reesor, D. W. Brown, John Dorsey, M. Dovey, N. F. Black, L. W. Taylor; L. W. Dowson, Bury's Green; W. G. Duncan, Jas. Graham, Wm. Steers, Sheriff McLennan, Col. Denoon, Thos. Bowes, Elias Bowes, R. Nugent, J. Kennedy, J. D. Smith, Fletcher Mark, Geo. Matthei, J. J. Wetmore, E. Hopkins, J. Gilroy, J. G. Eyras, W. Price, R. Kyles, R. Chambers, Geo. Rose, W. Pym, W. A. Leigh, Joe McDonald, W. F. O'Boyle, and a large number of ladies.

He felt honored in being chosen as the Liberal candidate for West Victoria, the representative of a great party whose name stands for improvement and excellence. The Liberals had been in power for 50 years and it was impossible to deceive the electorate for that length of time—as Lincoln said, all the people could not be fooled all the time. If the record of the Liberals had been as bad as their opponents said the Liberal administration had been corrupt. While admitting that some things had been done of which he did not approve, it did not belong to the Opposition to charge them with wrong-doing. The fault had been due to excess of zeal. If the charges of corruption and extravagance were true the financial standing of the Province would be poor. Such was not the case, although other provinces and most of the cities of the United States were piling up debts, Ontario was not only free from debt, but had a large and increasing surplus. (Applause.) The leader of the Opposition depicted the existence of a surplus, but we have in addition to the statement of the Treasurer, Hon. Mr. Ross, the declaration of a commission of leading bankers, who examined the Provincial accounts, that there is not only a surplus, but one of two and a half millions; and in the face of the finding of that commission Mr. Whitney's denial fell flat. How came it that Ontario had a large surplus and the other Provinces large debts? He contended it was entirely due to the wise and careful administration of Liberal governments of the past thirty years. The legislation had been broad, comprehensive and wise, and had been copied by the other provinces and by some of the American States. They had looked carefully after the people's heritage and had sought to improve it.

As for New Ontario, about which Mr. Whitney said much, it was due to the Liberal party and Sir Oliver Mowat that there was a New Ontario—that it had been wrested from Sir John Macdonald, who proposed to parcel out its timber and mineral treasures among his beneficiaries. Instead of that the Liberal Government had made New Ontario an inviting field for capital and a centre for remunerative employment. (Applause.) There cannot be two opinions as to the wisdom of developing that great territory and providing more opportunities for our young farmers, our business men and artisans. The departure of many of our young men—military service or for other reasons—officers of the 45th Regiment, proved the growth of a new sentiment and showed that we had in this province an overflow of ambition and energy which will be turned to good account in the development of our northern territory. (Applause.) The speaker referred to the vast forests of pulpwood and the great industries already established and under way, adding that the concessions granted or not cover the land, which is as free and open to settlement as that in any other part of the province, and the pulp companies have not even the right to the wood on the land chosen by the settler. It has been said that the pulpwood would be exhausted in 300 years. Well, it is estimated that there are 255 million cords, and the seven mills established or under way would consume 320,000 cords annually. The wood on this side of the height of land would keep these mills running 266 years, and the stock on the other side about 700 years, and in the meantime there would be a new growth. (Applause.) He would ask the school boys present to figure it out for themselves. Quebec experts acknowledged that Ontario's lumber sale and pulpwood conditions were far superior to their own. Does it not seem reasonable that when men invest large sums in expensive buildings and plants, and give employment to large gangs of men in hitherto unproductive districts, that those men should be guaranteed sufficient raw material to make their investment reasonably profitable. (Applause.)

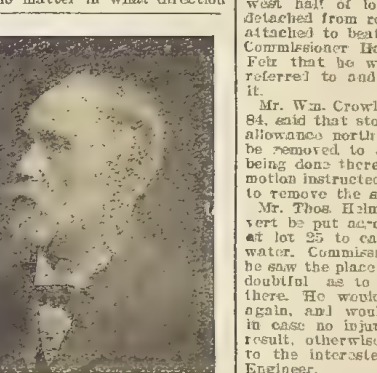
The Government had promoted education, agriculture and dairying, the mining industry, transportation facilities, etc., and in every possible way had been true to their theory that government is for the people. He heartily approved of the policies, and measures of the Liberal Government, past and present. The Ross Government had a wise and comprehensive policy and had been progressive and enterprising. It had provided for the purchase of railways, received provincial aid and was planning to build a government road through New Ontario. He would be proud to receive the mandate of the electors of West Victoria to go to Toronto to represent them for the next four years, and to that end he solicited their support and votes. (Loud applause.)

HON. G. W. ROSS.

Senator McHugh, who spoke briefly, they had with them their honored leader, who was paying his first visit since his election to the Premiership, and all were anxious to hear him. They had also with them a young man who would outline his claims on the support of the electors of the West Riding in such a fair manner that all would approve. At no time had the Liberals lacked a leader around whom all could rally, but never had a younger man than Hon. G. W. Ross. (Applause.) It was not time for a change—note how carefully our affairs have been managed for 30 years and as it is any wonder that the people of the Province command and endorse such a wise and progressive administration of their affairs. Keeping these things in mind he felt that on the 20th of May every elector would consider it his duty to cast a ballot for Mr. Small, a young man raised in this community. He would not say a word against Mr. Fox, who was a gentleman, but not fitted to represent the riding so well or so advantageously as his opponent. (Applause.)

West Victoria—but he believed it was coming back to the right fold now. In view of Mr. Small's unobscured talents he would be surprised if West Victoria did not return him as its representative by a large majority.

Turning to the subject matter of his address, Mr. Ross dealt with the cry of "Time for a change." The shallow cry of the Opposition, and he did not attach much importance to it on that account. "It is a selfish wish and it is not wonder that it comes from the other side, because they have been restless for some time." (Cheers.) A few years ago—in 1895—they became so restless that Sir Mackenzie Bowell felt impelled to declare he was in "a nest of traitors," they have had many changes in their own leaders, and we need not wonder that they seek a change in ours. First, they had Mr. Matthew Crooks Cameron, then Mr. Meredith for a few years, then Mr. Mather for a brief term, and they ask for a change in the Liberal party, but we don't propose to give it to them. There is no reason given why a change should take place, to-day they have Mr. Whitney. Now no reason given why what is being well done, what is being done in the interests of the country, should be abandoned for what is purely speculative. There are few grievances, if any; look out over the field of Ontario—can you point to any class and say we have been guilty of injustice? No, everywhere there is contentment, everywhere there is prosperity. Is it to be said that in the face of such conditions the people are longing for a change and anxious to try something new? If he understood the public mind the feeling was not of that character. (Applause.) The farmers are prosperous and prices are good, the hum of industry emanates from our factories and workshops, good wages and steady employment greet our workmen no matter in what direction



HON. G. W. ROSS.

they turn their steps, new districts are being opened up, and bright prospects and contentment go hand in hand. Is it "time for a change"? He did not think that would be the verdict of the electors of the Province. (Applause.) You cannot tell what the other side may do if they manage to get into power. You know fairly well what we have done, and that is the basis upon which we claim your support.

The Government's Record.
Mr. Whitney says we are unworthy of confidence, because, as he alleges, we have not fulfilled our promises. He (Mr. Ross) had not been in power so long that they could say he had failed in anything. The Liberals had been in power for 30 years, but he had been leader for less than three years, and the majority of his cabinet had been only a short time in office. If he had been allowed a fair space of time in which to prove himself, and had failures to his credit, then he might fairly be blamed and criticised. Having initiated certain things, was it not fair that he should be given a chance to carry the undoubted success of their legitimate conclusion, or at least see them fairly started? Every reasonable man will say that that would be a fair way of dealing with a public servant. If, at the end of a reasonable period it could be shown that what he had attempted had resulted in failure, then, and then only, would the people be justified in insisting on a change. (Applause.)

The disputed Surplus.

In a speech delivered at Whitby about two and one half years ago he (Mr. Ross) had promised several things. He had promised to appoint a financial commission to report as to the existence or non-existence of a surplus, and he had done so. The commission comprised Mr. John Harkin, K.C., President of the Guarantee and Trust Co., Mr. B. E. Walker, General Manager of the Bank of Commerce, and Mr. Angus Kirkland, Manager of the Toronto Branch of the Bank of Montreal—all men of the highest business standing and recognized as experts in the world of finance. They had full powers to examine the books of the Province since Confederation and to call for all vouchers and other documents. They found that while the receipts of the Province from the 1st of July, 1867, to the 31st of December, 1899, had amounted to \$104,617,834.96, not one dollar of the receipts or expenditures was unaccounted for. You cannot tell of your own knowledge whether there is a surplus in the town treasury or not, but the municipal authorities can. Our commission of experts found a surplus of over \$2,000,000 of which amount the sum of \$1,500,000 is in hard cash in our credit in the banks. (Applause.)

New Ontario Development.
We promised also to explore New Ontario. We have here in this Province two parties based on the two great parties in Britain. Great plans are being set on foot to degrade their traditions or to belittle their opponents unjustly. Mr. Whitney declares we will not explore New Ontario. Well,

Continued on page three.

Ops Township Legislators

REGULAR MEETING OF COUNCIL HELD MONDAY AFTERNOON.

Communications and Other Matters—Building of Wire Fences to be Encouraged.

The members of Ops Council met on Monday, May 5th, at 10 a.m. After the minutes of the preceding meeting were read and confirmed the Clerk read the following Communications.

From the Sawyer & Massey Co., enclosing bill for culvert would sent. From Rev. J. W. Macmillan, with reference to Jas. Jackson, invalid. From Geo. Smith, engineer, enclosing account for Jas. Jackson since Jan. 16.

From Dr. Herriman, enclosing bill for attendance at the "Home."

Mr. Jas. Ward asked that the balance due by Council for trespass at Ward's grave pit be paid him, and that the pit be formally given up to him if no longer needed by Council. It was explained that the matter of trespass had been agreed on in 1900 when the Reeve and Clerk measured the pit, but that compensation had been deferred because Mr. Ward had not applied to the Council for it. Mr. Ward agreed to accept fifteen dollars as payment in full and a resolution was passed giving him full possession of the pit.

Mr. John Feir requested that Thos. Pegge, owner of west half lot 1, con. 10, be placed on road beat 47, fronting his land, and that the Council expend some money in repairing the Feir's road, which has been long neglected. The road was mentioned by Mr. Hawkins, that the west half of lot No. 1, con. 10, detached from road beat No. 32 and attached to beat No. 47.—Carried. Commissioner Hawkins assured Mr. Feir that he would view the road referred to and if possible improve it.

Mr. Wm. Crowley, pathmaster, beat 84, said that stona piled on the road allowance north of the town should be removed to allow statute labor being done there. The Clerk was on motion instructed to notify the owner to remove the stone in due time.

Mr. Thos. Holme asked that a culvert be put across the 6th con. line at lot 25 to carry off his canal water. Commissioner Patterson said he saw the place referred to, and was doubtful as to putting a culvert there. He would view the locality again, and would put in a culvert in case no injury to others would result, otherwise he would leave it to the interested parties and the Engineer.

Wire Fence Problem.

The Council, in committee of the whole, discussed the wire fence matter. While desirous of increasing the bonus and having a few miles of wire fence built every year, they deemed it necessary to discriminate and have fences built where most needed first. The Reeve suggested that \$500 of the annual road appropriation be set apart for a fence fund, and the Commissioner to have control of \$100 that the bonus be increased to 35c. per rod, and that each Commissioner shall decide where fences shall be built. The proposal met the approval of the members and a resolution was passed accordingly on motion by Messrs. Arsky and Slaght. Owing to the proposed change in bonus and determining where the bonus shall be given, the Council did not pronounce on the applications for fence bonus received since last meeting.

Mr. Jos. McAllister addressed the Council on behalf of the ratepayers living near the 5th con. line east of the long swamp on the 9th concession, saying that at least sixty cords of stone should be crushed for use on swamp road this spring, since it had been neglected for years past and is now a mass of mud. Although Mr. Patterson had bought 20 cords for it, and the parties interested had agreed to furnish 20 cords more, he hoped the Council would enable Mr. Patterson to purchase and crush another 20, so as less than 60 cords would not improve the road sufficiently. Mr. Patterson said he could not exceed 20 unless the Council desired to add a special grant to his appropriation. The Reeve said such grants meant raising the tax rate, which many considered high enough already. Mr. McAllister was willing to pay five dollars more in his taxes provided the road was made good, and so would his neighbors. Mr. Patterson said he would expend all Mr. McAllister would collect in that way.

Boundary West of Town.

Commissioner Arsky said the boundary west of the town and south of the new hospital needed repairing, and he would expend \$15 on it if Lindsay would expend a like sum. The Clerk was instructed to submit his proposal to Lindsay Council.

More Gravel Wanted.

Mr. Patterson moved, seconded by Mr. Arsky that Messrs. Slaght and Hawkins test lot 15, con. 11, and south half lot 29, con. 5, for gravel on a report at next meeting.—Carried. Accounts and bills which had been considered and passed, were on motion paid as follows: Sawyer & Massey Co. for culvert mounds, \$14.50; Dr. Herriman, professional attendance, \$46.25; Toronto General Hospital, caring Jas. Jackson three months, \$26.45; Mrs. Makins, nursing and caring Jas. Jackson two weeks, \$10.00; Geo. Smith, engineer, on account of services in 1901, \$19.00; and sundry small accounts.

Sanitary Matters.
The sanitary matters received for the township printing were compared, and that of The Post being the lowest, was on motion accepted. A motion by Messrs. Hawkins and Arsky, that the Reeve have about 100 culvert pipes moulded as soon as practicable, was duly carried. It was on motion decided to hold a Court of Revision for the town of May 26th inst., and to decide the appropriation for roads and bridges in the afternoon. The Council then adjourned. W. F. O'RYLE, Clerk.

AN HUMBLE HERO

BY THOMAS P. MONTFORT

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(Continued from last week.)

"Lord, I don't see how that murder could 'a' had anything to do with it," he replied. "The murder wa'n't nothin' to him noway, an' he didn't know Melvin nor Sim Banks nuther. Guess he never see nuther of 'em 'less he see Melvin that day he was lyn here a cawpse."

"He did see him that day," Sam said, "an' he acted sorter queer too. I was a-watchin' him when he went up to whar the cawpse lay, an' for all he'd been so cool out thar in the woods, the second his eyes got on that dead face he turned right white an' put his hand up to his heart, then looked round right quick, like he wondered if anybody'd seen him. Guess he must be one of them kind of people that's easy teched by anything like that."

"Must be if he done that a-way," old Eli replied. "My skm, it don't make no difference to me to look at a dead feller, an' I'd jest as soon tech him as not."

"Lord, Hi, not if he'd been killed?" "Yes, sir, even if he'd been killed." "By grab, I wouldn't. They say if you tech a feller that's been murdered that a-way he'll come to you three nights hand runnin' an' stan' by your bed an' look at you."

"Wonder if that's so?" Jim Thorne asked.

"By grab, they say it is, shore, an' I can tell you right now I don't want no dead fellers pesterin' round me of nights."

"Lord, you bet I don't. I don't want nothin' to do with them ha'nts an' fix-ins, an' I ain't never goin' to tech nobody that's been killed, you bet, even if they never are teched."

"Shucks, you fellers don't know what you're talkin' 'bout. Say, you all jest wait till you've seed dead men as I've seed 'em, lyin' round on a battlefield jest ever'whar." Thus spoke Ebenezer Sparks, the warrior bold. "Lord a-mighty, I've fit into many a battle whar men were jest a-drappin' all round me so thick that I couldn't move 'bout steppin' on a lot of 'em. My land, I wa'n't skeered of techin' 'em, an' they never come back of nights to pester round ha'ntin' of me nuther."

"It wa'n't that a-way that time when you went into Hicks' cellar to whup the battle, was it, Ebenezer?" Jason Roberts asked.

"Ebenezer flashed angry. "Doggone it all," he cried, "ain't I never goin' to hear the last of that dad burned old cellar? Ever' time I mention any word 'bout when I fit into the war some blame fool has got to go to work an' drag that dad blasted old cellar in."

"Waal, we want to show a intrust in your war record, Ebenezer, an' that's the only battle we ever see you fight in, so that's all we got to speak 'bout."

"Waal, you needn't pester 'bout showin' no intrust, then. I'd rather you wouldn't."

"Say," Sam Morgan called, "don't you reckon Sim Banks has a ha'nt?" "Of co'se he has," Thorne replied, "an' Eli, fellers, I bet it pesterin' him jest awful."

"To be shore," Turner agreed. "Speakin' of Sim Banks' minds me of somethin'." Hi said. "Reckon ain't none of you us heard nothin' of Sim since he went away?"

"Nary a word," Hicks answered. "Qualre them officers don't find out nothin' 'bout him, ain't it?"

"'Tis so. Guess they've hunted round all over ever'whar most an' they ain't found him nor hide of him."

"S'pose he must 'a' gone clean off somewhar."

"Looks like it. You know he left a note for his woman sayin' he war a-go in away an' wa'n't never comin' back no more."

"I heard he did." "But she don't b'lieve it." "Don't she?"

"Not now, she don't. She b'lied it a right smart at fust, but Pap Sampson kept a-talkin' till he got her to change her mind."

"Pap still stan' out that Sim never killed that feller?"

"La, yes, wuss'n ever." "Qualre he'd git that sorter notion, ain't it?"

"'Tis shore. Pap's gin'rally putty level headed, but he got his nose p'inted wrong this time shorely."

"He thinks Sim'll come back, does he?"

"Jest knows he will." "Waal, he'll be hung or sent up to prison if he does come."

"Pap's got a notion somethin' 'll turn up to clear Sim 'fore he gets back."

"Don't see how he goes 'bout makin' that out."

"I don't see nuther, but that's his talk."

"How's Sim's woman a-doin'?" "Kinder poorly, I guess. She ain't lyin' here no more."

"That so?" "Yes, she left the fust of the week." "Whar'd she go?"

"Down to the county seat."

"Whar's she 'lowin' to do down thar?"

right to live it up. Says meebies some time he'll need it."

"Waal, I'll be smatched!" "Then I guess she kinder wanted to git away from here anyhow. That 'bout her an' Melvin started a good bit of talk, an' I reckon she found it wa'n't none too pleasant a-stayin' here."

"Natrally. How'd she take it 'bout Melvin been killed? Did she carry on much?"

"Nary a bit that any of us seen. Guess she behaved plumb nice."

"Did she come to see the cawpse?" "Hicks hesitated for an instant. He knew from Pap Sampson about that night visit, but he had promised to keep it a secret."

"Waal, I didn't see her come," he said. "Any you fellers see her come?" They all shook their heads.

"Some folks 'lowed she'd take on a heap over him an' meebies give Sim firs too."

"Lord, she tuck right off for Sim. She j'et acted for all the world like she loved more for him than anybody."

"It would 'a' been a mighty good thing if she'd 'a' tuck off for him sooner 'stead of foolin' with that other feller, a-gittin' him killed an' puttin' Sim into this mess."

"I reckon that's so, Hi, but I ain't never b'lied Loucey Banks aimed to do nothin' wrong. She was jest sorter thoughtless, I guess."

"No, sir; it's jest like I've said time an' ag'in, Jake. Whenever you go an' send a gal off to them doggone colleges you jest nat'rally spile her for all time to come. By gosh, you jest as well take her out an' knock her in the head. That's all in the world's the matter of Loucey Banks."

"No, I 'low her an' Sim jest nat'rally didn't suit."

"Co'se they didn't after she'd gone down thar an' tuck up a lot of doggone fool notions. They'd 'a' suited well enough if it hadn't been for that she 'lowed she'd got to have one of them white shirt fellers or she couldn't never be happy. It's that dad burn college done it all."

"Still, Hi, education's a pow'ful good thing."

"Not for a gal, it ain't."

"Waal, she ain't got no use for it, an' it's jest plumb shore to make a fool of her. Lord, a man, even, don't need no awful blame much education to git on all right."

"You think so?" "I know it. Take myself, for instance. I ain't never had no education to speak of, yit see how I sot on to that jury that time. I managed 'bout runnin' that court jest as well as any of them fellers down thar. If a feller's got it in him, he can git up in the world even if he ain't got no book 'farnin'."

"Lord a-massy," Turner exclaimed, "speakin' 'bout settin' on to a jury 'minds me of somethin'."

"What is it?" Jason asked.

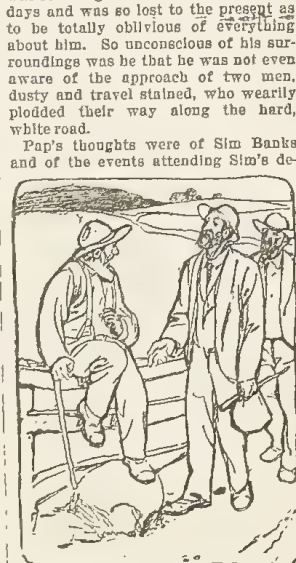
"Why, if Sim's ever ketches they'll have to git a jury to try him, an' I dunno but likely enough I'll git a chance to sel on it."

CHAPTER XXII

SIM RETURNS

Pap Sampson, older by four years, a tride grayer perhaps, but as active and alert as ever, sat on a fence at the side of the road leading into Beckett's Mill from the south. His attitude was such as to denote that he was absorbed in earnest thought, which he was. He was recalling scenes and events of past days and was so lost to the present as to be totally oblivious of everything about him. So unconscious of his surroundings was he that he was not even aware of the approach of two men, dusty and travel stained, who wearily plodded their way along the hard, white road.

Pap's thoughts were of Sim Banks and of the events attending Sim's departure from Beckett's Mill. Though four years had passed since that time, Sim had never returned, and the people of Possum Ridge were no wiser as to his whereabouts than they had been the day he left. A large reward had been offered for his arrest, and the officials, stimulated by the hope of earning the money, had made strenuous efforts to locate him. But it had been all in vain. Now and then there had come reports to Beckett's Mill to the effect that Sim had been captured; but as is usual with such reports, it always turned out a case of mistaken identity. Pap was wondering where Sim could have gone to hide himself so completely and whether he was still among the



"Why, howdy, Pap Sampson?" parture from Beckett's Mill. Though four years had passed since that time, Sim had never returned, and the people of Possum Ridge were no wiser as to his whereabouts than they had been the day he left. A large reward had been offered for his arrest, and the officials, stimulated by the hope of earning the money, had made strenuous efforts to locate him. But it had been all in vain. Now and then there had come reports to Beckett's Mill to the effect that Sim had been captured; but as is usual with such reports, it always turned out a case of mistaken identity. Pap was wondering where Sim could have gone to hide himself so completely and whether he was still among the

"He reckoned she'd git into some work of some kind."

"An' jest 'bout manage to go through ever'whar she's got."

"She ain't got nothin'."

"Ain't? Why, I been hearin' Sim left her all the land an' ever'whar."

"He did, but she won't tech it."

"Won't? Why, say, what's the reason?"

"She 'lows it's his'n an' she ain't no

living. He was wondering, too, whether if Sim still lived he would ever return to Possum Ridge and if he returned what would be his fate. It was with such thoughts as these the old man was busy when he was suddenly aroused and shocked by some one close to him saying quietly:

"Why, howdy, Pap Sampson?"

Pap started and looked quickly around, and his eyes falling on a bearded, sun tanned face, his mouth fell open and he stared in stupid amazement for almost a minute. Then he rubbed his eyes and stared again.

"Lord a-massy!" he cried, "it's last. 'Am I dreamin', or is it that R. B. Sim Banks?"

"It is R. B. Sim Banks, Pap," the other replied; "what's left of him noway."

Pap was down off the fence in the twinkling of an eye, and the next moment he had Sim by the hand, shaking it with a heartiness that was almost painful.

"Great land of Goshen!" he cried. "Who'd 'a' thought it? Lord a-massy! It's shore old Sim, ain't it?"

"I guess it is, Pap. Are you surprised to see me?"

"Surprised to see you? Why, Lord, I wouldn't be no more surprised if the sky was to drop. But think of the devil an' he's shore to make his appearance, as the old saying goes."

"Were you thinkin' of me?" "Jest been a-sittin' thar on the fence a-wonderin' whar you'd gone an' what had come of you an' if I was ever a-gwine to git to see you any more. I was jest a-gwine over them thoughts when you moughty high-skeered the life out of me by speakin' to me that a-way. Land, don't hardly seem like it can be you, Sim."

"Don't it?" "Shore it don't. But whar you been all these years?"

"I've been to the war, Pap."

"Great day in the mornin'! You ain't been fightin' into the army, have you?"

"Yes, I've done some fightin'."

"But you wasn't killed, bless the Lord."

"Not quite."

"He came next thing to it, though," Sim's companion volunteered.

"Is that so?" Pap cried. "Waal, I'll be smatched! You come moughty nigh gittin' killed?"

"Yes, I had a pretty close call once."

"Great land! Tell me all 'bout it, won't you, Sim?"

"Yes, but first you must tell me somethin', Pap. How is Loucey?"

"Lord, ain't I a great old fool, a-runnin' on here that a-way, never a-thinkin' 'bout what you'd nat'rally be jest a-dyin' to know? Loucey's well."

"Where is she—up at the old place?" "La, no! She ain't lived thar since you went away. She's down at town."

"What is she doin' down there?" "She's workin' in a store to earn her livin'."

"You was surprised?" "To earn her livin'?" he repeated. Pap nodded his head.

"What's become of all the land I left her?" Sim asked.

"It's thar jest as it was. She ain't never teched a foot of it."

"Why?" "Said it was your'n an' she didn't deserve it."

Sim paused a moment, then said: "An' Melvin?"

"Lord!" Pap exclaimed. "Don't you know?"

"No. Did he an' Loucey?" "No. He was killed the day you left."

A queer expression came to Sim's face, an expression in which surprise and relief were blended.

"Didn't you know 'bout him bein' killed?" Pap asked.

"No. I have never heard a word from home since I went away, an' I don't know anything that has happened. Who killed him?"

The man who came with Sim looked quickly up and appeared to wait eagerly for Pap's reply. It was then Pap noticed for the first time how pale and emaciated that man was.

"Who killed Melvin?" Sim repeated presently.

"I don't know," Pap answered. "The next mornin' after you left Jim Thorne found the dead body in your woods with a bullet hole through it. He had been killed several hours then."

"And nobody knows who done it?" Pap shook his head.

"Was nobody suspected?" The old man turned away and began to thump his cane against the ground, but he made no reply. Sim saw that Pap's action meant something, and he began to put a few things together. He remembered that he had gone into those woods with his gun about the time the killing must have occurred and then had disappeared. He remembered also the threat he had made that day in Mrs. Mann's wheatfield. Recalling these things and noting Pap's behavior, he was quick enough to suspect the truth. Pale, but firm, he said:

"Pap, was anybody suspected of killin' Melvin?"

The old man hesitated still, but finally he replied:

"Thar mought 'a' been, Sim; yes, I'm afraid thar mought 'a' been. But, Sim, I ain't never suspected nobody."

"I know, Pap. But who did the others suspect?"

Again Sim's companion leaned eagerly forward and seemed to await Pap's reply. After a short pause the old man said slowly:

"You know, Sim, thar's allus some people ready to suspect anything bad of a body if they've got a ghost of a reason. I—le's go on home, Sim. I guess you must be tired an' hungry."

"No, Pap, not now. You must tell me the truth."

"Oh, Lord, Sim, I can't tell you no more."

"Yes, you can tell me who was suspected."

"I'd rather not."

"Then it's true, Pap. It is me?"

Pap remained silent.

"Tell me," Sim insisted, "is it me?"

"I'm afraid so, Sim; yes, I'm afraid thar's some as thinks it was you. But I ain't think it."

Sim had known what was coming, but Pap's admission was a hard blow for all that. His head drooped, and an expression of bitter pain came over his features. Pap saw and understood and, placing his hand on Sim's shoulder, said consolingly:

"But I don't b'lieve it, Sim, an' nobody'll ever make me b'lieve it for a minute if they swar to it on a stack of Bibles—never."

The old man's act and words did Sim good. It was a great comfort to know that he had one true friend at least.

"I know, Pap," he said, "that I can always trust you. You'll stand by me to the last."

"Thar's what I will, Sim, 'cause I know you're not guilty."

"An' thar's others," Sim said. "Thar's Sam Morgan an' Jason Roberts. They'll never b'lieve me guilty either, will they, Pap?"

Pap was seriously troubled, and he showed it.

"Sim," he said, "I know you nuss must be tired an' hungry. Le's go on home an' talk afterwards."

"No," Sim replied; "I want to know the truth, the whole bitter truth. So Sam an' Jason b'lieve me guilty of such a terrible crime as that?"

"I dunno," Pap answered. "They don't want to b'lieve it, Sim. I know they don't want to b'lieve it."

"But they do," Sim said, with a sigh of resignation. "Waal, so be it. An' Loucey?"

Pap raised his hand instantly, and a beam of pleasure lighted his face.

"No, Sim," he interrupted, "don't you say that. Loucey don't b'lieve it an' never has b'lied it. When she first heard you accused, she said it was a lie, an' she's stuck to it from that day to this."

"Thank God!" Sim cried fervently. "If she don't b'lieve it, I don't care what anybody else thinks."

"She don't, Sim. I'm tellin' you the God's truth. She don't. An' now we've said enough for this time, so le's go on home."

But Sim did not move, and he had become deeply thoughtful. After a little he said:

"I don't know what I had best do. This is all so new an' unexpected to me that I can't jest see my way clear. If I stop here, I'll be arrested."

In his excitement Pap Sampson had forgotten this, but he knew it was true. If Sim's presence in the village became known, he would certainly be arrested, and then the gallows, or at least the gate prison, would no doubt await him.

"You had better hide somewhere until night," he said anxiously, "then go away again. That is the best you can do now."

But Sim deliberated a long time, then said slowly:

"Maybe you're right, Pap, but I don't know. A body may as well be dead or in prison as to be a wanderer on the earth, with neither home nor friends an' always in dread of somethin'. No matter what anybody says or thinks, I'm innocent."

"I know it, Sim; I know it," Pap said assuringly. "But, then, courts meebies won't see as we do."

"Maybe not, Pap," Sim replied after a pause, "but I'm innocent, an' I'm goin' to stay."

"But think, Sim, of—"

"I have thought of it all, Pap. I'm goin' to stay an' face it out."

Then Sim's companion, who had listened intently all this while, spoke up again. Laying his hand on Sim's arm, he said earnestly:

"And you'll never be hurt, Sim. Never so much as a hair of your head shall be touched."

Pap Sampson looked at the speaker doubtfully.

"How do you know that?" he asked. "It doesn't matter how I know it," the other answered. "I know it, and that is enough."

"Who are you, an' what do you know 'bout this affair?" Pap questioned.

"My name is Thompson, and I am Sim Banks' friend. I have been his friend since that day he saved my life at the risk of his own."

"That was nothin'," Sim said. "Anybody would have done all I did."

"Anybody would have rushed into that hall of shot and shell after our men had retreated and carried a wounded comrade off the battlefield to save him from the enemy? You'll never make me believe any such thing. Nobody can ever make me believe that there's another man in the world besides Sim Banks who was brave enough to have done it."

"My Lord, Joe, I'd been a brute if I hadn't done it," Sim protested. "A plumb cowardly brute. You make too much over a little no 'count thing like that."

"It may seem of no account to you, but it doesn't to me, I can tell you. I guess it didn't seem so to the men who saw it either, judging from the way they cheered you. Why, even the enemy cheered."

"I didn't hear it," Sim said.

"No, you were too busy trying to get me out of that awful place. I guess you didn't even hear the bullets whizzin' round your head like a swarm of bees?"

"I didn't."

"Well, I heard them, you can just bet. It was just like a hailstorm broken loose. I know I thought every second we'd both be killed, and I can't understand why we weren't. I begged you to leave me and save yourself if you could, and you wouldn't do it."

"Oh, waal, Joe, le's let that alone. I'm plumb tired of hearin' of that fool thing. It ain't worth kickin' up so much fuss 'bout."

"Well, that's just your opinion, Sim. Other people see it differently. Ther' there is the way you looked after me

for weeks while I was in hospital. No father, no brother, my own mother even, could not have been more careful of me. I remember it all, Sim, and I'll never forget it as long as I live."

"Waal, thar's all right, Joe," Sim said, "but I'm tired an' hungry, so le's not say no more, but go along of Pap."

"I'll go to his house an' rest a bit. Then I'll go an' give myself up."

"You'll not give yourself up this day nor this night, Sim," Pap announced daily. "You'll have one good rest first if I know myself, an' I'm most shore I do, for if they git you into jail you won't have no rest thar."

"No, but it's all right, Pap. I'm resigned to take whatever comes, an' I reckon it don't matter much what it is. I ain't got anything to live for no more noway, an' I'd jest as well be dead as not."

"But you'll never be hurt, Sim," the other said. "Don't you think it. Not a hair of your head shall be touched."

Pap Sampson looked wonderingly at the speaker, saw something he had not observed before and in his astonishment unthoughtfully cried:

"My Lord, stranger, you're not goin' to live long."

Thompson smiled.

"I know it," he said, "but it is best. I only want to do one thing more, and then I'm done, and I'll live to do it; yes, I'll live to do it."

CHAPTER XXIII

SIM'S ARREST

Sim Banks secured one good night's rest, as Pap Sampson had said, or at least if he didn't it was not the fault of Pap and Mirandy. The two old people did everything in their power to add to the comfort of their guests.

"It's been a long time," Pap remarked, "sence Sim's had any comfort, an' he may never have any ag'in in this world, so we'll give him all we can while we have the chance."

"Pore Sim!" Mrs. Sampson said, with a sigh.

"Pore Sim!" Pap repeated, sighing too.

"I wish he'd go away," Mrs. Sampson said, "whar they couldn't never find him."

"I wish so, too," Pap agreed, "but he won't. Lord, he won't budge a inch. I've argued an' reasoned an' begged, but it ain't done no good. He's got his pegs sot to stay, an' stay he will."

"Yes, an' I'm afraid, Pap, that they'll hang him."

AMMUNITION, GUNS, RIFLES, CARTRIDGE, SHOOTING GOODS, LANTERNS, PLOW LINES, HALTERS, COW TIES, SAWS, AXES, CHAINS

J. G. EDWARDS & CO.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1902.

MR. WHITNEY'S "HONESTY."

"Honest enough to be bold" is the clap-trappy cry associated with Mr. Whitney on his moral reform stand. Is Mr. Whitney honest in this matter?

He declared in favor of decreasing the number of licenses, of maintaining intact the restrictions and removing the commissioners and inspectors from political and party influence.

What is his record in these regards? Mr. Whitney had opposed improvement of the house law and had voted for immensurably weakening it.

In 1890 Mr. Meredith, Conservative leader, moved an amendment providing "that license commissioners in cities and towns be elected by municipal electors," an amendment for which Mr. Whitney was "honest enough to be bold" enough to vote.

This meant a return to municipal control, a retrograde step, and one that would mean a return to the unspeakable evils that followed municipal control thirty years ago.

The effect would be to enlist the worst and most dangerous elements of corruption and influence in the annual contests for these positions, and to make license commissioners dependent upon a vote largely controlled by the parties the commissioners would themselves be supposed to control.

In 1897 Mr. Whitney was "honest enough to be bold enough" to vote against a proposition to give municipalities the power to limit the number of licenses and the regulate the hours of sale.

Now when he wants to make party capital he declares in favor of restriction, though only three or four years ago he voted against it.

He was willing to make the election of commissioners an annual scramble in ward politics, but he was opposed to allowing municipalities, where public sentiment might favor such a course, the right to limit the number of licenses issued.

When Mr. Whitney took these positions he was himself—when he made his declaration against prohibition, and in favor of license restriction, he was playing a part.

The Government introduced as string as a prohibition law as it was possible for them to pass under the powers conferred by the Imperial Privy Council, and Mr. Whitney had to declare for something which he thought opposite, and he declared for license restriction, which he had opposed in the past, and against prohibition.

He wanted to remove licenses, he said, from municipal control, but if he had been as "honest" as he was "bold" he would have joined with the Government in securing a popular verdict on the subject, entirely separate from any shadow of political influence or consideration.

Mr. Whitney was "honest enough to be bold" because he thought it was good party tactics. And to a certain extent he was right. He has found out that some of his political supporters who pretended to be his friends to emperance, are, in the first place, party men.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Swiping at the Liberals.
(To the Editor of The Post.)

May 1st I notice an item regarding the unroofing of an intercolonial box car attached to the Hamilton train while the latter was going at full speed near the old distillery creek on Wednesday, April 28th. The article concludes as follows: "Of course it must be considered that it was one of those Liberal cars which the Liberals are equipping the intercolonial that was unroofed." I do not object to the reference to the unroofing of the car, but I do strongly object to the last sentence used by the writer of that article. It certainly shows narrow-mindedness in accusing the Liberals of something they are not guilty of. It would have been wiser on his part to have investigated matters before making such an assertion. For his information I wish to say that the car happened to be a Canada Atlantic car and not an intercolonial one. Thinking you, Mr. Editor, for this space—Yours, etc.,

TRAINMAN.

PREMIER ROSS' WELCOME

(Continued from page 1.)

we went out ten exploring parties in all, and all pointed voluminous and highly interesting reports received from each. These exploring parties had found in New Ontario 18 million acres of forest, 18 million acres of pulpwood, 288 million cords of pulpwood. Would it not be a shame to refuse to develop that great heritage? What is the secret of the great development work on both sides of the 46th parallel? Why the question was asked in the United States so many years ago, "How are we going to fill these great prairies?" the whistle of the locomotive was the answer. The same conditions exist in New Ontario and the same agency must be brought into being. Only twelve miles of railway in that great territory—today there are over 600 miles, and as a result settlers are pouring in. If we are to develop and make New Ontario prosperous we must fill it with steady, progressive settlers. Many people have only a faint idea of the enormous extent of this province of ours—it is as large as half-a-dozen American States put together. Only 30 million acres of its land have been sold, and there remain 117 million acres in a wild and undeveloped state. He did not think it was the duty of the Government to board up these areas as no good in any community. His Government had proposed to subsidize the Algoma Central R.R. with lands that could not be given away. As Mr. Clague, of South St. Mary's, said, "I will build that 200 miles, and the company had already invested \$15,000,000 in industries at the South, which was equivalent to \$10 per acre for the wild land. In these industries between 4,000 and 5,000 men found steady employment, and the number would increase." (Applause.)

Our Mineral Resources. He had promised increased aid for colonization roads in newly settled districts, and he had kept his pledge. He had promised to develop the mineral resources of the Province, and had done so. There was then not a ton of ore being mined in the Lake Superior district. Today mining of iron ore gives employment to huge forces to men, and its transportation demands a fleet of steamers. The construction of the Algoma Central Railway had made this possible, yet Mr. Whitney and his followers had opposed the land subsidy, as they had opposed the Tully River Railway subsidy and others. For instance, two years ago, when the bill for the construction of the Algoma Central Railway was before the house he denounced the proposal of the Government to subsidize the railway by a grant of land, in unmeasured terms. He would quote and quote from the report of the Mail and Empire on the occasion, "I have no doubt that public opinion will say with regard to it, that it is the most phenomenal steal, the greatest attempt at public robbery, the most heinous public crime that was ever committed by man in authority in the Dominion of Canada, and I don't think it would be exaggerating to say, on the continent of North America." (Laughter.) Well, what have we secured as a result of that grant of inhospitable lands? We can point to the following:

1. The Saint's Great Works. We have the pulp works, which were to be built before the grant to the Algoma Central was made, at a cost of \$400,000 expanded into larger works costing over \$600,000. Without the land grant to the Algoma Central the area for pulp would not have been sufficient for works of the present magnitude.
2. We have sulphate pulp works, not originally contemplated, costing \$1,000,000, producing over 50 tons of sulphate per day.
3. We have rolling mills capable of producing 600 tons of steel rails per day already in operation.
4. We have the opening of the Helen Mine, which already supplies the smelting furnaces of Deseronto, Hamilton and the Stait.
5. We have a fleet of eighteen steamers engaged in conveying the ore from the mines at Michipicoten to the smelting furnaces already named and elsewhere. When the land grant was made to the Algoma Central it was thought Mr. Clague had then taken a heavy engagement when he undertook to place two steamers on the northern lakes in connection with his works at the Stait.
6. We have fifty miles of a railway track of the first quality running north from the Stait, and several miles graded near the falls with the prospect of seventy more being completed during the present year.
7. We have charcoal works capable of consuming 300 cords a firewood per day, to be increased to 600 cords.
8. We have six cogwheel sawmills, four cars per day, worth \$1,000 each, to be increased in the near future to twelve cars per day.
9. We have the foundations being laid for a veneering mill, with a contract already signed with Japan for 600,000 tons of logs.
10. We have a company with a payroll amounting to \$150,000 per month, employing between four and five thousand men.
11. We have village sites being laid out and houses under construction for settlers on the agricultural lands along the line of railway.
12. We have a company that has expended over \$15,000,000 on these enterprises, which would have been strangled had Mr. Whitney's views prevailed.
13. And, lastly, the population of the Stait has increased from about 500 five years ago to 10,000 and over.

How can a man be trusted to direct the development of Ontario who was so prone to thwart such a vast enterprise as the one he has just described? The land grant to the Algoma Central was made in the interests of this enterprise, and it was owing to the action of the Government that the success was made possible. (Loud applause.)

Other Promises Fulfilled. Mr. Whitney at Port Hope acknowledged that the Opposition had failed to offer but good intentions; that the present Government has so far failed to offer. He said that one of a few of their good works—there were others. Having helped the iron mines up north they were now endeavoring to develop the arsenic mines—the best of the world—in East Hastings. They had promised also to aid the farmers in reclaiming

swamp lands, of which Old Ontario has three million acres. Well, in two and one-half years they had reclaimed 1,000,000 acres, increasing the value by \$2 on \$3 per acre and benefiting neighboring landowners. Another promise was that they would establish coal storage facilities for the preservation of perishable fruits. Mr. Whitney asked, "What have they done? They have provided seven well-equipped stations, and their work had proven a stimulus to the Dominion Government to proceed along the same line."

The greatness of this country should not depend upon agriculture alone, and in order to promote the establishment of industries the raw material should be made free. The main thing is to keep our young men at home—there are one million Canadians in the United States according to the last census. No protest on the labor of the Dominion Government had passed its way. The credit for which was claimed by the Government. Well, Mr. McEwen had introduced a motion to the same effect in 1893—just two years after the adoption of the Government measures. In Quebec, where pulp and paper were made by the Government, the title of the restrictions imposed here in Ontario. In addition to receiving an enormously higher figure we demanded a stiff contract with sureties, we guaranteed the settlers their rights in the land in the case of pulp and paper, and the Government had absolutely no right to give at the discretion of the Government. The leading men of the different provinces have learned to appreciate Ontario methods, and he himself was prepared to say that, if there was no other issue between Mr. Whitney and himself than the pulp and paper agreements, he would be willing to go from one end of the country to the other and fight it out on that. (Cheers.) As Mr. Small had said, the mere putting up of a modern pulp mill was a big bonus, such mills costing from \$500,000 to \$700,000, while the restricted lease covered a period of only 21 years.

Sugar Industry Encouraged. The Government had also fostered the sugar beet industry, and he proposed setting aside a sum for the encouragement of that desirable branch of farming. A sugar factory costs from \$500,000 to \$700,000, or as much as ten or a dozen huge saw mills. Already four factories had been arranged for, and there was a prospect of another. These factories would require over 12,000 acres of beets annually, the care of which would give remunerative employment to many old men and children. Perhaps by next Christmas we shall have twenty million pounds of home-grown sugar manufactured in Ontario. If his good Conservative friends did not have his proposed policy they would surely favor his sweeter policy—his sugar policy. (Laughter.) The Opposition worked themselves into a heated frenzy over a few fancied grievances, and failed to give the Government credit for the many great things they had done and were doing. However, the people of East and West Victoria could see for themselves how faithfully he (Mr. Ross) had carried out the pledges made by him at Whitby. He had promised also to do something—all he could—to improve the transportation facilities of the province. They had very little control over the leading railways, but they could do something for the roads. He had a keen recollection of the time when, as School Inspector of Lambton, he used to travel 1000 miles a year over the township roads. He realized that the municipalities were expending large sums on the roads to very little advantage, and he had taken the sum of one million dollars set aside to aid in securing good roads—on the principle, of course, that God helps those who help themselves. The leader of the Opposition had depreciated the grant—he always was a fly on the wheel of progress—and claimed that the municipalities were not taking advantage of the offer. Well, he (Mr. Ross) had before him the report of Provincial Road Commissioner Campbell stating that Simcoe, Leeds and several other Counties had decided to take advantage of the provisions of the bill governing the grant, and he had been told that the County of Victoria would soon follow suit. (Applause.)

Promoting Native Experts. We should train our own engineers, making experts and skilled craftsmen. He had promised to do this, and that matter his earnest attention, and in conformity therewith had projected the School of Practical Science at Kingston, which started with 11 students and now had 250. He wanted to grow our young men here on native soil. He was pessimistic enough to say that the Government could never expect to produce clever experts in mechanics and engineering, as well as brave soldiers. At the Clergue works he had met experts who were being paid \$1,000 a month; these men had to be brought from the United States, but it was his aim and hope to have Canadian experts in all the various branches. (Applause) and the Government had made generous grants with that object in view.

His Remaining Pledges. He had promised also to promote the drying interests for which our Province is so well fitted. It was John Bright who said that the plans of government that did not take into account the hours of the work a man of the country were not worthy to be called a policy. He had promised to establish a system of arbitrators, whereupon Mr. J. W. Flavell, a leading citizen of Toronto, and an energetic and successful promoter of large undertakings, had approached him, saying he would, if permitted, form a company with a million dollar capital to engage in the lumber business in opposition to Sait & Armour. Mr. Flavell had asked for a year's time in which to form his plans and make his arrangements, and the time was almost up. Mr. Flavell would achieve success if any one could, and he would succeed in this particular line. It was not the business of the Government to engage in any enterprise in which private capital was willing to venture.

Mr. Whitney had referred to the nickel industry—it was in successful operation. As for the chrome operations over 5000 horses had been purchased in Ontario at a cost of over half a million dollars for the British army.

So it all along this line—here and there we have to face carping criticism, but a suggested remedy. He wished to say to his opponent, Mr. Whitney, in a fair spirit always, but he would defy anyone to show where the Opposition had done anything in years to benefit the Province.

Why, their record was as bare as the desert of Sahara. (Applause.)

A Non-progressive Opposition. Mr. Small had made some sensible remarks on the subject of the development of New Ontario. What the Government had been able to do had been accomplished in the face of the stiffest censure of the Opposition. He had quoted from the Toronto Mail Mr. Whitney's astounding remarks concerning the Clergue land grant, by means of which the Province had already reaped the expenditure of fifteen millions in new industries. You can see what secondaries we are—why, in (Mr. Ross) when entering the hall had passed the policeman at the door with trophies in that vote of the Opposition against the land grant. Mr. Fox acquiesced, but when he saw the good results of that grant Mr. Fox slipped into line and approved the Manitoba R.R. grant on other terms. In order to protect the public interests when subsidizing railways in Ontario, the Government had secured the right to purchase at the end of fifteen years if deemed advisable owing to new conditions. We are also building into the Temiskaming district a railway 160 miles long to be owned by the Province, and we expect to build it with a proceeds of twenty miles of land on each side of the line, and without taking one dollar out of the treasury. (Applause.) The Opposition growled and grumbled because the Government had not secured a subsidy from the Dominion parliament—that may come, but in the meantime they had not going to sit down and wait for help from any quarter. (Applause.)

The Tax on Corporations. The imposition of a small tax on wealthy corporations had aroused Mr. Whitney's ire and condemnation. It was one thing to spend money in the public interest—the getting of it was another matter—where to get money to maintain our increasing number of schools and 5,000 more inmates of our asylums. Heavily on help us Mayor Howland, of Toronto, in scolding the Government today for alleged neglect of the insane—a few years ago he stood up in this place in the House and opposed the building of an asylum in Brockville which now accommodates 600 patients. When we proposed to tax the Corporation Mr. Whitney objected strenuously. Well, we placed a light tax on railways, banking institutions, loan and insurance companies etc. Why? Because the agriculturalists of the Province and other classes contributed to their dividends and helped to pay the cost of legislation and measures for their protection. Was it unreasonable that these corporations should be asked to pay a small sum in return for the benefits enjoyed at the expense of the farmers and others? The tax realized \$235,000 the first year and \$683,000 up to date, and he had been told that one man in Victoria County could tell by any effect on his own affairs that the tax had been imposed. The tax on banks represented \$1 on every \$5,000 of assets, or one fifth of one per cent; that on life insurance companies was \$1 on each \$2,000 of assets, equal to eight mills on each \$10,000 policy. They had increased the tax on breweries. He understood it was a very profitable industry. They had also imposed a succession duty of 5 per cent on estates over \$100,000 in value left by deceased persons; he fancied anyone should be willing to pay \$2,000 to secure a \$100,000 estate—the man who left the money would not grumble, and the recipient should not. (Laughter.) To impose that tax the Government had followed an Imperial example—the revenue from the succession tax last year in England was £18,000,000—nearly \$90,000,000. How many hospitals and asylums could be built with that sum? The Opposition had opposed the imposition of that tax also, and the province would have lost \$1,300,000 if they had had their way. The endeavor of the Government was to save the farmer from taxation if we can, save the workman from taxation if we can, and let the burden fall on the well-to-do—the investors and the speculators. (Applause.)

The Corruption Charges. Mr. Whitney had dwelt long and often on the subject of election frauds, and had used very strong language. At Simcoe on April 28th he referred to the Government, their acts and their supporters, as "Political rascals, sliding behind an unclean cloak, and striking the people." "Monsters who brazenly hold positions," "Rage upon the liberties of the people," "Stimulating," "Outrage and a crime," "Pleasure programme," "Deep humiliation for Ontario," "Height of absurdity," "Awful crime," "A most unbecomingly fact."

Every Exertion a Task

There is failure of the strength to do and the power to endure; a feeling of weakness all over the body.

The vital functions are impaired, food does not nourish, and the whole system is run down.

A medicine that strengthens the stomach, perfects digestion, invigorates and tones is needed.

What Hood's Sarsaparilla did for John Y. Patterson, of Whitby, Ont., it will do for you. It is a tonic and general builder of the system, and what I have found no other remedy to compare with it as a restorer of vitality. It drives away that tired feeling, quiets the nerves, and brings sweet refreshing sleep."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. The earlier treatment is begun the better—begin it today.

And at the same time, the word "Foul secondaries" was used as that of the Mail and Empire, his party organ. Compare them—he would give a few choice selections from that organ's list of "classical and refined" phrases and allusions: May 1st—"Ontario Government ballot box stuff." "Machine politics." "Wholesale cheating." "Thieves." "A diagram to a British province." "Deliberately planned conspiracy." April 20th and a few preceding days "Scandal, corruption and criminality." "Disgraceful and monstrous misdeeds." "Stimulating schemes, hordes of grafters and corruptors." "Arrogance as debasing as it is disgraceful." "Record of rottenness." "Our lasting disgrace." "Political degeneracy and debasement." "Foul destruction of the apostles of evil." "Criminals unrepentant and unrepentant." "Blackest of crimes." "Anarchies of mendacity." "Conspired to cheat." "Combination of evil conditions." "Methods of the law." "Brandishing of clubs." "Gagging of the people." "Bullyism glorified." "Blatant, noisy and impudent." "This new domination." "This horrible thing," etc., etc.

Under the circumstances he (Mr. Ross) realized that he was lucky to escape with his life. As Mr. Small had said, all Liberals deplored what happened in West Elgin and Waterloo. That is a Government which had condemned the act and punished each of the offenders as they could secure, and had made the law still more strict. They had done so regardless of whether they were friends or foes, but Mr. Whitney had not followed their example in the case of offending members of his own party. Proceeding Mr. Ross said his was the first Government in Canada to punish offenders against the Election Act—Sir John A. Macdonald had never done so. Mr. Whitney charged that they had not punished the West Elgin offender—they could hardly be blamed for that, he having left the country. There was also other exception, and that man had committed the act in such a subtle way that the law could not reach him—and, strange to say, his immunity was due to an affidavit made by Mr. Whitney. It looked a little as if the Conservative leaders were in collusion with Mr. Ross. Had anyone heard Mr. Whitney condemn any of the Tory corruptionists, the Pacific scandal of 1872, the attempt of the "brawling brood of brutes" to buy up the Legislature of Ontario in 1881—he had himself seen some of the money intended for that shameful purpose; he had deplored the Caron-Langvin-McCreary plan of campaign; he had condemned the fraudulent practices in North Ontario by which Mr. Graham, the Patron candidate, was defeated; the opening of the ballot-boxes after the South Grey election in 1891, and the substitution of a number of forged ballots; the London City frauds, by which Mr. Hyman was deprived of his seat for a term; or the expenditure of \$1,200 by Mr. William Smith, a Tory M.P., to defeat Mr. John Dryden in South Ontario in 1898? Mr. Whitney's voice had not been raised in condemnation of these proved iniquities.

A Bold Attempt. In 1896 there was a conspiracy all over Ontario and Manitoba to capture the polls for the Conservatives. It was engineered by a Mr. Turner. Mr. Ross read the secret instructions issued to the Tory deputy-returning officers to ensure the casting of spurious votes for dead and absent voters. The conspiracy had been discovered owing to the exposure of a spoiled Liberal ballot as compared with the number at the next election and the facts were established in court as the result of the efforts of Hon. Clifford Sifton. Let us guard the sanctity of the ballot box, let both parties unite in an effort to elect a man who would do his duty rather than of office on May 29th than lend himself to any act which would besmirch the fair fame of Canada and Ontario. (Cheers.) During the 30 years the Liberals had been in power 55,000 returning officers had officiated at elections, and of that large number only a few had been guilty of wrongdoing.

The Referendum Bill. Mr. Ross remarked that he would like to say something on the subject of education, but there was no time, and he would close his address with a few words on the Referendum. The Manitoba Government passed a prohibitory law which had been made as stringent as possible. It was referred to the Privy Council in England, which body declared it to be within the constitutional rights of the Province to pass. What was legal for Manitoba to do must be legal for Ontario also, and as his Government had promised to introduce a prohibitory legislation they decided to adopt the Manitoba Act as embodying utmost that had received the sanction of a competent authority. In looking over the ground it was recognized that the then members of the Legislature had resolved no mandate from the people to pass a law so sweeping in character, and without it such legislation would be tentative—the approval of at least a large section of the people was desirable as a guarantee that the enforcement of the law would meet with moral support. That was the principle at the back of the Dunkin Act, the Scott Act and Local Option, and in the case of the Prohibition Act it had to be applied on a larger scale; parliament had assumed the right in such matters to act without the people's consent. In deciding upon the Referendum the Government had the authority of the British Parliament, the example of Australia, and some of the American States, and in addition the recorded endorsement of Sir William Macdougall, ex-leader of the Ontario Opposition. Having decided as to that question, the next question was to do with the majority to be demanded—should they be content with a bare majority declaration in favor of prohibition? The Dunkin act, carried by a small majority, was soon afterwards, and a like fate attended the Scott act, passed under similar conditions. Prohibition was carried in 16 States of the American Union by small majorities, and in 11 proved a prompt failure. To-day Local Option is in operation in only 23 or 24 municipalities out of many. We are faced by the probability of a prohibitory law—passed by a bare majority—resulting in a growth of illicit liquor selling, and prominent men on both sides of politics placed themselves on record in favor of our demoralizing a large majority.

Shown Fairness to All. After much careful consideration his colleagues and himself had decided that the enforcement of the law would meet with moral support. That was the principle at the back of the Dunkin Act, the Scott Act and Local Option, and in the case of the Prohibition Act it had to be applied on a larger scale; parliament had assumed the right in such matters to act without the people's consent. In deciding upon the Referendum the Government had the authority of the British Parliament, the example of Australia, and some of the American States, and in addition the recorded endorsement of Sir William Macdougall, ex-leader of the Ontario Opposition. Having decided as to that question, the next question was to do with the majority to be demanded—should they be content with a bare majority declaration in favor of prohibition? The Dunkin act, carried by a small majority, was soon afterwards, and a like fate attended the Scott act, passed under similar conditions. Prohibition was carried in 16 States of the American Union by small majorities, and in 11 proved a prompt failure. To-day Local Option is in operation in only 23 or 24 municipalities out of many. We are faced by the probability of a prohibitory law—passed by a bare majority—resulting in a growth of illicit liquor selling, and prominent men on both sides of politics placed themselves on record in favor of our demoralizing a large majority.

THE PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE



Light Footwear
For Summer.

Three Specials:

Women's Chocolate Tribby and Oxfords, 18 pairs only, 75c regular \$1.25, while they last for.....

Women's Dongola Oxford and Slippers, leather lined, \$1.00 turned sole, regular \$1.35, while they last for.....

Boys' School Boots, sizes 11 to 13, regular \$1.00, while they last for..... 50c

Headquarters for Baseball, Tennis and Running Shoes.

PHONE 153. FINLAY & CHANTLER

Good Digestion Waits on Appetite

In the spring the wise person gives up the use of blood-warming Oatmeal and uses instead some one of the milder Breakfast Cereals recommended by the leading medical authorities. They have a tonic effect and renew the appetite, removing the jaded "Can't eat" feeling peculiar to the spring season.

We have all the leading brands of Breakfast Cereals, and handle none that we cannot recommend highly on the evidence and experience of our own customers. Many a person spends dollars on spring medicines when all that is needed is the use of a blood-cooling tissue-building Breakfast Food. Try our advice and come to us for the cure.

Spratt & Killen.

IN THE SPRING....



There is a General Putting

"off" of the "Old" and putting

"on" of the "New."

How about your Footwear? You'll need a new pair of Shoes soon. Why not have the best? Don't cost any more than inferior goods. See J. & T. Bell's lines for Ladies at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.50. Call and see these lines and when you have seen them you have seen the best goods made in Canada.

F. A. ROBINSON,

74 KENT-ST., LINDSAY.

Successor to Robinson & Ewart.

ed that the majority which decided their own political existence would be eminently fair; that is, if a bare majority of the votes cast at the Provincial election of 1898 are cast for prohibition the law will go into effect—if three votes out of every eight on the present lists are cast for prohibition the law will go into effect and if returned to office he would do all in his power to enforce it if so carried. They had expended \$100,000 in the attempt to enforce the Scott Act. Mr. Whitney would not trust the people; he would not pass a prohibitory law; he was not willing to submit the law to the tribunal by which his own fate would be sealed. The basis of the Referendum bill had the approval of every member of the house—Conservative as well as Reform—with this exception of four Conservatives on the occasion of one vote and two on another division. He (Mr. Ross) believed the question of prohibition was of sufficient importance to warrant a special vote on a special day—village, town and city taxpayers vote on special days for many things, and surely the same provision should apply to a law affecting the interests of \$1,000,000. The Government had aimed to do what was fair by all concerned, and he thought they had done so. He would like to point out that Mr. Fox had valiantly supported his leader in his mistaken and perilous course with respect to the prohibition bill and other matters, and was answerable for these errors of judgment.

Some Patriotic Utterances. In conclusion the Premier referred briefly to his lengthened public career and services, and said: "Whether we sink or swim it is my hope that this country may go on prospering and to prosper, whatever Administration it may have; that our homes may be happy and comfortable; that the good old flag, which has floated over us since we were cradled in the woods in this great Canada of ours, may float over our Canada in generations yet to come, strong, healing our relations with the empire, infusing new life and vitality into our churches and schools, and developing, as it ought to develop, a spirit of Christianity and patriotism in our souls."

As the Premier resumed his seat the audience rose and gave vent to their enthusiasm, the applause being renewed again and again. Hearty cheers for the King, Mr. Ross and Mr. Small brought to a close one of the best political gatherings ever held in Lindsay.

Marriage Licenses.
At Britton Bros. Jewellers.

Like other evil cramps and diarrhoea come suddenly. Promptly give a dose of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer and the pains will go immediately. A bottle at hand will save hours of suffering—be prepared.

BOXALL MATTHIE

WE WANT

YOUR TRADE,

And will attend promptly to all orders entrusted to us.

Plumbing, Steam Fitting, Tin-smithing, Iron Piping, Hot Air, Hot Water and Steam Heating, Iron Roofing and Eave-troughing, Pumps and Sinks, Builders' Hardware, Paints and Oils, Stoves and Ranges.

The Cheapest Store for Good Goods and Good Work.

TRY US AND SEE.

BOXALL & MATTHIE,

Kent-st., Lindsay.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1902.

LAST WEEK'S GREAT MEETING.

The immense audience that crowded every inch of space in the Academy Thursday, May 1, was a grand tribute to the popularity of the Hon. G. W. Ross, Premier of Ontario, and also an unmistakable and convincing proof that the cause of liberalism is not losing ground, but is gaining in strength and public favor. It could not well be otherwise in view of its grand record of thirty years and the fresh vigor and progressive ideas displayed by the Ross Government.

The Premier was in fine form—a condition no doubt partly due to the cheering outlook in all parts of the Province. He made a magnificent speech, in the course of which—without a trace of animosity or the use of an unkind word—he described the efforts of Mr. Whitney and his followers to thwart good measures and hamper the Government, which endeavors represented in sum and substance the only policy the Opposition gave evidence of possessing. The Government's grand record was described with an eloquence befitting the subject and the telling presentation of the facts made a deep impression and one that will account for a good many votes on May 29th in favor of the Liberal candidate.

Mr. Smole acquitted himself admirably in an address of over an hour's duration in the course of which he evinced a thorough acquaintance with the public issues of the day and the needs of the province. He spoke without the aid of notes, and his fluent address was listened to with deep attention.

THE REFERENDUM.

Perhaps no chapter of Hon. G. W. Ross' great speech at the Academy the other evening was listened to with a keener interest, or received with heartier evidences of unqualified approval than that in which the Premier outlined and defended his course in connection with the Prohibition legislation. He was "bold enough to be honest" in his declaration that, disregarding the fate of the Dunkin and Scott Acts, and the danger that a law, passed on a bare majority basis would promote illicit selling and attendant evils, he was willing to conform as nearly as possible to the wishes of the extreme section of the temperance party, and with that object had decided to run the grave risks against which he had been warned—in the public press and elsewhere—by many of the more moderate temperance men.

In adopting the terms of the Manitoba Liquor Act the Government of Ontario have gone to the limit of their power, and nothing can prevent that Act becoming law if one-half as many voters—plus one—as voted at the last provincial election, say it shall become law. If less than that number vote in its favor, would even the most ardent temperance advocate favor the enforcement of a law that had no greater evidence of moral sentiment behind it? The vote on Dec. 4th will make manifest the strength of that sentiment.

Let the Manitoba Liquor Act be brought into force under conditions that will guarantee its stability, or not until those conditions can be fulfilled. The cry that is being raised in Conservative quarters—to attract the attention of temperance voters—to punish the Government by voting against the Liberal candidate, is one that lacks meaning. Had the Conservative party taken up the temperance cause then there would be some sense in voting for the Con-

servative candidate, but such is not the case. The hope of the temperance people has been, and still is, with the Liberal party, and no friend of temperance should become impatient because at the present time, the Government has given the people the privilege of expressing their opinion upon a definite piece of legislation.

MR. WHITNEY PRAISING MR. ROSS.

(Toronto Evening Star, Tuesday.)

No higher condemnation of his course could any man desire than that his jealous rival should praise it. And that is the tribute Premier Ross received at North Bay last night when Mr. Whitney condemned in an unqualified manner the idea of the Government railway into the Temiskaming district. In fact, the Opposition leader's only criticism consisted of complaints that there was too much delay.

Despite this and other avowals, which may be good politics at North Bay, Mr. Whitney owes to the people of Toronto, and of Ontario generally, an explanation. Why did he permit or instruct—for private members do not make motions on questions of policy on their own initiative—one of his supporters in the House to move an amendment, which if it meant anything specific, meant delay of the Temiskaming railway project for at least a year, and if it didn't mean anything more specific was a motion of want of confidence in the Government for taking up the scheme at all? Was a little local popularity for Mr. Powell so desirable that Mr. Whitney to secure it could afford to place his whole following in a false position?

The Government has chosen such strong position on the Temiskaming Railway and other questions that their opponents, in order to be different, and avoid the charge of having no policy, have been forced into a number of weak and unfortunate attitudes. Mr. Ross, with his energy, aggressiveness and originality, solves the problems which arise so quickly and satisfactorily that by the time his opponents come to the point there is no place left for them to stand. This is the whole trouble with Mr. Whitney and his lieutenants, whom no one is accusing of not really meaning well.

A GOOD RECORD.

The Ross Government can appeal to the electors on a good, all-round policy, as pointed out by the Premier last Thursday evening. In regard to its financial record, no praise can be considered excessive, and its other administrative record is of the highest character, in its comprehensive scope and its adaptability to provincial conditions. Hon. Mr. Stratton, Provincial Secretary, brought this out clearly in his address to the electors of Norfolk and Port Dover last Tuesday. In this connection Mr. Stratton pointed out that the excellence of the legislative and administrative acts, based thereon, enacted by the Liberal Government of Ontario, was shown by their being freely adopted by other provinces.

As reported in the Globe, Mr. Stratton said that the legislation had kept pace with the times. This was shown by the fact that no important legislation was introduced by the Opposition in advance of the Government. Our Crown timber regulations have been largely copied by the other provinces. Our Ontario fire act had been copied by Quebec, New Brunswick and British Columbia. Ontario was the pioneer province in the fire-rangin system. This had been copied by Quebec and New Brunswick and the Dominion as regards western timber lands controlled by the Department of the Interior, and many of the United States had practically copied this system. Our Cullers' examinations had been copied by Quebec. Our pulp wood policy of making leases or agreements conditional upon the erection of mills, and the employment of a minimum number of men, had been adopted by Nova Scotia, British Columbia and Newfoundland, though the Ontario agreements were much more strict than the concessions granted by any other province. Our sawlog policy, requiring sawlogs cut on Crown lands to be manufactured in Canada was followed by British Columbia by prohibiting export of pine cut on Crown lands and export of pulpwood cut under lease. Newfoundland stipulates that the timber cut shall be cut at the mills of the lessee. The Dominion prohibits the export of pine logs cut on the Reserve, and the logs cut on the timber belt of the Dominion in British Columbia. In our own forest reserves we retain the land in fee simple for the Crown. Ontario held the land while Pennsylvania and New York States are purchasing land and setting it apart for the forest reserves. Maine, Massachusetts and Minnesota were all considering similar action.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

"Mr. Marter says the Ontario Government's policy in North Ontario is the right policy of development," remarks the St. Thomas Journal. And the fact that Mr. Marter was once leader of the Ontario Opposition, the position now held by Mr. Whitney, may be worth recalling. Mr. Whitney expresses a contrary opinion. The Tories are not only without a policy but apparently not in accord with each other.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain Prices Firmer—Small Advances Made at Liverpool and Chicago—The Latest Quotations.

Tuesday Evening, May 6. Liverpool wheat futures are quoted 3d to 3d higher to-day, and corn futures 3d to 3d higher. At Liverpool new cheese, both colored and white, is quoted at 55s, and old colored firm at 50s 9d.

Chicago markets were steady to-day. July wheat advanced 3/8c from yesterday, and July corn advanced 1/8c.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

Following are the closing quotations at important wheat centres to-day:

	Cash	July	Sept.
New York	81 1/2	81 1/2	79 1/2
Chicago	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2
Toledo	84 1/2	78 1/2	74 1/2
Duluth, No. 1	70 1/2	70 1/2	74 1/2
do, No. 2	69 1/2	69 1/2	70 1/2

BRITISH MARKETS.

Liverpool—Clover—Wheat, spot steady; No. 1 Cal., 4s 4d to 6s 6d; No. 1 Nor., 4s 4d to 6s 6d. Futures steady; May, 6s 1 1/2d; July, 6s 1 1/2d; Sept., 6s 1 1/2d. Maize, spot steady; mixed American, new, 6s 7 1/2d to 6s 7 1/2d; futures, quiet; July, 6s 1 1/2d; value, Oct., 6s 1 1/2d. Flour, Mm., 2s 3d to 2s 6d.

TORONTO ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, red, bush	80 70 to 80 70
Wheat, white, bush	81 70 to 81 70
Wheat, spring, bush	81 70 to 81 70
Wheat, goose, bush	81 70 to 81 70
Peas, bush	84 70 to 84 70
Broad beans, bush	84 70 to 84 70
Barley, bush	84 70 to 84 70
Oats, bush	84 70 to 84 70
Buckwheat, bush	84 70 to 84 70

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

Receipts of live stock were the largest of the season thus far, 118 car loads, composed of 2002 cattle, 1000 hogs, 430 sheep and lambs, 150 calves.

Export Cattle—Good loads of heavy shippers are worth 50 to 55c; medium exporters, 45 to 50c per cwt.

Export Hogs—Choice heavy export hogs sold at \$4.50 to \$5; light export hogs at \$4.25 to \$4.50 per cwt.

Export Cows—Export cows sold at \$4.40 to \$4.75 per cwt.

Butchers' Cattle—Choice picked lots of butchers' cattle, equal in quality to best exporters, 100 to 1150 lbs. each, sold at \$3.50 to \$3.75; choice picked lots of butchers' hogs and steers, 100 to 1025 lbs. each, sold at \$5.25 to \$5.50 per cwt.

Exports—Good butchers' cows at \$4.25 to \$5.50; common butchers' cows at \$4 to \$4.50 per cwt.

Exports and Butchers, mixed—Leads of mixed butchers and exporters sold at \$5.25 to \$5.50 per cwt.

Feeders—Feeders' steers, weighing from 900 to 1000 lbs. each, sold at \$4.25 to \$4.50 per cwt.

Stockers—Well-bred, thrifty young steers 400 to 600 lbs. each, sold at \$3.30 to \$3.50 per cwt.; steers, 700 to 800 lbs. each, sold at \$3.75 to \$4 per cwt.; off-color, ill-bred steers and heifers sold at about \$2.75 to \$3 per cwt.

Milk Cows—Milk cows and springers sold at \$30 to \$50 each.

Calves—Calves sold at \$2 to \$10 each, or from \$4 to \$8 per cwt.

Lambs—Yearling lambs sold at \$5.25 to \$5.50 per cwt.

Spring Lambs—Spring lambs are worth \$2.50 to \$3 each.

Sheep—Prices \$4 to \$4.50 for ewes, and bucks at \$3 to \$3.75 per cwt.

Hogs—Best select bacon hogs, not less than 100 lbs. or more than 200 lbs. each, or cars, sold at \$7 per cwt.; lights at \$6.75, and fats at \$6.75 per cwt.; sows, \$5 per cwt., and stags, \$3 per cwt.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Goose Wheat	0 63 to 0 63
Spring Wheat	0 70 to 0 70
Fall Wheat	0 70 to 0 70
Oats	0 40 to 0 40
Rye	0 52 to 0 52
Barley, No. 1	0 45 to 0 45
Barley, No. 2	0 45 to 0 45
Barley, No. 3	0 45 to 0 45
Peas, Canadian Beauties	0 80 to 0 80
Peas, Black Eye	0 75 to 0 75
Peas, Prince Albert	0 80 to 0 80
Buckwheat	0 52 to 0 52
Eggs, fresh, per doz.	0 10 to 0 11
Butter, per lb., for roll	0 16 to 0 17
Butter, cream, per lb.	0 16 to 0 16
Buckwheat Flour, 100 lbs.	1 85 to 2 05
Flour, new process, bks., 100 lbs.	2 30 to 2 50
Flour, new process, mixed, 100 lbs.	2 00 to 2 20
Straight Roller Flour	1 90 to 2 10
Roller Oats	2 40 to 2 60
Hay	8 00 to 9 00
Hogs, select, live weight, per ew.	6 80 to 6 80
" Fats	6 15 to 6 40
" Lights	6 15 to 6 40
" Sows	4 00 to 4 25
Potatoes, per bush	0 40 to 0 45
Butcher's Cattle	3 00 to 5 50
Export Cattle	4 50 to 4 75
Stocker's Cattle, good color	3 00 to 3 00
Stocker's Cattle, off color	2 00 to 2 75
Milk Cows	25 00 to 40 00
Spring Lambs	3 00 to 4 00
Sheep	3 00 to 3 25
Pork, quarter	0 08 to 0 10

Raise Chickens for Export.

We want delivered alive at your nearest G. T. R. station every chicken you can raise. Larger breeds, such as Orpingtons, Wyandottes, Rocks, Indian Games and Dorkings, are most acceptable. Scrub and black-legged birds are not suitable. Prices according to weight and plumpness. Good chickens bring from 40c. to 90c. per pair. We can supply settings of good Rock and Wyandotte eggs. Where a number order together the cost is from 20c. to 25c. a setting. For particulars write our buyer, A. E. Silverwood, box 184, Dundas & Flavelle Bros., Lindsay.

WEST VICTORIA ELECTION

See that your name is on the list.

If you are of age, have been in Town three months and in the Province twelve months, and your name does not appear on the Municipal List, call at once at the Young Liberal Rooms, over Shannon's Store on Kent-st., and give in your name you will then get notice of where and when you must register.

IF YOU DO NOT REGISTER YOU CANNOT VOTE.

Dundas & Flavelle Bros.

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

MODERN STOREKEEPING

A store these days has to be up and doing or it's left behind in the race for trade. Our methods and system in storekeeping keeps us to the front, and wherever we see or know of a chance so as to help both buyers and sellers, we take it. Modern stores are few and far between. Can you find another store in Eastern Ontario better equipped in goods or service than this one? Not one unless you go to the large cities. Our endeavor is to sell a superior quality of goods at the price of lower grades.

Carpets

Cotton Chain Carpets that can be used on either side—36 inches wide. New floral colorings, 25c per yard.

400 yards of Tapestry Carpet, odd pieces and short ends, both light and dark grounds, all 27 inches wide. For May selling per yard .. 45c

All Wool Carpets—when we say all wool we mean it. Some rolls that have not been cut must be cleared at this price, per yard 55c

40 different patterns of Tapestry Carpets for bedrooms, sitting, dining and drawing rooms, halls and stairs. During May this line made ready to put down for per yard 65c

Curtains and Portieres.

Chenille and Tapestry makes of Curtains, in the new furnishing shades—Terra, Blue, Red, Green—finished with heavy fringes and wide borders length 3 to 3 1/2 yards, prices per pair \$3.50

Other prices \$4.00 to \$12.00.

Rope Portieres from the maker in Philadelphia; colors, Old Rose, Nile, Pink, Old Blue \$3.50 shades overrun with tinsel, price each

Swiss Curtains from St. Galls—the finest nets embroidered with light centres and heavy single borders—pure white curtains 3 1/2 yards long, price per pair \$5.00

Other prices \$4.00 to \$10.00.

Nottingham Lace Curtains—made from the best of Cottons; these are made with heavy finished borders and plain centres, price pair \$1.50

Other prices 25c. to \$10.00.

Ready Made Garments—For Women

The last few days we have added to this stock a large number of skirts, suits and cotton blouses. We have the latest and most up-to-date lines.

SKIRTS—A special lustre skirt in Black and Grey, with wide flare. Best lining and finished with brush binding, price each \$4.50

SUITS—Women's extra tailor made Suits in Black and Navy Broadcloths, tucked flare, flounce and stitching, Eaton jackets, silk lined, silk facing, \$25.00 and \$20.00

JACKETS—Women's and Misses' Spring Jackets, in tweed and broadcloth, lined and unlined, semi-tight and loose fitting backs, \$8.75, \$7.50 and \$5.00

RAINCOATS—Women's Raincoats in black, blue, fawn and green, loose and semi-fitting, double and single breasted, plain cloth and velvet collars, all sizes at \$10, \$8.00 and \$7.00

Floor Coverings.

Floor Oilcloths—with block, tile or floral designs—made in all widths from 18 inches to 2 yards wide—per square yard 25c

Heavy Floor Oilcloths—tiles, blocks and floral patterns, suitable for rooms, halls and bath rooms—made from 3 feet wide to 2 1/2 yards, per square yard 35c

English Linoleums—made two and four yards wide—patterns in block, tiles and florals; it's a heavy make and will give good wear—per square yard 50c

Inlaid Linoleums—"Nairns" make, it's warranted to last for a generation; carpet designs—tiles, inlaid, suitable for Banks, Offices, Public Buildings, bath rooms, halls, etc, per square yard \$1.00

Mattings.

The stock of Mattings is so large that we are crowded with them; Japanese, American and Scotch made lines, everything for spring wants in the stock.

Japanese Mattings, 36 inches wide, plain straw, colored fancy Mattings, with Jap patterns, in Reds, Greens, Blues and Browns, per running yard, 12 1/2 50c, 35c, 25c, 20c 12 1/2

American Grass Mattings, 36 inches wide, a heavy make, warranted to outwear many makes of carpets, suitable for Halls, Dining Rooms, Kitchens, etc, colors, Red, Green, Blue and Mixed, per yard 50c

Scotch Jute Mattings—all widths, suitable for stairs, halls, churches or other public places, per yard, 27 inch 35c, 22 1/2 inch 25c, 18 inch 20c

Ready Made Garments—For Men

SUITS—Men's Stylish Suits, made from pure wool tweeds and West of England worsteds; tweed patterns are very neat and quiet, over twenty to select from; worsteds are Oxfords, Blues and Blacks. This particular line of suits are most carefully cut and splendidly tailored and nothing but the best linings are used. Chest sizes from 34 to 44 \$10 00 Our leader in clothing at

BOYS' SUITS—A bargain in Boys' 2-piece Suits, about 40 in this lot, made of Union tweed, cut single breasted style with plain and pleated coats—these are nearly all odd suits from 22 to 31 inch chest sizes. 22 to 25 which were \$2.00 and \$1.50 \$2.50 Suits for 2.50

25 to 31 which were \$4.00 Suits 2.50 for

SHIRTS—Men's every day working Shirts, made of good strong English Shirtings, fast colors, made full sizes and strongly sewn. These shirts were made specially for us by reliable people, and are excellent values at the price, each 50c

Dundas & Flavelle Bros.

You May Need

Pain-Killer

For
Cuts
Burns
Bruises

Cramps
Diarrhoea
All Bowel
Complaints

It is a sure, safe and quick remedy.
There's only one **PAIN-KILLER**.
PENNY DAVIS'S.
Two sizes, 25c. and 50c.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1920.

TOWN ESTIMATES.

Aldermen Wrestled With the Problem Monday last.

"26 MILLS MUCH TOO LOW"

Says Ald. McDiarmid—A Deputation Heard in Support of the Citizens' Band—Ald. Burrows Gets Out a Search Warrant for His Strayed Resolution Respecting a Provincial Audit of Town Accounts—Various Matters of Interest.

Our city fathers met in regular monthly session last Monday. They transacted considerable business and indulged in much discussion before the adjournment at 10:30, the passing of the estimates being a fruitful source of disagreement and cross-talking.

Only Mayor Ingie and Aldermen Jackson, O'Reilly and Hore were present when the minutes were read, but the others arrived in time to take part in the heavy business of the session.

Citizens' Band Affairs.

On motion Rev. J. W. Macmillan and Mr. J. D. Flavelle were granted permission to address the Council.

Rev. Mr. Macmillan, the first speaker, said they had been asked to appear on behalf of the Citizens' band, and he understood the report of the Band committee was a very favorable one, and that the way the band had been conducted during the past year commended itself to the members. He asked the Council to deal generously with the band—unofficially they (the deputation) represented a large class of music-lovers who were most anxious that Lindsay should possess a good band, and that the present leader be maintained. He would suggest that the Council deal with the band along two lines—first, that of a generous support; and, that of strict supervision. In his opinion, the treasurer of the band should be a member of Council—not of the band—and a strict account should be kept of all receipts and disbursements. One unfortunate incident last season in band affairs was that when that organization arranged for a benefit evening they deemed it necessary to offer a form of lottery or guessing competition prize to attract patrons. Bandmaster Gray was a good citizen and in addition he appeared to be a good leader.

Mr. Flavelle said the great consideration was to have a good band, and to all appearances the present leader was desirable in all respects. He had proposed what seemed a proper and only course—to train a number of young men—for the reason that the old players lacked enthusiasm and were probably a little stiff-necked. He hoped the Council would consider the matter very carefully before voting on Ald. O'Reilly's by-law to cut off the bandmaster's salary, of which notice had been given at last meeting.

Ald. Burrows said he was willing to encourage the band, but he objected to a lump sum aid; he would offer a certain amount, to be increased later if the Band committee thought it had been earned.

Ald. Jackson—"I don't think Ald. Burrows understands the bandmaster is paid by the month and may be dismissed at any time. The town does not pay anything extra for the open-air concerts."

Ald. O'Reilly explained that he was not opposed to a band, but he felt the town was "up against the real thing," and they had to pare expenses somewhere—either in the bandmaster's salary or the cost of the streets. The band should have a membership of 30 by this time, but it was not half that, and at the rate of salary paid this open-air concert last season had cost the town \$31 each, while the band would play far longer at a garden party or excursion for \$10. He thought the band should be almost self-supporting, because at one time there were two bands in town for two years and one paid their bandmaster a salary of \$300. He was in favor of paying the band a fixed sum for each concert, which would encourage them to be independent and self-maintaining. The alternative really was a \$300 salary for the band leader or a rate of 27 mills.

Exemption for the Hospital.

Mr. Flavelle took advantage of the opportunity to refer to the assessment of the hospital lots. Collector Nichols was pressing the committee for \$30 taxes, and he thought the Council might fairly remit the sum. A deputation would wait on the Council later with respect to future exemption. The request was referred to the Finance committee with power to act.

Communications.

From County Treasurer, McDiarmid, enclosing a resolution passed by the County Council respecting the indictment of search warrants.

Police committee.

From J. A. Gillogly, asking that he be awarded a share of the Fire Hall Insurance—Finance committee.

From W. R. Williams, making a similar request—Finance committee.

From J. G. Eyles, asking that the walk opposite his premises on Adelaide-st. be moved out—Board of Works.

From Mrs. Margaret Branniff, asking for a walk from her house on Georgian-st. to corner of Russell-st.—Board of Works.

From the Treasurer, submitting a quarterly statement of balances in Ontario Bank.—Finance committee.

From various parties, enclosing accounts.—Referred to the proper committees.

A Batch of Reports.

From Market Clerk Callaghan, submitting the following statement of receipts for April: Weighing fees, \$74.10; to be paid by the town, \$1.00; to be paid by the town, \$1.00; to be paid by the town, \$1.00.

From the South Ward charity dispensers, enclosing statement of April payments.—Finance committee.

Reports Nos. 10 and 11 of the Board of Works were read by the chairman, Ald. O'Reilly, who moved their adoption with the exception of one clause relating to a motion for the construction of a sidewalk on Lindsay-st., said side, from King to Queen-st. A long and somewhat heated discussion ensued, Ald. Jackson adhering to this contention of Saturday evening that the rebuilding the walk could be built of old plank and the necessary accommodation.

Ald. O'Reilly in reply pointed out that the walk could be built of old plank for a cost of about \$5, that it would accommodate a large number of residents, and that the west side walk was very frequently obstructed owing to the loading of teams at Finville Bros' flour warehouse, and Kennedy, Davis Co's cooperage.

Finally Ald. McDiarmid seconded Ald. O'Reilly's motion, and Ald. Jackson and Ald. Hore moved an amendment. On a vote being taken the latter carried on the casting vote of the Mayor, Aldermen Jackson, Hore and Robson being the supporters.

Reports Nos. 10, 11 and 12 of the Town Property committee were read by Ald. Hore. In reply to a question Ald. Burrows was informed that the bicycle purchased for the Town Commissioner remained the property of the town. The reports were adopted.

Report No. 6 of the Finance committee was read by Ald. Jackson and was adopted.

To Purchase the Gas Plant.

Ald. McDiarmid gave notice that at next meeting he would have a resolution that the purchase clause in the Gas Co. contract be taken advantage of and that the town purchase the system.

This By-Law Was Squelched.

The first reading of Ald. O'Reilly's by-law to take away the bandmaster's salary was not proceeded with, no second offering.

The Provincial Audit.

Ald. Burrows remarked that he had introduced some time ago a resolution favoring a Provincial audit of the town accounts. It had been referred to the Finance committee, and he would like the chairman to say if he had intended that it should see the light of day or be acted upon.

Ald. Jackson—"Well, it is on file, and has been held over owing to press of other business. I am personally willing to have the auditor come on the condition I suggested that the Waterworks accounts be excepted."

A Charge of Boycotting.

Ald. McDiarmid—"I would like to take advantage of this opportunity to say that I am informed by responsible citizens that our Town Commissioner has been using his powers to attempt to drive another citizen out of business—I will give the name—I am told it is almost impossible for George Thomas to get a job at digging sewer laterals, etc., because the Commissioner says he is going and refuses to inspect his work. That is wrong—he has no right to pass any man's work till it is right, and Thomas should not be shut out. I move that the charge be investigated." This was agreed to, Ald. Burrows seconding the motion.

Council adjourned to meet again on Monday evening, May 12th, at 7:30.

THE YEAR'S ESTIMATES.

An Understanding That the Rate is to be Left at 26 Mills if Possible.

The Finance committee then sat to discuss the estimates and the fixing of the rate. We give the figures below:

County Rate.....\$ 3006.00

Public School Demand.....10201.85

Public School Debt.....1243.11

College Inst. Demand.....395.076

College Inst. Debt.....2365.02

Town Debt Demand.....8700.50

Consolidated.....244.20

Road & Kitchen.....463.50

Lindsay B. & L. R. R. (principal only).....990.26

New Fire Hall.....367.32

Total.....\$10745.38

Public Library—Bonds, \$123.30

Donations, \$844.19.....937.49

Separate School Demand.....1283.76

Salaries—

Clerk and Trans.....1250.

Town Magistrate.....400.

Town Commissioner.....600.

Chief Constable.....150.

Assistant do.....450.

Market Clerk.....600.

Fire Marshal.....400.

Fire Chief.....200.

Fire Inspector.....300.

Assessors.....250.

Car Stakeholder.....225.

Sanitary Inspector.....225.

Auditor.....200.

Sec. of Committees.....100.

Town Physician.....75.

Medical Health Officer.....75.

Tram Officer.....50.

Carstaker of Dumping.....50.

Ground.....27.

Selection of Jurors.....27.

Total.....\$ 7677.

Contracts and fixed services—

Hydant rental.....\$ 3290.

Lighting.....1800.

Interest.....700.

Fuel.....350.

Snow plowing.....268.

Fire team maintenance.....150.

Electric expenses.....178.

Insurance.....115.

Telephone service.....40.

Storage hook and ladder.....30.

Deficit 1901.....2500.

Abatement.....700.

Total.....\$10000.

Less estimated receipts other than taxes.....6835.

Balance.....\$ 3165.

Other requirements—

Board of Works.....2027.77

Charity.....800.

Printing, adv. and staty.....600.

Special grants.....350.

MORNING SESSIONS

The House Makes Good Progress With the Estimates.

TWO IMPORTANT RESOLUTIONS

Mr. Fitzpatrick's Coasting Trade and Mr. Fielding's Loan Resolutions Carried—The Yukon Telegraph Line—Mr. Tarte Gives Interesting Figures—Mr. Tarte's Humorous Reference to the Locomobiles.

Ottawa, May 8.—The week started with a rush, and an unusual amount of business was got through yesterday. The House inaugurated morning sessions and made a very fair record.

The following private bills were read a third time:

For the relief of James Brown—Mr. Clarke.

To incorporate the Bishop of Moosonee—Mr. Clarke.

To incorporate the Dymont Securities, Loan and Savings Company—Mr. McCarthy.

For a Divorce Court.

On the opening of the House this morning, Mr. John Charlton, on the motion for the third reading of the James Brown divorce bill, renewed his protest against the manner in which divorces are granted in Canada. If divorces were to be granted at all, they should be granted by a properly constituted court which could properly inquire into them. He ventured to say that not one member of the House in ten had taken the trouble to examine into the case.

Mr. Fitzpatrick's resolution, amending the coasting trade in regard to foreign-built British ships, was carried.

Mr. Fielding's resolution for an additional loan was carried.

Mr. Clarke asked that a clause be inserted in the Fruit Marking Act, that the penalty for incorrect marking be imposed only in case the fruit is offered for sale.

Mr. Fisher approved this. The bill was read a third time.

In committee of supply, Mr. Tarte said it would be profitable to erect a new departmental building near the Exchequer Court.

Yukon Telegraph Line.

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Mr. Earle (Victoria, B.C.) asked if the Government intended to reduce the rates, the impression being that if the rates were more reasonable more business would be done.

Mr. Tarte admitted that the rates were high, but then, he said, the line had cost a deal of money. The present rate of \$450 for ten words, and 30 cents per additional word, from Ashcroft to Dawson. (The rate from Ottawa to Ashcroft is \$1, and 7 cents per word additional.)

Before the item carried, Mr. Tarte promised to reduce the telegraph rates, and give a more moderate charge a trial.

The item of \$13,000 for branch postoffices was carried.

Mr. Tarte, in reply to Messrs. Clarke and R. L. Borden, furnished some details of the Toronto postal service, admitted that the locomobiles were a failure and that they would be taken off shortly, and then some small items in connection therewith were passed.

Mr. Kemp: Why does the Minister of Public Works allow the Postmaster-General always to experiment at his expense, just as he is doing in regard to these new branch postoffices?

Mr. Tarte: Well, now, it was just this way, the Minister of Public Works was away, and he appointed the Postmaster-General as acting Minister. Well, the P.M.G. being an economical gentleman, he wanted to get these things without paying for them. So he just unloaded them on me.

Yukon Buildings.

A long discussion occurred on the item of \$45,000 for Yukon public buildings, during which Hon. Chas. Fitzpatrick stated it was the intention that the \$5,000 living allowance to the Judges in the Yukon would be all the allowance they would receive outside the salary.

Mr. R. L. Borden and Dr. Reid objected to a payment for house rent for Judge Dugas at Dawson, and Mr. Fielding pointed out that what ever doubt there might be respecting the policy of paying this amount last year, there was no question that in the future the increased living allowance would cover everything. Mr. Haggart contended that the Auditor-General was to blame for passing the payment without calling attention to it.

Marine Department.

All the items in the Public Works Department having been voted, the supplementary estimates of the Department of Marine and Fisheries were taken up at 11 o'clock. Hon. James Lindsay explained that it had been the custom to carry over balances from one year to another, but he proposed to provide in the supplementary estimates sufficient to avoid doing so in future. In reply to a question by Dr. Reid, he added that his department had taken over the control of the buoys at St.

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Mr. Tarte admitted that the rates were high, but then, he said, the line had cost a deal of money. The present rate of \$450 for ten words, and 30 cents per additional word, from Ashcroft to Dawson. (The rate from Ottawa to Ashcroft is \$1, and 7 cents per word additional.)



Any Boys?

If there are boys in the house, or girls either, then croup, coughs, catarrh, bronchitis, and sore throat are sure to be there, too, sooner or later. Don't crowd their stomachs with medicine, just have them breathe in the vapor of Vapo-Cresolene; they'll like it, and it will give immediate relief. In this way you put the medicine right on the place that needs it. For whooping-cough it's the perfect cure.

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS.

Pond's Extract

Over fifty years a household remedy for Burns, Sprains, Wounds, Bruises, Coughs, Colds and all accidents liable to occur in every home.

CAUTION—There is only one Pond's Extract. Be sure you get the genuine, sold only in sealed bottles in buff wrappers.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1902.

THEY HAIL FROM LINDSAY.

Two Young Men Belonging to this Town Arrested for Theft.

A couple of weeks ago The Post was informed through a letter from Mid and that two young men named Geo. Walker and Redmond McGrath, who claimed to hail from Lindsay, were suspected of having stolen a number of valuable articles and several sums of money from the three town hotels. A warrant was issued for their arrest and they were traced to Penetang, where they boarded a steamer.

Last Friday Magistrate Storey, of Midland, received a message from Chief of Police Grasset, Toronto, to the effect that if he would communicate with the County Crown Attorney of Milton County he would hear of the supposed Midland thieves. Later he received a letter from the County Attorney stating that two young men had been arrested for vagrancy in Georgetown, and that in a memorandum book found on Walker was an entry of having been in Midland and other places. A list of the articles found on the men was also given. On McGrath was found a diamond ring, valued at \$40. Walker had the larger amount of booty, having \$75 in cash and one single stone diamond ring, 14k., one lady's brooch, value \$2.50, one lady's silver open face watch, \$10.00, one lady's fancy case gold-filled watch, one pearl-handled gold pen, one fancy silver pencil, one gold-filled tortoise case watch.

The description of the men was as follows: Walker—22 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches tall, medium build, fair, clean shaven, dressed in dark clothes. McGrath—about 20 years; 5 feet 5 inches tall, slight build, yellow complexion, brown curly hair parted in centre, clean shaven, dressed in dark clothes and wore peaked hat.

The Herald says that two young men arrived at Georgetown from Lindsay last week and put up at the Bennett house. On Friday one of them was found in a private room in the hotel apparently looking for something to carry off. He assaulted the man who caught him. He was arrested and fined \$20 and costs, his companion being assessed \$5 for vagrancy. They paid the money and left town. The Magistrate ordered that the jewelry be kept for 30 days to await possible claimants.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The little children of the world are the most precious of God's gifts.

Drink Grano Cereal Coffee.

West Riding Electors, Remember

That the Voters' List Act provides that: Any one who will be of the age of twenty-one years within 30 days from the day fixed for hearing appeals to the County Judge, and who possesses other necessary qualifications to entitle them to be entered on the Voters' List, shall have his right to apply to the judge to have his name entered and inserted in the Voters' list as entitled to vote at municipal elections and elections to the Legislative Assembly, but nothing in this subsection of this Act shall be construed to confer upon any person the right to vote who is not of the full age of twenty-one years.

Drink Grano Cereal Coffee.

Who May Register.

Among those who may be registered are:

Every male person who is not on part 1 of the voters' list, and is 21 years of age, and a British subject, and not disqualified under the Ontario Election Act, or otherwise prohibited from voting, may be registered, provided he has the necessary qualifications as to residence. The residence qualifications to entitle a man to register are:

He must have resided in the Province for twelve months next preceding the day of the first sitting of the registrars.

He must have resided in the municipality for which registration is being held for three months next preceding the day of the first sitting of the registrars.

Students in attendance at any university, college, school or other institution of learning in Canada must be registered where their homes are situated, and not where they attend school, unless they are bona-fide residents.

Provision is also made for the registration of absentees.

LOCAL BREVITIES

—The May weather needs revising with a club.

—May 24th falls on Saturday this year, and our town merchants should decide at once whether that day or Monday will be observed.

—Haven't heard of any cattle being run over lately by the trains. The engineers are getting careful, now that prices of beef have risen.

—An Ohio girl expired the other day from the effects of tight lacing. Her corset was ten sizes too small. But why mourn for her? She probably died happy.

—During the last few days several gangs of Indians from Montreal and other Quebec points have passed through to Kirkfield to work on the Trent Valley Canal.

—A county circuit for horse racing was formed at Barrie the other day and races will be held in the future in Barrie, Penetang, Midland, Orillia and other places.

—A New York policeman bought a 10-cent dish of oysters in a cheap restaurant the other day and found two pearls worth \$20 each in it. He thinks he got ahead of the Beef Trust.

—The merchants of Downmanville, Port Hope, Orillia and other places, will observe the weekly half holiday during July and August. Where is Lindsay on this question?

—It is probable an act of Parliament will be passed at Ottawa ordering that King Edward's birthday be observed on May 24th. In England the holiday will be held on May 30.

—Two young boys were charged with having broken into Francis-st. school during the Easter vacation. They purloined some pencils and committed some damage to property. Owing to their youth the boys were allowed to go on suspended sentence.

—Mr. Thos. McConnell, of the Royal hotel is making great improvements in the interior of his hotel by repapering and painting the bar, hall, sitting and other rooms. Mr. McConnell always keeps abreast of the times and conducts a first-class hotel.

—Kent-st. land in need of patching in spots, and broken down a gravel pit, but everything taken out of it is not gravel. For that reason engineers are drawing material that will dissolve into mud in a short time. Why not have the material for Kent-st. screened at the pit?

—Mr. Frank Cortin has this season installed a fine new steel press and has had the same running to its full capacity since Monday. On account of his orders for brick Mr. Cortin has been obliged to double his working staff and expects shortly to be in a position to meet all demands.

—The Gas Co. is coming in for considerable criticism because of the smoky and begrimed condition of many of the street lamps. They were very bad Sunday evening. They were very bad Sunday evening. Have them polished regularly. Main-tenance Graham, or a deputization will be interviewing the Council.

—Paper stockings are shortly to come on the market. The paper is twisted into a sort of twine, roughened on the surface to prevent a soft and wooly appearance and then knitted into hose. With paper stockings at 5 cents per pair as we are promised, the time wasted weekly in donning would, at least be saved.

—Mr. Malcolm Cole, a former resident of Kilmount, having faith in the future prosperity of Lindsay, has decided to become a resident. He has purchased a desirable building site on the south-east corner of William and Bond-sts. and will erect a store and a hard-ware two-story dwelling. We understand he purposes starting up a grocery business in that part of the town.

—Belleville Council has discovered a fast long known in Lindsay—that delinquent taxpayers are not all poor people by any means, and that the eloquent pleas heard for an extension of time for the return of the roll, made on behalf of the poor man are really calculated to carry favor with the well-to-do. As a result of the discovery the Belleville collector has received emphatic instructions to issue distress warrants on the rolls of 1900 and 1901.

—The following from the Peterboro Review may interest some of our curious wealthy men who turned a cold shoulder on Mr. R. Kyle's proposal to establish a carriage factory in Lindsay. Mr. Samuel McLaughlin, of the McLaughlin Carriage Co., of Oshawa, was in town to-day on business. This very prosperous establishment which he represents will, he says, turn out upwards of 6,000 carriages this summer, and they are already some 1,600 orders ahead of last summer.

—A Peterboro deputization waited on the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa the other day asking for aid in dredging the river so that grain and other vessels can approach the wharves of the Cereol Co., which will handle upwards of fourteen million bushels of grain annually. It is estimated that the dredging will cost \$50,000 or \$60,000. The deputization were given a very favorable hearing, and a couple of engineers from Ottawa are now at Peterboro taking soundings.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Police Court Calendar.

—Hotelkeeper Vetch appeared before the Court Saturday to answer to charges of having sold liquor to minors. He admitted the corn and was fined \$10 and costs on each count, or \$22.50 in all.

—Joseph Bell, of the east ward, was convicted on Saturday before Magistrate Storey of having used abusive language to James McEldan. His little indulgence in tongue-wagging cost him \$8.95 fine and costs.

A Treat for Music-Lovers.

The appearance of Mr. Walkin-Mills, the great English basso, and Mr. Edward Parlovitz, the eminent Polish pianist, attracted a large audience of music-lovers to the Academy of Music Friday evening. Mr. Mills' grand voice charmed everyone, and if the finished performance of Mr. Parlovitz fell short of the high expectations aroused in some minds the fault must be attributed to the fact that he was hampered and disappointed owing to the non-arrival of a Concert-Grand piano. Mr. Owen A. Smith gave several of his numerous recitations and skits and was well received, as usual.

PERSONALS

—Mr. T. Bowes, of Oakwood, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. Dan. McEldan, of Manilla, was in town last week.

—Mr. Cyril Gladman, of Syracuse, N. Y., is visiting his parents in town.

—Mr. V. R. Marshall, of Deseronto, was in town Saturday on business.

—Mr. J. T. Robinson, of Bobcaygeon, was in town Saturday.

—Mrs. Southby and daughter, of Haliburton, were in town last week.

—Mr. Wm. R. Aylesworth, of Belleville, was a visitor in town recently.

—The Misses Vera and B. Bonnell, of Bobcaygeon, were in town last week.

—Mr. C. Dawson, of Kirkfield, transacted business in town last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Barr and Miss Barr left town last evening for Sydney, C. B.

—Mrs. Gladstone, wife of the proprietor of the Black-wax restaurant, was in town last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Lang left lately for Toronto, where they will take up their residence.

—Mr. Henry Magwood, of Victoria Road, was in town lately on business.

—Mr. A. Gusty, proprietor of the Dominion house, Kirkfield, was in town last week.

—Mr. J. H. Carnegie, Conservative candidate for East Victoria, was in town Saturday.

—Miss English, who has been visiting friends in town, returned to her home in Everett Saturday.

—Mr. C. H. Bennett and Mr. J. W. Bennett, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., are spending a few days in town.

—Mrs. Goulain, Cambridge st., who has been visiting friends at Feaslon Falls, returned Saturday.

—Mr. Howard Jackson, who has been attending Queen's College, Kingston, is home for the holidays.

—Mr. F. W. Johnston, of Toronto, representing the Lincoln Paper Mills, Merrittown, was in town last week.

—Mr. L. B. Howland, of Irondale, president of the Irondale and Bancroft Railway, was in town lately on business.

—Dr. J. P. McNulty, Messrs. Jas. Lynch, W. L. Brown and D. O'Connell, of Peterboro, were in town last week.

—Chief Nevelson reports that dog tags are selling slowly, and he is planning a campaign.

—On June 29th the 37th Regiment band, of Peterboro, will run a motor excursion to Orillia.

—Mr. Dan. McMillan, mail clerk on the Port Hope-Toronto route, spent Saturday with friends in town.

—Mr. M. W. Hoyle, of Montreal, is spending a few days in town on business in connection with the new hospital.

—Mr. J. H. Thompson, proprietor of the Dominion hotel, Minden, was in town Saturday transacting business.

—Pileon Fenelon Falls young man has organized a Glee Club under the leadership of Mr. Alex. Clarke, Jr.

—Mr. B. Stacey and wife, of Lorneville, and Mr. and Mrs. Gillanders, of Argyle, were in town Saturday.

—Conductor Bert Kelly and family have taken up their residence on William-st. north, in Mr. Nevison's dwelling.

—Mr. Thos. McMillan, of Bobcaygeon, who has been in a Toronto hospital for some weeks, was in town lately, passing through to his home.

—Miss Clara Thompson, of Bobcaygeon, who had been spending a few days with friends in town, returned home last Friday.

—The progressive citizens of Barrie are in favor of raising \$15,000 by debenture for the construction of a new cement works.

—Mr. W. Brazil and Mr. Seer, manager and bookkeeper respectively for the Haliburton Lumber Co., passed through lately from Ingleby to Toronto.

—Mr. Wm. Barley, of Welland, and Mr. Leonard Byrnes, of Birmingham, Alabama, who were here attending the funeral of the late Patrick Byrnes, have returned to their respective homes.

—Mr. Wm. Fielding, of Minden, was in town lately passing through to Bowmanville to attend the funeral of a relative.

—Messrs. J. Thornbyke, H. Rennie, S. Champion, Ed. Lytle and Mr. Pascoe, of Oakwood, attended the Ross-Smale meeting last week.

—Mr. W. W. Ellis, of the Queen's Hotel, Beeton, was in town lately passing through to Fenelon Falls, where he spent a few days with friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Spofford and daughter, Berenice, arrived in town lately from Perth on their way to Sturgeon Point, where they will spend the summer.

—Mr. and Mrs. Mark Kerr returned home April 28th after a pleasant week's visit with Mrs. Kerr's niece, Mrs. Henry Braithwaite, Robert-st., Penetangishene.

—The officers and members of Bobcaygeon L.O.O.F. held a successful "At Home" the other evening. Messrs. J. Walker and G. Brown were the managers of the affair.

—James McNeil, a veteran fisherman, last week captured perhaps the largest sturgeon ever taken in Georgian Bay. The huge fish weighed 229 pounds and measured 7 feet 10 inches in length.

—Mr. T. D. Bellart, of Peterboro, superintendent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., was in town last week on business. Mr. De Hart succeeds Mr. Watson, who has been transferred to Northern Ontario.

—Mr. Fred Williamson, a former Lindsayite, who had been in the Brampton branch of the Dominion Bank, has been transferred to the Belleville branch, and has been promoted to the position of ledger-keeper.

—Toronto World: Miss Ethel Martio, who sang with Flunket Greens at Massey Hall on Monday night, is a sister-in-law of Dr. Norman Allen. She has been in Paris for five years studying under the best masters. Miss Martio and mother have taken up residence at Sturgeon Point this season.

—Mr. Peter McMillan, of Beaverton, ex-President of the Canadian Lacrosse Association, was in town last week attending the Ross-Smale meeting. Mr. McMillan says the Officers of Beaverton will run their annual excursion to the Muskoka Lakes on Thursday, June 19th.

—Major Martin returned from Ottawa on Friday night, where he went to interview the Governor-General in reference to military matters. He had a very pleasant service with His Excellency who treated him very graciously, and also with Major Maund. The Major is well satisfied with the result of his trip.

GRAHAM, THE UNDERPRICER, SMASHING RECORDS!

Every day brings forth values and opportunities such as no other store is giving—opportunities to SAVE MONEY that worry our imitators, but benefit buyers. The second week of our MARVELLOUS MARK-DOWN SALE will open with Bargains GREATER than ever, when you will have your choice of

Thousands of Dollars Worth of Ready-to-Wear Clothing Bought at - - -

43¹/₂c

On the Dollar, at Revolutionary Prices,

surpassing in direct value to the public any and all previous transactions in Fine Fashionably Tailored Summer Clothing.

Beautiful New Fabrics Shimmering with Springtime Freshness, made up into Suits which were the choicest productions of a Montreal Clothing Maker with a High-Class Reputation.

Bargain line—How the Men's and the Boys' Departments arise to the Occasion! Look down the List with a Keen Eye, and—

Get Ready for the 24th of May.

Hundreds of Men's Suits made of Canadian Tweeds, spring patterns, \$3.90, \$3.40, \$2.95, \$2.25.
Hundreds of Men's Suits, made of Fine All-Wool Tweed, extra trimmed, \$5.85, \$5.00, \$4.50.
Hundreds of Men's Suits, Dressy Sack and Business Styles, and Black Worsteds, \$6.50, \$6.00, \$5.25, \$4.75.
Hundreds of Men's Suits, made of Scotch Tweed and Fine Worsteds, \$7.75, \$7.00, \$6.25.

Your Money Back without a Scowl if the Goods are not as Represented.

Come and Learn how Graham Grows.

A. J. GRAHAM, THE KING CLOTHIER.

Trim Togs for Boys

Hundreds of Boys' Suits, with strong trimmings, stylish lookers, \$3.25, \$2.50, \$2.00.

Hundreds of Boys' Suits, All-Wool, 2-piece Garments, new styles, \$1.70, \$1.45, 85c.

Hundreds of Children's Suits, in Summer Waists and Blouses, 75c, 65c, 45c, 30c.

You should just come and inspect these.

They will surprise you.

GREAT SALMON TRUST.

An Attempt to Be Made on the Pacific Coast to Monopolize the Entire World's Output.

Vancouver, B. C., May 6.—It is stated in usually reliable circles that an attempt is being made in this province and across the border by the packers to monopolize the world's salmon supply.

It is stated that the president of the Alaska packers' combine is here. It is considered a possible proposition that if the packers united the world's supply of salmon will be cornered and prices raised to suit the manipulators.

\$2,000 For 24 Hours' Work.

Vancouver, B. C., May 6.—News was received in the city yesterday that means great things for Lightning Creek, Cariboo. It comes from a reliable source that one lone man panned out \$2,000 in practically pure gold in 24 hours. The news has set the city wild, and many parties are preparing to go out to the rich location.

How the Canadians Fought and Refused to Surrender.

Ottawa, May 6.—Lieut. Graham of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, in writing to friends on the fight at Klerks-dorp, says: "We went out for Gen. Delarey, and we certainly found him, for, before we knew where we were he had us surrounded, and was pumping lead and iron into us from all sides, with four large guns and three pom-poms and a force of three thousand Boers. We managed, however, to fight him off, and positively refused to surrender. Our regiment lost three officers and sixty-three men, while all the rest lost in proportion. We killed 350 Boers and wounded many others. My friend Ryan was wounded, it being the third time in this campaign."

Lived Till Near Morning.

Port Hope, May 6.—Mr. Evans received a short hurriedly-written note from Will yesterday morning, telling of the Hart's River fight. Charlie lived till near morning, though Will did not see him, but was present next day, when Col. Evans read the service over the eight Canadians who had won victory by death. Will is in good health. Charlie was the Canadian who broke his rifle before he fell dead from the bullets of the Boers.

The Arthur Poisoning Case.

Geoph, May 5.—High Constable Merewether has returned from Arthur, where he has been in the interests of the Crown investigating the case of scattering Paris green on the property of residents in that section. Robert Wales of Arthur was arrested on the charge of willfully doing damage to real and personal property in connection with the case, and has been remanded till next Wednesday for trial.

IT PAYS TO BUY AT CINNAMON'S.

—HEADQUARTERS FOR—

PURE MIXED PAINT,

White Lead, Linseed Oil, Varnishes,

Paint Brushes, Garden Tools,

Lawn Mowers, Coal Oil Stoves,

Bicycles, Screen Doors and Windows,

Poultry Netting, etc., etc., at lowest prices.

See our American Wire Fencing. The cheapest and best Wire Fence on the market.

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"Baby's Own Soap"



Beware

of using imitations of our celebrated

BABY'S OWN SOAP

1 stands at the top for purity. Most imitations are harmful for delicate skins.

Baby's Own Soap is made only by the

ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., LTD.,

MONTREAL.

See our name on every box.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1902.

Sam Harstone's Sad Death

DROWNING OF THE FAMOUS WINNIPEG CURLER SUNDAY LAST

The Victim of a Melancholy Yachting Accident—Collided With Ferry Cable at Lower Fort Garry—Hairbreadth Escape of Other Members of the Party.

From the Winnipeg Free Press of Monday last, just to hand, we take the following account of the sad death of Sam Harstone, the famous curler, brother of Mr. J. C. Harstone, secretary of the curling club:

Sam Harstone is dead. Yesterday morning he was alive and well; today his body is lying under the turbid waters of the Red river. With a dozen friends, he started yesterday morning for a pleasure cruise on the "Gracie B." from Winnipeg to the lake. A lower Fort Garry ferry vessel collided with the ferry cable and capsized. The whole party was thrown into the icy current of the Red and after hairbreadth escapes all came to the shore with the exception of Mr. Harstone, who, unable to swim, sank before he could reach land.

This is in brief the story of the tragedy, the details of which reached the city yesterday evening. Confirmation of the fatal nature of the accident came immediately after the arrival of a telegram from the Free Press from Winnipeg that the "Gracie B." had been lost. This account gave the particulars as to the facts. It appeared that the "Gracie B." was streaming down the river through the ice current of the St. Andrew's rapids. The engine was started for the cable at the Fort Garry ferry. The loss of the cable, which struck the cable at its under edge. The vessel was at the time about fifty yards from the lower shore. At the force of the impact it rolled violently, the water rushed into the cabin, and the vessel began to sink.

These of the passengers on Jack jumped for the cabin, the ship's cabin was saved at the stern. Four of the passengers were in the cabin, and broke their way out through the windows. In a moment all were engaged in a life and death struggle in the icy water. A few of the party could swim, though, encumbered as they were with their clothing, and were able to get out of the water. Several of the party had gone down twice before they were rescued, and two of them were unconscious for some time after they were saved. All, however, were buried safely, with one exception. When the party, gripped by the keen wind, called the muster roll of their number one was found missing. Mr. S. G. Harstone was not there to answer to his name. One of the party, while swimming to the shore, had seen a hand stretch above the surface of the water, clutching wildly at the air, and remembered that near it there floated a hat such as they remembered Mr. Harstone wore, and mingled with the agonizing consciousness that one of the best known and most popular figures in the circle of their acquaintance had passed suddenly into the great beyond.

Search was made for some little time, but there was not the slightest doubt as to the fatality of this effort. And Mr. Harstone's friends, sorrowing the party went to a neighboring farmhouse, and after being hospitably entertained there, secured carriages and drove to Selkirk and arrived at the delayed west-bound train, arriving in the city at seven o'clock.

Spoke last to Mr. Harstone. The last person to speak to Mr. Harstone alive was Mr. Ed. Smith. Mr. Harstone had passed through the cabin about fifteen minutes before, and had spoken to those therein in the quietly genial fashion characteristic of him, and then passed out to the stern of the yacht, where Mr. Smith, who, by buttoned up his overcoat, and said "The fine and warm here, out of the wind," and commenced chattering about the scenery they were passing. Mr. Smith states that he heard the whistle, but never noticed anything till he felt the yacht reel with the shock of the collision. He was flung into the water and commenced to swim in the narrow channel which was upstream. He swam with all his strength for a minute or two, but, hampered as he was with an overcoat, and with the strong cur-

rent at the foot of the rapids opposing him, he could not make any headway. Perceiving this he turned, and swam in the opposite direction. While swimming upstream he had noticed a hand protruding from the water and clutching at the air. It was thirty or forty yards from him. This, Mr. Smith says, must have been Mr. Harstone. When he turned to swim in the opposite direction, he saw Mr. Harstone had a very close call when himself, for it was with the greatest difficulty that he managed to keep himself afloat till help came.

GENERAL SORROW.

Mr Harstone's Death Generally Regretted—A Gonial Friend.

When the news of Mr. Harstone's death became known throughout the city last night, the general expression was one of profound sorrow and regret. "We cannot believe it," was a comment heard again and again.

"There are few like him," said one. "He was always cheerful and no one enjoyed a joke or a good story better than he. And he was a total abstainer and one of the most manly, upright fellows I ever met."

Another said, "We will miss him on the curling rink and look defeat and victory with equal grace. We will feel his loss very keenly."

A personal friend, on being told the news, said: "There are few men in the city more universally popular than the late Samuel Harstone. He had probably not an enemy in the world, and his death is a great loss to every man with whom he came in contact."

Not only in Winnipeg where he has lived since the early days, but in St. Paul and Duluth, where he has represented Winnipeg at many homeless, he was a general favorite. It was among the young men in particular that "Sam" was best known, and his genial qualities and kindness of heart most appreciated. There are few men whose loss would be so generally deplored as his.

For years the name of Sam Harstone has been foremost in curling circles in Winnipeg and Manitoba. He died the champion curler of Winnipeg, his rink having captured the curling championship in 1901, and before the curling season closed last month. At the February tournament in this city his rink (consisting of the Royal Canadian competition one of the leading events of the season. By name his death he mourned with greater regret than the members of his champion rink—J. B. Latimer, Fred J. H. Thompson, and J. C. Barker. On the curling rink, Sam Harstone had no enemies and no ship could want a more congenial opponent. "Back in the '80s" Harstone was a prominent name in the prize-winning lists as the Granite Club champion. In the '90s, during the curling season, he appeared on the scene and proved a most formidable opponent for the gallant Sam. Many a battle royal was fought between these giants with the honors evenly divided. He captured many first places at the Winnipeg hospital in different years, including the Waskerville, Oakman, Toke and other leading events. At St. Paul, in past years, he was also a frequent winner. One of his greatest friends in curling was the late E. G. Conklin; J. D. Flavelle, of Lindsay, W. H. Bourke, of Dawson, and J. P. Roberts, were also great personal friends.

The late Mr. Harstone had been engaged for many years as manager of the Clarence hotel, and had lived in this city. Deceased, who was 39 years of age and unmarried, he was survived by three brothers and two sisters. Mr. R. Mitchell Harstone, nephew of deceased, left late last night for Selkirk to look after the recovery of the body.

Newspapers and Magazines.

The May number of Lippincott's Magazine contains a complete serial novel, five short stories, two brief, pointed papers on subjects of present interest, some talk about books, many pages of bright, fresh "Wit and Wines," and plenty of "Seasonable verse." The month's novel is "A Mock and a Wife," by Edith Robinson. This entire story covers a period of only two weeks in the whirl of New York's smartest society. The short stories are varied in theme. Marie Van Vorst's name has come to the front as a writer of really brilliant fiction. "The Battered Jewel," her contribution to the May Lippincott, is a study in the social value of a name, in which she describes a woman in Paris as a subject. The author of the popular and best-selling "The Boy in the Bush," J. D. Flavelle, contributes a thrilling tale of a steel mill. This is entitled "The Conspiracy." The "Hampshire Males," by Wolcott Leland, is a humorous story of Arizona life, well known and Captain Harstone's sketch, "The Best Gift," a little allegorical drama drawn with a strong touch.

Really noteworthy is the progress now being made by Canadian writers. With the expansion of the country the old localities vanish. A big country grows big people. Then again, the brightness of treatment is increasing and the style of writing improving. This is especially noticeable in the Canadian Magazine, where our leading writers place their best work. The May number, just to hand, contains some excellent material. John Davis' beautifully illustrated article on the Buffalo Hunting, L. S. Chaudron's profusely illustrated description of the Eastern Townships, and Mr. Chaudron's masterly delineation of Lord Rosberry, are three worthy contributions. The stories and lighter features are as entertaining as usual. All booksellers.

ESTIMATES PASSED

The Trent Valley Canal Item Stands Over by Request

POSTOFFICE ACT AMENDMENT

Hon. Mr. Mulock Shows His Respect to the Employees of the Department—The Census Returns—The Opposition Criticizes Hon. Sydney Fisher—Some Unfounded Statements—Morning Session Monday.

Ottawa, May 3.—When the House after a hard day's work rose last evening all the items in the main estimates for next year had been voted on, with the exception of the appropriation for the Trent Canal, which had to stand over because of the absence of members who wished to discuss it. The appropriation for the census was the subject of an animated debate. Several Government bills including Hon. Mr. Mulock's bill respecting the salaries of postoffice employees, were given their final stages. On Monday the House enters upon the final stage of the session by commencing morning sessions.

The Postoffice Bill.

Mr. Mulock's bill to amend the Postoffice Act was under discussion most of the afternoon sitting of the House in Committee of the Whole yesterday. The Postmaster-General explained that he intended to introduce a special examination for the department more suitable than the ordinary civil service examination.

Mr. Patten urged that eight hours be made the legal day under the bill. Mr. Mulock, in reply, said that letter carriers worked on the average eight hours and 20 minutes per day. The employees would continue, he said, to hold office permanently, being removable only by Order-in-Council. A feature of the bill was that no one would come under its operation, except those who do so, others would be left to the enjoyment of all their existing rights.

Referring to the changes in regard to the letter carriers, Mr. Mulock said the bill would enable a letter carrier to attain the maximum of \$2 per day in half the number of years now required. After six months probation at \$1.25 a day the men would go on regularly at \$1.50; increasing to \$1.75 in two years, and in two years more reaching the maximum of \$2 per day. A letter carrier under the new schedule would receive an average of \$1.50 per year, as against the \$1.25 of the old schedule. The bill would also provide for the payment of all their existing rights.

Mr. Taylor claimed the letter carriers should be on the same basis as inside employees and be paid full time during sickness. Mr. Patten approved of the principle of the bill. He objected, however, to the feature of the bill that would grade him down as they grew older in the service.

Mr. Heyd endorsed the bill as a good measure for the letter carriers. Mr. Sproule said the Postmaster-General claimed this bill to be better than the Civil Service Act. It was the case the two acts should be united in one bill containing the best features of each and made applicable to the whole service.

B. F. Clarke said that the meeting in Toronto at which the resolution was passed endorsing the bill was not attended by a half a dozen employees. Further, he quoted The Globe's appeal for increase in the letter carriers' salaries and the resolution of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress. As a contractor for the Postoffice Department were compelled to pay union wages and give union hours, Mr. Clarke insisted that the maximum wages should be \$2.25 instead of \$2 and the day's work limited to eight hours.

Mr. Mulock, replying to Mr. Heyd, said that he had in his department given the statutory increase to every employee receiving under \$800 a year. The bill was amended by dividing class 3 of the outside employees in two, one class is to be known as class 4 and to receive \$400 to \$500; class 3 to receive from \$500 to \$600; the annual increase for a fourth class clerk to be \$50 a year. Another amendment provides that in case of the theft of a registered letter the Crown may make payment to the loser.

The bill was then read a third time and passed.

The bill respecting the Maitland Bank pension fund and the bill to incorporate the Canadian Eastern Railway Company were passed.

THE PREMIER AT DUNDAS.

Illuminating and Convincing Address on the Issues of the Day.

Dundas, May 3.—Premier Ross addressed a meeting in the Town Hall here last night in the interests of Mr. R. A. Thompson, Liberal candidate in North Westmouth. Although the notice was very short, the attendance completely filled the hall. The Premier, as usual, gave one of his illuminating and convincing campaign speeches, which was heard with the greatest interest, and which brought forth frequent cheers and waving of flags. In addition to dwelling on several features of the Government's record, and explaining the development of new Ontario, Mr. Ross pointed out some glaring inconsistencies in recent Conservative speeches, explained some features of recent progress in agriculture in Ontario, and spoke at some length in criticism of Mr. Whitney's attitude toward the taxation of corporations.

In discussing the latter Mr. Ross showed how infinitesimal would be the burden of those interested in the companies affected, amounting, in the case of the premium on an ordinary life insurance policy for \$1,000, to but eight mills per year. The speech of the candidate, Mr. Thompson, showed an intelligent understanding of public questions, and the enthusiasm manifested toward him gives an excellent prospect for redeeming the riding.

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DR. BARBOTTLE SET FREE.

Brantford, May 1.—A. E. Watts, solicitor for Dr. Harbottle, of Brantford, who was sentenced to imprisonment for 12 months for shooting Herman Stuart, and for whose release largely signed petitions were presented to the Minister of Justice, has received a letter stating that orders have now been issued for the release from custody of the prisoner. The letter, which was received yesterday, was as follows:

"Adverting to my letter to you of the 17th ult., re Robert Harbottle, I am now commended to inform you that His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to direct that the prisoner be released from custody. Alexander Pope."

Fell 30 Feet to Death.

Chatham, May 1.—Yesterday at noon George Maynard, a Unsmith, fell 30 feet from the top of a building. A skylight frame was being hoisted, and he stepped out on the plank to which was attached the pulley. His weight and that of the skylight made the fastenings give way, and he was thrown to the walk. He was picked up unconscious and conveyed to St. Joseph's Hospital, where he passed quietly away in an hour. He leaves three children and a wife.

Princess Given Two Years.

Cape Town, April 30.—Princess Radziwille, who has been on trial here before the Supreme Court on the charge of forgery, in connection with notes purporting to have been endorsed by the late Cecil Rhodes, was sentenced to-day to two years' confinement in the House of Correction.

His Body Found.

Midland, May 1.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of James Finney, who has been missing since last winter, was solved yesterday, when his body was found floating in the bay here by Capt. Stewart of the tug D. L. White.

Not For a Fortnight.

London, May 1.—Owing to the necessity of consulting the shareholders of the various steamship lines concerned, a definite conclusion of the shipping negotiations is not expected for a fortnight.

Mr. Morgan's Rule-Out.

London, May 1.—The Associated Press understands that J. P. Morgan gets £2,500,000 in stock of the shipping combine in return for his services in organizing and financing the combine.

Housekeeper's Backache.

Every Overworked Housekeeper Suffering From Sore, Aching Back Can Find a Speedy Cure in Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets.

Many women are now into the thick of housecleaning. They lift and strain, overwork and overtax their strength, their back gives out, their kidneys become affected. They have a painful or sore feeling in the small of the back that takes all the life and ambition out of them. They feel dull, depressed, lifeless.

Listen! The hard work you've been doing has thrown extra work on the kidneys. They've been unable to keep up with their duties of filtering the poison and waste material from the blood. They cry out in protest through the aching back. You feel wretched all over because the kidneys are not working right, and the poison is circulating in your system. The kidneys must have help—better give them the benefit of the best kidney medicine made—Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets, the prescription of a kidney specialist, the result of years of study of kidney diseases.

These Tablets cure every form of kidney ill of man, woman or child from backache to Bright's disease, and cure to stay cured.



Pain and Soreness.

Mrs. M. Cody, whose home is 318 Richmond Street, west, Toronto, gladly told how Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets had helped her. She said: "For two years past I have been troubled with pain and soreness in my back and a weak and irritable condition of the bladder. I tried various kidney remedies, but they did not seem to suit my case. Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets worked like a charm and completely cured me, and I am confident they are the best medicine made for kidney complaint."

Remember that Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets contain no new specific ingredients for kidney troubles not found in any other remedy. They have cured hundreds of cases of kidney, bladder and urinary diseases that common kidney pills couldn't benefit. They are chocolate-coated, small in size, easy to take, and always do good. One Tablet a dose. Fifty Tablets in a bottle. Price 50c, or 3 bottles for \$1.25, at all druggists, or by mail. The Dr. Zina Pitcher Company, Toronto, Ont.

been unduly swayed by that number, and he had not thought it necessary to communicate with the census enumerators of 1891, who had made the inaccurate returns, as having made the incorrect return they would not be likely to admit it.

Having cleared up all the main estimates, save the item for the Trent Canal, which stood over for discussion, owing to the absence of Lieut.-Col. Hughes and other members of the Opposition, who desire to discuss the committee report, and report, having made great progress, the House adjourned at 11:25 until Monday at 11 a.m.

A Divorce Bill.

Ottawa, May 3.—The divorce bill for the relief of James Brown from marriage with Abigail Brown of Toronto was reported without amendment by the House Divorce Bill Committee yesterday morning.

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The Victoria Loan and Savings Company

HEAD OFFICE LINDSAY, ONT.

Now is the time to consider the question of buying or building a house of your own. If you are able to pay down a portion of the purchase price we will advance the balance and allow you to repay in monthly payments, which is equivalent to rent with this difference, that in time the property is your own.

LOANS also made on farm property at lowest current rates.

Office Hours—9 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. daily.

WM. FLAVELLE, President. JAMES LOW, Manager.

The RUDD HARNESS Co

Sells Cheap for Cash.

A good set of Single Harness from \$7.00 up.
Sweat Pads for 25c.
A Whip, Rawhide from Butt to Cracker, for 35c.
Team Collars, Leather or Cloth for \$2.50.
Curry Comb and Brush for 10c a piece.

Remember we do all kinds of repairing, especially refacing old collars.

Call and inspect our stock. No trouble to show our goods. Everything Guaranteed Satisfactory.

H. J. LITTLE, Manager,

Little's Old Stand, Lindsay.

SINFUL HABITS IN YOUTH

MAKE NERVOUS, WEAK, DISEASED MEN.

THE RESULT of ignorance and folly in youth, overexertion of mind and body and future happiness of thousands of promising young men. Some take and others at an early age, at the blossom of manhood, while others are forced to drag out a weary, fruitless and melancholy existence. Others reach maturity in all stations of life—the farm, the office, the workshop, the pulpit, the trades and the professions. Nervous Debility and Seminal Weakness are guaranteed cured by our New Method Treatment or K. K. K. You run no risk 25 years in Detroit. Bank security.

CURED WHEN ALL ELSE FAILED. He came used without written consent. I am 33 years of age and married. When young I led a gay life. Early indiscretions and later excesses made trouble for me. I became weak and nervous. My kidneys became affected and I feared Bright's Disease. Married Life was unsatisfactory and my home unhappy. I tried everything—all failed till I took treatment from Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. Their New Method built me up mentally, physically and sexually. I feel and act like a man in every respect. They treated me six years ago. They are honest, skillful and responsible financially, so why patronize Quacks and Fakirs when you can be cured by reliable doctors. W. A. Belton.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. Consultation Free—Exams Free—Question Blank Free—Home Treatment. 148 Shelby Street, Detroit, Mich.

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Campbell's China Hall---Lindsay

Is the only store in town devoted exclusively to China, Crockery and Glassware. Immediately in rear of our Kent-st. store and fronting on William-st., we have placed a separate store at the disposal of this department and we are giving it special attention. We carry a large and complete stock that cannot be equalled in town. Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Bedroom Sets, Fancy China for Wedding Presents, etc.

A VISIT WILL INTEREST YOU.

Money and Insurance

Unlimited amount of Cash to Loan on mortgages at lowest rates. Notes discounted.

Agent for the Union Assurance Society of London, England, and the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company.

JOHN KENNEDY,
Adam Block, Kent-st.

WANTED.—A Good Girl. Apply to Mrs. J. D. FLAVELLE.—dlf

BOY WANTED immediately, as apprentice in Drug Store, and take care of Doctor's horse. Apply to JAMES GRANT, M. D., Victoria Road, Oak.—wt.

FOR SALE.—A 160 acre farm for sale three miles from Lindsay, on the One-mess road. The buildings on the premises are fairly good. Terms reasonable. Apply to David Walker, Lindsay P. O.—wtf.

PIGS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has a number of young pigs for sale. Will ship and pay freight for customers to nearest railway point. Safe arrival assured. Write for prices. J. J. HADLEY, Hadlington Stock Farm, Hadlington P. O.—wtf.

FARM FOR SALE.—Lot 9, con. 1, Eildon, 100 acres, all cleared, good frame barn and outbuildings, also good frame house with stone cellar, full size, on boundary between Eildon and Thorah, five miles from Beaverton, three miles from Lorneville. This is a first class farm in every particular. Apply to E. EVANS, Crosswell.—wt.

FOR SALE.—A nice frame house on Ridout-st., No. 51, half acre of land, a good stable and first-class well and a nice shade trees, price \$625. Also a desirable building lot, face two streets, Kent and Ridout, a good wood shed and well on the premises. Apply to F. FORBES, Shoebush, 14 William-st.—wtd.

FARM FOR SALE.—250 acres in the township of Digby, Lots 28, 29, Con. 1, 500 acres cleared, 50 of good hardwood. Good frame house, frame and hog barns, no incumbrance on place. All land can be worked by machinery. Also 700 acres of ranch land in township of Laxton, well fenced, and watered by lake and creek.—SULLIVAN BROS., Head Lake P. O.—w3m

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.—213 acres within 2 miles of Beaverton; one of the best farms in Ontario, with good buildings. 200 acres near Beaverton; good buildings and farm well improved. 200 acres near Yelverton; first-class buildings and farm well improved. 200 acres near Janetville; well situated and in a good state of cultivation. 150 acres in Cartwright, near McGill's Landing, with 12 acres of hardwood land; farm well improved. 150 acres near Cameron, and also 50 acres, in a good state of cultivation. Also a number of houses in Lindsay. For terms and particulars apply to G. CHITTICK, Lindsay.

"Knowledge is Power."

—A truism that counts in business. The young men or women who would succeed must possess themselves of knowledge and can obtain it by a course in this well-equipped business college.

British American Business College,
Y.M.C.A. Building, Toronto, Ont.

DAVID HOSKINS, C.A.,
Principal.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Commencing Saturday, May 24th, Northbound, and Sunday, May 25th, Southbound

STEAMSHIP EXPRESS

will run between Toronto and Owen Sound, connecting with Upper Lake Steamers as follows:

Leave Toronto 1:30 p. m.

Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday

Arrive Owen Sound 5:20 p. m.

Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday

Leave Owen Sound 9 a. m.

Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday

Arrive Toronto 12:55 p. m.

Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday

A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Genl. Pass. Agent,
18 King Street East, Toronto.

T. C. MATCHETT, Local Agent,
60 Kent-st., Lindsay.

A Big Crop

of Mangels may be had by sowing the GOLDEN TANKARD MANGEL. They are an easy market to harvest and the BEST MILK PRODUCERS KNOWN. Farmers who grew a few last year are this year putting in their whole crop of them. Try some yourself and be happy.

20c A POUND.

E. GREGORY,
Corner Drug Store, Lindsay.

DEATHS.

BALL.—In the township of Verulam on Friday, April 25th, 1902, Susan Reid, wife of Mr. Thomas E. Ball, aged 19 years, 11 months, 15 days.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1902.

LOCAL NEWS-LETTERS.

PLEASANT POINT.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
The farmers have nearly all completed their seeding. This is the earliest that seeding has been finished for many years.

Rev. J. W. Macmillan, of Lindsay, paid a flying visit to this vicinity lately.

The teacher of Pandon school No. 7 has resigned.

The residence of Mr. John Hutchison was destroyed by fire last Friday night.

Many farmers are preparing their root ground.

Mrs. Francis Brien, Riverslaw Farm, has returned after spending a couple of weeks in Lindsay visiting friends.

NORTH OPS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
It is a long time since you heard from here, but we are getting along fine.

Mr. John Bealy's foot, which he got bruised, is not getting along as well as we would wish.

The farmers of North Ops are all through seeding and busy putting in root crops now.

Mr. O'Leary has moved to his summer resort. We are pleased to see him back again.

Messrs. P. Turner and P. Blakey called on Downeyville friends Sunday.

Mr. Jas. Murphy spent last week the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Hickey.

Miss Laura Hutton is at present visiting her sister, Mrs. T. Flynn.

KINMOUNT.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Mr. F. Dettman is making extensive improvements in his hotel in order to accommodate his increasing commercial business.

The early closing was agreed upon according to by-law, and all our merchants except Hopkins Bros. & Mark closed their stores.

This firm have evidently decided to violate the by-law, and have kept their stores open for business after seven o'clock since May 8th.

We understand information has been laid against them, and we will soon know whether the by-law is to be observed or not. It is to be hoped for the sake of our clerks that the by-law will be found workable.

We hope the merchants who have decided to abide by the early closing by-law will have the sympathy and support of the people of the community.

July & Joy have installed a large force pump for fire protection. It was tested a few days ago, and worked satisfactorily, throwing an inch and a quarter stream fully ten feet higher than their mill.

Some of our Conservative friends are wearing a very forlorn smile this day.

We can only surmise the reason, but after seeing the improvements on some of our almost impassable roads, and realizing that they can drive to Kinmount without bumping over corduroy roads, their sorrow will be changed to gladness.

Vote for Hoyt and good roads.

The C. O. F. brass band gave a concert last Saturday evening, to the delight of many of our young people, who promenade the streets to the strains of sweet music, which spoke volumes for the able leadership of Mr. J. Black.

SELEST.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Mr. Louis F. Heyd, East Victoria's future representative, paid Selert from a flying visit on Monday.

Mrs. S. E. Hargies visited friends in Lindsay last week.

Miss Helen Peck, of Minlen, spent Sunday in Selert, the guest of Mrs. A. J. Scott.

Mrs. A. J. Scott spent Saturday in Selert, calling on numerous friends.

Mr. W. H. Fowett, of Selert, was visiting friends in Lindsay on Saturday.

Mr. Wm. Dammitt, of Toronto, is the guest of Miss Emma Selgwick of this place.

Mrs. George Brandon, of Kinmount, is the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. W. R. Ritchie.

The many friends of Mr. David Berry, who had the misfortune to break his leg, will be pleased to hear that he is rapidly recovering.

Mr. Geo. Martin, of Lochlin, visited friends in Selert this week.

Mr. Edward Shupinski visited friends in Minlen on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hargies, of Alton, are visiting this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dagg moved their household goods to Fells, where Mr. Dagg has secured a permanent position on the railroad.

Stinson & Sons, of the Minden mills, have received a carload of Manitoba wheat this week.

The Liberals of this vicinity are arranging for a mass meeting, which will be held in Scott's hall in the near future. The meeting will be addressed by some of the leading members of the party. Particulars later.

FENELON FALLS.
(From Our Own Correspondent.)
The Railway Co. have commenced repairing their mill here, purchased from Mr. J. A. Ellis, and will commence operations as soon as the lots come down.

Mr. L. F. Hoyt, the Reform candidate, left here on Monday, accompanied by Mr. E. Fitzgerald, for the northern part of the riding, where they will conduct a vigorous campaign against the whole of this week.

Mr. Robert Staples, of Long Point, Fenelon, was in the village Monday on business.

Mr. Mr. Fraser, of Guysboro, N.S., spoke to a crowd of about 100 in Dickson's hall on Monday night in the interest of Mr. L. F. Hoyt, the Reform candidate for this riding. His arguments were most convincing, and cannot help leaving good results on the minds of the audience. He was accompanied by Mr. Thos. Stewart, barrister, of Lindsay, who also gave an admirable address.

This riding will give a surprise on the 29th of May. Lockmaster J. Dunkle is busy these days organizing and closing the locks for vessels, and the indications are for a very good season's work.

There has been very little repairing on our sidewalks this spring, and owing to the fact that several corporations have been forced to pay heavily for needed along this line, of duty lately, it would be well for the village fathers to be up and doing, as there are many dangerous spots in our walks.

Mr. Wm. Mcintosh left last week for Rosedale, where he will remain for the summer attending the locks at that place. Dr. Simms has rented Mr. Mcintosh's house for the summer, and has already taken possession.

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MILLERSMITH.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Our annual picnic will likely be held this year on or about June 1. Failure and more definite announcement will appear later.

The young men of the vicinity have undertaken to organize a football team. It is rumored that other teams are on the way in the adjoining sections, and it is hoped there will be a few lively but friendly games this summer. It's time for a change.

A couple of weeks ago Mr. J. F. Kennedy sold a calf three months old that weighed three hundred and thirty pounds. It surely pays to raise good stock.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Kennedy, of town, paid our vicinity a visit this week.

Mr. A. Mitchell is very busy at present with a stone wall for his new barn, which may appear this summer. Messrs. Ashman and McFadden are doing the work.

Miss F. Johns is home again after a pleasant visit with friends on the other side.

MILLBROOK.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Miss Nesbitt, left for her home in Kirkfield last Tuesday, after an extended visit with Mrs. J. D. Fair.

Miss Maud Hunter leaves shortly for New Jersey, to enter a hospital, where she will take a course of training for a professional nurse.

Mr. Bateman, the obliging operator at the Grand Trunk Railway office, spent last Sunday in Lindsay.

To Rev. L. S. Wright, B.A., the popular pastor of the Cavan South circuit, we extend our congratulations, he having been awarded the degree of B.D. by Victoria University lately.

Mr. T. G. Kells was in Toronto lately.

Rev. Wm. Johnston, of the Presbyterian church, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church last Sunday evening, preaching a very instructive and interesting sermon.

Mr. W. J. Gardiner was in Peterboro on business last week.

Mrs. R. H. Kells, of Peterboro, was in town Monday, the guest of Mrs. McLean.

Mrs. John Dawson was in Peterboro last Saturday.

LITTLE BRITAIN.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Mr. Mahlon Culbert, florist and fruit dealer, has sold a large number of fruit trees lately. He is doing a brisk trade in his line.

Mr. R. S. Robertson, our popular carriage maker, is manufacturing a number of up-to-date carriages at present. For style, comfort and reasonable prices they are hard to beat.

Fishing is all the go at present in our vicinity every day a large number are caught in the creek and at Davidson's pond.

Mr. Arthur Mark met with an accident this week. He was riding on bicycle on the sidewalk at full speed and not noticing Mr. Arthur Fraser's gate open, he ran into it, breaking his wheel and injuring himself. This was rather an unlucky spot for bicycle riders, as it is not long since another of our sports was dumped against this gate with the result that a collar bone was broken. This ought to be a lesson that the sidewalk is not the place to ride a wheel.

Mr. Van Zant, Massey-Harris Co's general agent, was in the village this week and made several sales.

Citizens of this village and surrounding country, be sure and attend the political meeting in Little Britain on Saturday night. Dr. Fred Smale, of Toronto, Mr. Newton Smale, the Liberal candidate for this riding, will speak on the important questions of the day. All are welcome.

An account of a presentation to Rev. and Mrs. Robeson will appear in next week's issue.

WOODVILLE.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Before buying a new buggy or wagon call and see T. H. Trowley Bros' stock, which is now complete.

—wt.

Duncan McMillan, who has been attending college in Toronto, was home with his parents for a few days last week, leaving again on Monday for the North West, having secured a good position with Messrs. McKenzie & Munro until fall at good wages.

At a special meeting of the village Council on Saturday night last it was decided that a new bell should replace the old one, which will probably cost over two hundred dollars. This is a move in the right direction and should be approved of by the ratepayers.

Dr. Gavan, of Toronto, held a consultation at Glenora on Thursday of last week. The Rev. D. McDonald, of Glenora, died the following Saturday.

Miss Jessie McDuffie arrived home on Friday night last from Theasalon. Although she has been seriously ill for some months, her many friends and acquaintances will be pleased to hear of her speedy recovery to health again.

Mr. N. Smale's meeting in Victoria hall on Friday night last was well attended, the hall being well filled. The chairman, Mr. E. B. Scott, was unable to attend, and the meeting was presided over by Mr. J. A. Ellis, who addressed the meeting in a quite business-like manner, and was well received. The only time for a change is to send this promising young farmer to represent West Victoria in place of Mr. S. J. Fox, The Hon. D. C. Fraser, of Nova Scotia, was unable to attend the meeting and made many friends. The hon. gentleman handles the questions of the day in an encouraging manner, and upheld the cause of the Government, which is deserving of renewed and energetic support.

Mr. J. W. Hargies, of Alton, is visiting this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dagg moved their household goods to Fells, where Mr. Dagg has secured a permanent position on the railroad.

Stinson & Sons, of the Minden mills, have received a carload of Manitoba wheat this week.

The Liberals of this vicinity are arranging for a mass meeting, which will be held in Scott's hall in the near future. The meeting will be addressed by some of the leading members of the party. Particulars later.

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WANTED.—A Good Girl. Apply to MRS. J. D. FLAVELL, at the Ross and Victory.

BOY WANTED. Immediately, as apprentice in Drug Store, and to take care of Doctor's horses. Apply to JAMES GRANT, M. D., Victoria Road, Ont.—w4.

FOR SALE.—A 150 acre farm for sale three miles from Lindsay, on the Omeo road. The buildings on the premises are fairly good. Terms reasonable. Apply to David Walker, Lindsay, P. O.—w4.

PIGS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has a number of young pigs for sale. Will ship and pay freight for customers to nearest railway point; also carriage fare to the farm. Write for prices. J. J. HADLEY, Haddington Stock Farm, Haddington, P. O.—w4.

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Will visit Lindsay Every 1st and 3rd Wednesday, at the Simpson House, Hours, 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. Consultations, eye, ear, nose and throat—w4.

HENRY C. HAMILTON,
Organist at Andrew's Church,
TEACHER OF PIANO AND ORGAN
Graduate of Toronto Conservatory of Music.

For terms, etc., apply to JAS. LOW—w4.

FARM FOR SALE.—Lot 9, con. 1, Eildon, 100 acres, all cleared, good frame barn and other outbuildings, also good large frame house with stone cellar, full size, on boundary between Eildon and Thorah, five miles from Beaverton, three miles from Lorneville. This is a first class farm in every particular. Apply to E. EVANS, Craswell—w4.

FARM FOR SALE.—250 acres in the township of Digby, Lot 23, 29, Con. 1, 500 acres cleared, 60 of good hardwood. Good frame house, place and log barn. No innumerable on place. All land can be worked by machinery. Also 700 acres of ranch land in township of Laxton, well fenced, and watered by lake and creek. SULLIVAN BROS., Head Lake P. O.—w4.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—The west half of Lot No. 8, Concession 14, Mariposa, containing 125 acres of which about 115 acres are clear. A good frame barn 40 x 56 with stone stables beneath. Comfortable frame dwelling. The farm is situated within two miles of the village of Wrentham and five miles from Beaverton. The soil is a clay loam of the very best quality. Terms easy. For further particulars apply to the undersigned. J. D. Smith, Lindsay, P. O., or to D. R. Anderson, Barrister-at-law, Lindsay—w4.

COUNTY REPRESENTATIVE.

A financial institution incorporated under Ontario Joint Stock Companies' Act by letters patent, capital paid up \$100,000, with head office in Toronto, will appoint a representative for the County of Victoria. Nominees must undertake to canvass the county thoroughly, large and small towns. Income (commission) from \$300 to \$5,000 per annum, according to ability displayed in a canvassing business.

For particulars address Box 40, Central Press Agency.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.—213 acres within 2 miles of Beaverton; one of the best farms in Ontario, with good buildings. 200 acres near Bethany; good buildings and farm well improved. 200 acres near Yelverton; first-class buildings and farm well improved. 200 acres near Janetville; well situated and in a good state of cultivation. 150 acres in Carleton Place, near McGill's Landing, with 12 acres of hardwood land; farm well improved. 150 acres near Cameron, and also 50 acres, in a good state of cultivation. Also a number of houses in Lindsay. For terms and particulars apply to C. CHITTICK, Lindsay.

CREAM SEPARATOR.—A good Separator will add at least 25c a hundred to the value of your milk. This there is a saving in labor and the satisfaction of knowing that you are getting all the butter. Can you afford to pay for a separator? The fat produced? Many people hesitate to get a separator because the old style complicated machines are so hard to clean. But the new Sharples Tubular Separator entirely overcomes this difficulty, and notwithstanding the fact that there is no disc, zig-zag plate or other contrivance in the bowl, it is absolutely guaranteed to skim closer than any other make of separator. A free trial given. Come in any time and see the machine operated on the farm of P. J. Wilkinson, Cambray, or the Massey-Harris shop, Lindsay. For descriptive matter and price list send post card to P. J. Wilkinson or Geo. Hunter, Lindsay.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned "Tender for Supplying Coal for the Dominion Buildings," will be received at this office until Tuesday 3rd June, 1902, inclusively, for the supply of Coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Dominion.

Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application at this office.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. of amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

SUTCLIFFE'S SPECIAL VALUES.

LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS AT \$2.45
Ladies' Dress Skirts—Made of all wool hard finish Serges; five rows of wool braid trimming; lined throughout, velvet binding, extra value each \$2.45

LADIES' ALL WOOL COSTUMES \$5.00
Ladies' All Wool Home spun, Serge or Cheviot Costumes—Coat or Eton styles, coats lined with mercerized sateen—skirts well lined, special.

BLACK SATEEN WAISTS AT \$1.19
Ladies' Black Mercerized Sateen Waists: tucked front, back and sleeves; stitched collar and cuffs, and fancy pleat down the front. Regular price \$1.40 each. Extra special \$1.19

HAT VALUES "EXTRA" IN MILLINERY SECTION
These prices will be particularly interesting to the Ladies, though space won't permit lengthy descriptions

45c. LADIES' SAILOR HATS—white or black rustic straw, with black velvet band special 45c

98c. LADIES' WALKING HATS—silk draped in the most fashionable manner your choice 98c

\$1.48 LADIES' HATS—variety of styles; silk draped, suitable to wear with shirt waists only \$1.48

25c. HOSE FOR 19c
Ladies' pure Mace yarn, black cotton Hose, half-ham or black feet, guaranteed fast dye, regular value 25c 19c

CROCHET SACQUES 45c
These are Ladies' all wool Sacques in colors of light blue or pink, beautifully crocheted and nicely trimmed. Your choice for only each 45c

PURE SILK FOULARDS AT 50c
Pure Silk Foulards, 27 inches wide, Foulard and fancy patterns—fashionable for full dresses or waists, colors of Green, Blue, Mauve, Old Rose and Navy. Extra special per yard 50c

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS—25 per cent. under value
We have been exceptionally fortunate in picking up our Umbrella and Parasol stock this season. You practically get a parasol at maker's prices, as they are marked fully 25 per cent. less than regular value.

Some at 35c. worth 60c., at 75c. worth \$1.00, at \$1.00 worth \$1.50

KING EDWARD ARDCORONATION PINS AT 19c
Fine handsome photos of His Majesty King Edward VII. as he will appear wearing the Coronation Robes. Fine electro plate fancy rims and strong pin attached. They are suitable for brooch, ribbon fastener or lapel pin. Special each 19c

SPECIALS IN THE STAPLE DEPARTMENT

30 INCH DRESS DUCKS—Navy or black grounds, with white spots special per yard 10c

36 INCH GREY FACTORY COTTON—round even thread, worth today 6c. yard, special 5c

38 INCH TABLE LINEN—with Turkey Red border, good clear pattern, special per yard 30c

DRESS MUSLINS AT 8c
Fine sheer weave dress Muslins, floral designs with stripes, variety of colorings, regular value 10c. yard. Special 8c

CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS

MEN'S ALL PURE WOOL FANCY WORSTED SUITS, Grey or Brown, French shoulder, piped facings, extra quality farmer's satin linings. Regular value \$12.00, special \$10.00

BOYS' TWO PIECE TWEED SUITS, fit ages 7 to 11 years, double breasted styles, summer weight; colors of brown and fawn; good linings. Regular value \$2.75, special \$1.98

BOYS' TWEED CAPS
Boys' Fancy Tweed or Serge Caps, with leather peak, regular price 15c 10c

BLACK SATEEN SHIRTS
Men's Black Sateen Shirts—with narrow stripes of white or gold, regular value \$1.00, special 50c

J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS,

CASH LINDSAY ONE PRICE

SPECIAL BARGAINS

30 Pairs Men's Fine Dongola Congress Boots, Elastic Side, Plain Toe, a capital boot for summer, sizes 6, 6½, 7, 7½, 8, 9, 9½, our bargain price is \$1.00

30 Pairs Men's Heavy Granger Cut Plow Boots, guaranteed solid, all sizes 6 to 11, never sold for less than \$1.25, our bargain price is \$1.00

40 Pairs Women's Fine Dongola Laced Boots, a comfortable shoe for summer wear, our special price is \$1.00

Women's Light Buff Oxford Shoes, Patent Tip, New Style, Leather Lined, Solid Inner Soles, sizes 3 to 7, our special price is 75c

30 Pairs Misses' Tan Pebble Oxford Shoes, Solid Leather Inner Soles, sizes 11 to 2, an excellent shoe for school wear, our bargain price is 65c

31 Pairs Children's Dongola Strap Slippers, Tan Sole, Spring Heels, sizes 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, our bargain price is 50c

65 Pairs Children's Dongola Oxford Shoes, Turn Soles, sizes 6, 7, 8, 9, 10; these are selling quickly at our bargain price, 45c

R. NEILL, THE SHOE KING.

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, TRUNKS

SOLE LOCAL AGENTS FOR "The Slater Shoe" 90 KENT-ST., LINDSAY.

TRUSSES TRUSSES

YOU KNOW when it is necessary to get an article of this kind it is essential that you consult one with experience in fitting the same.

We have in stock FOUR of the Best Lines of Trusses made to-day and claim to give best satisfaction as to fit and style in town.

DUNOON'S DRUG STORE,

Next A. Campbell's Grocery.

Our Navigation Facilities

THIS TOWN IS THE HUB OF THE KAWARTHA LAKES SYSTEM.

he Freight and Passenger Traffic of a Shore Line of Perhaps 300 Miles Centres Here for Seven Months Every Year.

Fortunate indeed is the town that is served by and derives daily sustenance from six lines of railroad, and whose citizens can watch the arrival and departure of over two-dozen passenger trains daily, in addition to many freights. The name of such town is Lindsay. Still more fortunate is the town that, in addition to the above advantages, can also boast of being the chief port of a navigation system which traverses a score of well-populated townships, and by means of which a large and lucrative trade is carried on every season between the business men and the residents along a shore-line aggregating over 300 miles in length. Again, we are happy to be able to say that Lindsay—being the gateway to the magnificent chain of waters known as the Kawarttha Lakes—enjoys that commanding advantage over other towns in the Midland district. Forest produce to the value of several hundred thousand dollars is brought to Lindsay annually by steamers, and the total of the miscellaneous trade conducted by water with this town must amount to a very large sum.

A couple of years ago Lindsay was made a port of registration, thus putting an end to the incongruity of having our steamer's marked as belonging to Port Hope, a town not yet connected with our chain of waters, but whose inhabitants hope to be in the near future, as they are making strenuous efforts to have that port made the southern terminus of the Trent Valley Canal in preference to Trenton. In the meantime, when all the owners of the vessels belonging to Port Hope, take town not as yet connected with our chain of waters, but whose inhabitants hope to be in the near future, as they are making strenuous efforts to have that port made the southern terminus of the Trent Valley Canal in preference to Trenton. In the meantime, when all the owners of the vessels belonging to Port Hope, take town not as yet connected with our chain of waters, but whose inhabitants hope to be in the near future, as they are making strenuous efforts to have that port made the southern terminus of the Trent Valley Canal in preference to Trenton.

For many years a large passenger business has been done on these waters, the steamers affording the people of the majority of the townships the only means of speedy and pleasant communication with the outside world. A quarter of a century ago the fleet of steamers then owned by Capt. Geo. Crandell, of this town, carried as many as 20,000 passengers—including excursion parties—none season, and the traffic has since grown to much larger dimensions as a result of the increase in population, the betterment of the service, and the increasing prosperity of the people. The passenger business formerly conducted by Capt. Crandell is now in the hands of the Trent Valley Navigation Co. The Co. maintains a clock-work daily service with three well-equipped steamers which call at all principal points between Cobocook, Chemung, Park and Burleigh Falls. A double trip is made daily by the fine steamer Leturion, plying between Roby and Lindsay, calling each way at Sturgeon Point, Lindsay's famous summer resort, on Sturgeon Lake, where many of the citizens have cottages, the fine steamer service enabling them to spend the night there and return to business at a suitable hour every morning. As a result of the co-operation of the Grand Trunk management in the company's efforts to bring the charms of the Kawarttha Lakes region into prominence, there has been a great increase in the tourist traffic of late, and there is every reason to hope that in the course of a few years the Kawarttha Lakes will be as popular and as well patronized as are the Muskoka Lakes at the present time.

While the passenger service has been all that could be desired, the needs of the excursion traffic have in the past been somewhat neglected. The business offering is a large and lucrative one, the extent of territory traversed by the chain of lakes, and the many communities within easy reach of the shores, furnishing an almost constant succession of church, Sunday school and society excursions during the holiday season to some one of the many points of interest on the lakes. In addition to the above mentioned points, it is to Lindsay (or some other railway terminal where a steamer may be taken for a trip to the Kawarttha waters.

We are pleased to be able to announce that this important branch of our steamer service will in the future be given the attention it deserves, and which is bound to result advantageously to Lindsay. Capt. Joseph Parkin, who has been connected with steamboating on these waters for many years, and Mr. John Carow, mill-owner, have joined forces and have established the Kawarttha Lakes Navigation Co. They have purchased the large steamer Crandella, which has been rebuilt and improved at an expense of over \$2,000, and will henceforth be known as the Kenosha, and they have also acquired the Alexandra, formerly the Sublim, one of the best of the fastest of the Stoney Lake passenger fleet. The Kenosha can accommodate 300 passengers comfortably, and the Alexandra over 200. With these fine steamers the company can satisfy all demands, and as the members of the company are responsible and experienced men, and devotedly perform it is not surprising to learn that a large number of excursions have already been booked, and that others are being arranged for almost daily. The Alexandra can pass through Roby's locks, and the Kenosha through the locks on Sturgeon Lake and the Trent Valley Canal are now made readily available for the first time. The company will run two cheap regular weekly trips to Roby and Fenelon Falls, calling at Sturgeon Point en route. We predict a prosperous season for Messrs. Parkin and Carow—they deserve all success.

FINANCES OF CANADA

Mr. R. L. Borden Criticizes Expenditure of Government.

THE EXPENDITURES JUSTIFIED

Country Is Growing and More Money Is Required to Run Affairs, But Proportion Is Less Than Formerly—Debate on Payment to Mackenzie & Mann on Yukon Railway Contract.

Ottawa, May 14.—Parliament will probably wind up business on Wednesday evening and prorogue on Thursday.

After the House rises Hon. A. G. Blair, accompanied by the Deputy Minister of Railways, will make an inspection of the Saint Ste. Marie and Volant Cank.

A decision has been given by the Department of Justice sustaining the writ of the enlistment of lads over eighteen years of age as drummers, trumpeters and buglers.

The Senate amendments to Dr. Roddick's Dominion Medical Council bill were concurred in.

DOMINION EXPENDITURES.

Mr. R. L. Borden's Amendment Moved on Motion to Go Into Supply.

In the House of Commons yesterday morning Mr. R. L. Borden, on motion to go into supply, took up the question of the expenditures of the present year and those of the coming year. In the old days \$30,000,000 was said by the Liberals to be gross extravagance. Now a gross expenditure of \$65,250,000 was regarded as "generous appropriations."

Sir Richard Cartwright had said that a Tory Minister would say a couple of relatives of his department, "as good as a bush with seven tails. He knew not how many tails he should attribute to a Minister of the present day. It was delightful to see the equanimity and philosophy with which Sir Richard now viewed the expenditures. Mr. Borden quoted the criticisms of the Liberals when in Opposition of the increase in the public debt, which they then "viewed with alarm." If they still felt that alarm, they had a remarkable facility for concealing the fact that the increase in debt and increase in taxation. Sir Richard Cartwright used to say that the farmers were being bled white by the taxation of the Conservative Government. If they were bled white then, he would like to know what color they were to-day with an added taxation of \$10,000,000.

Mr. Fielding—Part of it, a large part of it.

Mr. Borden, in blaming the Government for the expenditure, to illustrate the recklessness which he charged, said that a canal was built from the sea to a lake in Shelburne County to form a fishing harbor, but when the canal was complete it was found that the canal bed was lower than the bottom of the lake and the water all ran out of the lake. In conclusion, he made the following motion in amendment to go into Committee of Supply:

Mr. Borden's Amendment.

"That all the words after the word 'that' in the motion be omitted and the following substituted therefor: 'The total expenditure for each fiscal year from 1892 to 1901, both inclusive, was as follows: 1892, \$42,272,136; 1893, \$40,853,728; 1894, \$43,008,834; 1895, \$42,872,318; 1896, \$41,702,383; 1897, \$42,972,756; 1898, \$45,311,281; 1899, \$51,162,635; 1900, \$52,717,167; 1901, \$57,942,868, that the Finance Minister estimates that the total expenditure for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1902, will be \$65,250,000, that the annual expenditure on both consolidated revenue and capital account has increased between 1897 and 1901 by no less a sum than \$15,010,110; that during the period above mentioned the revenues of the country have been unusually large, and the Government claim a total net surplus of \$19,743,527.69, but no portion thereof has been applied in reduction of the public debt, which with the addition estimated by the Finance Minister for the current year will have increased from \$258,479,432.70 in 1890 to \$274,480,000 in 1902, an increase of more than sixteen millions of dollars; that the Minister of Finance estimates that the total revenue for the year ending June 30, 1902, will be \$56,800,000; that notwithstanding this very large revenue, the Minister of Finance estimates that the public debt will be increased during the year about \$6,000,000; that this House desires to place on record the opinion that the expenditures for the year ending June 30th, 1903, are excessive and extravagant, and regrets that the Government, with the exceptionally large revenues at its command, has not only failed to reduce but has largely increased the public debt, and has incurred capital expenditure for which the country does not receive and cannot expect any adequate return."

Mr. Fielding's Reply.

Mr. Fielding, on rising to reply, declared positively that Mr. Borden's charge about the lake in Shelburne

action in bringing it up in the House on the strength of an anonymous letter was most discreditable. In reference to the general expenditure, Mr. Fielding pointed to the changes that had taken place in Canada. It was a growing time, and every large business, every railway, every business man was spending more money than in 1890, but they were not, for that reason, on the verge of ruin. He pointed to the increased revenue from the International and the postoffice as indications of the progress of the country. Mr. Borden had criticized the gross expenditure without examining it and allowing for such expenditures as those on the Yukon, which did not exist in 1890. The increased expenditure was something that the Government need not be ashamed of, because it marked the increased progress and growth of the country. The increase in the expenditure outside of that on the International, Postoffice and Yukon had been very moderate indeed. The trade of the country was a fair indication of its progress, and he pointed out that in 1890 the expenditure was 19½ per cent. of the trade, and in 1901 it was only 15 per cent. During the five years of Liberal rule the net increase in the public debt had been \$9,982,570, an average of \$1,996,514, as against an average during the whole eighteen years of the previous Government of \$6,563,000. The debt had not increased to a greater proportion than the population. If it should be admitted that this was an extravagant Government, where could they find an economical Government? Not among the Opposition, for they rose one after another and demanded increased expenditures on works of many kinds, and, although they would vote for this resolution, they would condemn the Government for not spending half a million dollars to send a man to look for the north pole.

After Hon. John Haggart, Dr. Sproule and Mr. Roche of Halifax had spoken, the House divided and an amendment of Mr. Borden was defeated by 84 to 41.

Steele-Teslin Railway.

Charles Tupper to SWANSON RUMER on the Yukon railway policy. Sir Charles Tupper, in his own interview with The Mail, which he (Mr. Sifton) quoted in 1898 in the House, admitted he had seen Mr. Sifton and urged upon him the immediate construction of an all-Canadian railway.

Mr. W. F. Maclean defended the Senate of Canada, and said that if the Senate of Canada ever justified its existence, it did so in throwing out that measure.

Dr. Sproule said that the strongest condemnation of the Government's rush to get this deal through on the eve of the session of 1898 was that none of the dire results they claimed to be providing against had come out. There was no starvation and no insurrection.

Mr. Cusdin pointed out that the wording of the estimate was misleading, in that there was no "judgment" of the Exchequer Court, the Government having admitted the contractors' claim.

After a conference on the Government side, the estimate was altered to read that it was to "pay the amount reported by the judge of the Exchequer Court to be due to Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann."

In this shape the item passed.

Other Estimates Passed.

The items of \$50,000 for the Canadian corporation contingent, and \$315,000 for the Halifax garrison, passed without comment. Postoffice estimates were also passed after discussion, as well as some remaining estimates for the Interior Department.

On the item of \$27,000 for fish hatcheries, Mr. Sutherland announced that if the fishery conference to be held May 20 proved satisfactory, that is, if jurisdiction were retained in the Dominion, one hatchery each would be established in Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island and two in New Brunswick.

The House was still sitting at 2:30 a.m.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Premier Ross Meets the Companions of His Youth—Greatest by Life-Time Friends—Magnificent Gathering.

Toronto, May 14.—The feature of to-day's campaign news is the splendid meeting held by Premier Ross yesterday at Ailsa Craig, in the interest of Mr. W. H. Taylor, the Liberal candidate for the riding of North Middlesex. The meeting place was within a few miles of the Premier's birthplace, and he was greeted with unbounded enthusiasm by an army of old school-fellows and friends of many years. The success of the meeting bodes well for the chances of Mr. Taylor at the impending election.

The Opposition leader addressed a meeting at Burlington. Meetings were held by various members of the Government in different ridings. Reports from the country continue to be satisfactory. The Liberal party is well organized, with strong candidates in the field, a splendid policy and a brilliant leader, backed by able colleagues.

THE PREMIER'S MEETING.

Middlesex Honors Her Famous Son at Ailsa Craig.

Ailsa Craig, May 11.—Yesterday afternoon a most interesting and successful meeting was held at Ailsa Craig, in the interest of Mr. W. H. Taylor, the Liberal candidate for the riding of North Middlesex. The meeting place was within a few miles of the Premier's birthplace, and he was greeted with unbounded enthusiasm by an army of old school-fellows and friends of many years. The success of the meeting bodes well for the chances of Mr. Taylor at the impending election.

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The Premier said that there was no legal claim against the Government but that the Government, after having the accounts examined as to the contractors' expenditure, referred them to Judge Burridge, who made the award for the amount stated. It was not a legal but an equitable claim.

Mr. Blair defended the railway on the plea of urgency.

Mr. Maclean asked if a member of the Government or the Government itself had given Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann power to do as they pleased with the construction of the railway before Parliament sanctioned the contract.

Mr. Sifton replied that no specific or general instructions were given to the contractors, were under the very terms of the contract, to go ahead at once with the work. The Government to-day accepted the responsibility for the contract. The circumstances, he said, were exceptional.

"Sir Charles Tupper," continued Mr. Sifton, "came to my house and urged that the contract be made, and when I represented to him that the terms were under discussion and that members of the Government could not agree upon the terms, he replied that it was not a question of terms, but of the shortest time in which the railway could be built. And as to the route, he said, it should be built by the Steele-Teslin route. The Government, therefore, had a right to expect that the honor and faith of the Conservative party, and of the State, Sir Charles would not allow to be compromised. The party now say:

We said Mr. Sifton had said that Sir Charles had endeavored to force this course, they took him by the throat in open daylight and compelled him to disavow himself and swallow his own words. However, the Government was prepared to take the whole responsibility for the contract. The amount which had to be paid to Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann was larger than anticipated, yet it could not be said the account was not fair and reasonable.

Mr. Osler believed that nobody would take the right of Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann to be recouped for this outlay. As to this story about Sir Charles Tupper, it was now told for the first time and it would not be true now if Sir Charles Tupper were in the House, for he would contradict it fairly. The story was never told in this House all the time Sir Charles was here, not even when he was accused of the terms of the Yukon deal, or all the Conservative speeches. Mr. Sifton said it was Mr. W. F. Maclean who had compelled Sir

AN HUMBLE HERO

BY THOMAS P. MONTFORT

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(Continued from last week.)

"of 'em. Must want 'em putty partic- lar, too, to talk that a-way."

"Seems so. You better send Jason Roberts an Jake Hicks, I guess."

"All right, Pap, I'll send 'em."

As Sam and Sim walked down the street the former said:

"Who is that man that come with you, Sim?"

"He's a feller I got to know in the v," Sim replied. "He come that three weeks after me, an he 's me was Thompson. That's new 'bout him."

Now what he belongs

never would speak of his past life, or of his home nor nothing."

"Humph! That's queer, ain't it?"

"Yes, I thought it a little curious, but I 'loved it wasn't any of my business, so I never said anything to him 'bout it."

"No, but it queer, an so is his want- in the squire an them men. I can't figger it out."

Sim showed but little interest. He was thinking of something else. His mind was on Louisa, the one chief subject of his thoughts during all the long four years of his absence. He was wondering if he should see her again now that he was so near. She had never believed him guilty. That was one great comfort. No matter what his fate, that knowledge would cheer him even if she held aloof from him in his hour of trouble.

At the squire's office Sam remained guarding his prisoner while the squire and the others went to answer the summons of the stranger. Pap Sampson, finding himself not needed at home, came down to be with Sim.

The news of the arrest having spread, a number of people came to see Sim, a few of them out of sympathy, but the greater number out of mere curiosity. Jim Thorn and Mary Mann were among the visitors.

Thorn did not say a word to Sim, but there was a triumphant expression on his face that showed he was highly gratified at Sim's arrest. He had never forgotten that blow Sim had given him, and now, after four years, he was getting his revenge and getting it in full measure.

Mrs. Mann was equally as well pleased as Thorn; but, unlike him, she was not content to let the expression on her features show her feelings. Approaching quite close to the prisoner, she said:

"I'm glad to see you, Sim Banks, an to see you right where you are. I hope now you're satisfied."

Sim made no reply, but Sam Morgan spoke for him.

"Mis'us Mann, he said, 'you ort to be ashamed. Anybody that'd talk to



"I hate to do it, Sim."

know that's all you're doin now. I'm not blamin Squire Beeson neither, for he's not done anything he didn't have to do. It looks like Jim Thorn is puttin himself out a right smart, but maybe he feels that he ought to, an any- how I ain't blamin him neither. I ain't blamin nobody."

"Waal, I'm glad you feel that a-way, Sim, I'm shore. I don't like the way Jim Thorn done, though, an I ain't liked the way he's done from the fust. He was the fust man to accuse you of that crime."

"But you all believed it, Sam, all except Pap Sampson an Louesey."

"Yes, but how could we help it? I didn't want to, but you know how ever-thing was ag'in you. Then that was the threat you made that day over to Mis'us Mann's wheatfield an the words you said to me the last time I see you."

"I know. Ever' thing's ag'in me. But, Sam, if I was to swar to you that I'm innocent would you b'lieve me?"

"I would, Sim, 'cause I know you'd never swar to a lie."

"Then I swar to you that I never killed Jason Melvin. May God help me!"

"Sim Banks," Sam said, "from this minute I b'lieve you innocent. That's my hand on that."

"Thank you," Sim replied. "It does me a world of good to hear you say that. And now, Sam, I'm ready to go."

"All right. We'll go before Squire Beeson an let him set the day for your preliminary hearin, or will you waive that an wait for the gran' jury to act?"

"I dunno. Which will be best?"

"Well, if you waive a hearin in the squire's court you'll have to go to jail, while if you have a hearin you mought git out on bail."

"Then I'll have a hearin, an the quicker the better. But what you reckon they'll do with me, Sam?"

"I can't say, Sim, but not much, I hope."

They had reached the door when Pap Sampson came from another room and called to Sam.

"What is it, Pap?" Sam asked.

"It's about the man that come with Sim," Pap replied. "He wants you to send Squire Beeson an two other men here."

"What for?"

"I don't know. He jest says he wants 'em, an though he's so sick this mornin that he can't set up, he says if you don't send 'em he'll go to the squire's office even if he has to crawl ever' foot of the way on his han's an knees."

"Lord, I'll send 'em, of course. But I can't make out what on earth he wants

afraid ene wouldn't. Then, too, if ene did come he wanted to be the first to meet her.

Of course Sim's old neighbors were anxious to learn the history of his life during the four years of his absence, and they piled him with eager questions until he was forced to tell much more than he wished. His career as a soldier had been glorious in no humble way, for he had fought at the front in many hard contested battles, and he had performed more than one deed of uncommon valor. But Sim was modest, and it was trying to him to have to speak of these things, and even when he was driven to it he passed them over as lightly as possible.

Pap Sampson, however, was too fond and proud of Sim to allow his heroism to remain unknown. So, not withholding his excited condition, he took time to tell the full story of how Sim had saved Thompson by bravely rescuing him from the field of battle in a rain of shot and shell. Pap told it all as Thompson had told it, giving Sim his full meed of credit. When he had finished, there was a long silence, during which everybody sat with open mouth, staring at Sim in astonishment. It was a full minute before any one spoke, and even then some one merely exclaimed:

"Waal, I'll jest be doggoned!"

"This broke the spell, and quickly Sam Morgan added:

"Don't that beat you? Who'd 'a ever thought of Sim Banks doin any s'ch a way as that?"

"Lord," some one exclaimed, "I bet he was skeered, though. Wa'n't you, Sim?"

"I don't know," Sim replied wearily. "I don't mind much 'bout it."

Pap Sampson brought his cane down with a thump.

"Of co'se Sim wa'n't skeered," he said. "A man that'll do like he done ain't ag'wine to get skeered at nothin. Sim Banks skeered! Lord, you make me plumb tired."

"My land, Pap, you're plumb right 'bout that. A feller fixed like Sim was that don't have no time to think 'bout gittin skeered. I know jest how it are, 'cause I've been in lots of jest sich scrapes myself. I mind doin putty nigh jest that same thing once on a awful bloody battledie, an I wa'n't no more skeered than I am this minute."

"Was that the time you fit Hicks' taters down thar in the cellar, Ebenezer?"

Ebenezer Sparks tossed his head with an air of fine scorn.

"I reckon," he said, "you think you're pow'ful smart, allus draggin that old cellar in ever' time I dast to open my mouth. But I guess you'll keep on a-draggin it in till you've wore it plumb out."

Pap Sampson, who had been out on the street, came hurriedly in and whispered something to Sim. No one heard what he said, but whatever it was it had a magical effect, for Sim was transformed in an instant from a state of listless apathy to one of eager and excited interest. His face beamed, and his eyes glistened, and he trembled from head to foot. He sprang up and started out, but Sam Morgan laid his hand gently on his arm to detain him.

The next moment a woman appeared in the open door. Everybody looked up and saw it was Louisa. Then a silence as still as death fell over the room.

She paused for an instant and glanced around. Her eyes wandered until they rested on Sim. Then with a cry full of joy and pathos she tottered toward him. His arms opened to receive her, and the next moment she was folded to his breast, and in silence they were weeping together.

Nobody spoke. It was a scene too impressive, too sacred, to be disturbed. Many stood with their heads bent, their hearts full and their eyes moist with tears. Sam Morgan drew his handkerchief from his pocket and hastily turned his face away, while Ebenezer Sparks stood smiling idiotically, making heroic efforts to appear unaffected.

No one moved but Pap Sampson. He stood thumping the floor with his cane as though he had a contract to thump a hole through it and was determined to accomplish his undertaking. All the while there was a smile on his wrinkled, tanned old face such as had not been seen there for many days. He was happy, and no wonder! He had worked and hoped and longed for this all those four long years.

It was Sim who broke the silence. Taking Louisa's head between his hands, he raised it gently until their eyes met. Then he saw that she, too, had suffered.

"Poor little girl!" he said tenderly. "It has been hard, cruelly hard, for you."

"Yes," she sighed, "hard and dark, but it has been harder for you. Poor Sim!"

"And you pity me too?"

She drew closer to him and met his eyes with hers in a look full of tenderness.

"It is not that, Sim," she whispered. "It is not pity."

He began to tremble. Ah, could it be that heaven was about to open right before him, with all its light and glory, after this long, weary night of bitter desolation? He dared not hope. It was too much to expect. In husky, eager tones he said:

"Louisa, tell me, what is it?"

"It is love."

Then to Sim Banks all the glory and joys of earth and heaven were unfolded, and in one moment all the dark sorrows and pains of the past, all the threatened dangers of the future, passed away as a dream. That was the one moment of supreme bliss in his life.

Holding her close to his heart, he said:

"Louesey, is it really true? Can it be possible?"

"It is," she replied. "It is all true. I love you. I have loved you for a long time. How could I help it after all your goodness to me and the way you did when you went away?"

Sim looked at her wonderfully.

"I don't understand," he said. "I only tried to do my duty the best I could. It wasn't much."

"It was much to me. It was enough to show me that you are the noblest and best man in the world, and I love you with my whole heart and soul."

Sim was too happy to speak, so he stood silently stroking her hair, absorbing the joy with which the very air seemed impregnated. After a little while she said:

"And now, Sim, can you ever forgive me after all I have made you suffer?"

"Forgive you, Louesey?" he exclaimed. "God knows I never had a hard thought for you an never blamed you for anything in my life."

"No, but for all that, Sim, I was wicked."

"You was not to blame. What you done you couldn't help. You was not to blame one bit."

She nestled her head on his shoulder and drew a long sigh of happy relief.

"I know now," she said, "that I never loved before—not with such love as this."

Some there were who watched this reunion of husband and wife with curiosity, some who watched it with joy and two who watched it with malice and envy. These last were Mary Mann and Jim Thorn. They did not forget that Sim was under arrest and that probably the gallows or the state prison awaited him, but in spite of that they would have deprived him of the happiness of this brief moment.



"Louesey, is it really true?"

Sam Morgan was rejoiced, yet troubled. He was happy to see Sim and Louisa joined in love, but he, too, remembered the future and what it likely held for Sim. Turning to Pap Sampson, he whispered:

"I'd give the world if Sim was only free. It seems so hard to take him from his wife now."

"Sim's innocent," Pap replied, "an I don't b'lieve he'll have to suffer."

"I wish I could b'lieve that, Pap, but I can't. I don't see no reason for hope."

"I'll hope to the last, Sam, reason or no reason. It 'pears like the squire an them others is stayin a long time, don't it?"

"Does so. That feller must 'a had a heap of business with 'em. I'd give a punt to know what it is."

"Mebby we'll know right soon now, for I see 'em a-comin."

Presently the squire entered the room, followed closely by Jason Roberts and Hicks. The squire looked very solemn, and his face was almost sad. Hicks was quiet and impassive, but Jason was smiling all over. The squire walked to his seat, and Hicks followed and sat near him. Neither of them spoke to anybody. Jason, however, stopped long enough to whisper a word to Sim. What that word was no one knew, but they all saw that it caused Sim to start and look wonderingly around.

The squire put on his spectacles, took a paper from his pocket and unfolded it. Then he looked around over all those assembled and said impressively:

"I have here a paper that I am going to read, but first I want to say, in the presence of you all, that Sim Banks is an innocent man."

A flutter of excitement succeeded these words, and two or three edged up to Sim and extended him their hands to show that they were glad. Sam Morgan gave a yell and threw his hat clear up to the ceiling, while Pap Sampson began a vigorous pounding on the floor with his cane.

Squire Beeson rapped on his table to bring Pap and Sam to order. Then he proceeded to read the paper he held in his hand.

That paper was the confession of Joseph Thompson, formerly known to H. Jenkins and Jonathan Turner as Walte, but whose real name was Robert Marchand. He confessed in the presence of witnesses and under oath that he had shot that killed Frank Shelton, alias James Melvin. He did it, he said, to avenge the honor of his sister and the life of his brother, and he had no regrets for the act. He had tracked Shelton to that place, and he had come there under the name of Walte for the purpose of killing him. After that he had gone to the army under the name of Thompson, and fate had guided him to Sim Banks, the man who was suspected of his crime. When Sim came home, he had come with him, knowing Sim would be arrested and it would devolve on him to clear him.

"So now," the squire concluded, "Sim Banks is discharged and stands before the world an innocent and a free man."

"An the happiest man this side of kingdom come," Pap Sampson cried, "an I'm next!"

Then was joy turned loose. Jim Thorn and Mary Mann slipped quietly out and stole away, but all the rest remained to congratulate Sim and rejoice with him and Louisa. It was a great scene and one that was never forgotten, and if Squire Beeson's office door was not punched full of holes it

was not Pap Sampson's fault.

"Pap is my true and tried old friend," Sim said, with tears in his eyes, "for he stood by me from the first to the last."

"Lord, Sim, nobody couldn't ever make me b'lieve you done it," Pap replied, "an when these fellers 'loved it was you I knowed they was jest barkin at a knot."

And this is all, except that two days later Robert Marchand died in Sim Banks' arms and that Sim and Louisa have settled down to a new life, with the old dark past cut adrift, with all its sorrows, sufferings and misunderstandings.

Sim is happy and contented, for he knows his wife loves him.

THE END.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Another Day or Two Will Close Up the Lists of Candidates—The Features of Wednesday's Work.

Toronto, May 8.—From the list of nominations made yesterday it will be seen how rapidly the ranks are closing up for the contest that takes place three weeks from to-day. Another day or two will fill the lists on the respective sides. The features of yesterday's campaign news, were these nominations:

Ottawa, A. Lumsden and A. Dingham, Liberal.

North Oxford, Charles Muma, Conservative.

London, Adam Beck, Conservative.

Greenville, R. L. Joynt, Conservative.

There was a meeting in St. George's Hall in the interests of Mr. W. B. Rogers, the Liberal candidate in South Toronto; the address of Hon. Mr. Dryden at Weston; Hon. Mr. Davis' meeting in the Parry Sound district; Hon. Mr. Latchford at Cawaga, and the Opposition leader at the St. John's Premier was one of the campaign last night, being one of the speakers at the convocation of McMaster University.

The Liberal meeting are everywhere reported as enthusiastic and promising. The South Toronto campaign has opened well. Mr. Pattullo and Mr. Robinette having delivered stirring addresses in support of Mr. Rogers.

To-day the Premier goes down into Eastern Ontario, speaking to-night at Cornwall and to-morrow at Alexandria. Mr. Whitney, continuing his tour of New Ontario, will speak at the Sault.

CANADA TO BRITAIN.

Increases in Exports During the Past Four Months.

London, May 8.—The Board of Trade returns for the past four months show the following increases in British imports from Canada: Cattle, £12,000; wheat, £114,000; wheat flour, £57,000; corn, £22,000; hams, £12,000; butter, £3,000.

The decreases are: Sheep and lambs, £8,000; pork, £49,000; pigs, £32,000; cheese, £33,000; eggs, £12,000; honey, £10,000; sawn wood, £22,000; hois, £13,000.

The imports of canned salmon totalled £233,000. Canned lobster, £10,000.

The exports to Canada increased: Salt, £1,000; cotton piece goods, £265,000; linen piece goods, £8,000; silk, £9,000; woolen tissues, £30,000; worsted tissues, £50,000; carpets, £8,000; cutlery, £4,000; hardware, £2,000; pig iron, £11,000; bar iron, £7,000; sheets and boiler plates, £13,000; galvanized sheet, £20,000; tin plates, £17,000; cast and wrought iron, £1,000; unwrought steel, £47,000; halberdashery, £14,000.

Decreases were: Spirits, £26,000; cement, £8,000; earthenware, £5,000; rails totalled £32,000; wearing apparel, waterproofed, £11,000; not waterproofed, £98,000.

Married a Week—Dead.

Brantford, May 8.—Hugh Hagerly, at 2 o'clock yesterday morning, while working at the Pratt & Letchworth works, touched a live wire and fell dead. No one saw the fatality. He was found dead by fellow-employees, who had seen him five minutes before. He made no outcry. It is thought his heart was weak for the voltage was not great. He was married on April 23. Saturday next he was to have taken up housekeeping.

Stratford Guarantees \$30,000 Bonds.

Stratford, May 8.—Voting took place yesterday on a bylaw guaranteeing the bonds of the Globe Wernicke Mfg. Co. for \$30,000 for twenty years, and granting exemption from general taxation. The majority in favor exceeded by 222 the necessary two-thirds, only twenty votes being cast against it.

Prohibition Mayor Fined.

Kansas City, May 8.—James Duffield, who was elected mayor of the town of Buckner, Mo., a short time ago on the prohibition ticket, is under sentence to pay a fine of \$100 and costs for selling liquor contrary to law.

Mr. Alexander Gellan Dead.

London, May 8.—Sir Alexander Gellan, who formerly held a number of Consular positions, including posts in the Philippine Islands and Cuba, died yesterday at his country residence.

Miners Reached No Decision.

Scranton, Pa., May 8.—The miners' conference adjourned at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, without having reached a decision on the strike question. They will meet at 9 o'clock this morning.

Three Vessels Captured.

St. John, May 10.—A despatch from St. Andrew's, N.B., says that the Dominion Fisheries protection cruiser Curlew, Capt. Pratt, arrived there yesterday with three captured vessels, the first fruits of the dynamite prohibition law.

Postmaster Removed.

Ottawa, May 10.—David Clinton was removed from the postmaster-ship of Wellington, P. E. Co., yesterday. Q. C. Spencer was appointed in his place. Clinton used his office as a Conservative committee room.

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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

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We offer you a better investment than Government Bonds. Better for three reasons.

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Ado to all these advantages the very material one that the investor or shares in the surplus earnings of this leading Company, and you have an opportunity for safe and profitable investment rarely equalled. A handsome booklet, giving a full explanation, will be sent on request.

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Great care is used to supply every article
true to name and of good quality.

William-St., LINDSAY, Ont.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 16, 1902.

LIBERAL LABOR LAWS.

In his Cornwall speech Hon. G. W. Ross mentioned a few things that the Liberal Government of Ontario has done in the interest of labor, including the mechanics' lien law, by which the wages of mechanics and laborers are ensured, even when the contractor becomes insolvent; the laws for compensation for accidents on railways or in factories; the factory inspection act, to protect the health of employees; the provision for the settlement of disputes, and the alien labor law. There have been passed since the Liberal party came into power 33 different acts, or over one a year, dealing with the interest of the working classes of Ontario, and in addition municipal councils have been given extensive authority to pass by-laws dealing with shops, ivery stables, schools for artisans, cabstands, etc. Having regard to the political privileges of the working classes, perhaps the suffrage registration act is one of the most comprehensive measures ever submitted to the Legislature, and under this act workmen, moving as they necessarily do from city to city, may by registration secure the right to vote at elections for the Legislative Assembly, and as the Dominion Parliament has adopted the Provincial basis for election to the House of Commons the same privilege includes both elections. It should not be forgotten that this act was strongly opposed by Mr. Meredith when leader of the Opposition, and by Mr. Whitney and the full strength of the Conservative party. In fact, it was only by a whole night sitting of the Legislature that the Opposition were forced to yield and the bill was carried through the Legislature.

Commenting on the labor laws of Ontario, Mr. A. W. Wright, now one of the organizers for the Conservative party, and a commissioner appointed by the Conservative Government in 1895 to inquire into the labor laws of the Dominion, made this observation: "While there is still a good deal of legislation which we labor cranks think should be enacted, I am free to say that Ontario has not much to learn from any State of the Union in this respect and is immeasurably in advance of most of them." If, after all our labor legislation, humane and beneficial, the Government adopts a general policy for opening up the country and for giving employment to labor, what more is there to ask for? With protection for wages, life and limb, and with abundant employment, the working classes of Ontario are the most favored on the continent, and I am sure when the election comes around, as it will now in a few days, they will not forget their obligations to the Government which placed them under such happy conditions.

CALENDARS FOR 1903.

To merchants and business men—our representative will have the pleasure of calling on you in a few days with a full range of Calendar Samples, German Hangers, Cards and Advertising Novelties for 1903. Kindly reserve any orders you intend giving in that line until you see his samples.

WILSON & WILSON,
Proprietors The Post

WHAT LIBERALS HAVE DONE

To Promote Agriculture.

The Liberal Government has created a Department of Agriculture, administered in turn by successive practical farmers, in spite of Tory opposition. It expended \$264,000 on Agriculture in 1901. It has expended \$5,142,226 on Agriculture since 1872. It has handed over \$1,932,725 to 475 Agricultural and Horticultural Societies since 1872. It has assisted the Fruit Growers', Dairy, Horse, Sheep and Swine Breeders', Poultry, Beekeepers' and Entomological Associations, and the Ontario Experimental Union to the extent of \$512,204 during the same period.

It has conferred on the most successful Agricultural College in America, with an attendance of 500 during the college term, September, 1901, to April, 1902. Seventy per cent. of its graduates, so far as traced, are engaged in agriculture.

Traveling libraries were sent through the Province for several years.

Three dairy schools have since been established, attended thus far by 1,516 persons.

Fifteen Fruit Experimental Stations are being maintained.

Practical instruction in fruit spraying has been widely given.

Valuable bulletins have been published; twelve different reports are issued annually.

It collects and publishes valuable statistics (Agricultural and Municipal).

In 1900 attended 730 meetings, 100,000 of 98 Farmers' and 52 Women's Institutes.

It provided cheap money for tile drainage by farmers.

It established a Pioneer Farm in Rainy River District, which has been a great success.

It has fostered the dairy industry until the value of cheese produced in 1900 reached \$18,000,000, and of creamery butter nearly \$2,000,000.

It is assisting in the improvement of Fall Fairs by providing funds for expert judges.

It has assisted in developing a profitable trade with other provinces in pure-bred stock.

It has set apart \$225,000 to aid the sugar beet industry.

It started the most successful Farmers' Fair in America—The Live Stock Show at Guelph.

Ontario won a large share of the chief prizes in live stock, horticulture and beekeeping and poultry at the Pan-American Exposition.

No less than forty-five important Acts affecting agriculture and kindred interests have been placed on the statute books since 1872.

Mr. Whitney and his party have opposed many of the important steps proposed by the Agricultural Department for the improvement of our Ontario agriculture.

And yet the Mail and Empire stated (March 10, 1902): "Mr. Dryden has poured in the Agricultural Bureau without effect."

THE LIQUOR LAWS.

The Liberal Government is entitled to much credit for its legislation on the subject of the liquor traffic. What it has done in the direction of lessening and controlling the use of intoxicating liquors is not sufficiently taken into consideration even by those who do so much harm to the cause of temperance by their excessive zeal. It ought to be remembered that when the government of Mr. Mowat succeeded that of Mr. Blake in 1871 the liquor traffic was under the control of the Municipal Councils, and the inspection, such as it was, belonged to the same bodies. Abuse ran rampant. There was a plethora of taverns all over the country and poison was vended wholesale. Not till 1876 was a decided change witnessed, when the Government removed from the hands of the municipalities the licensing of hotels and placed them in control of three commissioners with a Government Inspector.

The change for the better which the Government has accomplished may be appreciated when it is remembered that in the years 1874-5 there were in all 6,185 licenses to sell liquor in force in the Province. In five years the number had fallen to 4,000 and in 1899-00 to 2,950. The proportion to population stands thus. In 1875 there was a license for every 278 people; in 1899-00 to 2,950. This controlling influence is reflected in the record of commitments for drunkenness. In 1870 they numbered one for every 441 persons, and in 1900 to one for every 330, a most gratifying decrease totalling in all in fifteen years 2,391. And the moral side of the question is not the only one that has proved of benefit to the Province. An increase of revenue has accompanied the decrease in the licenses and the drinking habits of the community. The Provincial revenue has grown from

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.

It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they want to—but simply because they must.

They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, a feeling of puffy fullness, headache, heartburn and what not.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cured Joseph F. Laine, Chicago, Ky., who writes: "I was troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years and took medicine that did me no good. I was advised by friends to try Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did and it put my bowels in perfect condition, gave me strength and energy and made me feel like a new person."

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Promises to cure and keeps the promises. Beware of substitutes. Buy Hood's and only Hood's.

\$216,450 to \$880.7 to \$304,676 in 1900, and municipal revenues have swollen in proportion. The licenses have been reduced one-half, and the revenue derived therefrom increased as above.

The administration of the liquor traffic has always been a favorite theme with the Opposition, which has been unsparing in its condemnation of the Governmental policy. It has been charged that the municipalities were being robbed. The figures, however, amply prove that they have greatly benefited financially by the changes made in the law, and it may be noted that the law enables municipalities to increase the fees for the benefit of the municipality. Only 345 out of the 756 municipalities in the province have seen fit to do so. And it must further be noted in connection with the Governmental course in this matter that the administration has supplemented its legislation by the establishment of a commission on the subject of which temperance and hygiene form a part of its course of study in all Public and Separate schools of the province, and last year 210,776 pupils were benefited accordingly.

The active and positive course of the Government stands out in marked contrast with the vacillating policy exhibited by the Opposition which has blown hot and cold and veered around in a most eccentric manner whenever the subject has been under discussion. Now the administration has gone further and given the public an opportunity of expressing its opinion on the subject of the liquor traffic generally and of prohibition.

THE OPPOSITION AND AGRICULTURE.

The Opposition voted against the following measures in the interests of Ontario agriculture:

1888—Against appointment of a permanent Minister of Agriculture.

1893—Against salary of Assistant in Natural History at O. A. College.

1896—Against Provincial Highway Commissioner.

1897—Against \$100 for Poultry Association of Ontario.

8 Against \$2000 of grant for farm proper at the O. A. College.

1899—Against \$2000 for instruction in Fruit Spraying.

Against \$1000 for Pioneer Dairy Farm in Algoma.

Against \$2600 for Western Dairy School, Stratford.

Against \$2000 of vote for agricultural printing, bulletins, etc.

Against salary for Drainage Referee.

To see votes may show great sympathy with the O. A. College's work, and with Mr. Dryden's progressive plans, and then again they may not. No Liberal pretends to say that Mr. Whitney and his friends want to hurt the College or hamper Ontario agriculture, but they do say that, for the sake of paying a little party advantage from narrow-minded men, they allowed themselves to take up a position hostile to measures which were in the best interests of the College and Ontario agriculture.

BABY'S BIRTHRIGHT

Is Health and Happiness—How Mothers Can Keep Their Little Ones Well.

Health is the birthright of all little ones. It is a mother's duty to see that the baby enjoys it. Mother's greatest aid in guarding children's health is Baby's Own Tablets. These are given to the youngest baby, and the many mothers who have proved the value of this medicine is all J. W. Booth, Bar River, Ont. He says: "My baby suffered greatly from sore mouth and bad stomach. Several doctors prescribed for her, but nothing seemed to benefit her in the least till I began giving her Baby's Own Tablets, and then in a short time my little one was fully restored to health. I would not be without the Tablets in the house and would advise all mothers to use them when their children are ailing."

Baby's Own Tablets are used in thousands of homes in Canada and always with beneficial results. They contain absolutely no opiate or other harmful drug; are mild, but sure in their action and pleasant to take. The very best medicine for all troubles of the stomach and bowels, curing colic, indigestion, constipation, diarrhoea and simple fever. They give relief to teething troubles, dispel worms, promote healthy sleep, and cure all the minor ailments of infancy. Price 25 cents a box at all druggists, or sent by mail post paid by writing direct to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Rose and Progress! Build up Ontario!

In regard to the development of Ontario's natural resources, Rose's way is best, Whitney's way is worst.

Close the ranks. Organize and work. Only twelve more working days remain, before the day of polling.

Every voter in New Ontario means another consumer for the goods manufactured by the industries in Lindsay and other Canadian towns. Vote for the policy of progress.

Mr. Ross has not yet been Premier of Ontario for three years. His energy, ability and masterly progressive policy has dumfounded his opponents and delighted his friends. Ontario needs more of Ross.

The cheerful fellows those days are the Grits. When you meet a sour-looking chap you may be morally sure that he is a Tory rambling over the gloomy outlook for his candidate, Mr. Fox.

In round figures there are to-day in Ontario some 2,000,000 electric light bulbs with an annual aggregate output of 150,000,000,000 pounds of electric energy, or an average of about 60,000 pounds per factory. The vast importance of the industry can readily be appreciated. It is to be regretted that complaining of the fact that the electric light industry has attained a high reputation. Many farmers are not taking advantage of the opportunities offered them to the extent they ought.

ST. VINCENT IN ASHES

Hundreds Have Perished on the British W. I. Island.

ERUPTION OF THE 'SULPHUR PIT'

St. Pierre, Martinique, the Open Graveyard of Thirty Thousand People—Ten thousand More Victims in the Near Vicinity—Visited by Suchet's Captain—Relief from France, Britain and United States.

St. Lucia, W. I., May 11.—The island of St. Vincent is threatened with similar disaster and St. Lucia lies midway between these two volcanic centres. The volcano called the Soufriere (sulphur pit), on the northwestern part of St. Vincent, is in a sympathetic eruption.

One-third of the north side of the island, over a distance of six miles, is a burning, sizzling strip, incandescent sand and red hot cinders are filling the fertile and well populated valleys.

All the springs have been dried up, and the lakes are steaming pits. The residents are dying of burns and thirst, and many have been overtaken in their flight by the overflow from the Soufriere.

In this one hundred and fifty mile stretch of the Windward Islands the volcanic ashes from St. Vincent and St. Martinique overhang in vast clouds, turning daylight into partial darkness.

Kingston, the capital of St. Vincent, on the southwestern end, with a population of five thousand, is still safe, but the people are alarmed and fear flaming masses from the Soufriere may overwhelm them at any moment.

500 Lives Lost on St. Vincent.

Kingston, Island of St. Vincent, D.W.I., Saturday, May 10.—After numerous earthquakes, during the preceding fortnight, accompanied by the subterranean noises in the direction of the Soufriere volcano, a loud explosion occurred Monday last from the crater.

The crater is still active as this despatch is sent, and great loss of life is believed to have occurred. The lava has destroyed several districts within their live stock.

The eruption is now invisible at Kingston. Huge dust clouds were blown eastward. Great distress prevails at St. Vincent, where there are many injured people. It is believed that 500 persons have lost their lives at St. Vincent. The majority of the corpses are still unburied.

Great tension prevails everywhere throughout the West Indies.

Britain Sends Aid.

London, May 12.—The Colonial Office announced yesterday that in addition to the British cruiser Indefatigable, ordered to St. Vincent from Trinidad, the British third-class cruiser Pallas has been ordered to St. Vincent from Jamaica with supplies for the sufferers on the former island.

AN OPEN GRAVEYARD.

Beyond Doubt 40,000 Victims Are Involved in the Disaster Caused by Mount Pelee's Eruption.

St. Lucia, W. I., May 11.—It is certain that the City of St. Pierre, Martinique, has been obliterated, with its thirty thousand population, and other towns within the shadow of Mount Pelee, in all probability, have been razed by flaming gas and clouds and by red hot rocks and incandescent sand.

At present all attempts at rescue or investigation are practically useless. Along four miles of the western coast of the island there is a wall of fire, and at sea the sky is black with smoke and ashes.

Passing vessels report that the blanket of fire which fell upon St. Pierre appears to be consuming all the country for miles around.

Since the rescue of thirty persons by the French cruiser Suchet, it is now known here that another person is left alive in St. Pierre, though it is hoped that more rescues may have been effected.

It seems beyond doubt that the radius of destruction has involved at least forty thousand victims.

No Response to Signals at St. Pierre.

The latest reports from the vicinity of St. Pierre come by the Royal Mail steamship Esk, which called off that port at 10 o'clock last night. Attempts were made to signal the possibly living by throwing up rockets and blowing the whistle. There was no response.

A boat was sent toward shore, but a landing was found impossible because of fire along the coast for miles. All the shipping in port had been destroyed.

A later attempt to enter the city by officers of the French Colonial Government was barred by flames. Among the ruins of the streets lay hundreds of bodies.

The British steamship Roddam, of all the shipping in the harbor, alone escaped, and came into this port with a cargo of coal and dyke. She was dismantled and almost wrecked. She was burned from stem to stern.

Ten of her crew had been scorched to death, while she fought her way to sea. The captain, terribly burned and blinded, steered his ship through a storm of fire. He was the only man on board able to help himself above deck.

Crawled Aboard Amid Cloud of Fire.

The steamer's agent was alongside in the harbor at St. Pierre when the city was overwhelmed, and crawled on board, in what he says was a cloud of fire. He was severely burned, but will probably live.

Two men of the crew have died since they were taken ashore to the hospital in St. Lucia, and the captain is not expected to survive.

It is probable that the agent of St. Pierre will be the only survivor of those who reached here. The Roddam was navigated to safety by a handful of dying men.

Latest advices say that some of the inhabitants of St. Pierre, taking warning, fled to Port de France, where they are now safe.

came to St. Lucia; but, almost all of these refugees were women and children, sent away by their husbands and fathers. These are now in destitute and desolate. Thousands of persons are flocking into Port de France, and famine faces these sufferers. Animals are dying all over the island and all food and growing crops are withered. It is impossible to obtain any coherent account of the catastrophe from the survivors in this port. Almost without exception they are tortured with injuries and have only a half-erased recollection of a night for life.

Thirty Persons Rescued.

Port de France, Island of Martinique, May 11.—Advices received here to-day from the vicinity of St. Pierre (10 miles from here), contain further details of the terrible volcanic upheaval which resulted in the utter destruction of that town and the death of nearly all its inhabitants.

Throughout Thursday the heat in the vicinity of St. Pierre was so intense and the stream of flowing lava was so unrelenting that it was impossible to approach the town during the early part of the day.

As evening approached the French cruiser Suchet, after a heroic battle with the heat, suffocation and sulphur fumes, succeeded in making a dash toward the shore nearing the land close enough to enable her to take off 30 survivors of the disaster, all of whom were horribly burned and mutilated.

St. Pierre at that time was an absolute smoking waste concealing 30,000 corpses.

The 450 survivors who were brought here yesterday from the vicinity of St. Pierre by the French cable repair ship Pouyet Guerrier came from the Town of Le Precheur, where surrounded on all sides by flowing lava, they were nearly roasted to death and expected momentarily to be engulfed.

The latest reports received here showed that lava continues to pour down the slopes of the mountain, slowly engulfing the whole north side of the island, while fresh cravasses are continually opening.

Hills Covered With Refugees.

Paris, May 12.—A despatch received yesterday from Port de France, Martinique, says: "All the hills surrounding Le Carbet and Le Precheur, near St. Pierre, are covered with refugees to the number of about 5,000, who are being taken away gradually. In the meanwhile provisions are being conveyed to them."

"Of the thirty people who were originally rescued by the French cruiser Suchet the majority were feverishly burned and nine died while on their way to the hospital."

"The corpses which are heaped in the ruins of St. Pierre are not only completely naked, but are frightfully mutilated."

Drowned While Fleeing.

St. Thomas, D.W.I., May 11.—Advices received here from the Island of Dominica to-day, say that boats arriving there report that many persons were drowned while crossing to Dominica from the Island of Martinique, where some of the out parties have been inundated. The eruption of Mount Pelee (Martinique) continues. The lava is progressing northward. The whole northern region is now a rocky waste, denuded of vegetation.

Authorized All Money Necessary.

Paris, May 12.—The French Cabinet has authorized the Minister of Finance to expend all moneys necessary for the sufferers, and an officer has sailed from Brest with \$100,000.

Washington, May 12.—The Senate in Washington has passed a bill appropriating \$100,000 for relief work in Martinique.

FULLY 30,000 LOST THEIR LIVES

What the Desolate City Looks Like—Awful Sights That Met the Gaze of Rescuers—Descriptions of the Fatal First Eruption by Survivors From the Modern Pompeii—Relief Being Sent.

Fort de France, Island of Martinique, May 13.—It now seems to be generally admitted that about 30,000 persons lost their lives as a result of the outbreak of the Mount Pelee volcano, at St. Pierre, on Thursday last.

Briefly put, last Thursday morning, the city of St. Pierre disappeared within 10 minutes in a whirling cyclone of fire vomited from Mount Pelee; thirty thousand persons were instantly and horribly killed, and the volcano, whose ancient crater had been occupied by a quiet lake, in which picnic parties dined, suddenly discharged a torrent of fiery mud, which rolled towards the sea, engulfing everything before it. Then the last of cable communication was broken and the doomed city was isolated from the world.

The commander of the French cruiser Suchet gave the American consul at Guadeloupe, Louis H. Ayne, the first news of the appalling disaster the day after it occurred. Mr. Ayne has reached the desolate spot, where St. Pierre stood, and confirms the awful story in all its essential features. From an interview with Col. Ayne, who is a trained American newspaper man, a correspondent learned the following facts regarding the destruction of St. Pierre.

Thursday morning found the inhabitants of that city anxiously looking towards the thick clouds shrouding the Mount Pelee crater. All day Wednesday horrid detonations had been heard. These had been echoed from St. Thomas on the north to Barbadoes on the south. During the night of Wednesday these had ceased, and only fine ashes, like rain, fell on St. Pierre. As this continued, the governor, M. Mouttel, was then at Fort de France, tried to stop the panic which the volcanic disturbance caused. He declared the danger would not increase, sent a detachment of soldiers to prevent a general exodus of the inhabitants, and later went to St. Pierre himself with his wife.

The British steamer Roraima arrived at St. Pierre some time afterwards, with 10 passengers, among whom was Mrs. Stokes and her three



Another Nice Shipment

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BABY CARRIAGES and GO CARRIAGES.

—ALSO—

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B. & B. PLATES,
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SETTS,
SALAD DISHES,
FLOWER
VASES,
FERN DISHES.

IN THE SPRING....



There is a General Putting

"off" of the "Old" and put-

ting "on" of the "New."

How about your Footwear? You'll need a new pair of Shoes soon. Why not have the best? Don't cost any more than inferior goods. See J. & T. Bell's lines for Ladies at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.50. Call and see these lines and when you have seen them you have seen the best goods made in Canada.

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children and arms flung. They were all watching the rain of ashes, when, with a frightful roar and terrific electric discharges, a cyclone of fire, mud and steam swept down from the crater over the town and bay, destroying a fleet of vessels at anchor off the shore. There the stories stop. Only twelve survivors are in the military hospital at Fort de France, while thirty thousand corpses are strewn about or buried in the ruins of St. Pierre, or else floating gnawed by sharks in the surrounding seas. Twenty-eight charred, half dead human beings were brought here Saturday and only four others are expected to recover.

On the scene of Desolation.

The Associated Press steamer chartered in Guadeloupe reached Martinique at 6.30 Sunday morning. Enormous quantities of the wreckage of large and small ships and houses were met with. Huge trees, floating bodies, with flocks of sea gulls soaring above and hideous sharks fighting about them, were found here and there. From behind the volcanic veil came blasts of hot wind, mingled with others, ice cold. At Le Precheur, five miles north of St. Pierre, canoes filled with men and women, frantic to get away were found. The whole north end of the island was covered with a silver grey coating of ashes resembling dirty snow. Furious blasts of fire, ashes and mud swept over the steamer, but, finally, St. Pierre was reached. The sand-covered hills were flanked by the still smoking volcano. The ruins were still burning in many places, and frightful odors of burned flesh filled the air. With great difficulty a landing was effected. Not one house was left intact. Everywhere were viscid heaps of mud, of brighter ashes, or piles of volcanic stones. The streets could hardly be traced. Here and there amid the ruins were heaps of corpses almost all the faces were downwards. In one corner 23 men, women and children were mingled in

one awful mass, arms and legs protruding as the hapless beings fell in the last struggle of death's agony.

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DR. NEERLANDS EXTRACTS FOR

administered by him for 38 years with great success. He studied the gas under Dr. Colton, of New York, the originator of Gas for Extracting Teeth. Colton versus Dr. Needard, that he has given the gas to 138,417 persons without an accident. Dr. B. J. uses the best local Pain Obstructors.

Beautiful Artificial Teeth

Inserted at moderate prices. Please send postal note before coming. Office nearly opposite the Savings House, Ludlow.

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Successor to late Dr. HART.

Member of Toronto Dental College and Two

University.
Also Graduate of American College. Most Recent
Sanitary practiced in Most Scientific Manner.
Grows and Bridge Work a Specialty. Charge
moderate.
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Monument Sculptor
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DOMESTIC GRANITES, MARBLES
All work guaranteed. Estimates
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And will attend promptly to all orders entrusted to us.

Plumbing, Steam Fitting, Tin-smithing, Iron Piping, Hot Air, Hot Water and Steam Heating, Iron Roofing and Eave-troughing, Pumps and Sinks, Builders' Hardware, Paints and Oils, Stoves and Ranges.

The Cheapest Store for Good Goods and Good Work.

TRY US AND SEE.

BOXALL & MATTHIE,

Kent-st., Lindsay.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 16, 1902.

GRANT FOR RIVER IMPROVEMENTS.

It must be very pleasing to our citizens generally—and more especially our millmen, Messrs. Carew, Baker and others—to learn that Hon. Senator McHugh has secured in the Dominion supplementary estimates a rebate of the balance of the original grant obtained by him a couple of years ago for the deepening and widening of the Seaboard channel from the Wellington-st. bridge to the northern boundary of the town. The amount of the rebate is \$2,600, and is expected to be ample for the purpose. No one could in justice have blamed Senator McHugh, under the somewhat peculiar circumstances, if he had exhibited a little less zeal in the endeavor, and without his good offices in the matter it is dollars to doughnuts that the grant could not have been secured.

THE PREMIER'S MEETING.

Our coten, the Watchman-Wardor, devotes a column of its editorial space this week to a review of the masterly speech delivered here recently by Hon. G. W. Ross. In the opening paragraph our coten acknowledges that "the meeting was a credit to the campaign in this riding, that aside altogether from party considerations it was a gratifying event, and that the fact that the people listened with such dignity and respect to the discussion of the country's affairs was at once a credit to their culture and intelligence, and a supreme satisfaction to those who who look for better days in the political campaigns of this Province."

So far—very good, very nice and very fair. Our coten next proceeds to extract comforting assurances of Conservative victory from the text of the Premier's speech; his style of delivery, his tone of voice, and perhaps from the way his moustache was trimmed and his hair parted. "It is not unfair to say that his speech was oppressively defensive. No skill could allay the suspicion that where there was so much to defend, there must be a good deal wrong." Shade of Sir John! The Tory leaders and the Tory press have been attacking every act of the Liberal administration for the last 30 years—acts that have made Ontario rich and prosperous, and its institutions and measures the admired of all—yet when the leader of the Liberal Government exposes the unpatriotic and baseless charges made by his opponents, and vindicates his policy triumphantly, he is declared to be "on the defensive." Strange and fearful reasoning, that! His explanation, often apologetic tone, had a demoralizing effect upon the more discerning of his adherents. The writer must have mistaken his men—he probably noticed a few of the rabid Tories present grow pale under the sight of the scathing exposure of the lying policy of the Opposition leader.

"This effect naturally reached its climax when the Premier admitted the Liberal election crimes and went unflinchingly wide of the generally accepted versions of these unhappy occurrences." Mr. Ross did more—he admitted and condemned the more instances of wrong-doing on the part of the Liberals and sternly censured Mr. Whitney for condoning the corrupt acts committed by his own supporters, while missing no opportunity to ring the changes on the alleged moralities traceable to his opponents. The scathing rebuke administered by Hon. Mr. Ross appears to have acted as a fillip to Mr. Whit-

ney's slumbering sense of fairness, because it is recorded in the public press that at Huntville the other day he for the first time made the admission from a public platform that his own party had occasionally been guilty of electoral frauds. That the confession was a most reluctant one is apparent from the fact that it was not made at Lindsay. That it will not be made every time he accuses his opponents of crime is a moral certainty.

In another paragraph our coten, forgetful of the statement at the beginning that Hon. Mr. Ross' speech was listened to "with such dignity and respect by the large audience" as to warrant its statement that the fact "was a credit to their culture and intelligence," proceeds to say, "Mr. Ross was applauded, but with a few exceptions that applause was drawn by some witicism or other apt expression. The actual matter of his address was received in silence." Surely our coten could not expect a "cultured audience" of Liberals to imitate the noisy practices at Tory meetings. Such conduct could not convey "a supreme satisfaction to those who look for better days, etc."

The balance of the Watchman-Wardor article is devoted to a eulogium of Mr. Whitney. With that we have no fault to find, as representing the Tory leader as he appears to Tory eyes; we are even prepared to go farther and say that which Mr. Whitney will not say when speaking of his opponents, that the Opposition leader is apparently possessed of some good qualities, but they pale into insignificance beside the commanding attributes of Hon. G. W. Ross, the present and future Premier of Ontario.

ONTARIO'S PROUD FINANCIAL POSITION TO-DAY.

Ontario is without a dollar of debt presently payable.

Ontario had \$1,468,492 of cash in the banks on December 31st, 1901.

Ontario's annual receipts in interest would retire its total liabilities twice over.

Ontario, for twenty years past, has shown a surplus of assets, after deducting liabilities presently payable.

Ontario's surplus of assets December 31st, 1901, was \$2,571,291.

The interest paid annually on the Provincial Trust Funds (which are valued at \$6,212,497) amounts to more than sufficient to meet the entire annual payments of the province for its liabilities for railway certificates and annuities.

Out of a total proposed appropriation in eighteen years of \$61,031,333 the Opposition objected to only \$488,996.50—or only three-quarters of a cent on the dollar.

The Supplementary Revenue Act, providing for the taxation of certain classes of corporations and brewers and distillers, has produced \$371,170 in three years.

The policy of the Opposition would, if carried into effect, take away from two to three millions from the annual revenue of the province, making a deficit that could only be made up by direct taxation.

Ontario's position is a proud one. That its affairs have been so managed as not only to create no debt, but to leave a surplus of interest-bearing assets that yield an annual income that could be capitalized at nine millions.

CANADA ADVANCING

Under the above heading the Montreal Herald refers as follows to an industrial awakening that is attracting wide-spread attention in the United States and the Mother country. We refer to the immense investments being made in New Ontario—"the land of the stunted poplar," as it was most unpatriotically and erroneously designated by Mr. Whitney, leader of the Ontario Opposition, when appealing for the support of the electors in other parts of the Province, his aim being to arouse a feeling against Premier Ross and his colleagues on the ground that they were doing too much for the development of those districts. If Mr. Whitney could have prevented it there would to-day be no tall smelters and other industries at the Sault, at Midland, at Collingwood, or elsewhere, and the Herald would not have had occasion to refer to the great works initiated in New Ontario in the following terms:

Industrial activity in the Georgian Bay district continues to increase. It centres in the Clergue industries at points in the Bay. The men Mr. Clergue undertook to find in Europe and place at work either at the Sault or in the adjacent country have been found and are going there in large numbers. A new mill has just started operations successfully. The initial operation being witnessed by a distinguished party from Canadian points. The mill is situated in the north-west corner of the township of Clergue. Shipbuilding operations are to follow, apparently, for the other day the House of Commons adopted a resolution submitted by Sir Richard Cartwright, which may be taken as the expression of the Government to a demand recently prepared by the interests affected. It was thought at first a bounty might have been given, but now it has been decided to levy a duty of twenty-five per cent on ships of British register, but built elsewhere. It is significant also to read that the stocks in the Clergue companies, hitherto to be had only in Philadelphia are now to be listed in Toronto, and probably in Montreal, which means that Canadian capital will begin to take its share in these Canadian enterprises, and the financial side (with all its ills) from the other side. We shall probably follow, in respect to these industries, much the same course as has been taken in respect of Cape Breton enterprises, the natural tendency being for Canadians to invest in Canadian undertakings.

THE PROVINCIAL PUBLIC WORKS

We have already made it sufficiently clear, in an article published a couple of weeks ago that the agriculturists of the Province, when they reflected on the work done by the department, now so ably presided over by Hon. John Bryden, must inevitably arrive at the conclusion that they certainly need not change the substance of good Liberal administration for the shadow, offered by the Opposition headed by Mr. Whitney. We have also shown that the labor legislation of the Government ought to cause what is termed the labor vote to be cast solidly for the Government.

We now pass to the consideration of another department of administration, one of the most important held by a Provincial Minister. And, as a retrospective glance is cast over the thirty years of Liberal rule, the citizens of Ontario cannot but admire the remarkable record presented. The department has to cover a great field. (The Minister has charge of the following branches of the public service: (1) construction of the buildings for Public Service; (2) the repair and alterations to existing structures; (3) the building and repair of locks, dams, bridges, and inland waterways, railway inspection, drainage works, etc.; (4) construction of colonization and mining roads, highways, etc.; (5) the inspection of Dominion Courts; (6) the Bureau of Labor, and (7) the inspection and management of fisheries. It will thus be seen that the labor entailed on the holder of the office of Minister is necessarily very great.

Since the time when Mr. McKellar filled the office the demands on the department have expanded very greatly, and its operations have extended in proportion to the growth of the Province. Some idea of the magnitude of the works carried out under the supervision of the successive ministers, the Hon. C. F. Fraser, Harty and Latchford, can be gleaned by a report of the figures which indicate the expenditure of money on the various works of public utility. Before the Liberal Government took office, after the downfall of the Sandfield Macdonald government, the total expenditure on Public Works, as shown in the public records, amounted to \$1,389,147.67. Since that period the total expenditure amounted to \$23,536,549, or a grand total of \$24,925,697, upon the Items Works, Roads, Railways, etc.

The number of public buildings and institutions in operation previous to 1872 was 19, and in 1901 54, and this embraces in all some 350 separate buildings. Other public works, exclusive of colonization roads, of the nature of locks, dams, bridges, timber slides, piers and so forth, number in all about 250, and there has been an enormous amount of work done in connection with the drainage of waters, clearing streams, examining drainage works, railway inspections, and so on. The Province since the Government took office has been provided with new parliament buildings, and a comparative statement shows that when the cost of similar structures in other places is taken into consideration the outlay of \$1,502,682 upon them was moderate, the cost per head to the Province being 61 per cent only. In New York it was \$3.95, and relatively we have as fine a building.

The very important element of Provincial economy, colonization roads, has been most energetically promoted by the Government. Settlement has been promoted by the making of roads "in advance" and settled portions have been developed and assisted by the construction of new means of inter-communication. On this most imperative necessity there has been expended from July 1, 1867, to Dec. 31, 1871, \$189,595.91, and from 1872 to 1901 \$3,338,743, or a grand total of \$3,528,339. The total number of new roads constructed amounts to 3,555 miles. In addition 14,546 miles have been repaired and twenty miles of bridges built. The department has given much attention to this matter of roads, and evidently intends to provide the Province with a complete and perfect system worthy the grand section of country it controls in this respect.

In 1896, remedying the evil consequences of defective roads, and the value to the farmer of a different condition of affairs the Liberal Government in road building, who is one of the officers of the department. This was one of the many wise and progressive steps taken by the cabinet, for it was evident that the art of road making was imperfectly understood and that in all cases the heavy annual expenditure was not made use of to the extent it might have been. The Government is more than justified for its action, and it is able to state the creation of the office named has been more than fully vindicated by results.

Literature on the subject has also been widely distributed, and by its means the township councillors and others having supervision of road building throughout the province have been clearly instructed as to the best means to adopt in securing economical, permanent and serviceable results. Prevailing wasteful methods have been pointed out and corrected.

THIS IS NO TIME FOR A CHANGE

Nominations..... May 22
Polling..... May 29

"Now, to what extent is the Province benefited by this bill (taxing corporations)? For the three years in which it has been in operation the treasury has received \$683,345 87. This is six times as much money as the Government contributes for the high schools of the Province. It is more than half the money required for the maintenance of hospitals and asylums. If our schools are to be maintained and the grants to agriculture and the administration of justice increased, and new Ontario to be opened up, who should be taxed for this purpose? The agriculturist, or the workmen, or the small trader? Certainly not. These have burdens enough to bear of a local character. It is to the wealthier classes and to the corporations that the Government should look for the means with which to carry on the affairs of the country. Mr. Whitney comes forward as the champion of the capitalist, and with him I have no fault to find. He comes forward as the special friend of corporations, all useful enough in their way. Moreover, he declares that if he is elected he will repeal this tax. Is this a suggestion to the corporations to help him to be elected? Is this an appeal to the classes against the masses of the people who are interested in agriculture, in the improvement of our schools, in the opening up of new Ontario? Is there not a smack of effete Toryism about this declaration of policy? I ask the workmen of Ontario to take note of it. I ask the generous capitalists of Ontario to take note of it. I entirely misunderstand their views on questions of public policy if they have the slightest hesitation in contributing their quota to the advancement of the Province, whether that quota comes in the shape of enterprise or in the shape of a reasonable contribution of their profits for public purposes. This attempt to curry favor where no favor is sought is another proof of that timidity in leadership which has characterized Mr. Whitney throughout his whole career."—Premier Ross at Dundas.

RECORD OF THE LIBERAL GOVERNMENT

In the Matter of Administration of Crown Lands.

It has collected a revenue of \$31,761,278 since 1872—an average of over a million a year.

It has granted, sold or leased 4,851,396 acres of agricultural and mining lands since 1872.

The population of New Ontario has increased by 129,249 since 1871.

It has surveyed 340 townships, of which 171 are free grants and 47 are townships.

It has sold since 1872 3,152 1-2 square miles of timber lands for \$9,823,127, or an average bonus of \$3,125 per acre. Dues are \$1 and \$1.25 per M feet; ground rent \$3 per square mile.

It has created three parks—Niagara Falls, Algonquin and Rideau, and three forest reserves—Temagami, the Eastern and Sibley.

It has built 3,292 miles and repaired 14,546 miles of colonization roads, and built twenty miles of bridges in New Ontario since 1872 at a cost of \$3,528,339.

It has established a Bureau of Mines placed an advanced mining law on the statute books, purchased two diamond drills, created summer mining schools, assisted in developing the nickel, copper, corundum and other industries and protected the prospector and miner.

It has encouraged iron mining and steel and iron manufacture by means of bounties.

The production of pig iron and steel reached a value of over two millions in 1901.

It has prohibited the export in a non-manufactured condition of pine saw-logs, pulpwood and musk lumber out on Crown lands.

It has increased the dues on pulpwood from 20 to 40 cents a cord.

It has perfected a fire ranging system that is admittedly the best known.

It has explored extensive agricultural and timber areas in Northern Ontario.

It has assisted in the opening up of New Ontario by means of land grants and bounties to colonization railways.

It has maintained a progressive policy in connection with the pulpwood industry.

The pulpwood agreements entered into call for the investment of a minimum sum of over \$7,000,000, the employment of at least 2,340 men, and the erection of seven large pulp mills.

It has created a Bureau of Colonization, which is assisting in settling New Ontario.

It has protected the rights of the public in the valuable Crown water powers.

Stock Notes.

—That well-known and favorite stallion, Knight of St. Andrew's, the property of Dr. W. F. Broad, who stands at his own stable, Peel-st., Lindsay for the season of 1902. This popular horse was never in better shape and form than at present, and is a superior stallion for breeding purposes should patronize Knight of St. Andrew's.

—The grand young French Percheron stallion Finot, the property of Mr. Joseph Melan, of King's Wharf, will travel through Dundas, Elmhurst and Lindsay, going as far north as Bobcaygeon. Young Finot was bred by Finot (9223) 7016, imported in 1888 by M. W. Dufour, of Hilo, an importation from him by Nathan Day, Fenelon. Young Finot is a beautiful dark iron grey, stands 17 hands high and weighs 1800 pounds. He was foaled on May 20th, 1896. His dam was a fine old Hobbie Noble, he by imported Netherby, he by Moxon, etc. Farmers should patronize the fine animal.

—The pure-bred Clydesdale stallion, Granite Lad, owned by Dr. Broad, will make the route for the season between Janetville, Fleetwood, Downsville and Lindsay. Granite Lad (2568), was bred by Granite City 2567, who commenced his career as a two-year-old by winning first at the Glasgow Station Show, second at the Royal Agricultural Show at Newcastle and first at the Highland and Agricultural Society's Show at Perth. Granite Lad has proved a successful show horse, having been a winner at the Toronto Industrial Fair in 1897 and 1900. He also won honors at a number of leading county fairs. He has well laid shoulders, powerful quarters and strong back. As a draught horse he ranks among the best in the country. Victoria County farmers will make no mistake in breeding to him.

—Mr. J. L. Laidlaw, on Thursday, May 14th, America, Anna McArthur, wife of Mr. J. W. McArthur, aged 34 years.

—FUGAN, at Fenelon Falls, on Friday April 5th, the wife of Mr. Wm. Dugan, of a daughter. (Since deceased).

—LAPLANTE, on May 2nd, in Bobcaygeon, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. John Hamilton, Harriet Laplant, widow of the late John Laplant, aged 88 years.

—In a recent article we dealt at some length with the relations of the government to labor, and its needs. In 1900 the act establishing the Bureau of Labor was passed, which is doing invaluable service in connection with the collection and publication of statistics concerning the general condition of the wage-earners of the Province in various occupations. This is a policy of "looking forward" which is both wise and timely. The work comes under the administration of Hon. F. R. Latchford, Minister of Public Works, and is effectively carried out under the supervision of Mr. R. Gieseking, for some time president of the Toronto Trades and Labor Council, an expert whose fitness for the task is unquestioned.

Another important branch of this department is the care of the fisheries, and this is now a very onerous task, as since the last general election the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council has decided that the Provincial fisheries formerly administered by the Federal authorities are Provincial property. This has added very largely to the wealth of the Province, as our inland fisheries are of the greatest value. Last year the Province realized from them the sum of \$95,000. And this, as the country is developed, will naturally increase.

And in most important provincial work, which is evidently destined to open up a great area is the Temagami railway. The energy displayed by the Minister in connection with this work calls for the thanks of the public. It is a phase of the first importance in the progress of building up Ontario, which the Government is accomplishing with such rapidity. There are many other items in connection with this department to which reference might be made, but enough, we feel confident, has been said to prove that the people of the Province have no reason to desire any "change" in the administration of the Department of Public Works. And they are not likely to make it.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain Markets in Chicago Higher Owing to the Government Crop Reports—The Latest Quotations.

Tuesday Evening, May 13.
Liverpool wheat futures 1/4 lower today, and corn futures 1/4 higher. American grain markets were firm to-day on the publication of the government crop report. At Chicago July wheat advanced 1/4 from yesterday, July corn 1/4, and July oats 1/4.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.
Following are the closing quotations at important wheat centres to-day:
Cash. May. July. Sept.
New York..... 82 1/2 82 1/2 80 1/2
Chicago..... 78 1/2 78 1/2 76 1/2
Toronto..... 78 1/2 78 1/2 76 1/2
Duluth, No. 1 N. 77 1/2 77 1/2 75 1/2
do, No. 1 hard..... 80 1/2 80 1/2 78 1/2

GRAIN & CATTLE.
Liverpool, May 13.—Close.—Wheat, spot firm; standard, 20s to 21s 6d; No. 1 Northern spring, 20s 4d to 20s 6d. Futures: July, 20s 1/2; Sept., 20s 1/2; value, 20s 1/2; spot quiet; mixed American, old, 20s 1/2 to 20s 3/4; new, 20s 1/2 to 20s 3/4. Futures: July, 20s 1/2; Sept., 20s 1/2; value, 20s 1/2. Barley, 20s 1/2 to 21s 6d. Oats, 20s 1/2 to 21s 6d. London—Close.—Wheat, number of cargoes arrived off coast since last report, 21; waiting at ports, 20; offered for sale, 20; passage firm but not active. Cargoes: Canada, iron, arrived, 30s 10d; value, 30s 10d; passage, 20s 10d; red and white; American, iron, passage, 21s 6d; buyers; parcels No. 1 Northern spring, on passage, 20s 1/2; Duluth inspection, on passage, May and June, 20s 1/2; value, 20s 1/2; passage, 20s 1/2; parcels Karamal, red, May and June, 20s 1/2; value, 20s 1/2; passage, 20s 1/2; old style, flour, spot, 24s 6d. Farina—Close.—Wheat, tone steady; May 22, Sept. and Dec. 20s 4d. Flour, tone steady; May 22, Sept. and Dec. 20s 4d.

Antwerp—Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 R.W., 17 1/2.

TORONTO ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.
Grain.
Wheat, red, bush..... 50 1/2 to 50 7/2
Wheat, white, bush..... 50 1/2 to 50 7/2
Wheat, spring, bush..... 50 1/2 to 50 7/2
Wheat, winter, bush..... 50 1/2 to 50 7/2
Barley, bush..... 1 1/2 to 1 1/2
Rye, bush..... 1 1/2 to 1 1/2
Oats, bush..... 1 1/2 to 1 1/2
Buckwheat, bush..... 1 1/2 to 1 1/2

TORONTO FARM PRODUCE.
Wholesale.
Hay, baled, car lots, ton, \$10 1/2 to \$10 5/2
Potatoes, car lots, ton, 7 1/2 to 8 1/2
Butter, dairy, lb, rolls..... 18 1/2 to 19 1/2
Butter, large rolls..... 18 1/2 to 19 1/2
Butter, creamery, lb, rolls..... 21 1/2 to 22 1/2
Butter, creamery, boxes..... 21 1/2 to 22 1/2
Butter, creamery, tubs..... 21 1/2 to 22 1/2
Eggs, new-laid, dozen..... 13 1/2 to 14 1/2
Honey, per lb..... 0 00 to 0 10

TORONTO HIDES AND WOOL.
Hides, No. 1 steers, inspected..... 50 00/4
Hides, No. 2 steers, inspected..... 0 00/4
Hides, No. 1 inspected..... 0 00/4
Hides, No. 2 inspected..... 0 00/4
Calfskins, No. 1..... 8 11 to 8 11 1/2
Calfskins, No. 2..... 8 11 to 8 11 1/2
Sheepskins, each..... 0 60 to 0 70
Wool, fleece..... 13 1/2 to 14 1/2
Wool, unwashed..... 0 00 to 0 05
Tallow, rendered..... 0 00 to 0 05

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.
The run of live stock at the Cattle Market was large, 113 carloads all told, consisting of 2120 cattle, 1000 hogs, 300 sheep and 100 calves.

Export Cattle—Good loads of heavy shippers are worth \$3 to \$3.25; medium exporters \$2.50 to \$2.75; light exporters \$2.25 to \$2.50. Choice heavy export bulls at \$4.50 to \$5; light export bulls at \$4.25 to \$4.50 per cwt.

Export Cows—Export cows sold at \$4.00 to \$5 per cwt.

Butchers' Cattle—Choice picked lots of butchers' cattle, equal in quality to best exporters, 100 to 150 lbs. each, sold at \$5.50 to \$5.75; choice picked lots of butchers' heifers and steers, 925 to 1025 lbs. each, sold at \$5.25 to \$5.50 per cwt.

Loads of good butchers sold at \$5.25 to \$5.50; loads of medium butchers \$4.85 to \$5.10; common butchers' cows at \$4.10 to \$4.75 per cwt.

Exporters and Butchers, mixed—Loads of mixed butchers and exporters sold at \$5.25 to \$5.50 per cwt.

Feeder—Feeder steers, weighing from 900 to 1000 lbs. each, sold at \$4.25 to \$4 per cwt.

Stockers—Well-bred, thrifty young steers 400 to 800 lbs. each, sold at \$3.50 to \$3.60 per cwt. 700 to 1000 lbs. each, sold at \$3.75 to \$4 per cwt.; off-color, ill-bred steers and heifers sold at about \$2.75 to \$3.

Milk Cows—Milk cows and springers sold at \$4 to \$5 each.

Calves—Calves sold at \$2 to \$3 each, or from \$4 to \$5 per cwt.

Lambs—Yearling lambs sold at \$5.50 to \$6 per cwt.

Spring Lambs—Spring lambs are worth \$2.50 to \$3 each.

Sheep—Prices \$4 to \$5 for ewes, and butts at \$3.75 to \$4 per cwt.

Hogs—Best select bacon hogs, not less than 160 lbs. nor more than 200 lbs. each, off carc sold at \$7.25 per cwt.; lights at \$6 and lots at \$7 per cwt. \$5 to \$5.50 per cwt., and slugs, \$3 per cwt.

BRITISH CATTLE MARKET.
London, May 13.—Prices unchanged; five cattle, 14c to 15c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef 12c per lb.

LOCAL MARKETS.
Grove Wheat..... 0 63 to 0 63
Spring Wheat..... 0 70 to 0 70
Fall Wheat..... 0 70 to 0 70
Oats..... 0 40 to 0 40
Rye..... 0 52 to 0 52
Barley, No. 1..... 0 45 to 0 45
Barley, No. 2..... 0 45 to 0 45
Barley, No. 3..... 0 45 to 0 45
Peas, Canadian Beans..... 0 80 to 0 80
Peas, Black Eye..... 0 80 to 0 80
Peas, Prince Albert..... 0 75 to 0 75
Buckwheat..... 0 52 to 0 52
Eggs, fresh, per doz..... 0 11 to 0 12
Hickory, per lb., for roll..... 0 16 to 0 17
Butter, creamery, per lb..... 0 15 to 0 16
Buckwheat Flour, 100 lbs..... 2 05 to 2 05
Flour, new process, bks., 100 lbs..... 2 30 to 2 50
Flour, new process, mixed, 100 lbs..... 2 00 to 2 20
Straight Roller Flour..... 1 90 to 2 10
Rolled Oats..... 2 40 to 2 60
Hay..... 8 00 to 9 00
Bogs, select, live weight, per ewe..... 6 50 to 6 55
" Fat..... 6 60 to 6 60
" Lights..... 6 60 to 6 60
" Sows..... 1 00 to 1 25
Potatoes, per bush..... 0 40 to 0 45
Butcher's Cattle..... 3 00 to 3 25
Export Cattle..... 4 50 to 4 75
Stockers' Cattle, good color, 2 75 to 2 75
Stockers' Cattle, off color, 2 00 to 2 20
Milk Cows..... 25 00 to 40 00
Spring Lambs..... 3 00 to 3 75
Sheep..... 3 00 to 3 00
Pork, quarter..... 0 10 to 0 10
Washed Wool..... 0 12 to 0 12
Unwashed Wool..... 0 07 to 0 07
Cottas, heavy, Black..... 0 08 to 0 08

Raise Chickens for Export.
We want delivered alive at your nearest G. T. R. station every chicken you can raise. Larger breeds, such as Orpingtons, Wyandottes, Rocks, Indian Games and Dorkings, are most acceptable. Scrub and black-legged birds are not suitable. Prices according to weight and plumpness. Good chickens bring from 50c to 90c per pair. We can supply settings of good Rock and Wyandotte eggs. Where number order together the cost is from 20c to 25c a setting. For particulars write our buyer, A. E. Silverwood, box 134, Dundas & Elvella Bros., Lindsay, Ont.

Department of Justice, Ottawa, May 13, 1902.—W3.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Commencing Saturday, May 24th, Northbound, and Sunday, May 25th, Southbound

STEAMSHIP EXPRESS

will run between Toronto and Owen Sound, connecting with Upper Lake Steamers as follows:

Leave Toronto 1.30 p.m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Arrive Owen Sound 5.20 p.m.
Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
Leave Owen Sound 9 a.m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday
Arrive Toronto 12.55 p.m.
Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday
A. H. NORMAN, Asst. Genl. Pass. Agent,
1 King Street East, Toronto.
T. C. MATTHEW, Local Agent,
60 Kent St., Lindsay.

BUILD UP ONTARIO

ROSS and SMALE

Public Meetings

WILL BE HELD AT

An Optical Parlor.

We now have a room completed in the rear of the store where we can test your eyes privately. We have equipped it with every modern convenience for the examination and correction of defective vision, making one of the most up-to-date optical rooms in Ontario.

Examination and Advice Free.

MORGAN BROS.

Druggists and Opticians.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 16, 1902.

APPROVE PROPOSALS

Gen. Beyers Willing to Abide by the Burghers' Decision.

THE S. A. PEACE SITUATION

Opposition Developing Among Delarey's Irreconcilable Followers of Col. Delarey—Lord Kitchener's Report of the Week's Results—Boers Killed, 10, Made Prisoners, 122—A Battle Near O'okiep.

Pretoria, May 9.—The peace situation is developing encouragingly. According to reliable information which has reached here, several of the nearer commandos have received the burgher delegates in an amiable spirit.

It is understood that Commandant Beyers has announced his willingness to abide by the decision reached by the Transvaal Government.

Considerable opposition to the peace movement, however, is growing up about the irreconcilables of General Delarey's force.

FIGHTING STILL CONTINUES. British Clearing the Country in Spite of Peace Negotiations.

London, May 7.—Lord Kitchener's weekly report, dated from Pretoria yesterday, shows that the movement is not allowed to interfere with military operations, except so far as to permit of unrestrained meetings between the leaders and their various commands. The week's Boer casualties were 10 men killed and 122 made prisoners.

General Bruce Hamilton's columns captured 87 men on the Heilbron (Orange River Colony) line. Colonel Olenbrander has resumed operations in the northern part of the Transvaal against Commandant Beyers, whose forces have been considerably reduced, and General Jan Hamilton has cleared a large area west of Klerksdorp, Southwestern Transvaal.

Heavy Boer Losses. Cape Town, May 6.—The O'okiep, Western Cape Colony, relief column, has occupied Steinkopje to the north of O'okiep, which was strongly held by the Boers, after fighting, April 27 and April 28. The British lost six men killed and eight wounded. The Boer losses are said to have been heavy. The Boers asked for British medical assistance.

Escaping Boer Prisoner Shot. Hamilton, Bermuda, May 7.—Frederick Hendrick Bosch, a Boer prisoner of war in the prison camp on Tucker's Island, 19 years old, was detected by a sentry in the act of breaking through the wire entanglement on the night of April 26. The soldier fired at the escaping prisoner, and the latter ran into the brushwood. A second shot, which passed through his body, brought him down. The wounded Boer was at once taken to the hospital at Port's Island, where he received every care and attention. His wound, however, proved fatal, and he died at sunrise on Sunday morning. Bosch had made three previous attempts to escape, but had been recaptured each time.

DAMAGES \$1,000,000.

Tornado Wrecks the Largest Tin Plate Works in the World.

Newcastle, Pa., May 7.—The Shebang Tin Plate Works in this city, the largest tin plate plant in the world, was almost wrecked by a tornado yesterday. Every stack was wrenched from its foundations and hurled in pieces through the roof of the buildings, steam pipes were broken and ripped away, and the roof was torn off. The damage done will almost reach \$1,000,000.

Wind 100 Miles an Hour. Buffalo, N.Y., May 7.—A sudden squall struck the waterfront about 11 o'clock last night, and in a few minutes did damage to the extent of several thousand dollars. The high wind prevailed for only about five minutes. Tugmen say the wind reached a velocity of 100 miles an hour. One of the movable steel legs of the new Dakota elevator was blown into the river. It cost \$10,000.

Canada Central Line.

Ottawa, May 10.—At the Railway Committee yesterday the Canada Central Railway Company's bill for a line from French River, in Ontario, to Jamie Cache, B.C., by way of Yellowhead Pass, was reported. The proposed road goes to New Westminster and Vancouver. Its capital was reduced from \$25,000,000 to \$15,000,000.

The Red Deer Valley Railway Company has withdrawn its bill.

TO CIRCUMVENT THE TRUST.

Lord Strathcona Receives Liverpool Deputation re East Atlantic Line—Anxious About Probable Terms.

London, May 9.—Lord Strathcona received yesterday an influential deputation from the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce, the City Council, the Mersey Docks, the Corn Trade Association, in fact practically all concerned in Liverpool shipping, begging that Liverpool be retained as the British terminal port of any Canadian fast mail service.

All official information was denied to the press, but it is understood that the deputation submitted in the strongest possible manner Liverpool's superior claims to Southampton or Milford Haven. In fact so much official secrecy was demanded as to raise the expectation that Lord Strathcona may have told Sir Alfred Jones and other Liverpool owners present that they had the matter practically in their own hands. If they desired to secure Liverpool's claims they had better submit by mail their proposals for a line to the British and under the subsidy of the British and Canadian Governments, in competition with the Morgan Trust, Blackburn, Halifax and Huddersfield Chambers of Commerce were also represented on the deputation.

In the opinion of the highest authorities here this is a great chance both for Canadian and British ship owners outside the trust.

BOOK-MAKING ON RACE TRACK.

Court of Appeal Upholds Conviction of Edward Hannehan of Windsor.

Toronto, May 9.—The Court of Appeal at Osgoode Hall has affirmed the judgment of a Windsor court which decided that it was not legal to accept bets at the Windsor Race Track on races run in a foreign country. Edward Hannehan, president of the Essex Racing Association, was convicted last year of keeping a common gaming house on the race course at Windsor, and fined a nominal sum by the local magistrate. Keeping the "common betting house," as defined by the law, consisted in allowing the bookmakers who did a legal business in accepting bets on the races there to also take wagers on races run at Saratoga, Morris Park, and other race courses in the United States. The magistrate in giving judgment held that while bets on the local races were perfectly legal, that betting on foreign races was contrary to the statutes.

The Court of Appeal affirmed the conviction. Chief Justice Armour remarking in his deliverance that there was nothing in the criminal code which under any circumstances of time or place exempted from liability the keeper of a common betting house. The law, he continued, prohibits the keeping of a common betting house on the race course of an incorporated association, just as much during the actual progress of a race meeting as at any other time, and there is nothing in the criminal code which warrants an implication that a common betting house may be kept on the race course during the incorporated association during the actual progress of a race meeting.

PREMIER ROSS AT CORNWALL.

Hon. G. W. Ross Delivers a Stirring Address in the Interests of Mr. W. J. McCarroll, the Liberal Candidate.

Cornwall, May 9.—Nearly two thousand of the electors of Stormont braved a heavy rainstorm last night and listened to a stirring address by Premier Ross in support of the candidature of Mr. W. J. McCarroll. The meeting was held in the skating rink, no other building in town having room for those who desired to hear Ontario's gifted Premier. As he began the Premier's speech was delivered in French by Mr. A. Brunelle, M.P. for Richelieu. The Liberals of Stormont are taking a lively interest in the present contest, and are rallying around their candidate with an enthusiasm which presages a favorable result on May 29. Mr. McCarroll is a young man of splendid presence, a good speaker, an energetic worker, and a successful merchant in Avonmore. His opponent, Mr. John McLaughlin, is also a business man in Avonmore, who represented the riding in the last Parliament. The chairman was Mr. D. B. Macdonald, K.C., of Cornwall.

Opposition Tour Ended. Sault Ste. Marie, May 9.—The tour of Opposition Leader Whitney and his colleagues and Mr. D. Monk, M.P. for the northern district of Ontario, culminated in a meeting here last night.

POLITICAL POINTERS. Hon. E. J. Davis addressed a meeting at Burleigh Thunders night, in the interests of D. Davidson.

The Toronto Trades and Labor Council had endorsed the four Socialist candidates for the Legislature in Ontario.

The Reformers of West Simcoe met in convention at Greymore Thursday night, in the presence of Messrs. William Williams, Collingwood; Samuel Tilley, Greenore, and John Birnie, Collingwood. All retired, with the exception of William Williams, who asked for two days to consider the matter.

Will Unwater the Canal. St. Catharines, Ont., May 9.—William Belton, who disappeared from his home last Friday, and whose hat was found in the old Welland Canal, is still missing. The canal has been fringed for some distance, but no trace of the missing man has been found. The canal will be unwatered at this point on Sunday.

FOR COLONIAL TRADE

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Important Statement in the House.

HE FAVORS DIRECT STEAMERS

Trade With Australia and South Africa Would Be Fostered Thereby—The Estimates Passed—Good Progress Made With Supply—Treaty Valley Canal—Summer Campaign—Coronation Contingent.

Ottawa, May 7.—A very large amount of business was transacted yesterday, and when, after passing a large number of items during the day, the House went into concurrence on a number of items which had been passed in committee, a distinct step forward towards prorogation was taken. The supplementary estimates for 1902-3 will be brought down today, and the three constituent parts of the Government business yet remaining to be disposed of.

Mr. L. N. Champagne, Chairman of the Debates Committee, moved the adoption of the report of the committee increasing the salary of the French translating staff to \$1,500, and that of Mr. La Rose, chief translator, to \$2,000. The motion was supported by Mr. A. A. C. La Riviere and Mr. E. F. Cloutier.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier thought this was a matter rather for the House than for the Government, but while personally, he was favorable to the increase, he pointed out that it would be inconvenient to reopen the question at this late stage of the session, consequently the increase could not go into effect until next year.

Hills Introduced. The bill respecting the incorporation of joint stock companies from the Senate was introduced by the Premier.

A bill to amend the Manitoba grain act, 1900, was introduced by Sir Richard Cartwright.

Coasting Trade Protected. In committee the resolution offered by Mr. Fitzpatrick "that it is advised to amend the law respecting the coasting trade of Canada and to exclude a foreign-built British ship from that traffic unless it has obtained a license, which the Minister of Customs may grant upon the payment of duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem on the fair market value of the ship," was adopted.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's bill amending the Mounted Police Act, and Sir Richard Cartwright's bill to amend the general inspection act were passed through their final stages.

The bill respecting the packing and sale of certain staple commodities was advanced a stage.

In Supply. In supply the items for Indian affairs and Mounted Police in the supplementary estimates were voted with expedition.

On the item for immigration, Mr. Urieah Wilson asked on what basis the salaries of the officials were fixed, as they ranged from \$500 to \$8,000.

Mr. Sifton replied that the men were paid according to their ability and the work they did.

Manitoba's Interest Claim. In reply to Mr. N. Boyd, Hon. Clifford Sifton said: "and been decided to pay over to Manitoba certain accrued interest due from the Dominion. The matter was now in the hands of the Department of Justice, and he could not say at present whether legislation was necessary or not."

Mr. N. Boyd complained that the interest on school lands had been reduced from 6 to 5 per cent. Sir Wilfrid Laurier replied that the rate of interest had been reduced all over the country, and the Government had given the farmers and settlers the benefit of the reduction.

The June Camps. Upon the item for annual drill and musketry of the militia, Hon. Dr. Borden, replying to Mr. George Taylor, said that he was not quite sure all the June camps would be held this year, but the cavalry and field artillery will be drilled full strength. The drills in the cities will of course go on as before.

A large portion of the further sum of \$31,000 required for the Donjon arsenal was, Dr. Borden said, for the purpose of repairing, etc., the guns and material injured in the South African campaign.

Dr. Borden stated that \$300 had been placed on the estimates for an annex to the Toronto Drill Hall.

Blood.

We live by our blood, and on it. We thrive or starve, as our blood is rich or poor.

There is nothing else to live on or by.

When strength is full and spirits high, we are being refreshed, bone muscle and brain, in body and mind, with continual flow of rich blood.

This is health.

When weak, in low spirits, no cheer, no spring, when rest is not rest and sleep is not sleep, we are starved; our blood is poor; there is little nutriment in it.

Back of the blood, is food, to keep the blood rich. When it fails, take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. It sets the whole body going again—man, woman and child.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists

Toronto.

50c and \$1.00; all druggists.

\$300 for alterations to the drill hall and \$200 for fitting up the drill hall battery, corps and artillery.

The Coronation Contingent. In the afternoon, there was a very little discussion on the \$50,000 for the coronation contingent. The Minister explained pretty much what has already been published as to the composition of the force. He said it would be 600 strong, officers and men, one half infantry and the other half cavalry. The Mounted Police and Strathcona's Horse would be presented in the cavalry. The district officers commanding will choose the men, four from each cavalry corps and one from each of the smaller infantry corps and two from each of the larger infantry corps. There will be 22 officers, and the force will sail from Quebec on June 7. The War Office will supply the horses on the other side.

The Trent Valley Canal.

Mr. Kemp asked if it were the intention of the Government to complete the Trent Valley Canal through Lake Ontario to Georgian Bay.

Mr. Blair replied that it was now a question of the complete work between Lake Simcoe and Balsam Lake; but, as to the remainder of the route, between Lake Simcoe and Georgian Bay, he would not like to say definitely that it would or would not be completed. It was estimated the canal would cost \$6,500,000 in all, about half of which had been expended. The section from Lake Simcoe to Georgian Bay would cost \$1,500,000.

The item passed. On the votes of \$8,000 for the Premier's expenses at the coronation, and \$12,000 for the Ministers, Dr. Sproule asked the nature and scope of the coronation.

Wilfrid Laurier replied that there would be a conference of the self-governing colonies after the coronation. There would also be a conference between Canada, Australia and New Zealand, at which the Dominion would be represented by Hon. Messrs. Fielding, Mulock and Paterson.

In view of the tariff of these countries and their requirements, he believed there was a hopeful field in these countries for Canadian exports. He believed the most promising means of developing trade with these countries was the establishment of a line of subsidized steamers, calling at South Africa.

The Premier had great hopes of trade with South Africa when peace was restored, which he believed was not very far off. No special lines had been laid down in regard to the colonial conference. Suggestions would be given and received, the only object in view being the development of trade by means of mutual tariff preferences, and subsidized steamship lines.

Replying to Dr. Sproule, the Premier said he had not changed his mind in regard to his unwillingness to discuss a general scheme of Imperial defence.

Mr. Brock thought that a more important matter was our own domestic trade. He wanted to know how we could expect to be large exporters of manufactured goods to the Antipodes when we had not the control of our own home market.

The Premier replied that Mr. Brock's remarks would not throw cold water on his enthusiasm in this matter. Canada had shown that she could export agricultural implements and cottons. If Mr. Brock's high protective policy were carried out, Sir Wilfrid wanted to know how any scheme of preference, even with England, could be worked.

The Marconi Item.

When the item of \$70,000 for the Marconi station in Cape Breton was under discussion the Finance Minister said that the whole thing was in the nature of an experiment. He failed all Canada would have for her money would be a pile of stone and mortar; but, if it succeeded, as everybody hoped it would, the result would be a great reduction in cable rates.

The House adjourned at 12:40 o'clock p.m.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Premier Ross Reveals the Alliance Between Dominion and Ontario Conservatives at St. Catharines on Tuesday.

Toronto, May 7.—The features of the Provincial campaign yesterday were the nominations of S. F. Washington, K.C., by the West Hamilton Liberals, and of J. G. King, by the Port Arthur and Rainy River Conservatives, and the addresses respectively of the Premier at St. Catharines and the Opposition leader at Sudbury. Most of Mr. Ross' colleagues addressed meeting at different points. There were scarcely more than half a dozen constituencies now in which both parties have not their men in the field.

St. Catharines, May 7.—Hon. Geo. W. Ross addressed a large and successful meeting in the Opera House here last night in support of Mr. D. J. McKinnon, Liberal candidate in Lincoln County. There was a heavy rainfall during the evening, but it did not prevent from attending as many as the Opera House could accommodate, numbering probably 900 people. Mr. Ross devoted most of his time to an explanation of the general features of his development policy, facts which were listened to with the closest attention by the audience. He also referred in a forceful manner to the evidence of an alliance between the Dominion and Provincial Conservatives with the object of obtaining power in Ontario as a stepping-stone to winning at Ottawa. The attainment of office, the Premier showed, was their real object rather than any desire to improve or develop the Province. Mr. McKinnon created an excellent impression by his thoughtful speech and businesslike manner of presenting his ideas.

The Opera House was decorated for the occasion, among the mottoes being "Lincoln for Ross," "Welcome to Ontario's Premier," "Build up Ontario," "McKinnon, a business man, our choice."

Holiday at Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 9.—Yesterday was a holiday here and the members are playing cricket on the lawn in front of the Parliament Buildings.

Ontario and Quebec defeated the rest of Canada by a score of 102 to 78 runs.

FOR ORGANIZATION

Militia Orders Concerning Coronation Contingent.

THE STRENGTH OF THE FORCE.

Unit Complements from the Various Arms of the Militia Force of Canada—The Conditions Necessary for Eligibility to Go to the King's Coronation and Represent Canada—Embark June 7.

Ottawa, May 9.—Orders for the Coronation Contingent, issued last night, state that it will mobilize at Lewis on May 20, and sail on the Parisian on June 7. The mounted troops will be formed into two squadrons and one battery of field artillery, each unit to consist of one captain, two subalterns and one hundred non-commissioned officers and men, selected from corps of the active militia, the Northwest Mounted Police and Strathcona's Horse, as follows:

Cavalry. Royal Canadian Dragoons—1 regimental sergeant-major and 80 men—31. Northwest Mounted Police—1 regimental quartermaster-sergeant and 24 men—25.

Strathcona's Horse—25. A Squadron, Canadian Mounted Rifles—14. The Governor-General's Body Guards, 1st Hussars, 2nd Dragoons, 3rd Dragoons, 4th Hussars, 6th Hussars, 8th Hussars, 8 men per regiment—56.

The Queen's Own Canadian Hussars, King's Canadian Hussars, Duke of York's Royal Canadian Hussars, Prince of Wales's Dragoon Guards, 4 men per squadron—18. B to L Squadrons, Canadian Mounted Rifles—33. Total—200.

Field Artillery. Royal Canadian Field Artillery—1 battery, sergeant-major and 80 men—40.

First Brigade Division (11th and 16th batteries), 2nd Brigade Division (4th, 7th and 9th batteries), 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 5th, 6th, 10th, 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th batteries, 4 men per battery—90. Total—100.

Dismounted Troops. Garrison Artillery—Officers 1, captain.

Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery—1 company sergeant-major and 7 men—40.

First Halifax Regiment—4 men per division—8.

Fifth British Columbia Regiment—5. Second, 3rd, 4th and 6th regiments, 4 men per regiment—16.

Company, 2 men; Sydney Company, 1 man—8. Total—40.

Engineers, officers, 1 lieutenant. Non-commissioned officers and men—9, selected as follows: Brighton Company, 3; Charlottetown Company, 3; Toronto Company, 3.

Infantry and Rifles. The infantry will be formed into two companies, each to consist of 1 captain, 1 lieutenant and 70 non-commissioned officers and men; and the rifles into one company, consisting of 1 captain, 1 lieutenant and 42 non-commissioned officers and men.

Non-commissioned officers and men will be selected from corps as follows: Royal Canadian Regiment, 1 regimental sergeant-major and 15 men—16; the G. F. G., 1st P. O. W. Fusiliers, 5th Royal Scots, 10th Royal Grenadiers, 48th Highlanders Regiment, Fusiliers, 4 men per regiment; total, 24; 7th, 21st and 62nd Fusiliers, 2 men per regiment, 8; 4th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 26th, 27th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 40th, 55th, 56th, 61st, 67th, 68th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 82nd, 83rd, 85th, 87th, 88th, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 2 men per regiment—68; 10th, 16th, 19th, 24th, 25th, 28th, 29th, 42nd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 50th, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 73rd, 74th, 80th, 84th, 86th, and the Ross-Breton, 4 men per regiment, 16; total, 128.

Rifles—2nd, 3rd, 6th, 8th, 9th, 14th, 20th, 22nd, 30th, 31th, 34th, 39th, 43rd, 46th, 56th, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th and 97th regiments, 2 per regiment—total 42.

Army Service Corps—No. 3 Company, Kingston, 3; No. 4 Company, Montreal, 3; Military Staff Clerks' Section—3.

Army Medical Service—Batteries Companies Nos. I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, and VIII, 1 per company—8.

Field hospitals—Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, 1 per company—7.

Total.

In addition to the foregoing detail, the band of the Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery, consisting of a bandmaster and 25 non-commissioned officers and men, will accompany the contingent.

Qualifications. In selecting non-commissioned officers and men for this distinguished duty, district officers commanding will, excepting as regards members of the Northwest Mounted Police and Strathcona's Horse, be held responsible that all fulfil the following conditions:

(a) To be at present included in the service rolls of a corps of the active militia.

(b) To have completed the full military training in 1899, 1900 and 1901.

(c) To be well set up, thoroughly trained, and certified by their commanding officers to be of exemplary character.

(d) To be completely clothed in the uniform of their respective corps.

(e) To be completely clothed in the uniform of their respective corps.

(f) To be completely clothed in the uniform of their respective corps.

(g) To be completely clothed in the uniform of their respective corps.

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(n) To be completely clothed in the uniform of their respective corps.

(o) To be completely clothed in the uniform of their respective corps.

You Can Buy

SURPRISE SOAP

of any Grocer

BEST FOR WASH DAY

BEST FOR EVERY DAY

The Whole Story in a letter:

Pain-Killer

(PAIN EXPELLER)

From Capt. F. Lyle, Police Station No. 6, Montreal: "We frequently use Pain-Killer in cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, headache, toothache, rheumatism, stiffness, frost bites, chilblains, cramps, and all affections which beset man in his position. I have no hesitation in saying that Pain-Killer is the best remedy to have near at hand."

Used Internally and Externally.

Two Sizes, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

VICTORY FOR TRACKMEN.

Arbitrators Decide That Those on C.P.R. Eastern Division Should Get 20 Per Cent. Increase—Company Accepts.

Montreal, May 9.—The trackmen of the eastern division of the C. P. R. have scored a victory, 20 per cent. having been added to their schedule of wages based on those of 1897. This is the result of the arbitration given out and signed by Chancellor Eby, J. T. Wilson, representing the men, and Fred P. Guehlin, C.E., the company.

D. McNicoll, second vice-president, while acknowledging the arbitration was closed, did not think the details were of public interest. "All I have to say is, the company agreed to stand by it, and they will do so."

Mr. Wilson, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trackmen of America, said: "If, as you say, Mr. McNicoll agrees to stand by the result of the arbitration it is a great victory alike for the company and the men, because the former had acknowledged a principle which will hereafter assure them of the possible working of their property, do away with the necessity of a strike, and render the relations between employer and employee more conciliatory and satisfactory."

The general committee of the trackmen is now in session with the management of the road in regard to the reference of the other divisions to arbitration.

FIRE AND LIFE.

The Largest Fire Insurance Office in the World.

Capital, \$10,000,000

Accumulated Fund, \$3,500,000

Invested in Canada, \$900,000

Rates and premiums as low as any other respectable company. The settlement of losses is prompt and liberal. The resources and standing of the company afford those insured in it perfect security against loss.

W. E. WIDDERS

Agent for Lindsay and Victoria County

SPEED STYLE COMFORT

Dunlop Carriage Tires

Solid Rubber and Pneumatic Tires for Cycles, Autos and Carriages.

Let us tell you how little it costs to get the best—by letter and catalogue.

DUNLOP TIRE CO., LIMITED, TORONTO.

GENUINE IRISH FREIZE.

We have it in Overcoatings and Suits. No need of a description—Irish Freize is like the Bank of England, known the world over, and almost as durable.

We have an immense stock of English and Scotch wools as well.

Nowhere in the Midland district can you get better value for your money in the way of stylish, well-trimmed Suits or Overcoat. Call and talk the matter over with us.

CATHRO & CO.

Ready Mixed Paints

Made from Pure Oil and Lead—will dry with a gloss and of the best wearing qualities.

The latest artistic shades and to be had in any quantity. Manufactured by the Canada Paint Co., for sale by

McLennan & Co.

Canada to Jamaica.

Ottawa, May 10.—The Government has made a contract with the Halifax and West India Steamship Company for a monthly service between Halifax and Jamaica, which will continue



Lasts a Lifetime.

That is just what they of Vapo-Cresolene. The vaporizer is practically indestructible, and the Cresolene is certainly not expensive. This way of treating affections of the throat is most economical, and is also most effective. Our little picture illustrates how it is used. You put some Cresolene in the vaporizer, light lamp beneath and then breathe in the soothing, healing vapor. For whooping-cough and croup it's a perfect specific.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 16, 1902.
ONTARIO HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Important Gathering to Take Place in Peterborough and Lindsay on June 4th and 5th.

The annual meeting of the Ontario Historical Society will be held on Wednesday and Thursday, the 4th and 5th of June in Peterborough and Lindsay.

On Wednesday a business meeting will be held in the rooms at Peterborough of the Historical Society. At this meeting a nominating committee will be appointed and the reports of local societies will be received.

Paper by Mr. C. Rose, "The Monument that Failed."

Public meeting, 8 p.m. Address by Col. H. C. Rogers, president of Peterborough Town and County Historical Society.

Address by Jas. H. Coyne, Esq., E.A., president of the Ontario Historical Society.

Paper by His Honor, Judge Dene, of Lindsay.

On Thursday, 5th June, the first train from Peterborough to Lindsay will convey members and others to attend for Lindsay, via Stoney Lake and Sturgeon Lake. Meetings will be held on board.

Miss H. Yates Farmer will read a paper.

"In the Heart of the Battle."

LINDSAY.

Public meeting at 8 p.m., in the Collegiate Institute Assembly Hall. Address by Mr. W. H. Stevens, M.A., President of the Victoria County Historical Society.

Paper by J. Hamblen Burham, M.A., on "The Fall of the Huron-Bronze."

Paper by Mr. Frank Young on "Historic Landmarks in Ontario."

It is expected that a large number of delegates will be present from all parts of the Province.

ADVERTISING CANADA.

Grand Trunk Railway Travelling Picture Exhibit a Strong Factor in Bringing Tourists to Canada. Thousands of People Being Educated to the Beauties of the Northern Resorts.

The Grand Trunk Railway's travelling picture exhibit which is meeting with such a favorable reception in all the cities at which it is being displayed, is also receiving enthusiastic words of praise in the press of the southern and middle States. The Springfield (Ch) of "Sun" of April 22nd, in speaking of this collection says: "The exhibit establishes a precedent in railroad advertising, possessing sufficient merit in itself to justify anyone in taking the time to make an inspection of it." The Springfield "Gazette" in commenting upon this exhibit, says: "It is one of the finest exhibits of art ever given in this city." While all the newspapers in the other cities visited are profuse in their favorable comments regarding the display.

The collection has been shown this year at fifteen different cities, and up to the present time nearly 40,000 people have viewed the display. It is one of the best advertisements that Canada has ever had for her summer resorts, and it is expected that the results will justify all the good words that have been spoken of it. A heavy influx of tourists into Canada this coming season is assured. The exhibit is composed of over 100 large photographic views 40x50 inches in addition to one of the finest collections of stuffed and mounted fish, including specimens of the gamey species of the fishy tribe native to the Canadian waters, and including muskellunge, black bass, pike, perch (bore) brook trout, landlocked salmon and other specimens, as well as reproductions of many of the wonderful engineering feats that are located on the Grand Trunk System in the way of tunnels and bridges.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Curling Notes.

The members of Mr. Harstone's rink were recently going about with smiling faces and receiving the congratulations of their fellow members. Mr. J. D. Flavell has for a number of years rewarded the rink winning the championship of the Club by presenting them with medals or curling stones. At the time of the annual meeting this year the medals were not ready, and as Mr. Flavell had not made the announcement of giving any prize this year this winning rink were taken completely by surprise. Wednesday when they received from him four handsome gold medals accompanied by a very kind congratulatory note. Highly as the members of the winning rink prize these medals from the fact that they will always keep fresh the memory of a successful and happy curling season, they were sure, will prize them more highly because they will always remind them of him who so generously gives the medals. The members of the rink are: C. W. Graham, lead; L. W. Taylor, second; N. F. A. McEwen, vice-skip; J. C. Hurdston, skip.

LOCAL BREVITIES

The waterworks at Lindsay are now in fine condition, and many citizens repair to the spot every evening to secure a supply of "trusty" water.

The Collegiate Institute flag—the remnant of it—has been at half-mast since Saturday in token of the sorrow felt because of the demise of Principal Grant.

A gang of workmen have been busy this last couple of days at the G.T.R. station. The water tank has been repaired and other improvements made.

Mr. Thos. Calvert, of Renbourn, passed through May 8th in charge of fifty head of stockers' cattle, which he was taking to his ranch in the north country.

A delivery on a new x-t mouth gave way recently and the \$35 required to pay the cost of a new one will make a big hole in the Board of Works' small balance.

A neat little steam tug, built at Kingston, is now plying on the lake at Hamilton. It is owned by two Americans who are erecting a stone and shingle mill at Allsaw, some distance from the village.

The demolition of the old fire hall was a wise move, as about \$150 worth of material will be available for use in the new hall, while the foundation stone can be used in laying the new granite steps.

An Ohio woman who had been dumb for a long time recovered her power of speech the day after her marriage. It will be mighty hard to convince that husband that he has not been the victim of a bunco game.

Port Hope people propose to build a fine covered rink for hockey and curling, and plans have been prepared. The hockey rink will be 150x70 feet, and the curling sheet 150x34 feet. Seating accommodation for 1200 persons will be provided.

The Woodville correspondent of the *Beaverton Express*, in referring to the Liberal meeting held in that village last week says: The speaking was good, the address of Mr. Smale being exceptionally able for a gentleman so recently initiated into the path of politics.

Mr. C. E. Woolvorton, landscape gardener, of Grimsby, who laid out the Riverside cemetery grounds many years ago, was in town last week, having been commissioned by Mr. Jas. Ross, of Montreal, to submit a plan for the improvement of the new hospital surroundings.

Local Orangemen are making big preparations for the coming July, when the brothers of the Victoria, Ontario, Durham and part of Ontario Counties will foregather in Lindsay to the number of 5,000 or 6,000 at least. It is estimated that we shall have 15,000 or 10,000 visitors within our gates on that day.

Orillia Times. The annual circular has been issued asking the citizens to assist in localizing the town by keeping their boulevards, etc., in proper condition, and refraining from throwing waste paper on the streets. Lindsay citizens are requested to take the hint without waiting for a special intimation.

Mr. Chas. Deymann, of Fenelon Falls, narrowly escaped losing an arm in Sandford's factory Wednesday. While operating a turning lathe the sleeve of his shirt was caught in the machine, drawing his arm around the shaft. He managed to extricate it, but not before it was considerably bruised.

The electrical storm of May 8th was practically the first of the season, and very severe for the short time it lasted. It passed to the north-east of the town, and several sharp, whip-like flashes of the electric fluid, led citizens to expect tales of damage, but so far they have not been recorded.

It has been pointed out to us that in a letter referring to the tenders for Sussex and Peel-sts. sewers a couple of wrong figures made the tenders of Messrs. Elkie and Hays appear ridiculously low in comparison with that of Mr. Bogus. The amounts should have read \$1850 and \$1876—not \$1180 and \$1176, as given.

Mr. S. Frank Wilson, of The Wilson Publishing Co., and son Murray Mr. C. Wilson, of the North-End, Toronto, and Mr. Geo. Wilson, ar, editor of The *Grand*, Port Hope, arrived in town May 8th in an automobile, and were the guests of Mr. G. H. Watson, of The Post. The machine has a 15 horse power motor and can be run from three to fifteen miles an hour, the speed being dependent upon the condition of the roads. They left this afternoon for Orillia.

The Salvation Army celebrate their annual Self-Denial effort during the present month. Last year over twenty-five thousand dollars was raised by the effort and expended on the Rescue Work of this country, and for the assistance of the poor in India during the period of their famine. The amount to be raised this year is twenty-eight thousand dollars, and considering the good the Army is doing the public should subscribe willingly to this great work. The S. A. is a good thing—help it along.

The Board of Works met on May 7th at 7.30 to award contracts for timber, cedar lumber, nails and cement. Mr. S. G. Parkin's tender for lumber, etc., was the lowest and was accepted. The prices are: hemlock plank \$19.00 per 1,000 feet, canton \$12, pine \$15, cedar \$12, Edwards & Co's. and McLennan & Co's. figures for nails were identical—out nails, \$2.60 per 100 lbs., wire, different sizes, \$2.20. The order will be divided between them. R. Bryans & Co., McLennan & Co., the Rathbun Co., and the Lakeland Cement Co. all had a bid for the 400 barrels of cement required for granolithic works, and the order was awarded by the Rathbun Co.

Another Medal for His Collection. Col. Duncan on May 8th received from the Militia Department his long service medal, issued to officers who have spent 25 years or more in the (Commonwealth) Forces. The medal is a very handsome one, oval in form, and is surrounded by the British coat of arms in gold, and in the center of the oval appears a large gold letter the monogram of our beloved Queen, "V.R.I." Around the face of the medal are the words, "Colonial Auxiliary Forces," and on the back, "Major and Lieut.-Col. Duncan 15th Regiment." The worthy Colonel prizes the medal very highly, although he has half-a-dozen more earned by gallant deeds in Belgium's army in all parts of the world. Capt. J. W. Wallace and Capt. Hester are also entitled to the long service medal and have either received them or will in the near future.

PERSONALS

—Mr. J. E. Eads, of Baddow, was in town Friday.

—Mr. Jas. McKenzie, of Orillia, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. H. Austin, of Fenelon Falls, was in town last week.

—Mr. Wm. Garfield, of Port Hope, was in town last week.

—Mr. J. D. Smith, of Port Hope, was in town last week.

—Mrs. M. W. Braddon, of Fenelon Falls, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Peel, of Bellevue, were in town last week.

—Rev. Mr. Fenning, of Minden, passed through to Toronto Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton, of Hamilton, are visiting friends in town.

—Mr. T. H. D-A-ow, of Fenelon Falls, was in town lately on business.

—Mr. Banker, of Hamilton, passed through Monday to Toronto.

—Mr. Hector McInnes, of Kirkfield, was in town Saturday on business.

—Mr. A. B. Clifford, miller, Cobden, was in town recently on business.

—Mr. B. Dingle, of Sylvester Bros. (Office staff), and son were in Toronto Monday.

—Mr. L. D. Taylor and Mrs. M. Taylor, of Chesham, were in town Friday.

—Mr. Chas. Sweet, of Toronto, travelled for McCall Bros., was home over Sunday.

—Messrs. Wm. Moore and J. Kennedy, of Bobcaygeon, were in town Friday.

—Mr. R. Wadell, of Peterboro, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Nesbitt, Russell-st.

—The Misses Laddie, of Orillia, were in town last week visiting friends.

—Mr. W. Hockin, of Toronto, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. N. Hockin, Sussex-st.

—Mrs. J. P. Donah, who had been visiting friends in Toronto, returned Saturday.

—Mrs. and Miss Connolly, Peel-st., left last week to visit friends in Pittsburgh, Pa.

—Mr. J. P. Taylor, druggist, New York, arrived Saturday to visit his mother in town.

—Mr. Percy McLennan, of the Geo. Matthews Co., Peterboro, was in town Monday on business.

—Mr. Geo. Dunford, who has been spending a few days in town, left Saturday for Uxbridge.

—Mr. and Mrs. Burke, of Hamilton, passed through lately to visit friends in Port Credit.

—Mr. T. H. McNicol and Mr. H. T. McIntosh, of Fenelon Falls, were in town Monday on business.

—Mr. Arthur White, of Toronto, general freight agent of the G.T.R., was in town Friday on business.

—Messrs. G. A. Chapman, Hammond, Lee and B. H. Stock, of Peterboro, spent Sunday with relatives in town.

—Mr. M. Gould, druggist, Fenelon Falls, spent Sunday in town with his uncle, Mr. H. J. Lytle, of the Ontario Bank.

—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Giffert, of Montreal, are at present visiting their sister, Mrs. P. Mitchell, 20 Wellington-st.

—Mr. Athan Johnston, of Toronto, representing Wyld, Darling & Co., was in town last week calling on his many customers.

—Mrs. Selver and Miss Selver, of Little Britain, and Mr. and Mrs. W. Townsend and Miss Percin, of Canoe, were in town Saturday.

—Miss Muggie Cairns left lately for Toronto where she will spend a couple of months at the Toronto College of Music to complete her studies.

—Mrs. J. R. McNellie left town last Monday for Morpeth, Ont., having received a message announcing the serious illness of her mother. (since deceased).

—Mrs. M. G. Gure, of Marshfield, town, who had been visiting Mrs. and Mrs. John Begley, town, and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Byrne, Ops, returned on Monday.

—Rev. C. A. Seager, of Toronto, was in town May 8th, returning from Fenelon Falls, where he conducted services on Sunday in the English church.

—Mr. J. P. Ryley, local agent for Frost & Wood, left town Tuesday for Brandon, Man. He is succeeded here as agent by Mr. Thos. McGilley.

—Mr. Lawrence Sylvester left on Monday for Prince Albert, N.W.T., where he will join Mr. Dickson's surveying party. He will be absent about six months.

—Mr. J. W. Blanchard, of Kilmount, was in town lately and gave The Post a pleasant call. He was on his way to Kingston to attend the funeral of a relative.

—Mr. Bruce G. McEunary, of Toronto, a former Lindsayite, spent a few days in town lately. Bruce is travelling for a Toronto electrical firm and is doing well.

—Our old and valued friend, Mr. Thos. Poley, of Oakwood, was in town lately making arrangements for an excursion under the auspices of the Order of Chosen Friends of that village on June 4th.

—Mr. Wm. Easmore, janitor of the Collegiate Institute, has been seriously ill for some time, and his condition is causing his friends much uneasiness. The staff and students in particular deplore the absence of the popular cure-laker.

Saturday's Market.

Fresh butter and eggs constituted the chief offerings at the market last Saturday, and the demand for the same was good. Following were the quotations: Butter 18c. per lb., eggs 11c. per doz., chickens 40c. to 50c. per pair, ducks 50c. to 70c. per pair, turkeys 11c. to 12c. per lb., lamb 18c. per lb., cream 20c. per quart and hay \$7 to \$9 per ton.

Arrested for Theft.

A man who has been in the employ of Mr. Geo. Lindsay as an ironer's help, and who has been passing under the name of Alf. Snider, was arrested on May 7th by Chief Newman on the strength of a description forwarded from Peterboro, where he is wanted for theft. It appears that his real name is Vankouhne, and under it he was arrested some six years ago at Orillia for bigamy by Constable Newman, then at Fenelon Falls, and was released before Constable Newman arrived from Peterboro, and was arrested on the strength of a description forwarded from Peterboro, where he is wanted for theft. It appears that his real name is Vankouhne, and under it he was arrested some six years ago at Orillia for bigamy by Constable Newman, then at Fenelon Falls, and was released before Constable Newman arrived from Peterboro, and was arrested on the strength of a description forwarded from Peterboro, where he is wanted for theft. 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After Work or Exercise

POND'S EXTRACT

Soothe tired muscles, remove soreness and stiffness and give the body a feeling of comfort and strength.

Don't take the weak, watery witch hazel preparations represented by the "same as" Pond's Extract, which easily sour and generally contain "wood alcohol," a deadly poison.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 16, 1902.

A Day in an Oxford College

INTERESTING LETTER FROM MR. E. J. KYLIE, STUDENT AT BALLIOL.

College Life and the Routine of Study and Sports—The Thames at Oxford no Mightier than the Scoug.

Oxford, Eng., April 29 (To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—Every morning at seven minutes to eight the bell of Balliol College awakens with a great clamor. Why it so rudely disturbs the silence, and why it always prolongs its discordant harmony for just seven minutes, I never should know, but I am anxious to enquire, for doubtless, like everything else about Balliol, even the covers of the books, it would puzzle itself. "Founded 1263 A.D." Midway in its outcry the bell becomes particularly vehement, then rings more slowly until its music dies away. When the last measured stroke sounds forth, the Balliol quadrangle assumes a new aspect; a moment before they lay calm and untroubled, with the sun's first rays upon the tops of their venerable trees; now they are alive with strange, grotesque figures. From each doorway in the gray stone walls fantastic shapes rush out, like men and yet unlike, in the dim morning light. They are clad in black gowns which cover a multitude of sins, their loose slippers clatter over the walks, as they crowd to the chapel door; they answer to their names, and prove themselves to be the College men. They were slumbering peacefully when the bell pealed forth; in the race they have beaten the ball and have made a "roll" white, in plain English, means that they have been credited with attendance at chapel.

Thus "The Day Begins in College." Not, in fact, that these are the first signs of life—an hour or two before the servants, who in college are called "the boys," make the fires and laid the breakfast tables in the rooms and each "scent" called the eight gentlemen in his charge on each side of a table, and each gentleman affirmed that he was wide awake and turned on the other side. But the bell has aroused nearly all, and soon the day's work must be commenced.

The morning is spent in having lectures or in holding much-dreaded interviews with the tutors. Every one must wear his cap and gown, and the highways and byways of this old University town are thronged with the black-robed students hurrying to an Afro between the many Colleges. The lectures are for the most part delivered in the College halls—those noble halls, with their lofty, massive roofs, their stained glass windows, and the portraits of England's most distinguished sons upon the walls. Some faces, more striking than the rest, carries the student's mind back through the centuries to the years when the great man sat at the same oaken table at which he sits now; he is roused from his reverie by the lecturer's closing words, and finds himself back in the living present, with his morning's work done.

After his hasty lunch the undergraduate prepares for sport. If he is a rowing man—and most men at some stage of their career take an oar—he hurries to the populous river. The Thames is fluted with the barges of the different Colleges, and every afternoon during autumn and winter, whatever the weather be, unless—as happens rarely—the water freezes, the river, which at Oxford is no mightier than the Scoug, is crowded with all kinds of craft, racing fours and eights, great "tubs" for business men, light shells, known as "whiffs," and even canoes, which are naively called "Canacs." Everywhere covens command or exhorting or upbraid. "Put your oar in the water, man—what do you think the Lord made the water for?" is the common form of address. The patient must take all the scolding mildly, in fact, the average undergraduate who comes from a great Public School knows so thoroughly the importance of implicit obedience to coaches and captains that he never thinks of "kicking" in his games. Of course, he has never had to.

Deal With a Baseball Umpire.

The many playing fields, all so beautifully kept, are no less crowded than the river; here two teams are competing in Association football, which in Oxford is known as "soccer"; there the constant scrapping shows that the game is "rugger," while on some narrower grounds other men are playing grass hockey, which is simply a feeble imitation of the splendid Canadian winter game. He would be a very versatile athlete indeed who would not be satisfied with the variety of games played at the English Universities. Lacrosse is the latest innovation at Cambridge. Of course rowing continues to be the most popular sport. The height of the normal undergraduate ambition is to row in the University boat, which is an honor unspeakably great. But whatever a man's tastes may be, he gratifies them with solemn regularity every afternoon. Only a few do nothing or at most take their pet dogs for an airing.

Wh a he has gathered himself out at his exercise the student remembers that he is invited out to tea, or has asked some one in, and hearing one of the countless bells in the city strike the hour, he hurries home.

Tea is a Very Jolly Meal.

Four or five men gather around a cheerful grate fire and gossip over their tea. Whatever they discuss they seldom let the talk flag, and by this meeting and conversation deepen their friendship. The hour be-

twelve ten and seven o'clock dinner is by general agreement sacred to study. The college-bell summons all to dinner, conveying a much more welcome message than it did in the evening, when the students, who have been during the morning, they had laid aside during the afternoon, sent themselves on the benches at the long oaken table. On a platform at the end of the hall stands the "high table" at which the members of the faculty dine. Surprisingly attractive. There are always more men in and when the master enters they give him a stirring salute. Each man grasps his knife and fork tightly in his hands and pounds the tables until the glasses ring, and a welcome din arises.

After dinner on Sunday there is a splendid concert in Balliol Hall; on the other evenings of the week the men attend a meeting of a College Debating Club or of the University Union Society, or read in their own rooms.

It is a fixed precept never to commence work immediately after dinner, hence an hour is generally spent in visiting or entertaining friends and drinking coffee. To any visitors who may drop in later in the evening, the proper beverage to offer is two or three hours' study, and that they choose the side which permits them to speak as they feel makes the debate particularly vigorous and interesting. Of course the Union cultivates an

Oratorical Style of its Own, and the speakers often go so far in their search for striking epigrams and finely turned phrases that they lose sight of the subject. But that as it may, the speeches are always interesting and instructive.

After the Union men return to their own colleges. If they have ventured out without cap and gown, they keep a keen lookout for the proctors, in fear of being "proceeded." The proctors are University officials who, accompanied by a body-guard of servants, frequent the streets to punish any breach of the University rules. If a man avoids a proctor, and thereby saves a sum of five shillings he comes to his college door and kicks the bottom of it; the porter opens it and takes down his name. After 9.15 he is fined a penny, after ten two pence, after eleven three pence, and after twelve—well, he is shut out and must visit the authorities in the morning, unless, indeed, he risks his neck and climbs through some window. However he does it, he must be in bed when his scout calls him in the morning, and must be ready to begin another day.

Thus the days pass, uniform in character enough, yet always bringing new experiences and new friends. They glide by so quickly that the eight weeks of term seem like a happy dream. The day of closing comes; the men flee, some to the continent, some to quiet places on the sea-coast, where they can read undisturbed. Oxford is silent and peaceful, with her college deserted, her streets emptied of their black-robed throng, her calm rivers and sleeping meadows no longer ringing with the shouts of joyful youths. The visitor can roam at will through college halls and chapels, and can peep into kitchens, which, as Lamb says, "might have cooked for Chaucer."

25,000 WERE KILLED

Frightful Result of Earthquake in Martinique.

TOWN OF ST. PIERRE WIPED OUT.

Almost All Its Inhabitants Were Killed—All the Shipping of the Port Destroyed—Quebec Steamship Company's Steamer Roraima Mentioned as Lost—British Steamer Roddam Almost Completely Wrecked.

St. Thomas, D.W.I., May 8.—(7 p.m.)—The British steamer Roddam, Capt. Freeman, which left St. Lucia Wednesday for Martinique, returned to the dock at 5 o'clock this afternoon. The Roddam brings report that the town of St. Pierre, Martinique, has been totally destroyed, as a result of the volcanic disturbances in the island. Almost all the inhabitants of St. Pierre are said to have been killed. The Roddam reports that all the shipping in the port has been destroyed. The Quebec Steamship Company's steamer Roraima is mentioned as having been lost, with all on board. The Roddam was almost completely wrecked. Her captain was seriously burned and 17 of her crew are dead.

The steamer Roraima, Capt. Muggah, left New York April 26 for St. Thomas, where she arrived May 2. From St. Thomas she proceeded for St. Croix, Demerara, etc.

The town of St. Pierre, the commercial capital of the French island of Martinique, is on the west coast. The port there has only an open roadstead. The town has a population of about 25,000.

Mrs. Allen Acquitted.

Toronto, May 8.—Mrs. Lucy Allen was acquitted in the Police Court yesterday of the charge of theft preferred by Mrs. Rachael Wolfe, her former employer.

Won 2,550 Sovereigns.

London, May 8.—Carabine won the Chester Cup (handicap), of 2,550 sovereigns, for 3-year-olds and upward, at the Chester meeting yesterday.

Went to Glasgow.

Ottawa, May 8.—Dr. Hopkins, V. S., will represent the Dominion Department of Agriculture in Great Britain, with office in Glasgow.

BRILLIANT PASSAGE PRESAGED.

The Leaving of the Parisian For the Coronation on June 7.

Quebec, Que., May 8.—The voyage of the steamship Parisian from this port on Saturday, June 7, gives every promise of being one of the most brilliant passages ever made from Canadian shores. The Parisian will take out the coronation contingent, besides a large number of civilian passengers, the Governor-General and two or three members of His Excellency's household. The whole military party will embark at 7 o'clock in the evening.

On Saturday, June 14, the Ministers, with the exception of Hon. Dr. Borden, will sail for the coronation on the Tunisian. The Minister of Militia, with Mrs. Borden, will cross the Atlantic on the Allan Line steamship sailing from Montreal on May 31.

Lawlessness on French shore.

St. John's, Nfld., May 8.—The residents of St. George, on the French shore, complain bitterly of the depredations practiced by the French fishermen who recently arrived there. No warships are yet on the coast, and the lawlessness of the Frenchmen is unchecked. Local fishermen are compelled to carry guns in their boats in order to protect their herring nets. An extra force of police has been ordered to the scene to prevent further trouble.

Dr. Webb Dismisses Syndicate.

New York, May 8.—Dr. W. Seward Webb issued a statement last night, in which he said: "In view of the many conflicting rumors that have been circulated in regard to the relations existing between the Dominion Securities Company, the Cape Breton Railway Company, Mr. A. L. Meyer and myself, I desire to say that there never has been any such thing as a 'Webb-Meyer syndicate.'"

Machinists' 10 P.C. Increase.

Montreal, May 10.—The C. P. R. machinists east of Port William have been given a 10 per cent. increase in their wages. They number about 500 men.

A TRENTON TRIUMPH FOR DR. PITCHER.

Mrs. W. H. Alexander of that town suffered from a serious attack of catarrh of the bladder, had swelling of the hands and feet, pain in the back, dizzy spells, and general weakness.

Patent medicines and local doctors' treatment didn't do much good. Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets worked wonders, making a complete cure.

Mr. Jas. Shurie, the Trenton druggist who sold Mrs. Alexander the Tablets, confirms what she says of her case.



MRS. W. H. ALEXANDER.

The many friends of Mrs. W. H. Alexander, of Trenton, Ont., were much pleased to see her around and well again, after suffering greatly for two or three years from a complication of kidney and bladder troubles, which ordinary patent medicines and treatments failed to benefit.

Mrs. Alexander, when spoken to about the means of her recovery, unhesitatingly gave all the praise to Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets, the new scientific treatment for kidney troubles which is making so many remarkable cures in all parts of the country.

MRS. ALEXANDER'S STATEMENT.

"Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets I consider a great boon to sufferers from kidney trouble. For two or three years I was greatly troubled with pain in my back. At times it became so severe that I was hardly able to get around and do my work. In fact, some months I could not do it at all. I used several preparations which were highly recommended by friends, but found very little relief from them, and afterwards became worse than before until I seemed to be afflicted with all kinds of ailments—a distressing pain in the stomach, sick headache, and occasionally swelling of the hands and feet. The headache became so persistent and severe I concluded I had neuralgia. Then came the bladder troubles and complications. I called in my doctor, and he diagnosed the case as catarrh of the bladder. He treated me and helped me at first, but the benefit was not lasting. I would at times have dizzy spells, dark spots floated before my eyes, such feeling, and a nagging steady pain in the loins. I again started using patent medicines, and this time made up my mind to give them a thorough trial. I took ten boxes of one well-known kidney pill, but they did not touch my case. One day a little boy threw a book in my door, advertising Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets. In a joke I asked him if he had any samples. The gentleman accompanying him, who proved to be a representative of Dr. Pitcher, heard the question, and he told me if I would send to the hotel, he would be pleased to give me a sample. I had lost all faith in medicine, but seeing that the gentleman was in earnest and so confident that the Tablets would help me, I got him to send me a bottle.

I read the book carefully and took that bottle of Tablets according to directions. It seemed strange, realizing the condition I was in, but before that bottle was finished I was a changed woman. I went to Mr. Shurie's drug store, and purchased another bottle, and after taking this second one, I happened to call on a friend who expressed surprise at the change in my appearance. Formerly I had a pained, weary expression, but now, as I felt well, I could not help showing it. Although not completely cured, I felt that Dr. Pitcher's Tablets were working wonders for me. I continued their use for some time, taking in all ten bottles, but I did not begrudge the cost in the slightest, for had they not succeeded in giving me temporary relief I would have been completely and permanently cured me.

My son, a young man about 16 years of age, who works in the paint shop, and is subject to severe headache at times on account of the absorption into the system of the lead and turpentine, says that these Tablets just suit him, and he always keeps them in the house now.

I have recommended the Tablets to several of my friends, among whom was Mrs. Geo. Huyek, of Dundas Street, who tells me they are the best remedy she has ever taken.

I cannot too highly recommend Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets to all those who may be suffering as I was, and you are at liberty to use my name and testimonial in any way you choose.

(Signed) "MRS. W. H. ALEXANDER."

WHAT MR. SHURIE, Druggist, Says:

When Mr. Jas. Shurie, the well-known Trenton druggist, was spoken to about Mrs. Alexander's case, he readily confirmed what she said, and gladly gave the following statement for publication:

"I know Mrs. Wm. Alexander, of Francis Street, and can endorse what she says of her cure by Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets. She purchased the Tablets from me, and has heard her frequently speak of the great benefit she derived from their use."

(Signed) "JAS. SHURIE."

The many well-authenticated cases we are publishing of cures of severe kidney trouble put doubt out of the question as to the efficacy of Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets for backache, lame or weak back, swelling of the hands and feet, spots or mist before the eyes, dizziness, brick dust deposits in the urine, acid or irritating frequent calls during the day or night, catarrh of the bladder, uric acid in the blood, rheumatism, unnatural drowsiness, bad taste in the mouth, dragging pains in the loins, weakness of the kidneys in children and old people, and all forms of kidney, bladder and urinary diseases. Women who suffer from the effects of kidney derangement can find no other remedy that will do them so much good as these Tablets. They are chocolate-coated, small in size, easy to take, and never fail to give prompt relief. Fifty Tablets in a bottle. Price 50 cents, or three bottles for \$1.25. Sent at all druggists, or sent by mail. The Dr. Zina Pitcher Co., Toronto, Ont.

CESTRIAN'S SAILING

First of Fourth Contingent to Sail on Friday or Saturday.

ANOTHER CANADIAN IS DEAD

Trooper E. H. Paton, Toronto, Succumbs to Enteric Fever—William Brock, Newmarket, Dangerously Ill—Condition of Other Canadians Who Are Wounded and Ill—Capt. Elmsley's Tribute to Heroes.

Ottawa, May 7.—The following casualties have been reported to His Excellency the Governor-General by the Casualty Department in South Africa:

William Brock, South African Constabulary, dangerously ill of enteric fever at Pretoria, May 3. His mother is Mrs. J. Brock, Newmarket, Ont.

Ernest Hugh Paton, South African Constabulary, died of enteric fever May 2nd, at Pretoria. His father is Mr. Hugh Paton, waterworks department, Toronto.

William G. Shanks, South African Constabulary, leg amputated, dangerously ill at Potchefstroom, May 4. His brother is T. Shanks of Pettipiece, Manitoba.

E. Hodswahl, 2nd C.M.R., ill of enteric fever at Pietermaritzburg, will shortly rejoin his regiment. Redswell belongs to Medicine Hat.

Pte. M. Murphy, Peterboro, and A. Pearson, Toronto, the former wounded at Hart's River and the latter ill of enteric are still in hospital.

Official Notice of Evans' Heroic Death.

Port Hope, May 7.—The following is a letter just received by James Evans, Harbor Master, from Captain Elmsley of E Squadron, 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles: To James Evans, Esq., Port Hope, Ont.:

Sir,—It is my painful duty to report the death of your son who was killed in action on March 31, 1902, near Breckspruit. Lieut. Carruthers, who was with him when he died, stated that he behaved in a most gallant manner, being shot twice he still continued firing, and though his troop was overpowered by a large party of Boers, he broke his rifle before he surrendered. He died from his wounds a few hours after being brought into camp.

I hope you will accept the greatest regret from my officers and self in the loss of your gallant son, which loss will be greatly felt throughout my squadron.

J. H. ELMSELEY, Capt. Commanding E Squadron, 2nd C.M.R.

Shot Twice Before Killed.

Brantford, May 7.—Capt. Elmsley, writing to Mrs. Sherritt concerning the death of her son, Alf. Sherritt, says:

"Lance-Corporal Sherritt behaved in a most gallant manner, when his troop was surprised, and greatly outnumbered by a large party of Boers. Lieut. Carruthers, who was near him when shot, states that, though wounded, he handled his men splendidly, and greatly assisted him before he was shot a second time and killed."

Third Regiment Inspected.

Halifax, May 7.—The 3rd Regiment of the C.M.R., Col. Williams in command, was inspected yesterday by Major-General O'Grady-Haly, who expressed himself as much pleased with the men's appearance.

The men may not be able to get away on Thursday. It is thought she will not be ready till Friday or Saturday. The ship will be provisioned for forty days, and large refrigerators have been built for the fresh meat. Three and a half pounds of meat, salt and fresh, for each man is the allowance, and, accordingly, about 100,000 pounds of meat will be taken along. Fresh water enough for the trip will be taken on board, so that it will not be necessary to use condensed water. The meals will all be cooked on board every day, a big staff of cooks having been engaged.

Given the D.S.O.

Halifax, May 7.—Three thousand people assembled in the Armouries last night to witness the presentation of the distinguished service order to Major H. B. Stairs of Halifax, who was in South Africa with the first contingent. All the militia battalions paraded, and the presentation was made by Lieut.-Governor Jones.

THE TEMISKAMING RAILWAY.

First Sod Will Be Turned Saturday at North Bay.

Toronto, May 7.—The first sod of the Temiskaming Railway will be turned on Saturday at North Bay by Hon. F. R. Latchford, Commissioner of Public Works. It is expected that many prominent gentlemen will be present on the occasion.

There will be no excursion to the Temiskaming this season, according to Thomas Southworth, Director of Colonization, who states that the influx to that country is sufficiently large until railway accommodation is provided.

There Will Be No Strike.

New York, May 7.—Presidents of the leading anthracite coal roads as well as some of the more important independent producers held a conference of several hours' duration in this city yesterday.

The strength of the coal stocks in the afternoon, together with the emphatic statement of a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., that there will be no strike were accepted as proof that pacific action will be taken at the miners' convention to be held in Scranton to-day.

The Great Duties of the Hour.

Chicago, May 8.—Dr. Hale, to the students of Chicago University, said yesterday that the construction of a four-track railway from Labrador to Patagonia; a similar road across Europe and Asia; the Cape to Cairo Road; the faithful treatment of race questions, and the doctrine of universal peace were the great duties of the hour.

The Victoria Loan and Savings Company

HEAD OFFICE LINDSAY, ONT.

Now is the time to consider the question of buying or building a house of your own. If you are able to pay down a portion of the purchase price we will advance the balance and allow you to repay in monthly payments, which is equivalent to rent with this difference, that in time the property is your own.

LOANS also made on farm property at lowest current rates.

Office Hours—9 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. daily.

WM. FLAVELLE, President, JAMES LOW, Manager.

The RUDD HARNESS Co Sells Cheap for Cash.

A good set of Single Harness from \$7.00 up.
Sweat Pads for 25c.
A Whip, Rawhide from Butt to Cracker, for 35c.
Team Collars, Leather or Cloth for \$2.50.
Curry Comb and Brush for 10c a piece.

Remember we do all kinds of repairing, especially refacing old collars.
Call and inspect our stock. No trouble to show our goods.
Everything Guaranteed Satisfactory.

H. J. LITTLE, Manager,
[Little's Old Stand, Lindsay.]

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Weak, Nervous, Discased Men.

Thousands of Young and Middle Aged Men are annually swept to a premature grave through early indiscretions and later excesses. Self abuse and Constitutional Decay Diseases have raised and wrecked the life of many a promising young man. Have you any of the following symptoms: Nervous and Dependent; Tired in Morning; No Ambition; Memory Poor; Easily Fatigued; Excitable and Irritable; Eyes Blurred; Pimples on the Face; Dreams and Drains at Night; Restless; Haggard Looking; Bloated; Sore Throat; Hair Loose; Pains in the Back; Loss of Energy and Strength; Eyes; Lifeline; Distrustful and Lack of Energy and Strength.

Old New Method Treatment will build you up mentally, physically and sexually. Cures Guaranteed or no Pay.

25 YEARS IN DETROIT. BANK SECURITY.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.

A NERVOUS WRECK—A HAPPY LIFE.

"I live on a farm. At school I learned an early habit, which weakened me physically, sexually and mentally. Family Doctors said I was going into 'decline' (Consumption). Finally, 'The Golden Monitor,' edited by Drs. Kennedy & Kergan, fell into my hands. I learned the truth and cause. Self abuse had sapped my vitality. I took their New Method Treatment and was cured. My friends think I was cured of Consumption. I have sent them many patients, all of whom were cured. Their New Method Treatment supplies vigor, vitality and manhood."

Consultation Free. Books Free. Write for Quotations Blank for Home Treatment.

Drs. Kennedy & Kergan, 148 Shelby Street, Detroit, Mich.

K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K

Campbell's China Hall---Lindsay

Is the only store in town devoted exclusively to China, Crockery and Glassware. Immediately in rear of our Kent-st. store and fronting on William-st., we have placed a separate store at the disposal of this department and we are giving it special attention. We carry a large and complete stock that cannot be equalled in town. Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Bedroom Sets, Fancy China for Wedding Presents, etc.

A VISIT WILL INTEREST YOU.

Arch. Campbell,

GROCERIES, KENT-ST., CHINA HALL, WILLIAM-ST.

Page Metal Ornamental Fence. We now make ornamental, very showy and surprisingly cheap. It is just what is wanted for door yards, division fences in town lots, grave yards, orchards, etc. It is painted and costs only 20 cts. PER RUNNING FOOT. Just think of it. Let us send you full particulars. We also make farm fences, poultry setting, rails and staples.

The Page Wire Fence Co., Limited, Walkerville, Ont.

Retiring

FROM STORE BUSINESS

After 18 years conducting general store, commencing on a small scale in 1884 and gradually growing, until the year 1901 was the largest business by over \$3,000 over transacted in the store, and equal to over 5 times the amount of the first year's turnover.

We now desire to express our thanks to the many customers and friends and assure them of our appreciation of the loyal support given to the business, making the growth a present proportion possible, but being interested in other lines of business, arrangements have been made to leave the store to Pascoe Bros., to 1st July next, who will continue the business without interruption from that date. Mr. Wm. T. Pascoe will also continue weekly trips with egg wagon during the season and arrangements will be made to redeem all our due bills either in cash or trade as desired.

THE STOCK MUST BE REDUCED AT ONCE.

OVER \$10,000 WORTH OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE TO BE SOLD OFF.

Prices in every department will be cut to make it worth while buying large parcels. Stocks are complete in every department and it will pay to come a distance while stocks are complete. Staff of salesmen has been increased to give prompt attention during this sale. Terms Cash or Trade. Highest Prices paid for WOOL, POTATOES, BUTTER and EGGS. Potatoes delivered at Mariposa station, other produce at the store.

All accounts on the books will be rendered on 1st May, when prompt settlement will oblige, as books must be closed at once.

BINDER TWINER—McCormick, Pure Manila and Sisal; car load just to hand and will be kept on hand both at Elevator and Oakwood during harvest. CASH WILL BE PAID FOR ABOVE PRODUCE ALSO.

Hogg Bros., Oakwood

Ten Years' Trial

The Story of a Soldier's Struggle

By Brigadier General
Charles King

Copyright, 1901, by Charles King

CHAPTER I.

The sunshine of a glorious autumn morning was slanting along the valley of the Pawnee, throwing bold shadows into the flats and lighting the landscape for miles with crimson and gold. The dew sparkling on the wild "bull" berry bushes, on tufted buffalo grass and tiny daisies mantled the bluffs with diamonds and was still so strong as to frost its one enemy, the sun god. The frost had smitten the scant foliage on the banks of the winding stream, and the leaves had donned their glaucous hues, setting forth their richest color—as the swan reserves its song—to meet the universal conqueror. The mist rose slowly from the silent, shal- low pools, and from distant village and from the neighboring heights the smoke of chimney or campfire soared straight to the skies. It was a morning to send the blood leaping through young veins and to brighten the eye of age, a morning in which all nature seemed to rejoice and all mankind to thank God for the joy of living. Yet in the midst of a scene of such peace and health and hope there stood alone a man, still young, from whose face hope, peace, even health, apparently, had fled and whose attitude was one of utter grief and dejection. He was leaning against a branching willow, gazing into the depths of the broad pool of the Pawnee just above the rapids with God alone knows what thoughts seething through his brain, when the silence of the morning was broken by sudden, stirring sound. Close at hand from the willows across the stream there rang out loud and clear the call of a cavalry trumpet, followed almost instantly by the appearance of half a dozen horsemen moving at steady walk from a break in the timber and descending the gentle slope to the ford. Foremost rode a powerfully built soldier in the field uniform of the United States horse. Behind, side by side, came two young soldiers, all three evidently officers. Then followed a brace of troopers—orderlies or grooms—and a jaunty lad with the yellow braid and glistening trumpet slung from the shoulder. Straight through the ford the leader splashed, looking neither to right nor left, the sunlight peering under his hat brim and cresting with gold his bushy eyebrows and bristling mustache. Straight at his heels followed his little party, and then from the same opening in the willows there burst into view the head of a column of cavalry, moving at the same measured pace and with the same erect and martial bearing.

At the first sound of the trumpet the lonely figure at the edge of the pool darted back out of view and, bending low, stood where by peering through the bushes the column could be kept in sight, but when a moment later the fluttering guidon of the foremost troop came suddenly flaunting into the sunshine, all its brilliant color instantly enhanced, some intense emotion seemed to seize upon the lonely watcher. Rising to his full height, with his clinched hands thrown above his head, he whirled about and, with an inarticulate cry, sank like a stricken bull to earth and lay face downward and buried in his arms, his whole form shaken with sobs.

Troop after troop, until the fourth had passed, the squadron crossed the ford and moved steadily up the southward slope, following a winding road that led to the group of buildings crowning the height, and still the young man lay there. Over beyond the low line of bluff to the west a cloud of dust began to rise, and there was sound of martial music. A tall flag-staff, looking like a slim white arrow, pierced the sky line from that westward crest, and the little bit of bunting fluttering at its summit was suddenly lowered, only to be replaced a moment later by a symbol that told it was some unusual occasion at the post, the arrival perhaps of some dignitary of superior rank, and in confirmation of this view, as the great garrison flag swung up to the head of the staff, the earth trembled and the boom of a battery salute throbbed on the ear. Then there was no change in the attitude of the sufferer unless it were that he buried his face still deeper in his arms, but all of a sudden he started, half raised his head and listened.

Somewhere up stream a clear, powerful voice was shouting:

"Langdon! Eric, old chap! For God's sake, where are you?"

Hurriedly the listener drew his handkerchief hard across his eyes, shaking his head in the effort to put his finger together. But he gave no answer.

Presently the call was repeated, louder, nearer, and now bounding hoof beats could be heard.

"Eric, I say! Eric!"

There was something almost commanding in the cry, and still no answer came from the man, who evidently recognized both voice and name, to whom indeed the former seemed to bring a bit of hope or help or comfort, for the utter despond in his pale, sad face was lightened the veriest trifle. Yet he turned again toward the river, as though resolute to ignore the summons.

The next instant, glad and winsome in the sunshine at the edge of the timber, there galloped into sight a young officer whose brave blue eyes and ruddy cheeks and fair, crisply curling hair would have invited more than a single glance while the grace of his strong

yet slender form and his capital seat in saddle would have made him marked even among a score of his fellows. He rode with utter abandon, leaping his mettlesome, excited horse over the few obstacles along the fringe of willows as though he and his steed had wings and this was as easy as flying.

"Eric! Eric Langdon, I say!" rang out the brave young voice once more, and then, as a gleam of the sunshine shot through the willows, his eagerly searching eyes caught sight of the lone figure, the object of his morning scout.

In an instant he had sprung from saddle.

"Eric—you—you— he began in almost boyish eagerness. "Stand where you are, Ronald!" he commandingly spoke to his beautiful horse and then, unhesitatingly leaving him without fastening of any kind, fairly leaped into the timber and to the side of his friend. Whipping off his gauntlet, he held forth his bared hand.

"Remember Old Spot's story, Eric; what we used to hear from those cavalry fellows—never give a gloved hand if you want to talk business with Indian or friend? Old man, you—you," and for a moment he paused partly for breath, partly for words, and the bright blue eyes seemed suspiciously near brimming, "you've given me a bad night and a awful morning. If it hadn't been for Melville, God bless him, I don't know what I'd done. He saw I was just all upset. He said, 'You may find him down by the river.' He said there'd be half an hour before review and for me to tell you for him—by him, by heaven!"—and here the young soldier's emotion was too much for his eyes—"that you mustn't think of going until he had had a chance to say a word of friendship. Eric, what more do you need to keep you from giving us all the slip?"

Almost impulsively the elder turned, tears starting into his own haggard eyes.

"Did Melville say that, Rodney? Do you say I'm not making it better than he did—God bless him anyway—in your loyal effort to—comfort me?"

"Swear to it, Eric, if need be, and I know it's what you deserve to hear." Then, with rueful smile: "Even if you did try to pull out without giving any fellow a chance. I missed you just after 1—just after the Brocktons' function broke up. Woodrow and I scouted over to your room the moment we could get away, and there was your luggage all packed, but no sign of you. Couldn't find Hurlienne either—wish you could have seen that old nigger sitting on the back steps crying this morning—so I started through the post, scouting everywhere I thought you might be except—except—" And here an honest blush went up to the young fellow's brows. "Well, it was 3 o'clock when I left a note for you in the old room and 5 when I got in there again and found my note there, but not you, only old Hurlienne boohooing at the back. Listen! Yes, there goes adjutant's call. Eric, I may tell Melville you'll come? Steady there, Ronald!" he interjected, for the spirited charger, well knowing the call, had whirled about and was pawing and snorting in manifest impatience. His owner moved to his side, but his eyes never left the form of his friend.

It was a moment before the latter could speak. Meantime the young lieutenant had vaulted into saddle and was



A brilliant spectacle lay before the eyes of Eric Langdon.

at once caressing and controlling his pet, who was fretting and plunging in his eagerness to gallop to his place "in battery."

"May, tell the major I thank him with all my heart. I shall be there."

And now Ronald sprang away like a deer, shooting up the slope toward the west as though life had no higher joy than a hand gallop. Lieutenant May turned in the saddle to wave a friendly hand to the figure standing at the edge of the willows. Then horse and rider in long, easy curve rounded the shoulder of the bluff and skimmed out of sight.

Half an hour later a brilliant spectacle lay before the eyes of Eric Langdon. It was one to thrill and delight even an unprofessional eye, but this was the eye of a practiced soldier, to whom every detail was familiar, a soldier who many a time had taken active part up to within three months prominent part in similar pageants. Now it was the will of the law that he should be cut off from further participation in scenes of the kind. By the stern edict

of a court martial duly confirmed by the order of the president himself Langdon stood summarily dismissed from the military service of the United States.

It was a sad, sad story. It had its parallels; it may have more, but there was no finer young soldier in the first battalion of cadets, and great were the prophecies of class mates. Indeed, the instructors—when Langdon's name came up for discussion. The corps commander and cheered him on graduation day when a great public official in handing the handsome cadet captain his diploma took occasion to say that a young gentleman who could ride and drill as he could ought to be most welcome to the finest regiment in creation, and a very pretty girl sitting close to Senator Spotts, a ponderous member of the board of visitors, whispered to that veteran beau:

"Now, there's a man I should like to know."

And so it happened that before the graduating class were fairly out of cadet uniform and into their first "civies" a messenger in the shape of the official order of the commandant of cadets came to Eric Langdon to "invite" his presence at the quarters of that high official, and there he was presented anew to the distinguished senator to whom he, in company with his classmates, had already made the orthodox and conventional homage required of the graduating cadet to the board of visitors, and now the senator, all smiles, led forward an extremely pretty and vivacious damsel. "Mr. Langdon," said he, "this young lady has fallen in love with the corps in general and your—horsemanship in particular, and I know you will be delighted to reciprocate."

It was an odd moment for Langdon. He would have been at a loss to know what to do or say had not the girl herself, with merry words and laughter, relieved the situation of its embarrassment.

That was the beginning. They met frequently that summer. They parted in the fall, when he went to his regiment, he utterly infatuated, she half delighted, half regretful. She couldn't think of marrying in the army, she said. She admired it and him of all things, but that was all. Twice in that first year he managed to get leave and to go to her and plead again. He had some little money beyond his pay. He felt that he could support her in comfort, but he little dreamed of the scope of her desires. He was kept blind to the fact that she had hopes and ambitions far beyond his. Then one day the sudden death of a senator shocked the community, and Langdon, reading the news, never imagined the influence it was to have on his life. His letter of condolence to her brought an answer that was more than kind. Their marriage was sudden, but immensely "swell." She came with him to the regiment a few months, "stunning" everybody by the elegance of her toilet and the extravagance of her ideas. Then she declared she could not bear garrison life and pinned for Washington. She got him a detail on staff duty, and he would not go. His place, he said, for a few years at least must be with the regiment. She went without him, and presently he was bombarded with bills the payment of which swamped him—took his last cent. It mattered little, she said. Senator Spotts' only sister, his elder by several years, was to leave her every penny, and indeed in the hard times for him that followed more than once that he knew of and more than twice that he knew not of that sorely tried maiden came to his rescue with checks of startling size. Then there came rumors that the lovely if volatile Mrs. Langdon was flirting desperately at the capital, and one of the very best young "duty" officers in the regiment was beginning to look haggard and skabby. She got him to sign notes far beyond his pay to meet her needs, promising that "Cousin Spotts" would meet the notes. They began to fall due just as that amiable lady was taken to her grave, and then the will was contested, the legal heirs won, and Mrs. Langdon had to begin parting with jewelry, not to meet these notes, but her own cravings. Then came more bills, more debts, morphine.

Such were three years of Eric Langdon's married life. The next and last was the worst. Striving all the time to stick to his duty and keep up appearances, he was wearing himself out in the vain hope that his military record for efficiency might offset the terrible stigma of these pressing debts. Now the creditors were becoming importunate and raining their complaints upon his colonel and the war department. No matter how or by whom contracted, the debts were held to be his, that he was accountable for all. By the time he was 27 and finishing his fourth year of service with the regiment Eric Langdon looked like the patriarch of the subalterns, with his lining face and sad dark eyes, and when during the next year the news came that his wretched helpmate—save the mark—had breathed her last in a "retreat" everybody said, "Blessed relief."

And yet, poor lad, he mourned her and went and wept over her grave. Then he came back to the regiment to face curious glances and those thousands of debt. Among the junior officers there were a few brave boys like Woodrow and Rodney May who strove to cheer and sustain him. But Torrance, who had "struck it rich" at Fortress Monroe and married an insane young woman of much wealth, was intolerant of a fellow at his wife's end for money, and there was a captain in the garrison who developed into one of Langdon's persecutors. This was Felix Nathan. Nobody in 1870 could have traced Nathan's antecedents. He shunned the topic himself and left to others the comforting theory that they were in some way connected with the pawnshop. He had been commissioned in the infantry at the instance of the Hon. Mr. Steinmeyer, who represented in congress a wealthy if inconspicuous district in New York. He found a few

months sojourn in a fighting regiment on the far frontier so utterly to his taste—the mere mention of Indians would turn him livid long years after—that when the army was reorganized he literally bought a transfer into the artillery, where the splendor of his attire and a certain Germanic cast of feature won him the title of "the Baron" or sometimes Herr von Fertigen Kleider. Certain pecuniary loans with which he favored some of his new found comrades gave him at first a glamour as of generosity. The remorse-



Sent Torrance crashing over the table. Less rigor with which full payment was later exacted—at most inconvenient times and conspicuous places—removed the glamour.

But the artillery works and polishes. Nathan had to work, drill and study. He was no fool. He labored with his dancing master and speedily shone in both the ballroom and in ballistics. They had sent him to Fortress Monroe in hopes of damping his desire to remain in the artillery, and he mastered the course with comparative ease. They "put up jobs" at his expense at mess by the introduction of sausage and spareribs in undue proportion, and Nathan said he feared they didn't leave the wood from the head, sent "home," he said, for dainties and amazed them with the quality and quantity of sausages shipped to him.

And then in course of time he cut in and won the heiress of the season, and that marriage made him. His wife had most influential connections. They frequently spent summers at Bar Harbor or Newport. They had the most sumptuously furnished quarters in garrison and very "swell" visitors much of the time. They entertained lavishly, and so it came about that their social supremacy was established, not without protest, but it was no use "kicking against the pricks."

All the same, Nathan was mean. He lavished his cigars and champagne on certain of his callers and treated with cold courtesy the others. His wife's chums, if she had any, in the regiment were the two or three whose gowns sometimes nearly matched her own. They distinctly "put on airs" over their fellows, and for a time a weakening of a post commander permitted it, but that was before Melville's day, and Melville was a regimental adjutant.

One thing Nathan hated Langdon for was the fact that the latter could "take the battery" and make it do anything. He was a consummate drillmaster and handler of men. Things never went so well as when the captain stepped aside and the lieutenant took command. Regimental critics twitted Nathan with the fact, and it made him furious. If anything could have helped Langdon, it would have been service under some other commander. There were three other captains who would have been glad of his services, but Nathan refused to allow the exchange. Time and again there were sharp disagreements between them, and thrice when Langdon had to appeal the decision went in his favor.

By this time the battery had been made a part of the great western garrison on the Pawnee, where two squadrons of cavalry and four "light" or mounted batteries formed the main features of the command. A veteran dragon officer was at the head of affairs, a man with much conscience and little sympathy, and the way he "sailed in," as the boys said, to polish up the entire military establishment was a caution. The Nathans gave a sumptuous dinner in his honor about the first thing, and the colonel plucked into Nathan within 48 hours all along of the condition of his horses, to the intense joy of the uninvited, because this was the last thing that dinner was supposed to bring about. Nathan accepted the criticism and said he could not help himself, his lieutenants were so careless. It was at this time that renewed complaints came to headquarters concerning the nonpayment of those notes. Poor Langdon was setting aside a portion of his mortgaged stipend and sending it each month to "preferred" creditors, but the others kept up the growl, and it must be admitted that along about this stage of the game in his grief and despond Nathan had sought solace at times in whisky. All this Nathan reported to his chief when asked about the financial status of his subalterns. Had old "Cat o' Nine Tails," the post commander, consulted the veteran major, who had but recently arrived and assumed command of the batteries, he would have heard a different tale, for Melville knew a soldier and a gentleman when he saw one, and his sorrow for Langdon was expressed in something deeper than words. He made him come to his quarters and spend an evening or two. His wife, his children and a very interesting niece—all seemed to take a hand in Langdon's entertainment, but it lasted only a week or so, for matters were hastening to a climax. The colonel had sent for the young officer, roughly told him that the army was no place for men as deeply involved as he, went on about "collected duties," frequent

lapses over liquor, all of which was grievous exaggeration, yet honestly believed by him to be true, and poor Langdon came away stung, stunned and hopeless.

That night, very late, long after every one but the guard had retired, a fire broke out near the haystacks, and while the men were at work with buckets and hose and the entire command was on duty it was observed by more than one officer that Langdon was perceptibly under the influence of liquor. Sitting up all alone and brooding over his troubles, he had probably taken to the bottle.

Three nights later came a clash. Melville's pretty niece, a wholesome, pure minded girl, was devoted to riding. Melville asked Langdon to take her out, and Captain Nathan, Mr. Torrance and two or three of their set, viewing the performance from afar, made comments thereon in presence of young fellows like May, who liked Langdon more than a little, and it all got to Langdon's ears. He marched straight to the clubhouse. It was just before tattoo, and a number of officers were seated on the veranda chatting, smoking and sipping cooling drinks. Torrance had been chief offender, and him he balled.

"Mr. Torrance," said Langdon, one eyes ablaze, his lips very white, "you are reported to have said thus and so this afternoon."

"I did," said Torrance, rising from his chair. "What have you to say about it?"

"That" was the only reply as a stinging blow sent Torrance crashing over the table.

The instant action of officers present stopped further hostilities. Nathan sent Langdon to his quarters in arrest and his company clerk to work. Charges and specifications ten pages drawn out were preferred. No plea was listened to. A court was ordered in due season, and it had no alternative. On a still October evening the order that day received from Washington was formally read to the command, and next morning when the department inspector had them all out for an early review he, without whom reviews seemed hardly complete, looked sadly on from a far corner, a practically ruined man.

But there were friends to go with him to the station after his brief interview with Melville—noble hearted Melville that day—May and Woodrow and others of the boys, besides some scores of "boys in blue" who had slipped away and were bent on giving their pet lieutenant a parting cheer, and there was an incident that became historic.

The railway station was like all far western stations of those days, an ordinary brown frame building with projecting roof overhanging the platform and a broad, open space at the gable end, and here it was, in the presence of half a dozen officers and quite a swarm of citizens and "boys in blue" off duty, the memorable rencontre occurred. The instant Captain Nathan stepped from his handsome carriage, with the whistle of the express already sounding far down the Pawnee, he found himself confronted by Langdon, whose dark features took on no flush of the wrath that consumed him, but whose erect and slender form, patent in its athletic proportions even through the simple civilian suit he wore, quivered from head to foot. It was vain for Nathan to dodge. The words came like the sting of a whiplash:

"You are no longer my superior officer, Nathan, and there's only a moment to say my say. Your language at the club this morning has been told me. Now hear my reply. Today we stand, you in the pride of your wealth and power, I with the world to begin again. More than to any man in the regiment I owe my troubles to you. Yet I wouldn't exchange my soldier record for yours if reinstatement were offered me this minute. No! I'm not to be intimidated by any gesture. All I have to say is that if God spares my life before ten years pass our places shall be reversed—you will be at the bottom, I at the top. Now you may go."

(Continued next week.)

Hard on the Tramp. The young bride went to the kitchen door and compiled with the tramp's demands. She smilingly gave him a slice of cake, made with her own white hands.

As the injured tramp went sadly away. He sighed and said with a groan: "If a poor man asks for a piece of bread, will ye give the poor man a stone?"

Some Fashion Points. For Summer. Cloth skirts are made up unlined, even in the medium and light weight goods.

Pilet lace in appliques and all over claims chief attention, for use on dainty gowns of satin foulard, India silk, pongee, etc.

The colorless fancy bodice will be much seen this summer.

The new box-patched Eton is especially becoming to slight figures. "Gibson" effects have extended to bathing costumes, of which an attractive example consists of blouse, knickerbockers and a two-piece skirt.

The newest lace applique designs are composed of medallions to be applied singly or otherwise in conjunction with insertion and fagoting stitch.

White will be seen more than colors this season.

Smart gowns for summer evening wear are made from Brussels net, black or white, with a foundation of silk and a slip of chiffon to be worn between the net and silk.

Molro has the post of honor for light coats, especially for children.

Mercedized goods will enjoy a great vogue for midsummer outing suits.

Tr. (Lynch) of which is the most striking feature of the warm weather or toilette.

The little protection collars of lace, batiste and even linen have now come to match; they are usually adorned with embroidery.

Chrysanthemum straw is the favorite for summer hats—the majority of which are flat and low.—From the June Delineator.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osgood, Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any preparation known to me."

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Sixty-eight years' trial have proved it to be, the most reliable BLOOD purifier known.

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PUMPS!

Do you want to buy the best pump in Canada? If so, get one of the Dennis Patent Pumps. They draw water fast and work easy. We manufacture these pumps in different sizes in wood and iron, and will guarantee satisfaction with them in any depth of well up to 150 feet.

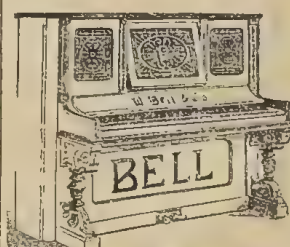
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Add to all these advantages the very material one that the investor or shares in the surplus earnings of this leading Company, and you have an opportunity for safe and profitable investment rarely equalled. A handsome booklet, giving a full explanation, will be sent on request.

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J. G. EDWARDS & CO.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1902.

AN UNFOUNDED CLAIM.

Mr. Whitney claims to be the father of the Liberal Government policy of compelling the manufacture of saw logs in Canada, a condition that has given new life to the saw-milling industry, causing an expenditure of over a million in new and revised saw mills, and a corresponding increase of labor.

Previous to 1890 the Dominion Government by its power to impose an export duty on saw logs, controlled the export. In 1890 the Ontario Government, in the timber sale of that year imposed the home manufacturing condition, but the adoption of the Dingley Bill made necessary action that had not been called for before.

After the Dingley Bill, adopted at Washington, made restrictions on the export of saw logs necessary, the matter was widely discussed throughout the province.

Mr. Whitney held a series of 56 meetings from June 7th to October 11th, 1897, and never once alluded to a sawlog policy.

While he was silent on the subject a sale of timber was advertised and the terms stipulated manufacture in the province.

It was not till after the late Premier Hardy had promised a deputation of lumbermen that the House would be called to deal with the export of logs that Mr. Whitney found courage to speak on the subject.

When the Government's policy was unfolded in the debate on the address, Mr. Macdonnell moved to extend it to timber being cut under then existing contracts.

Such a violation of agreements would have involved the Government in disastrous litigation, and the proposal was therefore very properly rejected.

Now Mr. Whitney claims that he is the father of the Liberal policy prohibiting export of logs which has proved of great advantage to Northern Ontario.

As a matter of fact, Mr. Whitney has no more claim to pose as the father of the Ontario sawlog policy than he has to claim the fatherhood of Adam.

PROOF OF TORY CORRUPTION

"It is time to stop the ballot box stuffing and ballot stealing," remarks the Mail and Empire and other Tory papers. It is indeed, high time, and it is most sincerely to be hoped the party the journal quoted supports will at once meet its ways, and that we shall see no repetition of the dark doings witnessed in the past. The Tory record in this respect may truly be entitled a "Scandalous Chronicle".

Time would fail to tell of them all, but if we go back no further than 1897 we can find appalling proof of the deliberate wickedness of the Tories in the matter of tampering with the ballots. In Halton and in that year it will be remembered that Dr. Montague, one of the four survivors of the "nest of traitors" was counted in by a majority of one. It was discovered that one returning officer spoilt eight ballots marked for the Liberal candidate. The guilty wretch fled after confessing. The same kind of thing was seen in the elections in the same riding in 1890 and 1891, to say nothing of bogus voters and a forged proclamation—no connection with the famous "letters" of a later date—in the name of Her late Majesty. In West Northumberland in 1891, after the Liberal candidate was declared elected, one very considerate Conservative officer removed the ballot before a recount was made, and in the interim a number of false ballots were stuffed into the box. In Parry Sound, in 1896 forty ballots in one box were tampered with in the interests of the Tory. In North Ontario in 1896 twenty-one ballots marked for the Liberal were taken out of the envelopes before the recount, and the same number marked for the Tory substituted. In Muskoka in 1891 two ballot boxes known to

contain Liberal majorities were burned. In North Middlesex in 1891 some Tory spoiled three ballots after they were taken from the box by marking them for both candidates. In South Grey Dr. Landerkin obtained a majority which was vitiated by the substitution of ballots marked for his opponent. In Lincoln in 1896 hundreds of extra ballots were printed for fraudulent use, and many were used. And there have been innumerable instances in other places which could be cited. Yes, it is time, as the Mail says, to stop this kind of thing.

A CHAPTER OF LIBELS.

Like an old man of the sea, the Ross Government sits upon Now Ontario, hindering its progress, establishing monopolies, causing its industrial development, and checking the prosperity of the people. Now Ontario extends her hand to Old Ontario and asks for assistance in her hour of need. This people call upon us to help them remove the imposts and to open an era of prosperity in which they and we shall join. We cannot resist the appeal. It is in our interest as well as theirs that the fossilized thirty years' Government go and that we have a change. —Toronto Mail and Empire.

The above constitution, says the News, (Independent) a chapter of political libels. For any sane man to expect a community to swallow such rot is an insult to their intelligence. No man who has the slightest respect for the truth would make such statements. Mr. Ross' policy in regard to Now Ontario may be criticized in many ways, but to try and tell the people that the Ross Government is hindering the progress of other New or Old Ontario is nonsense. When we are asked to believe that the Ross Government is "killing the province," good for nothing and unprogressive, we must beg to be excused. Political and political newspapers have much license in political campaigns, but we believe such statements as the above exceed the limit.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

If Mr. Whitney had been able to command a majority in the Legislature there would have been no steel rail making at the Sault-to-day. It exists in spite of his efforts.

The Liberal Government is able, on- (Continued) honest. It has a well-defined policy that is giving good results. Can as much be said for Whitney and the aggregation of which he is the head?

There is every reason to expect from indications that the Hon. Mr. Ross will carry every seat in New Ontario. And he is likely to recover eight or ten lost in Old Ontario last time, by lavishly an dismission. The party this time is united and enthusiastic.

Toronto Evening News, Tory: One of the leading bakers of Canada has written to the Ontario Department of Agriculture to return thanks for their publication on bread-making.

He states in his letter that he wishes he had read the bulletin when it was issued, as he would have been able to utilize the scientific information to the benefit of both himself and the community. He thinks every baker ought to read it in order to acquaint himself with the technique and scientific aspect of their calling.

Wm. Smith, ex-M.P., of South Ontario, was probably as ready as any other Conservative on Mr. Whitney's platform at Uxbridge to applaud all reference to the necessity of purity in elections, says the Toronto Star.

Smith is the fellow who confessed in the witness box that he corrupted at least \$12,000 for the Tory cause, and when the judge regretted he could not punish. The Tories showed their desire for pure men by selecting the self-confessed corruptionist as their candidate. Of course, he struts about with Whitney, preaching purity now.

The present venerable pontiff always entertained most friendly personal relations with Her late Majesty, whom he frequently met when Nuncio at the court of her uncle, King Leopold, and he appears to have the same friendly feeling for her successor. Not only so, but he announced his intention, notwithstanding the opposition of certain people around him to send an imposing embassy to the King's Coronation, but it is announced that he has determined to grant a special coronation dispensation to British members of the Roman Catholic church are to be released from abstinence on Friday, June 27, and from fasting and abstinence on the day following, which is the vigil of Saint Peter and John.

Snakes, centipedes and other poisonous things may assail you in your walks through field and forest. Be sure to have a bottle of Perry Davis' Painkiller in the house and you run no risk. Directions on the wrapper.

Eruptions

Dry, moist, scaly, tetter, all forms of eczema or salt rheum, pimples and other cutaneous eruptions proceed from humors, either inherited, or acquired through defective digestion and assimilation.

To treat these eruptions with drying medicines is dangerous. The thing to do is to help the system discharge the humors, and strengthen it against their return.

Hood's Sarsaparilla permanently cured J. G. Hines, Frank, Ill., of eczema, which he had suffered for some time, and Miss Alvina Walter, Box 212, Algona, Wis., of pimples on her face and back and chafed skin on her body, by which she had been greatly troubled. There were more testimonials in favor of this great medicine than can be published.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Don't put off treatment. Buy a bottle of Hood's today.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS.

The Best Medicine in the World For Children of all Ages.

Baby's Own Tablets are good for children of all ages, from the tiniest, weakest baby to the well grown child. They are a certain cure for indigestion, sour stomach, colic, constipation, diarrhoea, teething troubles and the other minor ailments of children. There is no other medicine acts so speedily, so safely and so surely, and they contain not one particle of the opiate found in the so-called "soothing" medicines. Mrs. R. M. Noss, Barrie, says: "I first began using Baby's Own Tablets when my baby was teething. He was feverish, sleepless and very cross, and suffered from indigestion. After using the Tablets he began to sleep better, and the fever and sleep better and was no longer cross. I think the Tablets a fine medicine for children, and keep them on hand all the time." The Tablets are readily taken by all children, and crushed to a powder can be held in the very youngest infant with the greatest benefit. Sold by all druggists or sent post paid at 25 cents a box by writing direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES

—Fleety little Wilhelmus has won her fight for life. Long live Wilhelmus.

—Large quantities of lumber are being delivered at our terminals by South Ops and Mayers farmers.

—Young man, vote for the party which gave you the power to vote. The Opposition opposed manhood suffrage.

—Billy Ponton, of Nanapanee bank robbery fame, has been appointed British Consul at Boca del Toro, Mexico.

—The town of Collingwood formerly employed two assessors at \$200 a year, but this year one assessor is doing the work.

—Mr. N. Brady, fishery overseer, paid a visit to North Emily points the other day and caught two offenders, who were fined \$20.

Put not your trust in princes. To monarchs do not bow. This week is running now.

—And now the dainty maid, with basket in hand, lies forth to the pasture lands and meadows in pursuit of the dandelion—for the manufacture of bitters and wine. It is quite a pastime these days. From Klondyke's golden fastness we'd fain hear of the feat.

Of some good miner, brave and bold, Who could outdo a change of gold. That was worth its weight in meat.

—Mr. Thos. Seel, section foreman for the G.T.R. at Camington for 30 years, has resigned his position and intends taking up his residence in Lindsay with his family. He will come to town in the course of a couple of weeks.

—The press agencies and leading dailies have to pay a pretty penny for news from St. Pierre, Martinique. The lowest rate is \$2.15 a word, and for return messages to correspondents \$6.45 a word is charged.

—There will be a great conference of Dominion Boards of Trade representatives in Toronto on June 4th and 5th. Already over 40 boards have promised to send delegates. President J. D. Playelle and Vice-President Robt. Kennedy will represent Lindsay.

—Griffin Times: The Nonsuch Girls Cricket Club has been organized with the following officers: President, Miss Dot Leacock; captain, Miss Eva Eaton; secretary-treasurer, Miss Rena Cook. The girls would like to arrange games with clubs representing neighboring towns.

—From Press: Midland Oddfellows are planning for an excursion to some convenient point sometime in June. Why not select Lindsay? We have sent several large parties to the Georgian Bay town, and another will go north on the 26th. A return favor would be appreciated by our citizens.

—The statement that not a single fatality occurred last year among the millions of passengers carried on the English railways is a remarkable one, and illustrates the extreme care taken to guard against accidents. Eleven railway employees and persons who were not passengers were killed and 161 injured. There were 478 passengers injured.

—Trackmen on the eastern division of the C.P.R. were recently granted a 10 per cent increase in pay as the result of arbitration proceedings, and the men on the other divisions are also pressing their claims. The Grand Trunk management, by circular dated May 10, granted voluntarily an increase which will affect between 600 and 700 sectionmen who are advanced from \$1.10 to \$1.20 per day, while section foremen who have been receiving from \$1.50 to \$1.60 per day, will be paid \$45 per month.

—Extensive improvements are being made to the Rudd Barness Co.'s premises. The store is being thoroughly renovated and enlarged, and plate glass windows will be added. Since this enterprise was in town, the owners of the Little stock a year ago their business has been steadily increasing, and in order to accommodate their large stock the enlargement of the premises was necessary. Mr. Little, the genial manager, informs us that the store will be ready for occupation this week.

—Canadian Engineer for May: A great waste in the Galt waterworks puzzled the authorities, but finally a leak was found through which 100,000 gallons escaped daily, reaching the river through an old drain. This has been going on for years, says a local paper, causing a loss to the town of about \$30 a day. The cause is interesting in view of the fact that a leak was discovered under almost similar circumstances by Supt. Bagby, of this town, a few weeks ago, which had made itself felt about two weeks before, and its detection and speedy location was a creditable bit of work. Another smaller leak was discovered to-day opposite McCrear's furniture.

Police Court Calendar.

—J. W. Reynolds, of the south ward, appeared before Magistrate Steers May 14th. He was charged with infraction of a town by-law in having driven a wagon over a sidewalk, smashing the planks. Fine and costs, \$4.65.

—Wm. Crowley, of the east ward, was charged with a breach of the anti by-law, but the proof was weak and the complaint was dismissed.

PERSONALS

—Dr. Boyd, of Bobcaygeon, was in town Monday.

—Mrs. S. Grandy, of Oshawa, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. Robt. Tuttle, of Head Lake, was in town last week.

—Mrs. Beach, of Colborne, B. C., is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. Alex. Niven, O.L.S., Haliburton, was in town Monday.

—Mr. J. J. Parrin left lately for Toronto to take a position.

—Mr. Arthur Webster of Fenelon Falls, was in town lately.

—Mr. Geo. Greer, teacher at Burnt River, was in town over Sunday.

—Mr. Thos. Hodgson and wife of Burnt River, was in town lately.

—Mr. Jas. Carnegie, of Port Perry, was in town recently on business.

—Mr. A. Y. Hopkins, of Kilmount, was in town lately on business.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. Mosher, of Toronto are visiting friends in town.

—Mr. E. Edwards and child left last week to visit friends in Manila.

—Mr. Geo. Justice, of Lindsay, was in town Saturday on business.

—Mr. John D. Purley, of St. John, N.B., is spending a few days in town.

—Mr. Wm. Thaxton, of Sturbridge, transferred business in town Saturday.

—Mr. E. J. Woodland, druggist, of Bobcaygeon, was in town lately on business.

—Lieut.-Col. Rogers and Mr. T. A. S. Hay, of Peterboro, were in town last week.

—Mrs. (Dr.) DeGrass and Mrs. Hamilton, of Bobcaygeon, were in town Friday.

—Mr. W. Sheely, of Norwich, Norfolk county, England, is visiting Lindsay friends.

—Mr. Harry McBride and Mr. Hamilton Melville, of Wentworth, were in town today.

—Mr. Frank Hopkins, who had been attending Toronto University, is home for vacation.

—Mr. Garth Armstrong, of the Canadian Express Co., Toronto, is visiting at home.

—Mrs. A. Braden, Mrs. J. Goodman and daughter, of Bobcaygeon, were in town Thursday work.

—Miss Stephenson formerly of Morris J. Salsotto & Son's staff, left Saturday for Toronto.

—Mr. B. F. Reesor, manager of the Light, Heat & Power Co., was in town Saturday on business.

—Mr. Douglas Paton, of the Provincial Health Department, spent Sunday under the parental roof.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hantoon, who had been visiting relatives in town, returned to Hamilton Friday last.

—Mrs. Henley, who has been spending a couple of days at home, returned to Toronto last Thursday.

—Mr. Harry Knowlson, who had been attending the Dental School, arrived home Saturday.

—Miss Shaver returned to her home at Little Britain lately after enjoying a visit with Lindsay friends.

—Mr. H. E. Graham and Miss Graham, teachers near Bobcaygeon, spent Saturday and Sunday at home.

—Mr. C. L. Melton, formerly of Kirkfield, but now travelling for a Kingston firm, was in town Friday.

—Mrs. A. Doran returned home last week after spending a pleasant visit with her mother in Belleville.

—Mr. Geo. Hunter, of the Mass.-V. Express agency, and Mr. W. McLean, spent Sunday with friends in Fenelon Falls.

—Miss Lamb, who had been visiting her sister, Mrs. Jas. Peel, Williams, returned to her home in Ottawa last week.

—Dr. Somers, of Toronto, who had been on a business trip to north country villages, returned to the city Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gillum, from Clatham vicinity, are spending a few days in town, guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Here.

—Mr. Thos. Williams left lately for Barrie, where he will work in the interest of the Canadian Cordage Co. of Peterboro.

—Mr. W. W. student at Queen's University, Kingston, attended the late Principal Grant's funeral in that city last week.

—Miss Curry, who has been attending the Ontario School of Pharmacy, Toronto, passed through to her home in Minden to-day.

—Mr. A. W. Deegan, of the Bank of Montreal staff, will leave on Monday for England to enjoy a couple of weeks' holidays.

—Mr. Jas. Conway, of the Reid home, Bobcaygeon, was in town on Monday on business.

—Mr. Wm. Keys and Mr. J. H. Morrison spent Sunday with friends at Fenelon Falls.

—Mr. Percy McLean, of the Geo. Matthews Co., Peterboro, was in town Monday on business.

—Mr. J. L. Watson, of Glenora, spent Saturday in town the last of Mr. Wm. Playelle.

—Mr. W. H. Church, of Fenelon Falls, was in town lately, returning from a three weeks' business trip to Ottawa and points east.

—Mr. Hugh O'Leary, K.C., left town for Toronto last week, having been advised that his injured knee requires expert surgical treatment.

—Mr. Geo. Riley, who enlisted with the Toronto quota of the Fourth Canadian Contingent for South Africa returned Friday last from Halifax.

—Miss Mabel Reynolds, Oakwood, paid a short visit to her cousin, Miss Lewis, of Lindsay, 52 Peel-st., and returned home Thursday work.

—Mr. G. Bonjourn, of the Bank of Montreal staff, returned Saturday from Montreal, where he had been enjoying a couple of weeks' holidays.

—Mr. Bert. Hopkins, of Kilmount, was in town lately, returning from Peterboro, where he had been spending a couple of weeks with friends.

—Mr. C. Frouse, of the Ontario School of Pharmacy, Toronto, was in town lately calling on friends. He is spending the vacation at his home in Oakwood.

—Omeone Mirror: Rev. Roberts, of Lindsay, preached eloquent sermons in the Omeone M. church Sunday morning and evening. Miss Mabel Mille, of Lindsay, was visiting Omeone friends last week.

—Mr. Sydney Johnson, express messenger on the Haliburton train, and wife passed through lately from Haliburton to Victoria Harbor where they will visit friends. Mr. J. A. work and the complaint was dismissed.

Caught By Revolving Shaft

SERIOUS ACCIDENT AT SYLVESTER WORKS LAST SATURDAY.

An Employee Whirled Around a Shaft and Severely Injured.

Mr. Charles Rodman, a young man about eighteen years of age, son of Mr. Lauch Rodman, of Little Britain, was the victim of a serious accident at the Sylvester Works about 7.30 last Saturday. The unfortunate fellow was engaged in oiling the box of a shaft while the machinery was in motion. Instead of using a step-ladder, which was only a few feet away, he stepped on a drill-press and reached his left arm up to the box, with the result that his shirt became caught in a set screw and he was drawn around the shaft a couple of times before the machinery could be stopped. Mrs. Burrows and Gillespie were immediately summoned and the poor fellow was taken on a stretcher to the residence of Mr. W. Hobbs, Bess-st., where it was found that his left arm was broken in two places and that he was also badly bruised about the face and neck.

Young Rodman had only been employed at the Sylvester Works two weeks. The accident was entirely due to his own carelessness.

McEachern to be Buried at Hartley.

The remains of the late Archie McEachern, the champion Indian bicycle racer, who met such a tragic death at Atlantic City, N.J., on Monday, were interred in Hartley cemetery, near Woodville, Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. We understand a number of Lindsay citizens will attend the funeral.

A May Wedding.

A very pretty wedding took place on May 14th at 7.30, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Henley, Henry-st., north ward, when their second daughter, Miss Bella, was married to Mr. Henry Webster, a young business man of Kirkfield. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. E. Roberts in the presence of a number of relatives and friends. Miss L. Henley, sister, assisted the bride, and Mr. Arthur Webster, of Fenelon Falls, assisted his brother. After the usual congratulations the happy party sat down to a sumptuous wedding dinner. Mr. and Mrs. Webster will take up their residence at Kirkfield. The Post joins with their many friends in wishing the young couple a long, pleasant and successful married life.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

A. O. U. W. Meeting

Friday evening the members of the A.O.U.W. held a special meeting in their lodge rooms. Nine young men were initiated into the secrets of the order, after which the objects of the order were expounded by screen work by Bro. F. Nudel, of Toronto. This was a new feature to a large majority of the members and Bro. Nudel's lecture was greatly enjoyed. He is a fluent speaker, with fine enunciation, and for the position he occupies in the craft. After the screen work short addresses were given by Bro. Nudel and Organizer Chayler, each urging the members to greater activity in the building up of the local lodge. Bro. Nudel was served by Bro. W. J. Morlon, and after votes of thanks were tendered to Bro. Nudel and Chayler the meeting closed by the members singing the national anthem.

Good Advice.

The printers in the employ of the T. Eaton Co., Toronto, have demanded the same rate of pay received by the other city printers, but their request has been refused. The men have just issued the following circular, which contains some plain truths for our lady readers. Let us appeal to our constituents. Instead of buying through the Mail Order system of the Eaton Company, patronize the merchants in your own vicinity and keep the cash in your own neighborhood. They can give you as good bargains as you can get in that way, and you can get in that store. And many so-called "bargains" are not bargains at all. The most gullible animal in the world is man, and there is no gullibility equal to that involved in the bargain-hunting lumbago. Then quit the exhibition of your gullibility and patronize your "home stores".

TRIAL TRIP.

Weekly Post to the End of 1902 For Only 50 Cents.

As an inducement to new subscribers we will send the Weekly Post to any address in Canada and the United States until the end of the present year for only 50 cents. Send this copy to some friend and mark this liberal offer. They will receive the best local paper in the district—12 pages every week—for this trifling sum.

Send in orders at once so that subscriptions will cover the pending provincial elections. Sample copies sent for the asking. Address WILSON & WILSON, The Post, Lindsay, Ont.

Mr. O'Halloran Appointed.

OTTAWA, May 20.—Hon. Sidney Fisher gave out officially yesterday that G. F. O'Halloran, barrister, Montreal, has been appointed Deputy Minister of Agriculture in the place of the late W. B. Seath.

Dundonald's Coming.

OTTAWA, May 20.—Lord Dundonald is expected to arrive in Canada on July 20, to assume the duties of general officer commanding the Canadian Militia.

Waiting for Notice.

HALIFAX, May 20.—It was intended that the 5th C.M.R. would sail on the Cornithoon on Thursday, but Colonel Macdonnell is not sure whether the horses will be here in time. There are 300 horses at camp, and about 250 more are required. The regiment in all other arrangements is ready to embark.

Men's Plough Boots.

A Farmer in an average day's plowing walks 15 to 20 miles a day. It is necessary therefore for him to have Comfortable Heavy Footwear. We have a number of lines made to our order. Made to fit the feet and bought direct from the manufacturer.

Men's Split Boots, Large Eyelets, Riveted Seams, 85c
regularly sold for \$1.15 and \$1.00, our price
Men's Split Bluchers, Klondyke Eyelets, 3-Ply Sole, 1.25
pugged and slugged, our price
Men's Extra Quality Split Bluchers, heavy oak-tanned soles, 3 row pegs and slugged, our price 1.50
Besides these we have Crome Tanned Kip for \$1.75, \$2.25 and English Kip, hand-bottomed, from \$2.00 to ... 3.25

OUR MOTTO:

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EVERY LADY CORSET.

LIKES A COMFORTABLE, Easy-Fitting, DURABLE AND STYLISH

We have all the newest and best. The New La Reine Girdle, Erect Form and Straight Front Corsets, and a full range of the ordinary shapes at from 25c to \$1.25.

We also keep a full assortment of Misses' and Children's Hygienic Waists and Infants Bands.

GLOVES ARE ALWAYS NECESSARY.

Our stock contains a full range. Linenese, all colors, at 15c. Best English Lisle at 20c and 25c. Silk Taffeta from 25c up. Pure Silk at all prices. Best Quality Kid Gloves in all shades and sizes.

Ladies' Vests starting at 5c, special value at 10c, 12c and 15c. Women's and Children's Hosiery in all sizes and qualities in Cashmere and Cotton. In Cotton we have very special value women's sizes at 10c and 15c, and at 25c, 30c and 40c in Cashmere.

MURCHISON & GILCHRIST WOODVILLE

Another Nice Shipment

—OF—

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MOORE & JACKSON, Barristers, etc.,
Solicitors, etc., for the County of Victoria
and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgage
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Private Funds at very low rates.

Office immediately opposite Dale H—

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and Penelon Falls
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 We are loaning money on real estate, first mortgages
 in sums large and small to suit borrowers, on the low
 terms and at the very lowest rates of interest. We
 do not lend on notes nor chattel security.
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of bridges, school buildings, etc. Mechanical draw-
ings of any kind for patrons. Neatly executed. Will
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
up of a crust, usually, every Saturday.

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without pain by GAS and VITALIZED AIR,
administered by him for 22 years with great success.
He studied the gas under the supervision of

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Alton writes Dr. Neeland: that he has given the gas
No. 417 several times without any bad result. Dr. Neel-
and uses the best local Pain Obstructor.

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All work guaranteed. Estimates free
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north of market square, Cambridge st.

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Plumbing, Steam Fitting, Tin-smithing, Iron Piping, Hot Air, Hot Water and Steam Heating, Iron Roofing and Eave-troughing, Pumps and Sinks, Builders' Hardware, Paints and Oils, Stoves and Ranges.

The Cheapest Store for Good Goods and Good Work.

TRY US AND SEE.

BOXALL & MATTHIE,

Kent-st., Lindsay.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1902.

ON THE EVE OF BATTLE.

Before another issue of this Journal reaches the hands of our Reform friends in West Victoria they will have cast their ballot and decided that important issue—the representation of the riding in the Legislature for the next four years. That being the case, a few words of warning and advice are in season.

Mr. Smale's prospects are very bright, and his friends feel confident that with good, faithful work in every constituency the riding can be redeemed for that work—which spells success—Mr. Smale has to depend upon the active workers in every division. A gain of one vote in each will give him a handsome majority. The campaign has been well conducted and the organization throughout all the townships was never better in any contest. Let there be no waning of enthusiasm and a steady growth of enthusiasm and working spirit as the day for voting approaches. A long pull and a strong pull will give West Victoria a representative of whom every citizen may be proud, and who will be able to make his influence felt to the advantage of this section of the country.

Our opponents, feeling that desperate means are required to offset Mr. Smale's popularity, have late in the campaign—decided to try the effects of a policy of slander and vilification. We ask our friends to beware of all attempts to enlist their sympathies by false statements made at the last moment, when they cannot be denied or exposed.

A DESPICABLE TRICK.

The Watchman-Warder has at last got into line with the Mail and Empire in its dissemination of slander, abuse and lies. We all hoped that whatever slanderous and false statements would be made by some of the Tory stumblers, the Watchman-Warder would keep its columns pure and free from personal abuse.

On the front page of this week's issue may be read "Mr. Smale's Sensational Appeal."

It is the most disgraceful, underhanded and malicious attack on an innocent man that ever appeared in the public press, and honest and right-thinking Conservatives who know Mr. Newton Smale will, we are sure, resent this stabbing in the back, and striking below the belt.

The following is Mr. Smale's explanation, and in presence of 50 or more people at Bryson's schoolhouse last Saturday evening, where Mr. Smale made the same explanation, Mr. Boxall and Mr. Johnston Ellis, both said they were perfectly satisfied with the explanation, and then and there declared that they would not use it against Mr. Smale, whom they know to be entirely innocent. Mr. Robt. Bryans, who also was at the meeting, said the matter should not have been mentioned at all.

Lindsay, May 22nd, 1902.

(To the Editor of The Post.)
Dear Sir,—The package from which was taken the literature given by me to Mr. Coombs came to me through the mail and was at my father's, who brought it from the post office. On opening it and finding it was campaign literature, without reading it I was taking it down to our secretary, Mr. Jas. Graham, as I had done with other packages.

On my way I was hailed by Mr. Coombs, a mason, who was building a granolithic walk at a residence on the same street. Mr. Coombs, with whom I was acquainted, called me, saying, "Hello, old man! Is that something to prove what the surplus is?" I said, "I think it is George." I did not stop then, but was going on down street when he said,

This is Not a "Time for a Change."

Let the workingman who is in a receipt of a wage of from \$1.50 to \$1.75 per day at the present time compare his earnings with the 75c to \$1 per day wage of the period of Tory rule and ask himself what truth was in the Tory cry that the Liberals did not possess the genius of government. Never in the history of this country were all classes so prosperous as at the present time. Under such circumstances is it any wonder the silly cry, "It's time for a change," should fall flat on the ears of the masses? A change from progress and prosperity is the last thing they want.

VOTE FOR SMALE AND GOOD GOVERNMENT.

"Give me one." I then went over to him and handed him two pamphlets out of the package. I carried the remainder to Mr. Graham, the secretary.

Concerning the Watchman-Warder statement that I first denied, and then, when cornered, admitted, I have this to say: Mr. Boxall, who was addressing the meeting last evening, held up a pamphlet and, addressing me, said, "Did you circulate this pamphlet?" I immediately rose and said, "No, sir," as I had circulated no literature of any kind during the campaign, unless what took place between Mr. Coombs and me could be called circulating it.

After he had read Mr. Coombs' affidavit, I related the circumstances as above, which met with the approval of all present, even Mr. Fox's representatives, Messrs. Boxall, Ellis and Bryans, who said in the presence of a large number that my explanation was entirely satisfactory and that they would drop it as far as it related to myself. And in view of their acceptance of my explanation, and also of their promise to drop it entirely so far as it related to me, I was very much surprised to read the article on the front page of this week's Watchman-Warder, and also the editorial.—Yours, etc.,

NEWTON SMALE.

Now, this is the way these gentlemen have kept their word by handing it to the Watchman-Warder for publication.

Can anyone think of a more cowardly and reprehensible act?

If Mr. Smale wished to disseminate such a pamphlet is it likely that Mr. Coombs, being an ultra Protestant, would give one?

What can we think, however, of a man who, after Mr. Smale told him he did not know what pamphlets were in the package, and therefore knew that Mr. Smale was innocent of any wrong-doing, would attempt to make capital out of it by going to Mr. Fox's solicitor and making an affidavit that he received it from Mr. Smale.

Again, when Mr. Boxall stood on the platform at Bryson's schoolhouse and, holding the pamphlet aloft, said, "Mr. Smale, did you ever see this before?" Mr. Smale replied, "What is it?" Boxall then read, "J. P. Whitney and the P. P. A." Mr. Smale said, "No, I have never seen it nor read it." Then Mr. Boxall read over Mr. Coombs' affidavit, which brought the occasion to Mr. Smale's mind when, some two weeks before, he had given Mr. Coombs two pamphlets of different kinds, not knowing what they were.

Not one of these pamphlets has been circulated in the riding other than just what took place. The pamphlet contained nothing but what was true, being quotations from manifestos issued by Mr. Whitney and from his own speeches, and from the "Mail" and other Conservative newspapers.

Surely the Conservative party cannot complain at the circulation (even if such circulation had taken place) of what was their own campaign literature in former campaigns!

It is very amusing now to find these gentlemen holding up their hands in holy horror who thought it not wrong to circulate, in former campaigns, such pamphlets as "Facts for Irish Electors," "The Eye-Opener," and "The Rose-Lynch Concordat," and other sectarian appeals.

DENIED HIS OWN VOTE.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Little Britain, May 20th, 1902.

Dear Sir,—Messrs. Fox and Hughes addressed a political meeting here last night. Mr. Kennedy appeared for Mr. Smale and criticized Mr. Fox's course in the house in regard to some measures which he opposed, including the bill imposing a special license tax upon brewers and distillers.

Mr. Fox replied and gave the audience to understand that he did not vote against the Brewers and Distillers License Bill, as stated by Mr. K., and quoted the Journal of the House to show that the measure was not opposed by him.

Many in this place would be pleased if you could give us the facts.—I remain respectfully yours,

ALBERT DAVIDSON.

The above statement of Mr. Fox's at Little Britain is, to say the least, surprising. The facts are that Mr. Fox opposed the above bill with all his might. He voted twice for the six months' hold of the bill and voted also straight against the bill. We refer Mr. Davidson and our readers to the journals of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, volume 33, session of 1899 at page 225, from which we quote as follows:

"The Order of the day for the House to resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole on Bill (No. 164) respecting Brewers' and Distillers' and other Licenses, having been read, the Attorney-General moved, 'That

Mr. Speaker do not leave the chair, and that the house do resolve itself into the Committee.'

Mr. Marter moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Whitney: "That all the words of the motion after 'that' be omitted and the following substituted therefor: 'Mr. Speaker do not leave the chair, and that the house do resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole on this day six months'."

And the amendment having been put, was lost on the following division: Then follows the yeas and nays, where the name of Mr. Fox appears among the yeas as voting for the six months' hold of the bill. Turn now to page 280 of the same volume, where you will find the following words:

"The Order of the day for the third reading of Bill (No. 164), respecting Brewers' and Distillers' and other Licenses having been read, Mr. Harcourt moved that the bill be now read the third time.

Mr. Whitney moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Marter, "That all the words of the motion after the word 'that' be omitted and the following substituted: 'The bill be now read the third time, but he read the third time on this day six months'."

The amendment, having been put, was lost on the following division: Here again follows the yeas and nays, where the name of Mr. Fox appears among the yeas as again voting for the six months' hold of the bill. Look now at page 281 of the same volume, where you will find that the motion for the third reading of this bill, having been put, was carried on the following division:

Yeas.—Messrs. Alder, Aylsworth, Barber, Beatty (Parry Sound), Beatty, Bowman, Brabant, Brown, Burt, Caldwell, Campbell, Carpenter, Charlton, Clarke, Coombs, Davis, Dickson, Dryden, Farwell, Ferguson, German, Gibson, Graham, Gubord, Harcourt, Hardy, Hart, Hill, Bishop, Holmes, Leys, Longhead, Lumley, Macdonald, Macdonald, McKay, McKee, Pardee, Parle, Pettillo, Pettipiece, Rasse, Russell, Stratton, Taylor, etc.

Nays.—Messrs. Allan, Barr, Beatty, (Leeds) Boyd, Brower, Carnegie, Carleton, Colquhoun, Crawford, Donnelly, Duff, Elmer, Fallis, Fox, Fox, Gallacher, Hodgson, Hoyle, Jessop, Joynt, Kidd, Little, Lucas, Marter, Matheson, McNeill, McDonald, McLaughlin, Powell, Pyne, Reid (Durham), Thompson, Tucker, Wardell, White, Whitney.—36.

Yeas.—Richardson and Reid (Addington); Smith and Krebs; Douglas and Morrison; Garrow and Macdonald; Tanna and Jamieson.

And the bill was read the third time and passed.

The conduct of Mr. Fox at Little Britain is inexplicable. He had with him the above volume. Mr. Kennedy had not, and Mr. Fox deliberately attempted to deceive his audience and to tell them that Mr. Kennedy was not speaking truth when he said that Mr. Fox opposed and voted against this bill whereas Mr. Fox had personal knowledge of what took place in parliament and knew that Mr. Kennedy did speak the truth, and that the buck in his—Mr. Fox's—hand proved this. An effort was made to confront Mr. Fox with this at his Oakwood meeting next night, when people would be present who had been at Little Britain the night before but Mr. Fox found it convenient to be at Lorneville that night. One would think that Mr. Fox would surely have been at his Oakwood meeting, the central point of Mariposa. Was the reason that he was not there because it was too near Little Britain?

Mr. Fox voted against both the Corporation Tax bill and the Brewers' and Distillers' License bill, which have brought a revenue of \$371,576.08 in the three years since they were introduced. If Mr. Fox had had his way all this money would have been lost to the people of Ontario. Mr. Whitney and Mr. Fox say they will sweep away the tax on corporations if they get the chance, which means that the people will lose in revenue from this source about one million dollars before another general election.

Do not give Mr. Fox any such charter. Vote for Smale and sound business government.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It's Smale, Hoyd and victory.

"Build up Ontario" is the watchword, Victoria.

It is "time for a change"—is this constituency.

What service has Mr. Fox rendered to this town or the riding at large?

Who is Sarah Jones? Ask the Tory south ward registration workers. Better get ready to dodge when you ask the, though.

The general Conservative feeling seems to be that Mr. Fox's solicitor isn't a first-class tactician—he seems too much of a boomerang maker!

Dundas & Havelle Bros.

DIRECT IMPORTERS.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

..PRICES PRUNED..

To make the last days of May a busy time, we give a list of goods and prices, that will make things interesting about this store for some days to come. It's a money saving time for you and it's to your advantage to trade here. These lines won't last many hours after the papers are read. To secure any of them get here early. Many other lines go in this sale but we have not paper space to list them.

\$25 SUITS FOR \$20

Ladies' Broadcloth and Beaver Cloth Suits in black—Oxford Navy, Fawn and Brown—silk lined jackets, fancy corded and stitched skirts, sizes 32, 34, 36, all new suits, our price has been \$25. ANY ONE OF THEM FOR... \$20

\$8 JACKETS FOR \$5

25 only Ladies' and Misses' Beaver and Covert Cloth Jackets, with silk strappings and stitching, velvet and plain collars, sizes 32, 34, 36 and 38; our price has been \$7.50 and \$8.00. THEY GO FOR \$5

35c HATS FOR 20c

Ladies' White Rustic Straw Sailor Hats, with white and black satin Bands, lined and with sweat pad. 35c. HATS FOR 20c

\$1 HATS FOR 59c

Ladies' Colored Fancy Straw Sailor Hats, with wide silk bands, leather sweat pads, lined crowns; colors—old blue, navy and cardinal. THESE ARE \$1.00 HATS FOR 59c

\$1 MUSLIN BLOUSES FOR 69c

Ladies' Colored Muslin Blouses, made in new styles, light and dark colors, cardinal, navy, pink and sky grounds with white stripes, sizes 32 to 40 inches. \$1.00 KIND FOR.... 69c

75c. BLOUSES FOR 50c

Ladies' Colored Cambric Blouses in pink and white, black and white, blue and white stripes, new collars and cuffs, sizes 32 to 42. 75c. KIND FOR 50c

75c. GOWNS FOR 50c

Ladies' White Cambric Night Gowns with tucked yoke, lace trimmed, sizes 54, 56, 58, inches. 75c. GOWNS FOR 50c

8c. VESTS FOR 5c

Ladies' and Girls' Sleeveless Ribbed Cotton Vests, low necks. AN 8c. LINE FOR..... 5c

37½c DELAINES FOR 25c

20 ends of All-Wool Delaines, with dark and light grounds, dots, stripes and floral patterns, navy, cardinal and black and white; also white grounds with bright colors. FORMER PRICES 35c. AND 37½c. FOR..... 25c

40c. BLACK DRESS GOODS FOR 25c

200 yards of Figured Black Dress Goods, 42 inches wide, British makes. 40c. LINESFOR.... 25c

75c. BLACK DRESS GOODS FOR 50c

120 yards of Figured Black Dress Goods, suitable for mourning dresses, 43 inches wide. 75 LINES FOR 50c

\$1.00 DRESS GOODS FOR 50c

French Dress Goods made of silk and wool, patterns black and white stripes, width 44 inches. FORMER PRICE \$1.00 FOR 50c

\$1.00 SERGES FOR 75c

100 yards of Black and Navy, Clay Twill Serges, 60 inches wide, and made of pure wool, colors guaranteed. \$1.00 per yard reg. REDUCED TO 75c

15c. MUSLINS FOR 7½c

1200 yards of 36 inch American Lawns for Dresses, put up in ten yard ends. These are in light and dark grounds, in stripes and figures, not more than 20 yards for one customer, price 7½c

20c. Muslins for 10c

1000 yards of American Lawns and Dimities in light grounds only, mostly all stripes, suitable for waists, 15. 40c

35c. Gingham for 15c

300 yards of Plaid and Striped Scotch Ginghams, warranted fast colors, former prices 25 and 35c. per yard, 15c for..... 15c

35c. Foulards for 25c

30 patterns of English Foulards Saateens, navy, black, cream, bluet, green, pink and other colored grounds, with fancy patterns. The 35c. lines 25c all go for 25c

25c Veilings for 12½c

18 inch Black Spot and Plain Irish Veilings, warranted fast colors, 12½c reg. prices 20, 22, and 25c. for 12½c

50c. SILKS FOR 25c

50 ends of Japanese Silks, French Taffeta Silks, 21 to 24 inches wide, almost every shade in stock, such as cream, cardinal, pink, sky and Turquoise, brown, navy. ANY OF THESE 30c., 35c. AND 40c. SILKS FOR 25c

\$1.25 GRENADINES FOR 50c

150 yards of Black Wool and Silk Grenadines, German make and guaranteed color, 44 inches wide. Our prices have been 75c., \$1.00 and \$1.25, REDUCED TO 50c

\$1.00 CORDED SILKS FOR 25c

Ends of Corded and Hemstitched Silks, colors, helio, pink, castor, brown, cardinal and Cerise. THESE WERE ALL \$1.00 PER YARD, FOR..... 50c

\$1.00 SHIRTS FOR 75c

60 only Men's Colored Cambric Shirts with separate cuffs, stiff bosoms, sizes 14½ to 16½, black and white, navy and white stripes. \$1.00 QUALITY FOR 75c

35c HOSE FOR 25c

30 dozen Ladies' 4-1 ribbed black Cashmere Hose, seamless feet, stainless dye, and made of pure wool. Our price was 35c. NOW..... 25c

75c. HOSE FOR 50c

An odd lot of Ladies' and Boys' Hose of our best plain and ribbed Cashmere makes. These were all 65c. and 75c. pair. TO CLEAR THE LINE WE MAKE THE PRICE.... 50c

\$1.00 Gloves for 69c

An odd lot of Ladies' Kid Gloves, with 2 dome fastners and fancy backs, colors, brown, tan, grey and red, 6 to 7½ sizes, \$1 qualities for 69c

\$1.00 Scarfs for 39c

Lace Scarfs—made in France, about 50 only of them, assorted patterns, colors, ivory and cream, 75, 90 and \$1 Scarfs for 39c

Store open Saturday May 24th.

Dundas & Havelle Bros.

EMPIRE AND VICTORIA DAYS

Bargain Days

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

MAY 23RD AND 24TH.

Belts, Collars, Ties, Hosiery, Gloves, Blouses, Whitewear, Shirts, Hats and Neckwear for the Holidays.

Children's Sailor Hats, regular 30c, bargain days	24c
Ladies' Sailor Hats, regular \$1.10, bargain days	90c
Ladies' Sailor Hats, regular \$1.40, bargain days	\$1.20
Boys' and Misses' Sailor Collars, White Pique, regular 28c, bargain days	22c
Ladies' New Silk Ties, regular 35c, bargain days	25c
White, Blue, Pink, Black and Rose Tulle Ribbons, regular 28c, bargain days	22c
Ladies' Chateaufort Bags, regular 45c, bargain days	35c
30 Velvet Hair Bowes, with tassels, regular 25c, bargain days	20c
Ladies' Tulle Gowns and in Grey and Black, regular 28c, bargain days	22c
Ladies' Tulle Gowns, with tassels, regular 25c, bargain days	20c
Ladies' Leather Belts, regular 25c, bargain days	20c
Ladies' Summer Corsets for	35c
Ladies' Summer Corsets, regular 45c, bargain days	40c
Ladies' Summer Corsets, regular 50c, bargain days	45c
Ladies' Ribbed and Plain Cashmere Hose, regular 32c, bargain days	25c
Ladies' Ribbed and Plain Cashmere Hose, regular 32c, bargain days	25c
Ladies' Vests, White, with Sleeves, regular 16c, bargain days	12c
Ladies' Vests, White, with Sleeves, regular 16c, bargain days	12c
Dress Ducks, Black and White and Blue and White, regular 12c, bargain days	8c
Cream Cashmere, regular 45c, bargain days	35c
4 Pieces Fancy Dress Gowns, 2 tons, regular 25c, bargain days	15c
1 Piece Black Serge, regular \$1.10, bargain days	75c
1 Piece Black Whip Cord, regular \$1.60, bargain days	\$1.25
1 Piece Black Striped Alpaca, regular 65c, bargain days	50c
1 Piece Silk Grosgrain (Prieatley's) regular \$1.50, bargain days	\$1.33
1 Grey Vole Cloth, regular 60c, bargain days	35c
Beaded Sequine Collars, regular 50c, bargain days	35c
Children's and Misses' Blouses, regular 25c, bargain days	15c
Ladies' Blouses and White Blouses, regular 65c, bargain days	50c
Ladies' White Coronation Kid Gloves, with silver dome fasteners, with image of King and Queen, regular \$1.75, bargain days	\$1.60
Ladies' Black and Colored Kid Gloves, regular 75c, bargain days	65c
Men's Colored Regatta Shirts, regular \$1.00, \$1.10, bargain days	75c
Men's White Shirts, regular 90c, \$1.00, bargain days	75c
Men's White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, regular 12c, bargain days	\$3 for 25c
White Table Linen, 64 inch, regular 95c, bargain days	45c
White Table Linen, 68 inch, regular 45c, bargain days	35c
Unbleached Table Linen, 66 inch, regular 23c, bargain days	19c
Unbleached Table Linen, 60 inch, regular 35c, bargain days	28c
Men's Cotton Sox, regular 8c, bargain days	5c
Men's Black Cotton Sox, regular 20c, bargain days	15c
Men's Cashmere Sox, regular 30c, 32c, bargain days	25c
Ladies' Lace Edge Handkerchiefs, regular 15c, bargain days	10c
Feathered Lappet Mitten for Children, regular 25c, bargain days	20c
50 White Lacy Embroidered Trimmed Blouses, regular \$1.10, bargain days	75c
Lace Curtains, 2 1/2 yds., regular 90c, bargain days	25c
Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yds., regular 45c, bargain days	35c
Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yds., regular \$1.25, bargain days	95c
Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yds., regular \$1.75, bargain days	\$1.35
Lace Curtains, 3 1/2 yds., regular \$3.00, bargain days	\$2.10
30 Green and Cream Blinds, regular 60c and 75c, Lace Trimmed, lace slightly torn at end, bargain days	45c
15 Cream and Green Lace and Lace Trimmed, regular \$1.00, bargain days	65c
100 Oak Curtain Poles, regular 25c, bargain days	20c
Ladies' Sun Shades, regular 80c, bargain days	65c
Ladies' Sun Shades, regular \$1.40, bargain days	\$1.20
Lace Curtain Samples, regular 25c and 20c each, bargain days	13c
Ladies' Corset Covers, regular 30c, bargain days	25c
Ladies' Corset Covers, regular 30c, bargain days	25c
Ladies' White Skirts, regular \$1.20, bargain days	95c
Ladies' White Drawers, regular 35c, bargain days	25c
2 Pieces All-Wool Carpeting, regular \$1.00, bargain days	85c
1 Piece Wool Filled Carpeting, regular 65c, bargain days	52c
2 Pieces Floral Hemp Carpeting, regular 17c, bargain days	14c
1 Piece 16-4 Oil Cloth, regular 50c sq. yd., bargain days	44c
1 Piece Carpeting, regular 30c, bargain days	24c
10 per cent. off all Men's Hats and Caps.	

E. E. W. McGAFFEY,

LINDSAY'S LEADER OF LOW CASH PRICES.

150 Rolls Wall Papers at 5c per Roll.	
200 Rolls Wall Papers at 6c per Roll.	
250 Rolls Wall Papers at 8c per Roll.	
300 Rolls Wall Papers at 10c per Roll.	

Remember the place
GEO. A. LITTLE,
Book and Stationery Store, Kent-st.,
Lindsay.

Sign of the Mill Saw.

South Side Kent St.

McLENNAN & CO.

LAWN MOWERS,
GARDEN SHEARS,
REFRIGERATORS,
ICE CREAM
FREEZERS,
SCREEN DOORS,
ADJUSTABLE
WINDOW SCREENS
WASHING
MACHINES,
Prism Mixed Paints,
ELLWOOD FIELD
FENCE.

McLennan & Co.

COAL,
GLAZED SEWER PIPE
PORTLAND CEMENT.

UNDERTAKING and UPHOLSTERING.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has purchased the business in the above lines carried on for so many years by Mr. H. Holtorf and removed same to No. 16, Knowlton's Bldg., William-st., Undertaking and Upholstering done on short notice. All orders for undertaking promptly attended to. Terms reasonable.

WM. HOLTORF.



THERE IS AN ATTRACTION
about the purity of our drugs that's a winning point to gain your custom.
When you buy drugs or order prescriptions see to it that they are made from pure, reliable, fresh materials—you're sure of them here at right prices.

A. HIGGINBOTHAM, Druggist,
NEXT TO PYM'S HOTEL.

Attention Sprayers.

We have just received a full supply of government tested Paris Green and Copper Sulphate. Both these articles are used in the "Bordeaux" mixture which is used for spraying fruit trees and bushes.

PARIS GREEN 25c.
COPPER SULPHATE 10c.

E. GREGORY,

Corner Drug Store, Lindsay.

Grand Excursions to California.
at half usual fare. Going from May 28th to June 7th; return within 60 days. See G. Wilder, Express Office. —w243.

Ladies Look Younger.
Which is the desire of one and all. Take the trouble of visiting Prof. Dorenwend's private show rooms at the Benson House Saturday June 7, and see the many beautiful inventions in styles of Human Hair Coverings, Wigs, Bangs, Switches, etc., and inspect his new patent structure.

LOCAL BREVITIES

For whooping cough and croup, Vapo-Cresolene is a simple and perfect remedy.

Monday, May 24th, is not a school holiday unless made so by resolution of the trustees.

—Ever see three fellows standing on a street corner and playing checkers into a hat? The sight was witnessed on Kent-st. about 10:30 Tuesday by a privileged few. We're getting to be a fast town—in spots.

—The firemen were called out shortly after 11 Wednesday morning to extinguish a small blaze in Mr. Yarnold's dwelling, corner Durham-st. and Victoria-ave., which started from the chimney. The damage was trifling.

—The Esturion, gay with new paint and up-to-date in all her appointments, will be placed on her regular run between Bobcaygeon and Lindsay on May 24th. It is to be hoped the millmen will see to it that the river is kept free of logs.

—The Kenosha is now in the lock chamber, and is receiving some finishing touches in the way of exterior and interior painting. The overhauling of the machinery will be completed Wednesday, and it is expected that a trial trip will be made about Friday.

—The C.P.R. Homo-Seekers' 60 day excursion to Canadian North-West point will begin June 3rd, all rail or S.S. Alberta. Sea adv. next week. All information furnished by Mr. T. C. Matchett, C.P.R. agent, Lindsay.

—Mr. P. B. McIlhargy shipped 177 eggs to the Wm. Davies Co., Toronto, today. Mr. Moore also consigned a mixed outload, comprising cattle and hogs, to the city markets. The prices paid for select hogs was \$6.90 per hundred, fat and lights \$6.65, export cattle \$6, butchers' \$4 to \$5.25.

—Mr. Josee Perrio, boatbuilder, has just completed a canoe for Mr. A. W. Dougal, of the Bank of Montreal. It is a very neat and well finished craft and reflects much credit on Mr. Perrio as a boatbuilder. We understand this is the fourth canoe Mr. Perrio has constructed this year. Two were shipped to Ottawa and one to Mr. Geo. Beall, Toronto.

—Members of Cambridge-st. Methodist church, and especially the board of managers—Messrs. Jas. Boxall, F. C. Taylor, Wm. Flavell and J. W. Wray—are greatly annoyed because some vandals have torn down a number of the nice climbing vines that were trained against the walls of the church. A liberal reward will be paid for the detection of the offenders.

—Citizens who opposed the erection of the fire hall on the market square are now beginning to acknowledge that their opposition was a mistake. The removal of the old fire hall and lockup, and possibly the weigh-scale, will not only add to the market square, but will add greatly to the appearance and utility of the town hall building, and will afford a clear view of the park property to the west.

—It was generally supposed that all proper connections had been made with Lindsay-st. sewer, so that when the roadway was permanently improved it would not have to be torn up again. To-day opposite the O. L. L. lot a sewer connection has been made and the filling in of the trench in the roadway has been done in a very slipshod fashion, the earth being heaped up instead of being rammed down and the stone properly replaced. No use building good roads if that sort of thing is to be permitted.

QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY ON SATURDAY.

Town Merchants Decide to Keep Stores Open Saturday.

Last week, as the result of a conference between a few of our business men, it was decided that Monday, May 26th, and not Saturday, May 24th, should be observed as a public holiday. Since then a number of merchants have had misgivings to the opinion that the choice was a bad one, and that the farmers would not come to town Saturday, thinking the holiday would be observed on that day in Lindsay, as elsewhere, and that when they visited town on Monday it would be to find the stores closed and business impossible. Members of the various staffs who wished to take advantage of the cheap railway fares extending from Friday evening until the last train Monday night unanimously agreed with the latter opinion, and when in to-day's dailies there was seen an Ottawa dispatch stating that the holiday would be observed on Saturday, and that there could be no change from that date to Monday to suit the convenience of merchants and others, it seemed a case for a change.

Mayor Inglis was consulted and he interviewed a number of merchants. It was pointed out that an excursion party would arrive from Kirkfield points Saturday who would expect to find the shops open, and that two excursions had been billed to leave town Monday—one by rail, the other by boat. Under the circumstances it was not considered possible to alter the date, and a petition in favor of a Monday holiday was circulated and signed by every merchant on Kent-st. but one. That settled the matter.

To Midland For \$1.20.

Next Monday, May 26th, the C.O. O.F. will run their annual excursion to Midland. Adults, \$1.20, children 60c; tickets good returning on regular train Tuesday, May 27th. Reserve the date.—341.

Notice to Farmers.

We have on hand several choice varieties of seed beans to distribute among growers. Some of these varieties returned 36 bushels to the acre last year. We have also a quantity of Evergreen Sweet Corn for sale. Farmers who want to grow beans will please call early and call for the quantity they need. JAS. M. SQUIER & SON, Lindsay.—w2.

Might Have Been Serious.

Mrs. H. Workman, who is visiting at her daughters, Mrs. McAdam, Toronto, had the misfortune to misfortune to mistake a door leading to this back kitchen stairs and fall to the bottom. The rest of the family, who had returned, heard the noise, and on making a search found her lying in a dazed condition at the foot of the stairs. Dr. Rowan was called, and found no bones broken, but she suffered a bad shaking up from the shock. She is improving.

PERSONALS

—Master Leonard Shier is visiting in Toronto.

—Mr. F. W. Sutcliffe was in Toronto Wednesday on business.

—Miss E. Jones, of Toronto, is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. Harry Time, of Lifford, was town lately on business.

—Mrs. J. A. Pashon left lately for Toronto to spend a few days.

—Mrs. G. R. Stephens, Glenside-st., is visiting friends in Toronto.

—Mr. Thos. Hodgson, of Burnt River, is spending a few days in town.

—Mr. and Mrs. T. H. DeCew, of Fenton Falls, were in town Tuesday.

—Mrs. M. M. Boyd and daughter, of Bobcaygeon, were in town Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. Robinson, of North Dakota, are visiting friends in town.

—Mr. F. W. Noice, of Minden, passed through recently to Victoria Harbor.

—Mr. Daniel Abbott, of Victoria Harbor, was in town recently on business.

—Mr. J. H. Stanton, of Fenton Falls, was in town Tuesday on business.

—Mr. E. Hiley, general merchant, Wilberforce, was in town recently on business.

—Mrs. H. J. Lytle and little daughter left on Tuesday to visit friends in Toronto and Norval.

—Mrs. J. McKnight, left Wednesday morning for Port Perry to spend a few days with friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. Martin, of Toronto, were in town on Tuesday, passing through to Sturgeon Falls.

—Mrs. T. R. Harding, who had been visiting friends here, left for home in Western Ontario Monday.

—Mr. P. Molyneux, of Haliburton, passed through to-day to Perry Sound, where he has secured a position.

—Rev. Fr. O'Leary, parish priest, of Fenton Falls, Bobcaygeon and Lindsay, passed through to Toronto on day.

—Mr. J. H. Lannon, of Atlanta, Georgia, arrived in town last Tuesday to spend a few weeks with his family.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. J. McLaughlin and Miss Webster were in Port Hope lately attending the wedding of a friend.

—Mr. J. Cook who had been spending a few days with his daughter, Mrs. T. McConnel, returned to Port Perry Tuesday.

—Mr. Louis F. Boyd, K.C., Reform candidate in East Victoria, passed through Monday to Brantford where he will spend a couple of days.

—Miss Annie Ivory and Miss Lazelle Brown, of Omece, who had been spending a few days with the Misses Robins, Victoria-ave., returned home Tuesday.

—Mr. Fox is a decent, good-natured fellow, but he never was intended for a statesman.

ENTERED FOR THE FINAL HEAT.

Messrs. Fox and Smale Nominated for the Provincial Contest.

The formal nomination of candidates to contest West Victoria at the coming Ontario elections took place at 12 o'clock Thursday in the Council Chamber. About 30 citizens were present. After reading the writ Sheriff McLennan, returning officer, called for nominations.

Mr. Wm. Pedlar, Lindsay, moved, seconded by Mr. Albert Davidson, of Ops, that Mr. Newton Smale be nominated.

Mr. Wm. Flavell moved, seconded by Mr. John McEachern, Eldon, that Mr. S. J. Fox be nominated.

Mr. Fred Perrin, of Oakwood, officiated as poll clerk, and Mr. Chas. Silver, bailiff, assisted the Sheriff in opening the meeting.

If Sarah Innes would correspond with the local Conservative Association the latter might be able to explain to the public their methods of complying with the registration act.

Gentlemen Who are Bald

or have thin hair should call on Prof. Dorenwend at the Benson house on Saturday, June 7, and see his wonderful device in Toupees and Wigs worn over 65,000 heads. Explanation and demonstration free. Free apartments at hotel. Don't fail to see his new invention, patented all over the world.

What measure to help the town has Mr. Fox ever introduced into the house? If West Victoria had been represented in Toronto by a piece of statutory, could it have done less for Lindsay or the rest of the riding?

New Y. M. C. A. Secretary.

The board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. have been devoting much serious attention to the selection of a capable person to fill the office of secretary, the duties of which were performed with so much acceptance by the late J. B. Walker. We are informed that the board have at last made a choice in the person of Mr. O. A. Jones, of New York State, who will assume charge on June 1st. Mr. Jones is very highly recommended by the leading citizens of Batavia, N.Y.

BIRTHS

HAMILTON.—On the 7th, in Bobcaygeon, the wife of Mr. W. H. Hamilton, of a daughter.

INGLE.—In Lindsay, on Thursday, May 22nd, the wife of Mr. W. R. Ingle, Willsie, Man., of a son. (Winnipeg papers please copy.)

MARRIAGES.

LEWIS—PURDY.—On the 14th, at the residence of the bride's parents, in Bobcaygeon, by the Rev. Geo. Horton, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Lee, Isaac Lewis, of South Verulam, and Mary Purdy, daughter of Jas. Purdy.

DEATHS.

POGUE.—On the 14th, in Verulam, Margaret A. Pogue, aged 37 years.

BIRGENAW.—In Lindsay, on Wednesday, May 21st, Rose Birgenaw, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Birgenaw, aged 16 years.

ELKKER.—At Manila Junction, May 13th, 1902, Sarah Elkker, only daughter of Robert and Catherine Elkker, aged 18 years and 3 months. (Whitby and Clinton papers please copy.)

M. J. CARTER

The Ready-to-Wear Clothing we sell is cut from patterns to fit

THE ORDINARY MAN
THE SLIM MAN
THE STOUT MAN
THE SHORT MAN
THE SHORT STOUT MAN

THE Materials, Colors and Styles are selected by experienced buyers with a watchful eye as to QUALITY and APPEARANCE.

The prices are in keeping with the High-Class Clothing we sell.

Men's All-Wool Suits, the dependable kind
\$5.00 to \$13.00.

WE ARE VERY PROUD

Of our Children's Department. We have everything up-to-date to please the little fellows.

FURNISHING NEEDS

For Men and Boys. A visit to this department will convince you that we are leaders.

M. J. Carter,

The One Price Clothier, Lindsay.

COMMUNICATIONS

Politics and Assessorship.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—In to-day's Watchman-Warrior appears a letter signed by Jas. Flurry, in which he says that I told him "that if I did not vote for Mr. Smale I would not be appointed assessor, but that Mr. Thos. Connolly would apply for the position and get it."

This is simply an untrue statement. Mr. Editor: I told him no such thing.—Yours, etc.,
(Sgd.) D. O'CONNELL.
Lindsay, May 22nd, 1902.

WESTMINSTER ABBEY CHOIR.

Academy, Lindsay, Tuesday, May 27th.

The following letter from His Lordship the Right Reverend Arthur Sweetman, Bishop of Toronto, will be of interest:

"I am quite pleased to know that Mr. Edward Branscombe and his Westminster Abbey Choir Glee and Concert Party are returning to Canada to make another tour and I have the greatest pleasure in testifying to the very great enjoyment which I derived from their concert last year. I heard each of their two programmes, one in Toronto, the other in Montreal, and I do not hesitate to say that their unaccompanied part singing was the most genuine musical treat of its class of music that I have ever heard in this country. In addition to this I had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Branscombe and members of his choir socially on several occasions, and found them all to be cultivated gentlemen of the most agreeable and charming social manners. I shall look forward with real delight to meeting them again."—Believe me, yours very truly,

ARTHUR, Toronto.

All the members of the choir party are artists of high reputation and talent.—w1.

Raise Chickens for Export.

We want delivered alive at your nearest G. T. R. station every chicken you can raise. Larger breeds, such as Orpingtons, Wyandottes, Rocks, Indian Game and chickens are most acceptable. Scrub and black-legged birds are not suitable. Prices according to weight and plumpness. Good chickens bring from 40c. to 90c. per pair. We can supply settings of good Rock and Wyandotte eggs. Where a number order together the cost is from 20c. to 25c. a setting. For particulars write our buyer, A. E. Silverwood, box 134, Dundas & Elvina Bros., Lindsay.—w1.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Raise chickens for Export.

We want delivered alive at your nearest G. T. R. station every chicken can raise. Larger breeds, such as Buffings, Wyandottes, Rocks, I. and Games and Dorkings, are most acceptable. Sorts and Black-legs are also acceptable. Eggs to set to weight and plumpness. Good chickens bring from 40c. to 90c. per pair. We can supply settings of Gamecock and Wyandotte eggs. Where lumber order together the cost is from 20c. to 25c. a setting. For particulars write our buyer, A. E. Silverood, box 134, Dundas & Flavelcos., Lindsay.-wl.

An Optical Parlor.

We now have a room completed in the rear of the store where we can test your eyes privately. We have equipped it with every modern convenience for the examination and correction of defective vision, making one of the most up-to-date optical rooms in Ontario.

Examination and Advice Free.

MORGAN BROS.

Druggists and Opticians.

The Weekly Post

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1902.

THE 9TH PARLIAMENT

Prorogation Ceremonies of the Second Session at Ottawa.

THE SPEECH FROM THE THRONE

Signs of Prosperity Mentioned by His Excellency the Governor-General—Other Matters of Interest—The Premier Honored—Sir Wilfrid Laurier Presented With Address and His Portrait.

Ottawa, May 19.—Parliament was prorogued today afternoon by the Governor-General. The Senate Chamber was filled with a large number of guests. His Excellency was escorted to the Senate by the Princess Louise Dragoon Guards and received at the House of Commons by a guard of honor from the Foot Guards. At Niagara Point the guns of the fort battery thundered out a royal salute.

Lord Minto's speech proroguing Parliament was as follows:

Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate, Gentlemen of the House of Commons: In relating you from further attendance in Parliament I desire to thank you for the care and attention given to your important duties.

The unusual number of acts that have been passed incorporating industrial and railway companies may be taken as an evidence of the rapid progress that Canada is making in wealth and prosperity. Further proof of that satisfactory condition is afforded by the increase in the trade and revenue of the country.

It has been gratifying to note the unprecedented flow of immigrants from Europe and from the United States that are now seeking homes in Manitoba and in the Northwest Territories. The rapidly increasing population in that fertile section of the Dominion must yearly add to the wealth of the country.

The amalgamation entered into with the Canadian Pacific Railway Company when authorizing an increase of its capital to expend over nine million dollars in providing additional rolling stock will, it is hoped, materially diminish in the future the serious losses that have arisen from the insufficient supply of cars to carry the products from the west to the eastern ports.

The amendments to the Manitoba grain act authorizing the farmers in Manitoba and in the Northwest Territories to erect flat warehouses for storing their grain at railway stations will, it is believed, be found to serve a useful purpose and defeat any attempt to depress prices by combination.

The growing population in the Yukon Territory and the rapid development in the trade of that section of Canada amply justify the act granting to its residents a representative in Parliament who will be authorized to speak for his constituency in all matters affecting the more important interests of that remote part of the Dominion.

I thank you in his Majesty's name for the liberal supplies you have granted for the public service. Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate, Gentlemen of the House of Commons: In bidding you farewell, I desire to express the hope that when we meet next year we shall be able to again rejoice in the continued prosperity which now prevails over this wide Dominion.

FINAL SITTING OF HOUSE.

Mr. Fielding Expends a Larger Sum Than He Had Calculated.

A return was brought down in the House of Commons yesterday morning containing copies of resolutions passed in favor of preferential trade by the Board of Trade of Toronto, Montreal, Halifax, Kingston, Hamilton, St. John, W. J. Dufferin, British Columbia and Roseland, B.C.; the Chamber of Commerce of Montreal, and the British Empire League of Canada.

In connection with the bill Mr. Fielding explained the provisions of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's bill respecting the incorporation of joint stock companies by letters patent, which is designed to modernize the existing law. The bill was given its final stage.

Mr. Kaufbach urged upon the Government the necessity of giving railway communication from Halifax to the coast of Nova Scotia. Hon. W. S. Fielding replied there was every probability that the need of this portion of Nova Scotia would be supplied very shortly. The Local Government had shortly to the company carrying on the work at a loan of \$13,000 per mile for the whole road.

Mr. R. L. Borden enquired in refer-

ence to the question in which the action respecting the taxation of C.P.R. lands now stands, and Mr. Walter Scott and Mr. Frank Oliver asked that the Attorney-General of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories respectively be associated with the Department of Justice in preparation of the case against the C.P.R., as Manitoba and the Territories have the greatest interest in the suit.

Mr. W. H. Brock cautioned the Government to take this matter into their very careful consideration before enacting a precedent which might cause a great deal of difficulty in the future.

Mr. N. Boyd suggested to Mr. Brock that the Government needed no warning in the matter, as they had moved with sufficient deliberation.

Mr. Sifton reminded Mr. Boyd that no time had been lost, as it was not until 1901 that the Government became in a position to raise the question. He added that the Department of Justice was expediting the action as much as possible.

In submitting the supply bill Hon. W. S. Fielding said that the House would be glad to learn that since his budget speech was delivered two months ago the condition of the revenue had been very favorable, and the collections will be much larger than he then ventured to predict.

There would probably be a larger surplus and a smaller addition to the public debt than he calculated in his budget speech.

In reply to Mr. Frank Oliver, a report from the inspector of Inland Revenue was read by Hon. M. E. Bernier, from which it appeared that the first intimation he had respecting coal oil being bad was from Hon. Mr. Sifton, who, through his department, collected samples of oil from 21 points in Manitoba and the Northwest in January for chemical analysis.

The oil was found to be within the requirements of the law, and any attempt to reduce the range of gravities as low as established by the act 775 to 805 would add to the cost of production and give the oil refiners a reasonable excuse for increasing the cost to the consumer. So far as it was possible to ascertain, the trouble arose in connection with a lot of 10,000 barrels of oil placed in storage tank No. 2 at Port William in July, 1901, by the Standard Oil Company, Chicago.

Inspector Barrett reported that 9,000 barrels were drawn out of the tank, and gave perfect satisfaction, but the remaining oil taken from the bottom of the tank did not give satisfactory results. The Imperial Oil Company, to whom the oil was consigned, on complaints being made, recalled the oil and paid freight both ways. There was probably not more than one consignment of inferior oil last October, and that was on the market from the middle of October to some time in December.

Mr. N. Boyd charged the customs officials with neglect in allowing the inferior oil to enter the country.

Hon. Wm. Patterson replied that the oil was inspected and passed the tests prescribed by law, therefore, the customs officer could not be blamed. Whether it was advisable to alter the standard was another question, if this were done it would result in an increase in cost.

Mr. E. Cochrane contended that it was the duty of the Government to alter the law, so that the people would get good oil, and Mr. Oliver assured the House the people of the west were prepared to pay a little more if they could by doing so get good oil.

THE PREMIER HONORED.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Presented With His Portrait, by Forbes, in the Commons Chamber.

Ottawa, May 16.—A ceremony unique in parliamentary experience occurred yesterday afternoon, when Sir Wilfrid Laurier was presented with his portrait by Forbes in the Commons Chamber. The scene itself was out of the ordinary.

In the Premier's seat sat Lady Laurier and beside her in the chair of the Minister of the Interior sat Mrs. Sifton. Mrs. Fielding occupied the chair of the Minister of Finance and Mrs. Mulock sat at the Postmaster-General's desk. The wives of several of the members followed out the simile. Among them Mrs. Charles Maclellan viewed the proceedings from the seat of the member of Bonaventure.

Liberal Whip Calvert, on behalf of the donors, presented Sir Wilfrid with an address, which he read. It said, among other things, that "We, your friends and admirers of the Liberal party, beg to present you with an oil painting of yourself as a token of our affection and regard in which we have united, and in the name of our wife I accept from the friends, unknown, in the sense that their names are not known to me at this moment, this memento, which is the work of a great Canadian artist by a gift which would be most acceptable to me under any circumstances. Under existing circumstances it is doubly precious. It is in this, that it is the work of a Canadian artist. The name of Mr. Forbes is well known throughout Canada and throughout the motherland, and is somewhat famous also in the land to our north. It is his hand that has created this masterpiece, and we are proud to have it as a memento of our affection and regard for you, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who has taken his abode in

another land. He has done so, I am sure, not from any choice of his own. Had the choice rested with him he would have remained in Canada and brought up his family in the land of his birth. Unfortunately Canada, which is still a young country, has not afforded to artists all the help it might have given in the past. I trust that in the future Canadian artists and Canadian talent will receive more encouragement from the Canadian people than has been extended to them up to the present.

Sir Wilfrid referred to many other matters, and concluded by saying: "Once more accept my sincere thanks and my sorrow that I cannot and express adequate to convey to you as I wish the fullness of my heart." (Loud cheers.)

THE SAWLOG POLICY.

Hon. E. J. Davis Punctures Mr. Whitney's Claim That Mr. MacCampbell Was the Father of It.

Coldwater, May 15.—Hon. E. J. Davis, Commissioner of Crown Lands, delivered an able address in Mr. T. L. Lohp's (East Simcoe) hall here last night. He was cordially received and frequently applauded as he reviewed the policy of the Government, what had already been accomplished and what it was proposed to do. In discussing Mr. Whitney's statements as to dissatisfaction among new Ontario settlers, Mr. Davis pointed out that the record of the colonization branch of the department did not bear out the assertion, and the continued and even increasing throng of settlers would indicate exactly the opposite condition. (Applause.) Mr. Davis has also tried to make it appear that the mining laws of the Province were having an extremely injurious effect on that industry, but again the records of the department were against him, and Mr. Davis quoted figures in proof of the fact that the Provincial mining output for the first three months of the present year was 52 per cent. greater than that of the first three months of last year. (Applause.)

Mr. Davis discussed the policy of the Government on the pulp question, its railway policy and the building of the Government road to the Temiskaming, and the policy of aid to agriculture. This section of the Province being largely interested in the saw-milling industry, Mr. Davis went into the sawlog policy at some length, dispraying, as he has frequently done in the House, Mr. MacCampbell's claim to the publicity of the saw-milling industry, and showing that Hon. Mr. Harte, the then Commissioner, had anticipated Mr. MacCampbell by several years.

His accounts short \$1,500.

Toronto, May 15.—Charged with stealing upwards of \$1,500 of the money of the Toronto Opera House, James Alexander, the treasurer of that amusement resort, was taken into custody yesterday afternoon. The Crown Attorney declined to move an offer for bail, and Alexander was compelled to remain in the cells. He will come up at the Police Court this morning.

Promoter Meyer Arrested.

New York, May 15.—A. L. Meyer of the Meyer-Webb syndicate, surrendered himself to the sheriff yesterday. He was released on \$4,000 bail.

300 C.P.R. EMPLOYEES STRIKE.

Ironmolders, Core-Makers, Helpers and Apprentices Go Out.

Montreal, May 15.—About 300 ironmolders, core-makers, helpers and apprentices employed in the Canadian Pacific Railway's foundry at Hochelaga, went on strike yesterday because their demands for a minimum rate of wages of \$2.50 a day had been refused by the officials of the company.

Want More Money.

Winnipeg, May 15.—The C.P.R. mechanics on the Pacific Division are asking for 32½ cents an hour; those on the Revelstoke, 33 cents, and on the Western Division, 30 cents, an advance of 8 cents.

Dr. Grant's Insurance.

Kingston, Ont., May 15.—Principal Grant's life was insured for \$30,000 in the London & Lancashire Insurance Company. The policy is payable to Queen's University, and had been in force six or seven years.

Miners Take No Action.

Hazleton, Pa., May 15.—The miners' convention adjourned yesterday until this morning without taking any definite action.

Winnifredian Sails.

At Two O'clock Saturday a Transport Left Halifax With Canadians.

Halifax, N.S., May 19.—Sixth Regiment and Squadrons C and D of the 4th C.M.R. embarked on the Winnifredian Saturday morning for South Africa. Lieut.-Col. Irving, who has been D.O.C. here for seven years, was given a great send off by his brother militia officers, who accompanied the regiment from camp to the boat. Bands of 66th, 63rd and R.C.R. played the men through the streets, which were lined with spectators.

Lieut. Captain Thompson of the 63rd made a speech on arrival at the pier, in which he conveyed to Colonel Irving the high appreciation in which he is held by the militia of Halifax. The ship left about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The weather was beautiful, and the steamer will have a fine run off the coast.

Body Found in Grand River.

Galt, May 19.—A badly decomposed body was found in the Grand River Saturday afternoon. In a pocket of a coat was found the name, "J. W. Cunningham."

An inquest will be held. There is no doubt that the body found is the remains of Joshua W. Cunningham of Trenton, Ontario, who had been an inmate of the Home for the Deaf and Dumb, and who has been missing from that institution for several weeks.

Queen's New Professor.

Kingston, May 19.—The Queen's University authorities have appointed P. G. C. Campbell, B.A., Cambridge, England, professor of French. He is a graduate of Oxford, J. Matheson, M.A., Dutton, Ont., was appointed assistant to the professor of mathematics.

Dropped Dead in Port Hope.

Port Hope, May 15.—Jacob Hoffman, one of Port Hope's oldest residents, dropped dead at the G.T.R. Station at 7.30 last night.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto. 80c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

NEWS ON WEDNESDAY

Definite Announcement Re Peace Expected by That Time.

BOERS' Demeanor IS WARLIKE

Prolonged Sessions of Vereeniging Conference—Times' Correspondent Thinks They Will Fight on, But He Adds That Whatever the Result of the Conference the End of the War Is Not Distant.

London, May 19.—All sorts of rumors are rife about the Boer conference, but no definite news is expected before Wednesday. Mr. Edgar Wallace, The Daily Mail's correspondent, regards it as inadvisable to consider the complete success of negotiations as certain.

The Boer Conference. Pretoria, May 19.—Nothing has come out with reference to the conference of the Boer leaders of the commandos in the field at Vereeniging, or the northern and eastern commandos, who have been in the train wreckers, has surrendered, and is now in Pretoria.

The Boer delegates, who are assembled at Vereeniging, Transvaal, held prolonged conferences on Thursday and Friday of last week.

End of War at Hand.

London, May 19.—A dispatch to The Times from Pretoria says that about 160 Boer leaders are assembled at Vereeniging, and their demeanor leads one to suppose they will vote in favor of a continuation of hostilities, but the fact that the voting is by ballot might turn the balance to the side of peace. Whatever the direct result of the conference may be, says the correspondent, the end of the war is not distant, because the conference will probably be followed by numerous surrenders in various directions, while large bodies of British troops will be poured into the resisting districts.

Boer Decision in Doubt.

London, May 19.—Very divergent are the views taken both in London and Pretoria of the prospects of the conclusion of peace within the next few days. Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's extremely cautious words in his speech Friday have not discouraged the sanguine hopes of the Boers, but those who know the Boers best fully expect them to make a further attempt in the negotiations if not in the field, to gain better terms than are contained in the British proposals.

Lord Kitchener's paramount effort at his first interview with the Boer leaders was to impress upon them that neither now nor in the future would Great Britain consider terms which would involve either independence of the two republics or mere suzerainty. Acting President Schalkenburger of the Transvaal and his companions have probably been convinced of the irrevocable nature of this declaration, but whether they have succeeded in conveying this impression to the rank and file of the commandos in the field has not yet transpired.

The peace conference which is now in session is not such in the ordinary sense. The Boers undoubtedly want to "negotiate." They know the British terms, and they wish to submit counter proposals in the ordinary way and then work toward a compromise.

Lord Kitchener and Lord Milner will not permit this. They declare virtually that the British proposition is the irrevocable minimum demand of a successful belligerent, and the only question is as to the acceptance or rejection of the proposition in its entirety. The only contingency which can prolong the negotiations is for the Boers after conceding the essential demands to seek to secure minor concessions in connection with the plan for the future government of the country. The British representatives hardly take the responsibility of prolonging the war by an arbitrary refusal to consider such points as these.

A TOBACCO COMBINE.

Judge MacTavish Appointed to Enquire Into It.

Ottawa, May 17.—The Government has appointed his Honor Duncan Byron MacTavish, Judge of the County Court of Carleton, to inquire into the existence of the alleged tobacco combine. A couple of months ago complaint was made to the Government that the United States Tobacco Trust had secured a footing in Canada by the purchase of the Empire factory, and was operating against domestic manufacturers by unfair methods. The allegation was that the trust had served notice on the Canadian retailers that they must purchase all their native tobaccos from the Tobacco Trust's Canadian factory, otherwise they would be refused certain American brands which are very popular in Canada. This high-handed proceeding brought about united action on the part of the Canadian manufacturers, who sent down an influential deputation to appeal to the Government for redress.

200,000 to Quit Striking.

Stockholm, Sweden, May 19.—The action of both chambers of the Riksdag being favorable to universal suffrage, the labor leaders decided to end the strike at 6 o'clock Saturday evening, and the 200,000 men who went out will resume work.

\$20,000 Fire at Caspe Basin.

Gaspé, Que., May 19.—Gaspé Basin was the scene of a destructive fire Friday night, by which nine buildings were destroyed. Loss estimated at \$20,000.

GAVE LIFE FOR HER BROTHER.

Eight-Year-Old Girl Dies in Agony From Rattlesnake's Bite.

La Crosse, Wis., May 19.—Grace Erickson, 8 years old, gave her life for her 3-year-old brother at Dresden, Minn. A rattlesnake six feet long had crept into the house and was discovered by the girl as it was about to attack her little brother. She tried to smother the snake with her hands, when it fastened its fangs in her body. She died in great agony on Saturday afternoon.

OFFICERS FOR THE CORONATION.

Approved by Council—Ten Have Been Service in South Africa and Two in the Northwest.

Ottawa, Ont., May 19.—The officers of the Canadian coronation contingent have been chosen and approved by Council. Following is the official list of the officers appointed: Staff Officers.

Lieut.-Col. H. M. Pellatt (D), 2nd Regiment, Q.O.R., No. 2 district, Ontario; Lieut.-Col. A. T. Thompson, 37th Regiment, H.R., No. 2 district, Ontario; Lieut.-Col. R. E. W. Turner, V.O., D.S.O., Q.O.C.R., No. 7 district, Quebec; Capt. J. A. Benyon, (S.A.), R.C.A., No. 7 district, Quebec; Sergt-Major E. Fiset (St. Lieut.-Col.) (S.A.), A.M.S., No. 7 district, Quebec; Sergt-Major M. C. Curry, 66th Regiment, P.L.F., No. 9 district, N.S.

Cavalry.

F. L. Cartwright (S.A.), Inspector N.W.M.P., No. 10 district, N.W.T.; R. M. Courtney (S.A.), captain in Strathcona's Horse, and 1st P.W.F., No. 5 district, Quebec; Major J. A. Northrup, K.C.H., No. 9 district, N.S.; P. B. Ramsay, Hamilton, captain, C.M.R., No. 10 district, Winnipeg; Cockburn, H.Z.C., V.C. (S.A.), Major G.C.B., No. 2 district, Ontario; Emmerson, H.R., 2nd Lieut., 8th Hussars, No. 2 district, New Brunswick.

Field Artillery.

Stephens, G. W. Jr., major, 3rd F.B., No. 5 district, Quebec; Morrison, E.W.B., D.S.O., captain 2nd F.B., Ottawa; Brigadier, Laliberté, E., captain, 1st F.B., No. 7 Quebec.

Infantry and Rifles.

Davidson, H. McL., major 4th G.A., No. 12 district, P.E.I., No. 11 district, B.C.

Garrison Artillery.

Mackie, H. J., (S.A.) major, 42nd Regiment, No. 4 district, Ontario; Cronyn, H.B. (N.W.), major, 7th Regiment, No. 1 district, Ontario; Dunlap, E.A., captain 42nd Regiment, No. 4 district, Ontario; Mackenzie, A.W. Lieut., 48th Regiment, No. 2 district, Ontario; Fraser, C.K. (S.A.), captain, 53rd Regiment, No. 5 district, Quebec; Howard, F. A. (N.W.), captain, 34th Regiment, No. 2 district, Ontario; Leaneux, E. (S.A.), 2nd Lieut., 6th Regiment, No. 5 district, Quebec.

Ten of the above officers, viz., Lieut.-Col. Turner, Surgeon-Major Fiset, Captain Benyon, Inspector Cartwright, Major Cockburn, Capt. Morrison, Major Mackie, Capt. Courtney, Capt. Fraser and Lieut. Leaneux, have served in South Africa.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Mr. Whitney Goes to His Own Constituency—Mr. Smyth, His Liberal Opponent Has Developed Strength.

Toronto, May 19.—Premier Ross and Mr. Whitney came rested on Saturday from their arduous campaign labors.

Mr. Ross, who is standing the strenuous work of the campaign exceedingly well, starts out again this morning and speaks this evening at Chatham.

The Opposition leader is also in good enough health, but in poor voice. He goes to his own constituency and will remain there until nomination, on Thursday. Mr. Whitney has been away from his constituency a good deal, and the strength which Mr. Smyth, the Liberal candidate, is developing is naturally calculated to give him serious alarm.

The Dominion Parliament being over, many of the members of the House of Commons may be expected to figure actively in the campaign during the next ten days. One of the most eloquent and popular Liberal speakers at Ottawa is Hon. D. C. Fraser, who has arranged a series of meetings through the Province. He spoke at Toronto Junction on Saturday evening in behalf of Mr. W. J. Hill.

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SURPRISE SOAP
IS PURE HARD SOAP

SURPRISE IS THE KIND OF SOAP THAT WORKS WELL AND WEARS WELL.

YOU MAKE THE BEST BARGAIN IN SOAP WHEN YOU BUY . . . SURPRISE.

THE ST. CROIX SOAP MFG. CO., ST. STEPHEN, N.B.

GENUINE IRISH FREIZE.

We have it in Overcoatings and Suitings. No need of a description—Irish Freize is like the Bank of England, known the world over, and almost as durable.

We have an immense stock of the finest quality of Scotch weaves as well.

Nowhere in the Midland district can you get better value for your money in the way of stylish, well-trimmed Suits or Overcoats. Call and talk the matter over with us.

NORTH VICTORIA FARMERS

When in need of—
FARM IMPLEMENTS, BUGGIES, WAGGONS OR PUMPS
you should call on us.

Picture Framing and Photo Enlarging neatly and promptly done.

J. J. CONNELLY,
Victoria Road.

You May Need

Pain-Killer

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Cramps, Diarrhoea, All Bowel Complaints

It is a sure, safe and quick remedy.

There's only one **PAIN-KILLER**.
PERRY DAVIS'.
Two sizes, 25c. and 50c.

IF YOU CONTEMPLATE BUILDING

Call at Ingle's Planing Mills.

Mr. Ingle can supply anything in BUILDING MATERIAL.

SASH, DOORS, WINDOW BLINDS, always on hand. Being in business for over thirty years, I am satisfied I know the wants of the people. Nothing but first-class material for house or barn buildings turned out of my factory. Prices most reasonable. Consult me before making a contract.

Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

GEO. INGLE.
Cor. Cambridge and Wellington-sts.

RHEUMATISM CURED AT HOME

—BY—
DR. ROSCOE'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY

Read each week a testimonial of one you know.


Lindsay, Dec. 30th, 1901.

Dunlop Detachable Tires

First in 1888—Foremost ever since.

To have been "first" merely proves antiquity. To have remained first proves merit.

THE ROSCOE MEDICINE CO.
EAST END DRUG STORE,
BOX 84 LINDSAY, ONT.



DUNLOP TIRE CO., LIMITED, TORONTO.

AMMUNITION, GUNS, RIFLES, CARTRIDGE, SHOOTING GOODS, LANTERNS, PLOW LINES, HALTERS, COW TIES, SAWS, AXES, CHAINS

J.G. EDWARDS & CO.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1902.

AN UNFOUNDED CLAIM.

Mr. Whitney claims to be the father of the Liberal Government policy of compelling the manufacture of saw logs in Canada, a condition that has given new life to the saw-milling industry, causing an expenditure of over a million in new and revived saw mills, and a corresponding increase of labor.

Previous to 1890 the Dominion Government by its power to impose an export duty on saw logs, controlled the export. In 1890 the Ontario Government, in the timber sale of that year imposed the home manufacturing condition, by the adoption of the Dingley Bill made necessary action that had not been called for before.

After the Dingley Bill, adopted at Washington, made restrictions on the export of saw logs necessary, the matter was widely discussed throughout the province.

Mr. Whitney held a series of 36 meetings from June 7th to October 11th, 1897, and never once alluded to a sawlog policy.

While he was silent on the subject a sale of timber was advertised and the terms stipulated manufacture in the province.

It was not till after the late Premier Hardy had promised a deputation of lumbermen that the House would be called to deal with the export of logs that Mr. Whitney found courage to speak on the subject.

When the Government's policy was unfolded in the debate on the address, Mr. Macdougall moved to extend it to timber being cut under then existing contracts.

Such a violation of agreements would have involved the Government in disastrous litigation, and the proposal was therefore very properly rejected.

Now Mr. Whitney claims that he is the father of the Liberal policy prohibiting export of logs which has proved of great advantage to Northern Ontario.

As a matter of fact, Mr. Whitney has no more claim to pose as the father of the Ontario sawlog policy than he has to claim the fatherhood of Adam.

PROOF OF TORY CORRUPTION

"It is time to stop the ballot box stuffing and ballot stealing," remarks the Mail and Empire and other Tory papers. It is indeed, high time, and it is most sincerely to be hoped the party the journal quoted supports will at once mend its ways, and that we shall see no repetition of the dark doings witnessed in the past. The Tory record in this respect may truly be entitled a "Scandalous Chronicle."

Time would fail to tell of them all, but if we go back no further than 1887 we can find appalling proof of the deliberate wickedness of the Tories in the matter of tampering with the ballots. In Eldonham in that year it was remembered that Dr. Montague, one of the four survivors of the "nest of traitors," was counted in by a majority of one. It was also covered that one returning officer spoilt eight ballots marked for the Liberal candidate. The guilty wretch fled after confessing. The same kind of thing was seen in the elections in the same riding in 1890 and 1891, to say nothing of bogus voters and a forged proclamation—no connection with the famous "letters" of a later date—in the name of Her late Majesty. In West Northumberland in 1891, after the Liberal candidate was declared elected, one very considerate Conservative officer removed the ballot before a recount was made, and in the interim a number of false ballots were stuffed into the box.

In Parry Sound, in 1896 forty ballots in one box were tampered with in the interests of the Tory. In North Ontario in 1899 twenty-one ballots marked for the Liberal were taken out of the envelopes before the recount, and the same number marked for the Tory substituted. In Muskoka, in 1891 two ballot boxes known to

contain Liberal majorities were burned. In North Middlesex in 1891 some Tory spoiled three ballots after they were taken from the box by marking them for both candidates. In South Grey Dr. Landerkin obtained a majority which was vitiated by the substitution of ballots marked for his opponent. In Lincoln in 1890 hundreds of extra ballots were printed for fraudulent use, and many were used. And there have been innumerable instances in other places which could be cited. Yes, it is time, as the Mail says, to stop this kind of thing.

A CHAPTER OF LIBELS.

Like an old man of the sea, the Ross Government sits upon New Ontario, blundering its progress, establishing monopolies, closing its lands, against colonization, stopping its mineral development, and checking the prosperity of the people. New Ontario extends her hand to Old Ontario and asks for assistance in her hour of need. The people call upon us to help them remove the miasma and to open an era of prosperity in which they and we shall join. We cannot resist the appeal. It is in our interest as well as theirs that the foulest head thirty years' Government go and that we have a change. — Toronto Mail and Empire.

The above constitutes, says the News, (independent) a chapter of political libels. For any sane man to expect a community to swallow such rot is an insult to their intelligence. No man who has the slightest respect for the truth would make such statements. Mr. Ross' policy in regard to New Ontario may be criticized in many ways, but to try and tell the people that the Ross Government is hindering the progress of either New or Old Ontario is nonsense. When we are asked to believe that the Ross Government is "killing the province," good for nothing and unprogressive, we must beg to be excused. Politicians and political newspapers have much license in political campaigns, but we believe such statements as the above exceed the limit.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

If Mr. Whitney had been able to command a majority in the Legislature there would have been no election trail making at the South to-day. It exists in spite of his efforts.

The Liberal Government is able, enterprising, honest. It has a well-defined policy that is giving good results. Can as much be said for Whitney and the aggregation of which he is the head?

There is every reason to expect from indications that Hon. Mr. Ross will carry every seat in New Ontario. And he is likely to recover almost all lost in Old Ontario. The time, by lastly an indisposition. The party this time is united and enthusiastic.

Toronto Evening News, Tory: One of the leading bakers of Canada has written to the Ontario Department of Agriculture to return thanks for their publication of bread-making. He states in his letter that he wishes he had read the bulletin when it was issued, as he would have been able to utilize the scientific information to the benefit of both himself and the community. He thinks every baker ought to read it in order to acquaint himself with the technique and scientific aspect of their calling.

Wm. Smith, ex-M.P., of South Ontario, was probably as ready as any other Conservative on Mr. Whitney's platform at University to uphold all reference to the necessity of party in elections, says the Toronto Star. He states in his letter that he wishes he had read the bulletin when it was issued, as he would have been able to utilize the scientific information to the benefit of both himself and the community. He thinks every baker ought to read it in order to acquaint himself with the technique and scientific aspect of their calling.

The present venerable pontiff always enters into most friendly personal relations with Her late Majesty, whom he frequently met when Nuncio at the court of her uncle, King Leopold, and he appears to have the same friendly feeling for her successor. Not only has he announced the intention of certain people to oppose the King's Coronation, but it is announced that he has determined to grant a special coronation dispensation, and that Liberal members of the Roman Catholic Church are to be released from abstinence on Friday, June 27, and from fasting and abstinence on the day following, which is the vigil of Saints Peter and John.

Snakes, centipedes and other poisonous things may assail you in your walks through field and forest. Be sure to have a bottle of Perry Davis' Painkiller in the house and you run no risk. Directions on the wrapper.

Eruptions

Dry, moist, scaly, itchy, all forms of eczema or salt rheum, pimples and other cutaneous eruptions proceed from humors, either inherited, or acquired through defective digestion and assimilation.

To treat these eruptions with drying medicines is dangerous.

The thing to do is to help the system discharge the humors, and strengthen it against their return.

Hood's Sarsaparilla permanently cured J. G. Hines, of P. O. Box 11, of eczema, from which he had suffered for some time, and Miss Alvina Walter, Box 212, of pimples on her face and back and itchy skin on her body, by which she had been greatly troubled. There are more testimonials in favor of this great medicine than can be published.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Don't put off treatment. Buy a bottle of Hood's today.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS.

The Best Medicine in the World For Children of all Ages.

Baby's Own Tablets are good for children of all ages, from the tiniest, weakest baby to the well grown child, as it is a certain cure for indigestion, sour stomach, colic, constipation, diarrhoea, teething troubles and the other minor ailments of children. There is no other medicine acts so speedily, so safely and so surely, and they contain not one particle of the opiates found in the so-called "soothing" medicines. Mrs. K. M. Ness, Barrie, says: "I first began using Baby's Own Tablets when my baby was teething. He was feverish, sleepless and very cross, and suffered from indigestion. After using the Tablets he began to get better almost at once, and slept better and was no longer cross. I think the Tablets a fine medicine for children, and keep them on hand all the time." The Tablets are very easily taken by all children, and crushed to a powder can be given to the very youngest infant with a certainty of benefit. Sold by all druggists or sent post paid at 25 cents a box by writing direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES

—Flucky little Wilhelmus has won her fight for life. Long live Wilhelmus.

—Large quantities of lumber are being delivered at our canneries by South Ops and Munro's farmers.

—Young man, vote for the party which gave you the power to vote. The Opposition opposed method suffrage.

—Billy Patton, of Naprean bank robbery fame, has been appointed British Consul at Bocas del Toro, Mexico.

—The town of Collingwood formerly employed two assessors at \$200 a year, but this year one assessor is doing the work.

—Mr. N. Brady, fishery overseer, paid a visit to North Baldy points the other day and caught two offenders, who were fined \$200.

Put not your trust in princes. To monarchs do not bow; J. Pierpont Morgan, if you please.

The works is running now.

—And now the dainty maid, with basket in hand, hies forth to the pasture lands and meadows in pursuit of the dandelion—for the manufacture of bitters and wine. It is quite a painful business.

From Klondike's golden fastness: We'd fain hear of some fine fellow. Of some good miner, brave and bold, Who could unearth a chunk of gold That was worth its weight in meat.

—Mr. Thos. Searl, section foreman for the G.T.R. at Canington for 30 years, has resigned his position and intends taking up his residence in Lindsay with his family. He will come to town in the course of a couple of weeks.

—The press agencies and leading dailies have to pay a pretty penny for news from St. Pierre, Martinique. The lowest cable rate is \$2.11 a word, and for return messages to correspondents \$6.45 a word is charged.

—There will be a great conference of Dominion Boards of Trade representatives in Toronto on June 4th and 5th. Already over 40 boards have promised to attend. The President, J. D. Flavelle, and Vice-President, Robt. Kennedy will represent Lindsay.

—Orilla Times: The Nonsuch Girls Cricket Club has been organized here with the following officers: President, Miss Dul Leacock; captain, Miss Eva Eaton; secretary-treasurer, Miss Alice Cook. The girls would like to arrange games with clubs representing neighboring towns.

—Free Press: Midland Oddfellows are planning for an excursion to some convenient point sometime in June.... Why not select Lindsay? We have sent several large parties to the Georgian Bay town, and another will go north on the 26th. A return favor would be appreciated by our citizens.

—The statement that not a single fatality occurred last year among the millions of passengers carried on the English railways is a remarkable one, and illustrates the extreme care taken to guard against accidents. Eleven railway employees and passengers were killed and 161 injured. There were 476 passengers injured.

—Trackmen on the eastern division of the C.P.R. were recently granted an increase in pay as the result of arbitration proceedings, and the men on the other divisions are also pressing their claims. The Grand Trunk Railway, by circular dated May 10, granted voluntarily an increase of 10, which will affect between 600 and 700 sectionmen who are advanced from \$1.10 to \$1.20 per day, while section foremen who have been receiving from \$1.50 to \$1.60 per day, will be paid \$4.50 per month.

—Extensive improvements are being made to the Kadd Harness Co's premises. The store is being thoroughly renovated and enlarged, and plate glass windows will be added. Since this enterprising firm took possession of the Little stock a year ago their business has been steadily increasing, and in order to accommodate their large stock the enlargement of the premises was necessary. Mr. Little, the genial manager, informs us that the store will be ready for occupation this week.

—Canadian Engineer for May: A great waste in the Galt waterworks puzzled the authorities, but finally a leak was found through which 100,000 gallons escaped daily, reaching the river through an old drain. This has been going on for years, says a local paper, causing a loss to the town of about \$50 a day.... The above is interesting, in view of the fact that a leak was discovered under almost similar circumstances by Scott, Bubble, of this town, a few weeks ago, which had made itself felt about two weeks before, and its detection and speedy location was a creditable bit of work. Another smaller leak was discovered to-day opposite McCrory's foundry.

—J. W. Reynolds, of the south ward, appeared before Magistrate Stevens May 14th. He was charged with infraction of a town by-law in having driven a wagon over a sidewalk, smashing the planks. Fine and costs, \$1.05.

—Wm. Crowley, of the east ward, was charged with a breach of the town by-law, but the proof was weak and the complaint was dismissed.

—Police Court Calendar.

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PERSONALS

—Dr. Boyd, of Bobcaygeon, was in town Monday.

—Mrs. S. Grady, of Onondaga, was in town Saturday.

—Mr. Robt. Tufts, of Head Lake, was in town last week.

—Mrs. Beach, of Colborne, B. C., is visiting friends in town.

—Mr. Alex. Niven, O.L.S., Haliburton, was in town Monday.

—Mr. J. J. Parlin left lately for Toronto to take a position.

—Mr. Arthur Webster of Fenelon Falls, was in town lately.

—Mr. Geo. Greer, teacher at Burnt River, was in town over Sunday.

—Mr. Thos. Hodgson and wife of Burnt River, was in town lately.

—Mr. Jas. Carnegie, of Port Perry, was in town lately on business.

—Mr. A. Y. Hopkins, of Kilmoryn, was in town recently on business.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. Mosher, of Toronto, are visiting friends in town.

—Mrs. E. Roberts and child left last week to visit friends in Manilla.

—Mr. Geo. Justice, of Bobcaygeon, was in town Saturday on business.

—Mr. John D. Parley, of St. John, N.B., is spending a few days in town.

—Mr. Wm. Thorton, of Minibook, transient business in town Saturday.

—Mr. E. J. Woodhead, druggist, of Bobcaygeon, was in town lately on business.

—Lieut.-Col. Rogers and Mr. T. A. S. Hay, of Peterboro, were in town last week.

—Mrs. (Dr.) McGrath and Mrs. Hamilton, of Bobcaygeon, were in town Friday.

—Mr. W. Shedy, of Norwich, Norfolk county, England, is visiting Lindsay friends.

—Mr. B. W. McBride and Mr. Hamilton McBride, of Wentworth, were in town to-day.

—Mr. Frank Hopkins, who had been attending Toronto University, is home for vacation.

—Mr. Garret Armstrong, of the Canadian Express Co., Toronto, is visiting at home.

—Mrs. A. Braden, Mrs. J. Goodman and daughter, of Bobcaygeon, were in town Thursday week.

—Miss Stephenson formerly of Mosher, J. Sutcliffe & Son's staff, left Saturday for Toronto.

—Mr. B. F. Reesor, manager of the Light, Heat & Power Co., was in town Saturday on business.

—Mr. Douglas Paton, of the Provincial Health Department, spent Sunday under the parental roof.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hantoon, who had been visiting relatives in town, returned to Hamilton Friday last.

—Miss Henley, who has been spending couple of days at home, returned to Toronto last Thursday.

—Mr. Harry Knowlson, who had been attending the Dental School, arrived home Saturday.

—Miss Shaver returned to her home at Little Britain lately after enjoying a visit with Lindsay friends.

—Mr. H. E. Graham and Miss Graham, teachers near Bobcaygeon, spent Saturday and Sunday at home.

—Mr. C. L. McKee, formerly of Kirkfield, but now travelling for a Kingston firm, was in town Friday.

—Mrs. A. Doran returned home last week after spending a pleasant visit with her mother in Belleville.

—Mr. Geo. Hunter, of the Masses-Harley agency, and Mr. W. McLean, spent Sunday with friends in Fenelon Falls.

—Miss Lamb, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Jas. Paul, Williams, returned to her home in Ottawa last week.

—Dr. Somers, of Toronto, who had been on a business trip to north country villages, returned to the city Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cithum, from Chatham vicinity, are spending a few days in town, guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Hays.

—Mr. Thos. Williams left lately for Barrie, where he will work in the interest of the Canadian Cordage Co. of Peterboro.

—Mr. W. Way, student at Queen's University, Kingston, attended the late Principal Grant's funeral in that city last week.

—Miss Curry, who has been attending the Ontario School of Paediatrics, Toronto, passed through to her home in Minden to-day.

—Mr. A. W. Douglass, of the Bank of Montreal, will leave on Monday for Belleville to enjoy a couple of weeks' holidays.

—Mr. Jos. Conway, of the Red House, Bobcaygeon, was in town on Monday on business.

—Mr. Wm. Kays and Mr. Herb. Morrison spent Sunday with friends at Fenelon Falls.

—Mr. Percy McLean, of the Geo. Matthews Co., Peterboro, was in town Monday on business.

—Mr. J. E. Watson, of Glenora, spent Saturday in town the guest of Mr. Wm. Flavelle.

—Mr. H. Church, of Fenelon Falls, was in town lately, returning from a three weeks' holiday trip to Ottawa and points east.

—Mr. Hugh O'Leary, K.C., left town for Toronto last week, having been advised that his injured knee requires expert surgical treatment.

—Mr. Geo. Riley, who enlisted with the Toronto quota of the Fourth Canadian Contingent for South Africa, returned Friday last from Halifax.

—Mrs. Mabel Reynolds, Oakwood, paid a short visit to her cousin, Miss Llewellyn Saunders, 52 Peel-st., and returned home Thursday week.

—Mr. G. Benjamin, of the Bank of Montreal, staff, returned Saturday from Montreal, where he had been enjoying a couple of weeks' holidays.

—Mr. Bori. Hopkins, of Kilmoryn, was in town lately, returning from Peterboro, where he had been spending a couple of weeks with friends.

—Mr. C. Prouse, of the Ontario School of Pharmacy, Toronto, was in town lately calling on friends. He is spending the vacation at his home in Oakwood.

—Omeene Merror, Rev. Roberts, of Lindsay, preached eloquent sermons in the Omeene Methodist church Sunday morning and evening. Miss Mabel Mills, of Lindsay, was visiting Omeene friends last week.

—Mr. Sydney Johnson, express messenger on the Haliburton train, and wife passed through lately from Haliburton to Victoria Harbor, where they will visit friends. Mr. J. A. Whitlock, of the Whitey-Manilla train, is relieving Mr. Johnson.

Caught By Revolving Shaft

SERIOUS ACCIDENT AT SYLVESTER WORKS LAST SATURDAY.

An Employee Whirled Around a Shaft and Severely Injured.

Mr. Charles Rodman, a young man about eighteen years of age, son of Mr. Isaac Rodman, of Little Britain, was the victim of a serious accident at the Sylvester engine department at the Sylvester Works about 7.30 last Saturday. The unfortunate fellow was engaged in oiling the box of a shaft while the machinery was in motion. Instead of using a step-ladder, which was only a few feet away, he stepped on a shaft and was caught by the left arm up to the box, with the result that his shirt became caught in a set screw and he was drawn around the shaft a couple of times before the machinery could be stopped. Drs. Burrows and Gillespie were immediately summoned and the poor fellow was taken on a stretcher to the residence of Mr. W. Hobbs, Bayview-st., where it was found that his left leg was broken in two places and that he was also badly bruised about the chest and neck.

Young Rodman had only been employed at the Sylvester Works two weeks. The accident was entirely due to his own carelessness.

McEachern to be Buried at Hartley.

The remains of the late Archie McEachern, the champion indoor bicycle racer, who met such a tragic death at Atlantic City, N.J., on Monday, were interred in Hartley cemetery, near Woodville, Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. We understand a number of Lindsay citizens will attend the funeral.

A May Wedding.

A very pretty wedding took place on May 14th at 7.30, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Henley, Henry-st., north ward, when their second daughter, Miss Bella, was married to Mr. Henry Webster, a young business man of Kirkfield. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. E. Roberts in the presence of a number of relatives and friends. Miss L. Henley, sister of the bride, and Mr. Arthur Webster, of Fenelon Falls, assisted his brother. After the usual congratulations the happy party set down to a sumptuous wedding dinner. Mr. and Mrs. Webster will take up their residence at Kirkfield. The Post joins with their many friends in wishing the young couple a long, pleasant and successful married life.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

A. O. U. W. Meeting

Friday evening the members of the A.O.U.W. held a special meeting in their lodge rooms. Nine young men were initiated into the secrets of the order, after which the objects of the order were exemplified by screen work by Bro. E. Stadel, of Toronto. This was a new feature to a large majority of the members and Bro. Stadel's lecture was greatly enjoyed. He is a fluent speaker, with fine command for the position he occupies in the order. After the screen work short addresses were given by Bro. Kuzid and Grandmaster Chayler, each urging the members to greater activity in the building up of the local lodge. Refreshments were served by Bro. W. J. Morton, and after votes of thanks were tendered to Bros. Nagel and Chayler the meeting closed by the members singing the national anthem.

Good Advice.

The printers in the employ of the T. Eaton Co., Toronto, have demanded the same rate of pay received by the other city printers, but their request has been refused. The men have just issued the following circular, which contains some plain truths for our lady readers: Let us appeal to our constituents. Instead of buying through the Mail Order system of the Eaton Company, patronize the merchants in your own vicinity and keep the cash in your own neighborhood. They can give you as good bargains, and much better for that matter, than you can get in this store. And many so-called "bargains" are not bargains at all. The most gullible animal in the world is man, and there is no gullibility equal to that involved in the bargain-hunting humbug. Then quit the exhibition of your gullibility and patronize your "home stores."

TRIAL TRIP.

Weekly Post to the End of 1902 For Only 50 Cents.

As an inducement to new subscribers we will send the Weekly Post to any address in Canada and the United States until the end of the present year for only 50 cents.

Send the copy to some friend and mark this liberal offer. They will receive the best local paper in the district—12 pages every week—for this trifling sum.

Send in orders at once so that subscriptions will cover the pending period. Sample copies sent for the asking. Address: WILSON & WILSON, The Post, Lindsay, Ont.

Mr. O'Halloran Appointed.

Ottawa, May 20.—Hon. Sidney Fisher gave out officially yesterday that G. F. O'Halloran, barrister, Montreal, has been appointed Deputy Minister of Agriculture in the place of the late W. B. Search.

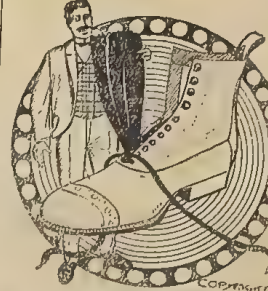
Dundonald's Coming.

Ottawa, May 20.—Lord Dundonald is expected to arrive in Canada on July 20, to assume the duties of general officer commanding the Canadian Militia.

WAVING FOR HORSES.

Halifax, May 20.—It was intended that the 5th C.M.R. would sail on the Cornishian on Thursday, but Colonel Macdonell is not sure whether the horses will be here in time. There are 300 horses at camp, and about 250 more are required. The regiment in all other arrangements is ready to embark.

Men's Plough Boots.



A Farmer in an average day's plowing walks 15 to 20 miles a day. It is necessary therefore for him to have Comfortable Heavy Footwear. We have a number of lines made to our order. Made to fit the feet and bought direct from the manufacturer.

Men's Split Boots, Large Eyelets, Riveted Seams, 85c
regularly sold for \$1.15 and \$1.00, our price
Men's Split Bluchers, Klondyke Eyelets, 3-Ply Sole, 1.25
pugged and slugged, our price
Men's Extra Quality Split Bluchers, heavy oak-tanned soles, 3 row pegs and slugged, our price 1.50
Besides these we have Crome T

To the Lungs.

Do you go to Chicago to reach Quebec? No. There's a better and more direct way. Then why try to reach your lungs by way of your stomach? Don't. Better go straight to the lungs at once. Just light the vaporizer and breathe-in the healing, soothing vapors of Cresoline. The medicine goes exactly to the right place. Your lungs quickly heal and your cough disappears. For whooping-cough it's simply perfect.

Vapo-Cresoline is sold by druggists everywhere. The Vaporizer and Lung, which should last a lifetime, and a bottle of Cresoline complete the extra supply of Cresoline. A complete illustrated booklet containing full particulars is sent free upon request. Write to J. C. Williams, Ltd., 100 St. James Street, Montreal, P. Q.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1902.

RATE NOT STRUCK.

Council Evenly Divided on 26 and 26½ Mills.

SCHOOL BOARD CENSURED FOR INCREASED EXPENDITURE.

Communications and Reports—Control Fair and I. O. O. F. Guarantees—Endorsement to Evade the Boulevard By-law—Lindsay's Municipal Taxation Lower Than Peterboro's—Labor Men Want a Tender Cancelled—Other Matters.

The third session of the regular May meeting of Council was held last Monday, all members present, and Mayor Inglis in the chair.

Communications.

From Miss Adam and Mrs. Foster, asking to be given a year's time in which to fit their hotel, property with sanitary conveniences.—Board of Health.

From W. F. O'Boyle, Clerk of Ops., asking Council to make a grant of \$15 for the repair of the western boundary road leading to the new hospital.—Board of Work.

From Jas. Kellie, secretary of the South Victoria Agricultural Society, asking Council to vote the necessary guarantee fund of \$200 for the Control Fair, and to appoint three directors to represent the town.—Laid on table.

From W. L. Herrmann, town physician, pointing out that the proposed salary of \$900 was entirely inadequate, but as it was expected that the new hospital would relieve him of considerable work he would be willing to accept this sum (telling from July next). Later on in the evening the Dr. was again heard, when he produced his ledger in proof of his statement that he charged for at regular rates the duties he had been performing for \$100 a year would average \$200 a year.

From I. McVey, S. Irwin and W. F. O'Boyle, insurance agents, asking for a share of the risks to be placed on the new fire hall. Finance committee.

From T. Connolly, applying for position of newspaper clerk.

From R. J. McLaughlin, re Contractor White's claim for \$250 for plans and architect's commission in connection with the fire hall. The Council having made no proposition to settle, his client had instructed him to enter suit for the amount.—Finance committee.

A number of accounts were read and referred to the proper committees.

From J. Kinneer, two Mills and others, petitioning against the proposed granolithic walk on east side of Corbin street.—Clerk Knowlton reported that the counter petition was sufficiently signed, and on motion Council decided to abandon the proposed work.

From James Henry and others, petitioning for the placing of a gas lamp on the corner of Robert and Georgetown.—Police and Lighting committee.

Several Reports.

Commissioner Chalmers reported favorably in the matter of the proposed granolithic walk opposite Capt. Crandell's terrace on Queen-st., total cost \$205, to be paid for in 10 years; also that \$48 had been expended on Kent-st., that 25 more were now being laid, and that in order to get a clear course for the new granolithic walk on the east side of William-st., to the station, all telegraph, telephone and electric light poles and a number of trees would have to be moved.

Ald. Burrows—"It is the intention of Council to cut away the knoll on William-st. in order to make the grade a proper one. The walk which has been laid so far is to conform with the level of the street when improved."

Ald. Jackson—"We must consider the property-owners concerned, and not leave them on a hill."

The report was referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. O'Reilly reported that the Commissioner and himself had been asked to inspect the Stephenson property on Kent-st., and the Commissioner estimated that a drain of sufficient capacity to carry against the owner of the property, who had offered to build the drain, and the Commissioner estimated that a drain of sufficient capacity to carry against the owner of the property, who had offered to build the drain.

After some discussion in the course of which the majority of the Council favored Mr. Stephenson's offer, it was accepted on motion of Alderman McDiarmid and O'Reilly, the Town Engineer to see that a proper release was given.

Butler Thore Than on Kent-st.

On motion Mr. J. D. Flavelle was heard. He asked, on behalf of the

hospital committee, that the Council permit them to remove some loam from the gravel pit, to be used in leveling up the hospital grounds, and that they be granted the use of the town sewer in connection therewith. Agreed to.

First of July Celebration.

On motion Mr. Wm. Pedlar was heard. He asked that the Council vote the usual guarantee fund of \$200 to Lindsay Lodge No. 100 in connection with their First of July celebration.—Granted on motion of Alderman Hore and Burrows.

The Boulevard By-law.

Mr. J. B. McWilliams was heard in connection with his boulevard difficulty. He maintained he had begun the work before the passage of the by-law, that he was really within the spirit of the by-law, as his lawn was four inches below the level of the walk for a distance of seven feet back, and that in any event he should not be held responsible because Councilmen had seen the work in progress but had not notified him of his mistake till it was almost completed by him.

Ald. Burrows—"Make an exception in Mr. McWilliams' case. He is not really infringing the by-law."

Ald. O'Reilly said the by-law seemed to be causing considerable trouble, Mr. Morton having a grievance also. If right, the Council should insist on it being observed; if not, it should be amended.

Ald. Jackson—"Mr. Morton's case does not come under the by-law, as his boulevard was built last fall, while Mr. McWilliams is now under way. Dr. Burrows introduced the by-law, and now he is the first man to move that it be disregarded."

Ald. Burrows again maintained that Mr. McWilliams was practically complying with the spirit of the by-law, and he did not believe in being too hard on any man who started work before the by-law was passed.

Ald. O'Reilly—"There is another trouble to be guarded against—some citizens are appropriating town property by planting hedges where walks have been moved out. That cannot be allowed and should be covered by the by-law."

Ald. McDiarmid—"The boulevard by-law is a necessary one, and should be lived up to."

Ald. Jackson—"Mr. McWilliams came here and asked that his walk be raised; the by-law was then passed, and he knew it."

Ald. Robson—"I think the Council should go in a body and inspect the boulevard." The matter was so arranged.

Labor Union Hitting Pinch.

On motion Mr. G. Crawford who said he represented 400 men belonging to local Labor Unions, was granted permission to address the Council. He understood the Council were about to close a contract for cement with a company with whom a number of the members of the Union were now having some trouble, and he asked that the Council take the men's interests into consideration.

Ald. O'Reilly said that as the report of the committee dealing with the cement purchase had not yet been adopted by Council he would move that it be held over for further consideration. He was willing to do all he could for the workmen, upon whom the prosperity of the town largely depended.

Ald. Burrows—"I would like to comply with the request, but the report was adopted in committee and the Council is therefore bound to carry it out. It is too late to meddle with this matter."

Ald. McDiarmid—"That is a very strange doctrine; it is equivalent to saying that anything passed in committee is practically being passed by Council. In that case we must attend every meeting of committees."

Ald. Burrows—"Well, that is the situation so long as the full Council sits on every committee; that is the way things have been done in the past."

Ald. Jackson—"All members sit on each committee, but they have the right to change their opinion and vote differently in Council if they so desire. We called for tenders and accepted the Rathbun Co's, being the lowest, and we are morally bound to ratify our act."

Ald. McDiarmid—"The report need not come before Council till the first meeting in June, and I hope that by that time the trouble the firm are having with their men will be settled."

Ald. O'Reilly—"I am prepared to hold the contract over for the reason mentioned by Mr. Crawford. If the Company carry out their threat and remove to Friesen Falls I would not hesitate to cancel the contract, even if we are obliged to pay \$5 abated loss."

Ald. Hore said he was a friend of labor, and his votes in Council had always shown him to be active in the working man's behalf, but he thought the Council were bound in honor to carry out the contract referred to.

Ald. McDiarmid did not like the idea of the Council should be held to be bound by a vote of a committee, and thought it would be as well to throw the matter out at once. To hold the acts of committees as binding was contrary to all principles of municipal or parliamentary procedure.

The rate of 26 mills was decided at a meeting of the Finance committee—were they going to be bound by it?

Dr. Burrows read the item published in The Evening Post by Mr. F. K. Kine in connection with the Rathbun Co. strike, and said that if the threat made was authentic he would go back to the former vote and oppose the going of the cement contract to the Rathbun Co. The Council should not be lulled in that way every two or three months whenever the firm desired to secure better terms.

Ald. O'Reilly—"In this connection I may state that I have a letter from Sir John Bourne, Clerk of the Dominion House of Commons, and the grant of Canadian authority on municipal and parliamentary procedure, in which he upholds my contention made at the time the walk on Kent-st. was cancelled, that a committee could not rescind a resolution passed at a previous meeting of the same committee save by a unanimous vote, and that such action was generally left to the Council."

Ald. O'Reilly remarked that while he did not desire to press for retroactive proceedings, the ruling demonstrated the correctness of his stand at that time and would be a "valuable future lesson."

May Lessen the Office.

Ald. Burrows gave notice of his intention to next meeting a by-law to make it compulsory for the walks a public nuisance. Similar resolutions were being enforced elsewhere.

where, and no one could deny that the condition of the streets and sidewalks, the hotels and other places where men congregate is often unsightly, always filthy and unsanitary.

Attempt to Strike the Rate.

After the first reading by the Clerk, Council went into committee of the whole on the second reading of the by-law fixing the rate. Ald. McDiarmid occupying the chair.

Moved by Ald. Burrows, seconded by Ald. O'Reilly, that the rate be fixed at 26 mills.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Jackson, seconded by Mayor Inglis, that the rate be fixed at 26 1/2 mills. His Ald. Jackson—"This is a case where I would prefer to see it 27 mills."

We are going contrary to the committee's decision—you remember we decided there on 26 mills."

The amendment was put and the vote resulted in a tie, 3-3. Chairman McDiarmid disposed of the amendment by voting against it.

Ald. Hore—"I favored 26 mills but I would have voted for 26 1/2 mills if asked to do so, and I will do so now."

Ald. Burrows—"I don't think 26 1/2 mills will suffice, nor will 27 mills if we go on spending money as we are doing. Our Commissioner is putting on and instead of gravel, we have to furnish an overcoat of \$1000 for the fire hall, which will be hatched anyway for lack of a vote for \$2500 of a deficit last year owing to the blunder of the auditor, who is still employed and paid by the town."

Ald. O'Reilly—"A rate of 26 mills will provide for the deficit and complete the fire hall with gravel, and the heating apparatus. It is true we have only a little over \$2000 for roads and walks, and that more than a quarter of the amount has been expended, but we can't build good roads on a half-mill or mill increase in assessment. When good roads are wanted the town will have to borrow \$2500 (or \$3000) to build them."

This is the growing town, but we don't want it advertised about the province that our rate is growing, too."

Ald. Jackson said he proposed 26 1/2 mills for the reason that the half-mill increase would be absolutely necessary, and would enable the Council to complete the fire hall and other needed work. Clerk Knowlton could tell them that about 23 1/2 mills were required to pay the fixed charges, and by striking the rate at 26 mills they would have only 2 1/2 mills for all other purposes. He was in favor of finishing the fire hall this year—if not completed now it might never be. In conclusion Ald. Jackson took Ald. Burrows to task for making statements calculated to injure the town.

Ald. McDiarmid, referring to a remark by Ald. Burrows, relative to the high rate in Lindsay, "frighting people away," pointed out that the citizens actually pay about 28c less per head than the citizens of Peterboro. Our tax is 26 mills, borne by 7000 population, Peterboro, 18 mills borne by 11,000 population.

Ald. Burrows—"In that case our valuation should be raised and the rate lowered."

Ald. McDiarmid—"That is the plan Peterboro adopts."

A vote was then taken on the original motion that the rate be fixed at 26 mills. Again the show of hands resulted in a tie, 3-3, and once more Chairman McDiarmid exercised his prerogative and cast his deciding vote against the motion.

The committee then rose and reported "no progress."

Ald. O'Reilly—"We have to settle this question somehow—we can't allow a deadlock to continue, and I move that the committee sit again with another chairman."

Ald. Jackson was a bit doubtful as to the Council's ability to do so, and Ald. O'Reilly maintained that it was a proper course to adopt.

Ald. McDiarmid—"The trouble is just this, Mr. Mayor, I can't see, nor have the supporters, explained how they hope to get along with a rate of 26 or 26 1/2 mills and not have a deficit. I can't help thinking that they have decided to fool the electors and, while at the same time they may honestly try to leave as small a deficit as possible. It should be made plain that it is not our fault that we have to raise the rate, but the board ask for nearly three quarters of a mill more than last year. They can do that sort of thing with impunity because they are not directly responsible to the people and any increase in the rate caused by their demands is blamed on the Council. Ald. Jackson says the extra half mill is needed for the fire hall; in that case there will be nothing left for any other purpose, and we know that the amount at the disposal of the Board of works is altogether inadequate. That is why I hold the rate should be 27 mills."

Ald. Jackson—"The chairman of the Board of Works assures us—and I believe him—that he will keep within the sum allotted to him, and the chairman of the Town Property committee will do the same. In that case the half-mill will be sufficient, as it will cover the increased cost of the fire hall."

Ald. Burrows—"If we support the 26 1/2 mills will you guarantee to leave no deficit—that you are not bull-dozing us?"

Ald. Hore—"My reason for supporting the extra half-mill is a desire to finish up everything."

Ald. Robson—"It is curious that everyone at election time talks economy, but we don't live up to it. It would be nothing new to have a deficit—let us do all we can with 26 mills and leave the rest to be settled by next year's Council."

It was finally agreed that the fixing of the rate be left till the first meeting in June—the legal limit.

Central Fair Guarantee.

Moved by Ald. Jackson, seconded by Ald. O'Reilly, that the usual guarantee of \$200 be voted to the South Victoria Agricultural Society, and that Messrs. McDiarmid, Hore and Robson represent this Council as directors.—Carried.

Low of Room in the Gaol.

Moved by Ald. Hore, seconded by Ald. Jackson, that the Town Commissioner be instructed to see that the present lock-up and utilize the material in the new fire hall.—Carried.

They're Getting \$1.50 Now.

Ald. Burrows—"I'm not given to advocating expense, but when we are asked to pay a petty-laying lawyer \$700 or \$800 a year as Town Solicitor, we can well afford to do the following: I propose that first-class men employed by the town be paid at the rate of 15c per hour."

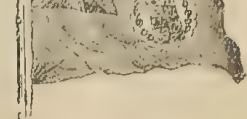
Ald. O'Reilly—"That's what they're getting now."

GREAT SALE IS NOW GOING ON.

WATCH GRAHAM GROW

COMPETITION PARALYZED.

OVERWHELMING SALE OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS



For Victoria Week at

A. J. GRAHAM'S

Seeing is Believing and everybody is interested. Lindsay has never seen such grand values as we offer this week. You've been buying Spring Suits from us at such a rate that we've been compelled to fill the gaps earlier than expected. Our new purchases will enable us to sell Newest Suits and Furnishings before Victoria Day at prices that will make them fairly jump.

Graham's Royal Bargains

Will give you a long lead in good values this week, because another streak of good luck will enable us to surpass our magnificent selling of past weeks.

WHY? Because you don't have to pay the maker's prices. You don't have to pay the wholesale prices. You don't have to pay actual first cost.

Spread the News of this Great Suit Sensation.

Tell the People of these Revolutionary Prices.

We shall be pleased to add your name to our growing list of Customers.

Our SPECIAL QUOTATIONS for this week represent the highest achievement in value giving. Each price is a practical proof of our purchasing power. We have just what you want at a price to fairly astonish you. We've got a rich snap for you that you can't afford to lose.

STORE will be open all day and in fact nearly all night MAY 24th, as we are so very busy we haven't time to close.

A MAN'S \$3.25 SUIT FOR \$3.25

Is the Key Note to our Holiday Bargains—a \$7.50 Suit made of good Tweed and Serges. In every way these suits are Neat, Fashionable and Staunch. Your money back if not up to our say so.

QUALITY OF SUIT

	Regular Price	Wholesale Prices	Grahams Prices
Men's Blue Serge Suits.....	\$ 5 00	\$3 00	\$2 75
Men's Halifax Tweed Suits.....	5 50	3 20	2 90
Men's Canadian Tweed Suits.....	6 50	4 25	3 25
Men's Imported Tweed Suits.....	9 00	6 45	5 00
Men's West of England Suits.....	10 00	7 55	6 00
Men's Black Worsted Dress Suits..	12 00	9 15	7 50

YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS PROPORTIONATELY LOW.

HERES A HAT CLEAR-SMART CREATIONS in the HANCE. \$2.50 and \$3.00. Hats for \$1.99. —Men's Derby and Fedora Hats, made of fine fur felt. **TIE-MAKERS' ART**—New and taking shades, rich tone and colors at 19c, 23c and 35c.

A. J. GRAHAM.

BOARD OF WORKS IN SESSION

Strong Opposition to the Narrowing of William-St.

The members of the Council then sat as the Board of Works, Ald. O'Reilly in the chair. The Commissioner's report relative to the removal of poles and trees on south William-st., east side, was discussed.

Ald. Burrows objected strenuously to the narrowing of that portion of the street by setting out the new granolithic walk, thus causing a loss of seven feet. It would be a shame to make a lane of one of the principal streets of the town. There had been an attempt for years past to divert traffic from William-st. to Lindsay-st., a glaring instance of which was the diversion of a grant made five or six years ago for the improvement of William-st.

Ald. O'Reilly—"A properly signed petition was sent in last year, asking that the sidewalk be moved out, and request was granted along with others. We will have to abide by it."

Ald. Jackson—"Lindsay-st. is 22 ft. wide and William-st., with the poles moved out, will be 33 ft., or 11 ft. wider. Surely that is enough."

Ald. O'Reilly alluded to the advisability of placing five of the 1500 candle power gas lamps on Kent-st. and six on Lindsay-st., near the wharf. A decision will be made at another meeting.

ANOTHER CANADIAN DEAD.

Albert Reynolds of "A" Division, S.A.C., a Fever Victim.

Ottawa, May 20.—Cablegrams to His Excellency from London and Cape Town received at the Militia Department yesterday announce the following casualties:

Albert Reynolds of "A" division, South African Constabulary, died of enteric fever May 1 at Potchefstroom. His mother is Mrs. A. Reynolds, Lindsay, Ontario.

John Arthur Wilson and Robert Lewis, 2nd C.M.R., were ill of enteric fever May 17. Wilson belongs to London, Ont., and Dense to Montreal. Both were previously reported in the hospital.

Private E. C. Reddwell, Medicine Hat, N.W.T., and 2nd C.M.R., was dangerously ill of enteric at Pietermaritzburg, May 18.

Private J. W. Dymont, Halifax, 2nd C.M.R., was dangerously ill of enteric at Kimberley.

Private G. McVicar, London, and Private E. A. Reddy, Quebec, were reported dangerously ill of enteric.

Kamloops, B. C., May 20.—Louis Paquette, who killed Alfred Ledger on April 28, was found guilty of murder yesterday and sentenced to death.

A STOCK BOOM.

Dealings in C.P.R. Stock on the Toronto Exchange on Tuesday Overshadowed Everything Else.

Toronto, May 21.—There were exciting scenes on the local stock exchange yesterday. The galleries were crowded by traders and others who watched with keen interest the activity on the floor of the exchange. Every few minutes the brokers would get into a bunch and gesticulate like mad, and it is said that the scenes more resembled Wall street than anything that has been seen here yet.

Canadian Pacific stock was the cause of all the excitement. All day long there was heavy trading in it, and when the total was footed up at the end of the day it was found that over nine thousand shares had been dealt in. This represented, at current prices, dealing involving over one million of dollars. Nothing was ever witnessed on the local exchange like yesterday's business. The stock opened strong at 128½, sold down to 128, but quickly rallied to 129. This was the price up to 12.30 o'clock.

Before the afternoon board had opened at 2 o'clock, however, it had gone up in Wall street. At the opening at 2 o'clock it sold at 130. There was a good deal of profit-taking and the stock broke to 129½, but in a few minutes orders came pouring in, and it began to ascend. It advanced gradually by ¼'s and ½'s to 132½, where it closed. In Montreal at the close it was wanted at 132½, while holders asked 133.

The reason of the buying is found in the wonderful developments in the Canadian Northwest, and the great development is being focussed on the stock exchange. Land sales are going on at a furious rate, and the Canadian Pacific is getting the cash in hundreds of thousands of dollars.

It is said that the company will sell over two million dollars' worth of land this month. American farmers are pouring in by thousands.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Two Thousand Farmers Crowded Into the Drill Shed at Simcoe to Hear the Premier.

Premier Ross, G. W. Ross.

Toronto, May 21.—After his meeting in Chatham the Premier went yesterday through the garden of southwestern Ontario to Simcoe, where a most enthusiastic meeting was held in the Drill Shed. The farmers of the district turned out to the number of 2,000 to hear him, and the report of the meeting shows that they returned home still satisfied with the forward policy of the Ross Government, which means so much to their own industry. The Opposition leader was present at a demonstration in his honor at Winchester, in his own riding. Mr. Straton spoke at Peterboro, and Mr. John R. Barber, who is most competent to deal with the subject, spoke at Bur-

IT PAYS TO BUY AT CINNAMON'S.

—HEADQUARTERS FOR—

PURE MIXED PAINT,

White Lead, Linseed Oil, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, Garden Tools.

Lawn Mowers, Coal Oil Stoves, Bicycles, Screen Doors and Windows,

Poultry Netting, etc., etc., at lowest prices.

See our American Wire Fencing. The cheapest and best Wire Fence on the market.

D. CINNAMON,

Dealer in Hardware and Stoves

KENT-ST. LINDSAY

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE

ARRIVALS.	
60. From Toronto (rt.)	5.00 a.m.
82. From Haliburton	8.50 a.m.
21. From Port Hope	9.05 a.m.
22. From Toronto	10.50 a.m.
22. From Toronto	10.50 a.m.
85. From Port Hope	2.05 p.m.
42. From I.B. & O. Jet.	5.20 p.m.
53. From Port Hope	6.20 p.m.
54. From Whitby	7.45 p.m.
24. From Toronto	8.05 p.m.
56. From Whitby	8.45 p.m.
18. From Belleville	10.20 p.m.
Way Freight.	
94. From Midland	3.10 p.m.
45. From Belleville	7.80 p.m.
DEPARTURES.	
84. For Port Hope	6.00 a.m.
12. For Belleville	6.25 a.m.
51. For Whitby	6.50 a.m.
21. For Toronto	9.10 a.m.
22. For Port Hope	10.53 a.m.
57. For Whitby	11.03 a.m.
43. For I.B. & O. Jet.	11.50 a.m.
27. For Toronto	11.50 a.m.
83. For Haliburton	2.40 p.m.
23. For Toronto	6.23 p.m.
81. For Cobocook	6.35 p.m.
24. For Port Hope	8.10 p.m.

It is understood that the Governor of South Australia, Lord Tennyson, will administer the Governor-Generalship of the Commonwealth in the

OUR FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR—NO. 68.

LINDSAY, ONT., FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1902.

TERMS—\$1.00 PER YEAR
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

WANTED—Ryo Straw. Must be clean. R. M. BEAL. LEATHER CO., Lindsay. —d4w1.

WANTED—Intelligent boy, to learn the Printing Business. A good chance to the right boy. Apply at The Post.

FOR SALE—One Hure Express Wagon Buggy and Harness. A great clearing sale of Tinware, and Agateware Milk Cans for the next ten days; also one large safe. A. GEEN.—w2.

Pigs for Sale—The undersigned has a number of young pigs for sale. Will ship and pay freight for customers to nearest railway point; safe arrival assured. Write for prices. J. J. HADLEY, Lindsay Stock Farm, Hadley P. O.—w1f

FOR SALE—A nice frame house on Ridout-st., No. 51, half acre of land, a good stable and first-class well and also nice shade trees, price \$325. Also a desirable building lot, face two streets, Kent and Ridout, a good wood shed and well on the premises. Apply to F. FORBES, Shoeshop, 14 William-st.—w4d.

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Will visit Lindsay Every 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, at the Simpson House. Hours, 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. Consultations, eye, ear, nose and throat.—w1f.

FARM FOR SALE—Lot 9, con. 1, Eidon, 100 acres, all good hard wood, good barn and other outbuildings, also good large frame house with stone cellar, full size, on boundary between Eidon and Thorah, five miles from Beaverton, three miles from Lorneville. This is a st. class farm in every particular. Apply to E. EVANS, Crosswell.—w4.

BARGAIN IN HOUSE PROPERTY.
MR. H. FERGUSON has authorized me to sell at once his House and Lot, situated on the Corner of Albert and Melbourne-sts., Lindsay. This is a substantial building containing eight rooms with a full time lot attached thereto. This is a good chance for an intending purchaser, as this property must be sold. Apply to C. CHITICK.

FARM FOR SALE—250 acres in the township of Digby, Lots 28, 29, Con. 1, 200 acres cleared, 50 of good hard wood. Good frame house, frame and log barn. No fence on place. All land can be worked by machinery. Also 700 acres of ranch land in township of Laxton, well fenced, and watered by lake and creeks.—SULLIVAN BROS., Head Lake P. O.—w3m

FOR SALE—About nine acres of land adjoining the town of Lindsay, situated on the property are good buildings and a first-class orchard and well. The property is so situated that there is a splendid view of the town and river. This is a grand opportunity for a gardener, or retired farmer, as he can enjoy being near the town with only township taxes to pay. For further information apply to W. Pearson, Plasterer, or J. Pearson on Premises, or J. H. Sutherland—w1f.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE—213 acres within 2 miles of Beaverton; one of the best farms in Ontario, with good buildings. 200 acres near Beaverton; good buildings and farm well improved. 200 acres near Beaverton; first-class buildings and farm well improved. 200 acres near Beaverton; well improved. 150 acres in Cartwright, near McGill's Landing, with 12 acres of hardwood land; farm well improved. 150 acres near Cameron, and also 50 acres in a good state of cultivation. Also a number of houses in Lindsay. For terms and particulars apply to C. CHITICK, Lindsay.

TENDERS for OAKWOOD DRAIN
Sealed Tenders will be received up to the 7th Day of June, 1902, for digging and constructing about 135 rods of drain in the village of Oakwood. Plans and specifications can be seen at my office and full particulars of the work can be given by S. Washington, Inspector of the work.
Tenders must be sealed and on the outside written "Tender for Oakwood Drain" and may contain tenders for the whole or for any of the several sections, which can be seen on the plan.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JOHN F. CUNNINGHAM,
Secretary of Drainage Committee.
Oakwood, 23rd May, 1902.—58w2.

CREAM SEPARATOR.—A good Separator will add at least 25% to the value of your milk. There is a saving in labor and the satisfaction of knowing that you are getting all the butter. Can you afford to care for, feed and milk cows and then each day lose 25% per cent of the fat produced? Many people hesitate to get a separator because the old style complicated machines are hard to clean. But the new Sharpley's Separator, entirely overcomes this difficulty, and notwithstanding the fact that there are no discs, zig-zag plates or other contraptions in the bowl, it is absolutely guaranteed to skim closer than any other make of separator. A free trial given. Come in any time and see the machine operated on the farm of P. J. Wilkinson, near the Massey-Harris shop, Lindsay. For descriptive matter and price list send post card to P. J. Wilkinson or Geo. Hunter, Cambridge, Lindsay.

The Trent Valley Navigation Co.,
LIMITED.
KAWARTHA LAKES
Proposed Summer Service.

Bobcaygeon, Sturgeon Pt., Lindsay.
"SERVICES," June 1st to Oct. 1st.
Bobcaygeon Lv. 6 15 a.m. and 3 10 p.m.
Sturgeon Pt. 7 15 " 4 10 "
Lindsay Arr. 8 40 " 5 30 "
Lv. 11 00 " 8 45 "
Sturgeon Pt. 12 10 p.m. " 9 55 "
Bobcaygeon Arr. 1 15 " 10 10 "

Bobcaygeon, Chomung, Burleigh, Lakeland.
"MANITA"
June 2nd to 28th, and from Sept. till notice.
Bobcaygeon Lv. 7 00 a.m. Bobcaygeon Ar. 3 30 p.m.
Bridgenorth Ar. 9 30 a.m. Bdg'n Lv. 3 00 "
Call on signal at all landings. Will run to Bobcaygeon or Burleigh at any time on special rates.
Lindsay Agent, Geo. WILDER, G. T. R.
Town Ticket Agent, Express Office.

F. Sutcliffe & Sons

DISCOUNT SALE

ALL OVER THE STORE DURING THE BALANCE OF THIS MONTH.

EXTRAORDINARY OFFERING OF JAPANESE MATTING.

20 Per Cent Off Regular Prices

THEY are slightly wet, but otherwise uninjured, yet we have decided on this extraordinary reduction in order that every piece may be cleared. Nothing better for Halls, Dining Rooms, Bed Rooms and as a Floor Covering for Summer Cottages they are exceptionally good. This is a money saving event—remember the reduction is 20 PER CENT OFF REGULAR PRICES.

Ladies' Shirt-Waist Hats.

Clear Rustic Straw, draped with Oriental Silk, finished with Buckle and Quills, regular \$1 98, 98c for only, each

J. SUTCLIFFE & SON

CASH LINDSAY ONE PRICE

Prices that Interest

Those who take advantage of special prices will not be disappointed.

The Goods are Good. The Prices are Right.

Men's Buff Congress Boots, (elastic side) were \$1.75, as we have only sizes 6, 8, and 10's left, the balance of line will go at..... \$1

Men's Fine Dongola Kid Laced Boots, coin toe, best corded silk vesting top; a stylish boot for young men, sizes 6 to 9, special..... \$2

The Red Fibre Lunch Case

is the only hygienic food box known, can be washed and is always sweet and clean.

Red Fibre Lunch Cases, No. 1 size, special price, each 10c
Red Fibre Lunch Cases, No. 2 size, special price, each 15c

R. NEILL,

THE SHOE KING.

SOLE LOCAL AGENTS FOR "The Slater Shoe" 90 KENT-ST., LINDSAY.

RHEUMATISM CURED AT HOME

—BY—

DR. ROSCOE'S

RHEUMATIC REMEDY

Read each week a testimonial of one you know.

Lindsay, Dec. 30th, 1901.

The Roscoe Medicine Co.

Sirs,—In the spring of 1901 while travelling for the Gould, Shapley, and Muir Co., of Bradford, I had an attack of rheumatism, which came on while in Lindsay. I was advised to try Dr. Roscoe's Rheumatic Remedy, which I did and one bottle cured me entirely. I have recommended it to several who have been afflicted with Rheumatism for years with one best possible result.

Yours Truly,

OLIVER BEARF,

East Toronto Ont.

PREPARED BY

THE ROSCOE MEDICINE CO.

EAST END DRUG STORE,

BOX 84 LINDSAY, ONT.

LIBERALS WIN ONTARIO AGAIN.

Mr. Ross' Government Sustained by a Working Majority.

LIBERALS 51—CONSERVATIVES 46

Manitoulia Is SHUT to Hear From—All the Ministers Returned by Handsome Majorities—Toronto, Hamilton, Ottawa and London All Flocked Conservatives—Returns From New Ontario Incomplete.

Toronto, May 30.—Although complete returns were not in last night from every constituency, and in one case, Manitoulia, no figures at all came in, there seems no reason to doubt that the Government has been sustained by a slightly reduced majority. It went to the country with a majority of eleven, and the new Legislature, according to the figures at hand at the time of writing, will contain 51 Liberals and 46 Conservatives. This leaves Manitoulia out. If that supports the Government the majority of the Government will be a reduction of four from that with which it went to the country. Should Manitoulia go Conservative the Government's majority in the new Legislature will be four.

The Conservatives gained fourteen seats and the Liberals gained eleven. This includes the new constituencies in new Ontario. Of these the Government carried four and the Opposition three. Manitoulia not yet being heard from these figures are, of course, subject to revision when the complete returns are received. Of the Liberals defeated the most prominent were the Liberal Whips, Mr. W. J. McKee, who went down in North Essex, and Dr. McKee, who was defeated in South Oxford. The loss of South Oxford came certainly as a surprise, it being the first time this constituency has gone Conservative since confederation. The loss of the seat in Ottawa was not unexpected, and Mr. Munson's disappearance from the House for the present is much to be regretted. Lieut.-Col. Leys' defeat in London was due doubtless to the three-cornered contest consequent on Mr. Daly's prohibitionist, taking part, the bulk of his 800 votes being probably drawn from the Liberal party. A similar cause probably contributed to Lieut.-Col. Muttie's defeat in South Wellington. Mr. Pardee's defeat in West Lambton is a matter of regret.

A very satisfactory feature of the election is the return of all the Ministers by substantial majorities, that of the Premier in West Middlesex being the largest in his long career. Among the notable wins by the Liberals were East Middlesex, Centre Simcoe, East Simcoe and North Wentworth. Among the new Conservative members who will figure in the next Legislature are two old members, Dr. Willoughby, who wins back East Northumberland, for which he sat for several years before the last Legislature, and Mr. St. John, who also sat previously for West York.

Mayor Hendrie, Hamilton, will also no doubt take a prominent place among the members of his party. The Conservative candidates were elected in South, North and West Toronto by the usual large majorities, but in East Toronto Mr. McBrady's vigorous run reduced the overwhelming normal Conservative majority by 50 per cent. Mr. Marter, the Independent candidate, made a good run in North Toronto, but Dr. Nesbitt secured an ample majority. It is noticeable that Toronto, Hamilton, Ottawa and London, the four largest cities in the Province, all went Conservative.

LIBERALS ELECTED.

Brant, N.	115
Brant, S.	370
Brookville	100
Bruce, N.	275
Bruce, S.	410
Durham, W.	42
Essex, S.	562
Fl. Wm. & L. of W. Cameron	237
Halton	161
Grey, N.	10
Hastings, E.	16
Huron, E.	100
Huron, W.	850
Kent, E.	61
Kent, W.	250
Kingston	385
Lambton, E.	157
Lambton, W.	84
Leamington	82
Lennox & Addington	3
Middlesex, E.	10
Middlesex, N.	50
Middlesex, W.	513
Monck	300
Muskoka	95
Nipissing, E.	300
Nipissing, W.	130
Norfolk, S.	125
Northumberland, W. Clarke	203
Ontario, S.	100
Oxford, N.	2,087
Perry Sound	14
Perth	137
Peterborough, E.	370
Peterborough, W.	1,200
Pl. Arthur & R.R. Conmee	194
Prescott	602
Prince Edward	109
Renfrew, N.	465
Renfrew, S.	500
Russell	809
Simcoe, C.	50
Simcoe, E.	200
Stormont	393
Welland	148
Wellington, E.	500
Wentworth, N.	32
Wentworth, S.	308
York, E.	195
York, N.	184

Liberal Gains—11.
(new). Pl. Arthur (new)

Grey, S. Middlesex, E. Nipissing, E. Nipissing, W. Prince Edward (new). Stormont. Wentworth N. (new).



CONSERVATIVES ELECTED.

Addington	365
Algoma	200
Bruce, C.	221
Cardwell	200
Carleton	221
Dufferin	600
Dundas	250
Durham, E.	301
Elgin, E.	112
Elgin, W.	508
Essex, N.	279
Frontenac	24
Glenora	450
Grenville	500
Grey, C.	100
Grey, S.	400
Hamilton, E.	140
Hamilton, W.	177
Hastings, N.	200
Hastings, W.	339
Huron, S.	73
Lambton, W.	33
Lennox & Addington	1,000
Leeds	239
Lincoln	713
London	141
Norfolk, N.	27
Northumberland, E.	349
Ontario, N.	183
Ottawa	483
Ottawa	664
Oxford, S.	111
Perth, N.	2
Sault Ste. Marie	275
Simcoe, W.	576
Toronto, E.	888
Toronto, N.	278
Toronto, W.	755
Toronto, W.	1,177
Victoria, E.	320
Victoria, W.	110
Waterloo, N.	262
Waterloo, S.	70
Wellington, S.	244
Wellington, W.	103
York, W.	585

Conservative Gains—14.
Algoma (new). Ottawa. Bruce C. Oxford S. Essex N. Perth N. Lambton W. Sault Ste. Marie. Waterloo N. (new). Norfolk. Wellington S. Northumberland E. York W. Not Heard From—1, Manitoulia.

BASEBALL
Eastern League, Thursday.
Buffalo 3, Montreal 9.
Jersey City 12, Worcester 5.
National League, Thursday.
Boston 5, New York 4.
Brooklyn 8, Philadelphia 0.
American League, Thursday.
Philadelphia 6, Detroit 4.
Boston 6, St. Louis 2.
Washington 16, Cleveland 4.
Baltimore 6, Chicago 5.

O.J.C. Spring Races.
Toronto, May 30.—Thursday, the seventh day of the O.J.C.'s spring meeting, the weather was fine and the track fast. The record:
First Race, 2 mile, 3-year-olds and up, 1 Commence, 2 Sheppard, 3 Apple Jack. 4 to 1. Time 1:16.
Second Race, 4 1/2 furlongs, 2-year-olds, 1 Gold Cockade, 2 Ayrshire Lad, 3 Prince Arthur. 3 1/2 to 1. Time 57 1/2.
Third Race, about 2 miles, Scarborough Steeplechase, 1 Rising Sun, 2 Tate's Creek, 3 W. H. Dixon 1 to 1. Time 5:57.
Fourth Race, 1 1/2 miles, 3-year-olds 1 Red Robe, 2 Scotland Vet, 3 Transfer. 1 to 10. Time 2:18.
Fifth Race, 1 1/2 miles, 3-year-olds and over, 1 Beguile, 2 Oliver, 3 Frank McKee. 9 to 5. Time 1:52.
Sixth Race, 1 mile, 3-year-olds and up, 1 Maguire, 2 Zonne, 3 Annie Lantini. 11 to 1. Time 1:29.
Seventh Race, 1 mile, 3-year-olds and up, 1 Tom Cosgrove, 2 Messina, 3 Obstinat Simon. 8 to 1. Time 1:16 1/2.

Rice Is Guilty of Murder.

Toronto, May 30.—That Fred Lee Rice had been fairly tried and that the verdict of the jury was justified by the evidence was the decision of the Court of Appeal, given this morning, the court unanimously deciding in every particular against points raised by Mr. T. C. Robinson, the counsel for the prisoner. Rice will now have to undergo sentence for the murder of Constable William Boyd on the evening of June 2 last, when he, with Frank Rutledge and Frank Jones, the Chicago bank burglar, attempted to escape from the custody of their guards while being driven from the Court House to the jail.

Was Mine Inspection Lax?

Fernie, B.C., May 28.—It is feared here that the miners may resort to violence because they have got the impression that Mine Inspector Dick did not insist on sufficient stringent discipline in the mines. They consider they were not properly protected. All business and everything else is stagnant till the feeling quiets down.

PREMIER ROSS' APPRECIATION.

The Results of the Election on the Whole Very Gratifying.

REGRETS LOSSES—GLAD OF GAINS

One Completely Satisfactory Feature Is That Not a Single Minister Was Defeated—His Own Majority Larger Than Any He Ever Had Three Times Over—Thanks to All His Supporters.

Toronto, May 30.—Premier Ross received the returns of the election in his office in the Parliament building. He was surrounded by Hon. J. M. Gibson, the only other Minister in the city by the members of his family and a few personal friends. Naturally, the result was the source of great satisfaction to him, and when seen about 11 o'clock last night he expressed himself in this manner:—"Although some of the returns were disappointing, the results on the whole are very gratifying. We chiefly regret the loss of such men as Mr. Munson, Dr. McKee, Mr. Pardee, Mr. Brethaupt, Mr. Muttie, and possibly one or two others whose elections are in doubt. We are, however, to be reinforced by some new men, whose attainments will maintain, I trust, the standing of the Legislature. One very satisfactory feature is that not a Minister was defeated. My own return by a majority three times as great as the largest majority I ever had



HON. G. W. ROSS.

from the constituency I have now contested for the tenth time, and held for thirty years, may be accepted as a gratifying evidence of confidence from those who know me best.

Although the majority is not very large, still, after thirty years' tenure of office, it is unprecedented in the history of governments, under our constitution, that a Government would have a majority at all. I am not able to say just now what circumstances weighed most with the electors in casting their votes. I can simply thank my supporters all over the Province, and the candidates elected, as well as those defeated, for the splendid fight they put up against misrepresentation by the Conservative party and by their organ. In this respect the campaign was unique, and will, I hope, for all time to come be so considered. Where local prejudices could not not be appealed to the Government was systematically misrepresented. This may have cost us a few seats. It is delightful to think that the Province, on the whole, has endorsed the policy of building up Ontario. No one could be more gratified than I am that the electors did not fail to remember Ross, and, as far as in me lies, I shall not forget to remember their best interests."

THE VOTE IN 1898.

Table of the Members Elected Four Years Ago, With Their Majorities, For the Purpose of Comparison.

For the purpose of comparison the returns from the last provincial election are given below. Algoma and Nipissing have been divided, and the returns from these constituencies in 1898 will be of little value. In several ridings bye-elections have taken place since 1898, but the majorities in such cases are not given, for the general elections invariably give a better indication of party strength.

Addington—Reid, Cons.	301
Algoma, East—Farwell, L.	275
Algoma, West—Conmee, L.	291
Brant, North—Burt, L.	102
Brant, South—Hardy, L.	527
Brant, South—Reid, Cons. Pres.	117
Brookville—Graham, L.	188
Bruce, Centre—McJohn, L.	231
Bruce, South—Truax, L.	Accl
Bruce, North—Bowman, L.	265
Cardwell—Little, C.	359
Carleton—Kidd, C.	716
Dufferin—Barr, C.	589
Dundas—Whitney, C.	126
Durham, West—Reid, C.	119
Durham, East—Falls, C.	306
Elgin, East—Hart, C.	29
Elgin, West—Macdunn, C.	95
Essex, North—McKee, L.	30
Essex, South—And, L.	677
Frontenac—Gallagher, C.	269
Glenora—McDonald, C.	166
Grenville—Joynt, C.	611
Grey, Centre—Lucas, C.	1,091
Grey, North—Boyd, C.	137
Grey, South—Jameson, C.	532
Haldimand—Holmes, L.	102
Halton—Barber, L.	123
Hamilton, West—Colquhoun, C.	278
Hamilton, East—Casselman, C.	880
Hastings, West—Morrison, C.	201

Hastings, North—Aitch, C. 272
Hastings, East—Russell, L. 128
Huron, East—Hidley, L. 493
Huron, South—Elber, C. 159
Huron, West—Garrow, L. 283
Kent, West—Partlo, L. 1
Kent, East—Ferguson, L. 552

Kingston—Harty, L. 290
Lambton, East—Pettipiece, L. 40
Lambton, West—Pardee, L. 500
Lennox & Addington, C. 797
Lennox & Addington, C. 181
Leeds—Beatty, C. 458
Lennox—Ayleworth, L. 46
Lincoln—Jesse, C. 353
London—Leys, L. 301
Middlesex, West—Ross, L. 151
Middlesex, East—Rodgers, C. 95
Middlesex, North—Taylor, L. 62
Monk, Harcourt, L. 328
Muskoka—Brudgeland, L. 74
Nipissing—Gowdria, L. 61
North, South—Hartley, L. 34
Norfolk, North—Casselman, L. 250
Northumberland, East—Douglas, L. 412
Northumberland, West—Clark, L. 134
Ontario, North—Hock, C. 451
Ontario, South—Caldar, C. 96
Ottawa (1)—Lambton, L. 145
Ottawa (2)—Powell, C. 9
Oxford, South—Pattullo, L. 1,023
Oxford, North—McKay, L. 674
Perth, North—Brown, L. 160
Perth, South—Mossip, L. 4
Perry Sound—Beatty, L. 1105
Peel—Smith, L. 1105
Peterborough, W.—Stratton, L. 599
Peterborough, E.—Bleazard, L. 218
Prescott—Evanturel, L. 601
Prince Edward—Dempsey, C. 357
Renfrew, North—White, C. 153
Renfrew, South—Campbell, L. 1,411
Russell—Guibord, L. 776
Simcoe, Centre—Thompson, C. 57
Simcoe, East—Metcampbell, C. 69
Simcoe, West—Duff, C. 435
Stormont—McLaughlin, C. 179
Toronto, South—Ray, C. 405
Toronto, North—Marter, C. 24
Toronto, West—Crawford, C. 1,030
Toronto, East—Pine, C. 1,028
Victoria, West—Fox, C. 70
Victoria, East—Cargie, C. 438
Victoria, North—Lackner, C. 65
Waterloo, South—Krebs, C. 109
Welland—German, L. 681
Wentworth, North—Wardell, C. 339
Wentworth, South—Dickson, L. 174
Wellington, East—Craig, L. 188
Wellington, West—Tucker, C. 229
Wellington, South—Muttie, L. 396
York, East—Richardson, L. 428
York, West—Hill, L. 35
York, North—Davis, L. 469

SIR JAMES GRANT PRESIDENT.
Officers of the Officers of the Royal Society of Canada.
Toronto, May 30.—Fellows and delegates of the Royal Society met in the Chemical Building of the University last evening to listen to Dr. Jeffrey of the University speak upon the forest trees of Canada.
Officers for the ensuing year were elected during the day. Sir James Grant was elected president, Col. Geo. Denison, vice-president; Sir John Bourinot and Prof. John Fletcher, re-elected secretary and treasurer, respectively.
Chancellor Burwash of Victoria University, with W. D. Lighthall of Montreal, were received as fellows.
Dr. Saunders, director of the Experimental Farms, gave an illustrated talk on the satisfactory results obtained in the west by crossing a hardy Siberian apple with Canadian apples. The satisfactory results obtained by crossing gooseberries and currants and plums with sand cherries were also noticed.
A reception was given to the members at Government House in the afternoon.
To-day they will leave on an excursion to Niagara Falls, returning on Monday.

ST. VINCENT.
Sir R. B. Llewellyn, Governor, Reports to the Hon. Joseph Chamberlain.
London, May 30.—Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, has received the following cablegram from Sir Robert Baxter Llewellyn, Governor of Windward Islands, in the West Indies:
"There have been no serious volcanic outbreaks on the island of St. Vincent since May 18. I hope the worst is over, but the people of the island are still nervous. All arrangements for the comfort of the injured, the relief of the destitute and re-settlement of St. Vincent are progressing satisfactorily."
Within One Mile.
Port de France, Martinique, May 30.—Noon.—The arrival of Mont Pelée, which approached within one mile. This feat was accomplished Tuesday afternoon by George J. Kavanagh, an unattached newspaper man, who had accompanied Prof. Robert T. Hill, the United States Government Geologist on his expedition.
Had a Perilous Trip.
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 30.—John Trombley, lockman on the canal, made a descent of the rapids through its most treacherous part yesterday morning and lives. He was fishing above the falls, when an oarlock broke and his boat was caught in the current and swept into the foaming water fall. The boat capsized in the deep hole at the middle of the rapids, but he managed to cling to it, being rescued nearly dead by two Indian fishermen, after making the descent. Trombley had one chance in a thousand of making the trip in safety.

Red Cross Conference.
St. Petersburg, May 30.—The Seventh International Red Cross Conference, under the presidency of Gen. Richter, was officially opened by the Minister of Justice, M. N. V. Mouraviev, yesterday, in the presence of the Dowager Empress. A number of other notabilities. A hundred delegates from various countries were present.



Baby's Own Soap
Specially adapted for children, on account of its absolute purity.
Is used by young and old alike and commands an immense sale.
Don't trifle with imitations.
ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MFGS.
MONTREAL

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1902.

EMPIRE DAY CONCERT.

Singing By 800 School Children.

The people of Lindsay who were wise enough to go to the Academy last Friday night to hear the patriotic concert given by the Public School children, witnessed one of the most beautiful sights of their lives when the curtain lifted and revealed the smiling faces of eight hundred happy children. The success of the evening was much assisted by the really well known nature of the Rev. J. W. Macmillan, who acted as chairman. He said he would call on one whose name was not on the program—Principal Broderick, and on his appearance a dainty little lady, Marius W. came across the platform and presented him with a beautiful bouquet of flowers.

The program was up and with "God save the King" Mr. Stevens, of the College, entertained the children and friends with some very clear and good lantern slides, commencing with pictures of King Edward and Queen Alexandra in their coronation robes, and ending with a picture of a Abbey, where the coronation is to take place, closing with a view of the prospective Public Library. The views were interpreted with songs by the children, "Greeting to the King," "Twinkling Star," with Scottish scenery, "The Bonnie Banks of Loch Lomond," and "The Bonnie Banks of Loch Lomond," which was much appreciated. While the South African heroes were being presented the children sang "Soldiers of the King." The evening closed with the singing of the recessional.

One could not doubt the pleasure that was given to the audience by the music, to Mr. Norman F. Black with the able assistance of the boys teachers, they justly deserve credit for their patience and skill, and for the very successful way the children fulfilled their part of the program.

Drink Grano Cereal Coffee.

Here for Next Printing.

When in need of anything in the line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc., leave your order at The Post job department. Workmanship unexcelled.

Will Go to England.

Mr. Chas. Graham, son of Mr. J. D. Graham, of the north ward, has been accepted as the representative of the 45th Regiment in the Canadian Coronation Contingent which will sail for England the first week in June. Mr. Graham was a member of the Roberts' Horse, and served in Africa for a year.

Sympathy for the Millman.

At a regular meeting Thursday night of Social League No. 40, Lindsay, a resolution of sympathy for the striking saw mill men of Lindsay was unanimously passed, and expression was made of the hope that in the near future all such industrial associations should be able to play a more active and useful part in the community.

A Drowning Accident Near Gooderham.

A sad drowning accident took place near Gooderham on Thursday morning, by which Richard Haywood, son of Mr. Francis Haywood, of Glamorgan township, lost his life. The unfortunate young man was engaged with the M. M. Boyd Co., of Bobcaygeon, driving their logs down the Burnt River. He and another young man got on a log, which rolled, and both fell into the river. Mr. Haywood was unable to swim, and sank before assistance could reach him. The body was found about six hours later at a short distance from where he fell in. The deceased was eighteen years of age, and a strong and active young man. Mr. Haywood has many friends here, and the sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement. The funeral took place Saturday at 10 o'clock to the Gooderham cemetery.

A Progressive Hotelkeeper.

Since Mr. Wm. Pym assumed charge of the Daily house, the well known hostelry formerly conducted by Mr. E. Daly for many years, he has made many improvements. The hotel has been overhauled and refurbished; the rooms, both upstairs and down, have been repapered and painted, and made most attractive; the halls have been covered with bright carpets and linoleum; a sufficient number of electric lights have been placed to do away with all dark corners, and by means of a furnace and several stoves every part of the hotel was kept "piping hot" during the past winter. Mr. Pym now has a gang of men at work tuck-pointing the hotel front, which when completed will present a very attractive appearance. He is sparing no expense required to place his popular hostelry in the front rank.

UNDER A DELIVERY RIG.

Mr. W. J. Williamson's Little Daughter Again Injured.

Mr. W. J. Williamson, butcher, is the father of a large and interesting family, and the youngsters meet with many adventures and mishaps of the ordinary every-day kind that would almost fill a book.

Monday evening when Mr. Williamson drove home he unhitched the horse from the delivery rig, and while he was stabling the animal two of the children undertook to back the rig under a shed close by. Gladys, five years old, went behind to push while Harry, 3 years of age, caught hold of the shafts. As luck would have it, two bags of oats were stored in the box of the vehicle, and when Harry raised the shafts the weight of the oats elevated him into the air. When some three feet up he released the shafts and dropped without injury, but the rear end of the rig then descended on his little sister, pinning her to the ground. Her screams attracted her father's attention, and she was quickly released. Dr. Herriman was called in and found that her left arm was broken.

As mentioned above, the incident does not count for much in that family. Four of the children have had arms broken, two have been taken out of the water almost drowned, one was kicked by a horse and rendered unconscious, and another was picked up in the yard a few weeks ago apparently dead, and was so pronounced by neighbors. Yet to-day all are as lively as crickets and without a blemish. Even Gladys was playing about next morning.

THE DAY IN MIDLAND.

The C. O. F. Excursion a Great Success.

Early Monday morning the threatening clouds disappeared and a fine day loomed in sight. As a result over 300 of our citizens patronized the Canadian Order of Oddfellows' excursion to the town of Midland. The special composed of baggage car and eight coaches pulled out at 8.30, Conductor Adams in charge. About 75 passengers were picked up at the various points along the line, and a fast run was made, the excursionists reaching Midland at 11.20.

On entering the town the excursionists could see marked progress and growth, and the various industries are all in full blast. Houses of the finest and most artistic designs are being erected all over the town, evidencing the prosperity of the times.

In the afternoon some of the party went sight-seeing and visiting friends, while others went to the agricultural grounds, where a good programme of sports was run off under Y. M. C. A. auspices. The train left Midland at 5 p. m., arriving in town about 8 o'clock. The committee in charge here to be congratulated on the success of the outing and the good order maintained on the train going and returning.

Wedding Stationery.

An up-to-date stock of Wedding Stationery just received at The Post

Drink Grano Cereal Coffee.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The local reputation of *Castoria* is well known.

Str. Alexandra in a Fog.

On account of the disagreeable weather the excursion per Str. Alexandra from Kirkfield to Lindsay on Saturday was not as well patronized as it otherwise would have been. The boat arrived here about 12 o'clock and left at 3 A. A number of Lindsay young people accompanied the excursionists on their return journey, expecting to return home late Saturday night. However, things did not go as smoothly as expected, and to their disappointment when the steamer got into Balsam Lake she encountered a heavy fog and had to anchor. She remained in that position until Sunday morning and then started for Fenelon Falls. On reaching that village the boat was unable to get through the locks on account of it being Sunday. The Lindsay ladies and ladies were landed, and after the party had searched that village for food they hired a delivery rig and drove home, arriving here at six o'clock Sunday night, tired and hungry. It is needless to say they will not venture so far away from home again.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Pac-Simile Wrapper Below.
Very small and as easy to take as sugar.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION.
Cure Sick Headache.

COMMUNICATIONS.

GOOD WORK RECOGNIZED.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—On behalf of the Lindsay Fire Department I wish to thank the citizens for their assistance at the fire on Wednesday, also the members of the G. T. R. Brigade for their promptness in responding to the call for help; to them undoubtedly belongs the credit of saving Pym Bros' hotel, and perhaps other buildings.

The firemen are also grateful to Messrs. Sutcliffe and A. Campbell for their kind donations—Yours, etc.,

W. E. RICHES, Chief L. F. B. Lindsay, May 24th, 1902.

POLITICS AND ASSESSORSHIP.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—My attention has been called to two letters under the heading of assessors and politics, one in the Watonwan-Warrior and the other in The Evening Post. For the information of the public I wish to say that no man in this town knew of me going to make application for the assessorship except Mr. Edward Daly, and I never mentioned the same thing in my life to Mr. B. O'Connell, the foreman Mr. O'Connell never knew I was going to make application, nor did I ever mention it to any reformer in or out of the committee rooms. I think it is a slur on the good sense of our Council to think that they would appoint any assessor on account of his politics, or reject one, if he has the necessary qualifications, which an assessor should have. Yours, etc., THOS. CONNOLLY, Lindsay, May 24th.

TRACE THE BLAME.

Dear Sir,—For the last seven or eight years I have urged that an investigation should be held to determine who is to blame for delay in furnishing fire pressure when needed. I note with pleasure in last night's issue of your paper that you have at last made the same suggestion. I think the time has come for me to demand that an investigation be held, composed, not of the members of the Council only, but of members of the Council, members of the Board of Water Commissioners and one or two of the leading merchants of this town. If this investigation is held I propose to lay the blame in connection with this regrettable delay, not on the shoulders of my engineers, but on the shoulders where it belongs, and to lay it so clearly that the public in general will have no doubts left in the matter. —Yours truly,

F. K. EGGIE, Esq., Lindsay, May 23rd, 1902.

THE STRANGE DISAPPEARANCE OF SARAH INNIS.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—The Manitoba Suffrage Registration Act provides that where a person of a certain class is unable to attend the sittings of the Registrars by reason of sickness or necessary and temporary absence from town in the prosecution of his occupation, a notice as to such sickness or absence, signed by such person, or by some grown-up member of his family, may be given to the Registrar, and the application of such person to be placed on the registration list will come up for hearing at the Supplementary Sittings. In the event of the person applying having no member of his family resident in the town, the notice may be signed by some person to whom he is well known.

Friday evening, 19th inst., the local registrars sat for the hearing of applications from seven o'clock to nine o'clock. Mr. N. A. McMurray and Mr. G. H. Hopkins attended at the market in the interests of the Conservatives, whilst I represented the Liberals. About 8.30 o'clock Mr. Geo. King, a machinist of the south ward, presented himself and was duly registered. He then presented an absentee notice to the Registrar on behalf of Edward B. Innis, a machinist, who was said to live at 95 Durham-st. A prominent local Conservative was signed by George King. I took exception to the sufficiency of the notice on the ground that said notice should be signed by a member of the family of Mr. Innis, and the Registrar held that my contention was good.

The notice was accordingly handed back to Mr. King with instructions that the same must be signed by the mother or other relative of Mr. Innis. Mr. King left the room and as it was then twenty minutes to nine o'clock I felt satisfied that it would be almost impossible for any person to reach Mrs. Innis' residence, secure her signature, and return before "court" closed, but in the space of a few minutes he (King) returned and the same notice was handed in with a pencil mark drawn through the name "Geo. King" and underneath was written with a lead pencil the name "Sarah Innis." Exception was taken to the notice on the ground that it did not set out the relationship of the party signing to the applicant, and neither the solicitors present nor Mr. King would say positively who the party signing was. The Registrar stated that he did not think the notice sufficient, but counsel for the Conservatives asked that the notice be allowed to go in for what it was worth, and suggested that the matter be fought out at the Supplementary Sittings. I felt assured that some person was playing a game and I quickly noted the case and awaited developments at the Supplementary Sittings on the Monday following.

About four o'clock in the afternoon on Monday, the 19th inst., Mr. McMurray came to the Court in question, bringing with him the necessary affidavit in such cases and accompanied by the mother of Mr. Innis, who came to give evidence in support of her son's application. Mr. Weldon and myself represented the two parties at the Court, none of the Conservative representatives who attended at the previous sittings being present. The lady in question, having been sworn, stated that "she was the mother of Edward Innis, that HER NAME WAS HARRIET CRUMMER, that she was the only lady residing at 95 Durham-st., that there was no lady of the name of 'Innis' in town to her knowledge, that she did not know of any such person as 'Sarah Innis,' that she never signed a notice on behalf of her son, and that she had nothing whatever to do with the notice in question." Mr. Hopkins, in his pamphlet, comes out with the extraordinary statement that a fraud was perpetrated ON and BY the Conservative party. The above facts show how much the Liberal party had to do with the notice. Is Mr. Hopkins of the opinion that the people of this town and riding do

not think for themselves? The paper was in the custody of the Conservatives from the time it was drawn until filed, and it is still on file with the Registrar and can be seen by Mr. Hopkins or any person else who wishes to inform himself. Mr. Hopkins for his allegations that "it is a funny thing that when the matter came to Court the Grit lawyer knew more about the case than the Conservatives." Is it not a "funny thing" that the Conservative, who were present in the first instance, and put in the notice, saw fit to remain away when the matter came to the test a week later?

I am not at any time inclined to run a horse print but Mr. Hopkins' manifesto demands it. I have above outlined some of the circumstances of the case and the public can think for itself. This is the third occasion in the campaign that Mr. Hopkins has so unfortunately managed to appear in print first, the Rathbun Co's. strike next the Combs' declaration; now it is SARAH INNIS. What next?

L. V. O'CONNOR, Lindsay, 27th May, 1902.

THE FIRE AND THE G. T. R. BRIGADE.

Sir,—In your issue of the 22nd inst. there appeared an item in connection with the report of Wednesday's fire, to the effect that Mr. F. W. Sutcliffe had handed to Fire Chief Resor the sum of \$25 as an acknowledgment of the services of the town firemen in saving the premises of Sutcliffe & Son. I would like to say that I did not hand the town brigade more than a few words of work to do, and did their part well, I think that if there are any honors to be passed around, the G.T.R. boys are also entitled to them. Ask Pym who it was that prevented his place going up in smoke, and after you have received your answer you will come to no other conclusion than that the same action saved Sutcliffe's store.

"Honor to whom honor is due," Mr. Editor. Even the horse line that ran from the corner of Kent and William-sts., which in the first place consisted of four burling, had to be completely cut by borrowing these from the G.T.R. No horse was to be had—again it was the G.T.R. that supplied the want, and by so doing saved that hot corner from destruction. Ask any of those who worked in that corner if it was not, and you will be convinced that the work performed by the G. T. R. boys is worthy of some substantial recognition. Yours, etc., JUSTICE, Lindsay May 23rd.

Note.—The above communication was handed in and placed in type at an early hour this morning; the letter appearing below reached us in time after and will doubt be looked upon as a sufficient and satisfactory answer by "Justice" and his friends.—Ed. Post.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Dear Sir,—The members of the G.T.R. Fire Brigade were called upon to render what assistance they could give in fighting the fire on the 21st inst. The Captain has received from Messrs. Sutcliffe & Sons the handsome sum of \$25.00, for which the members wish to return their sincere thanks.—Signed on behalf of the members,

THOS. WALTON, Captain, Lindsay, May 23rd, 1902.

Another Grateful Merchant.

Just before going to bed, Capt. Walton informed us by triphone that he had received from Mr. Arch. Campbell, grocer, a letter conveying his hearty thanks for the good work done by the G.T.R. brigade in protecting his premises, and enclosing a substantial proof of his sincere gratitude in the shape of a cheque for \$15.00.

Drink Grano Cereal Coffee.

GRATEFUL TO THE G. T. R. BOYS.

Hotelkeeper Pym Send a \$25 Cheque

The following letter was received by Capt. Walton, of the G.T.R. Fire Brigade, Friday. Accompanying the same was a cheque for \$25:

The Grand Trunk Railway: Fire Brigade, town;

Gentlemen,—I have very much pleasure in inclosing you herewith my cheque for \$25.00 as a small recompense for the splendid efforts and complete success which you put forth in your endeavor to fight the fire Wednesday. The pleasure is enhanced on account of being old acquaintances, and in previous years as you are no doubt aware, I was with you as far back as 1871.

I cannot thank you too much for what you have done, as there is no doubt but that you are entitled to full credit for the saving of my place. I understand that there was some talk of burning the town down and if it had not been for you, boys, I would probably have been on the road along with the unfortunate ones who were burned out. I also want to thank the officials of the G.T.R. for their assistance in getting me out of my burning place. I remain, yours truly, WILLIAM PYM.

Drink Grano Cereal Coffee.

\$100 Dollars Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one drugged disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is a new and powerful cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is a new and powerful cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is a new and powerful cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists. Beware of cheap imitations. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Drink Grano Cereal Coffee.

TRIAL TRIP.

Weekly Post to the End of 1902 For Only 50 Cents.

As an inducement to new subscribers we will send the Weekly Post to any address in Canada and the United States until the end of the present year for only 50 cents.

Send this copy to some friend and mark this liberal offer. They will receive the best local paper in the district for 12 pages every week—for this trifling sum.

Send in orders at once so that subscriptions will cover the pending provincial elections. Sample copies sent for the asking. Address WILSON & WILSON, The Post, Lindsay, Ont.

The N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE.

White's Old Stand, Lindsay, Leading Salesmen, Matt. H. Sisson, Felix Forbert.



The Famous Empress Shoe for Women and Geo. A. Slater's Famous Invictus Shoe for Men are now worn by a large majority of the well-dressed people of Victoria County. They are not only durable and easy on the feet, but they are the swiftest and most stylish shoes made. These Famous Shoes can only be had at this Store, as we are the Sole Agents for Lindsay.

The N. HOCKIN SHOE STORE.

James McLean, COMMISSIONER.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Insurance and Real Estate Agent, Mount Pleasant, Ontario.—wt.

HENRY C. HAMILTON,
Organist St. Andrew's Church,
TEACHER OF PIANO and ORGAN
Graduate of Toronto Conservatory of Music.

For terms, etc., apply to JAS. LOW
—dtd—wlm

JAMES KEITH

Seed Merchant and Dealer in
Agricultural Implements.

Great care is used to supply every article true to name and of good quality.

William-St., LINDSAY, Ont.

TENDERS FOR COAL, 1902.

Sealed tenders, addressed to the Provincial Secretary, Province of Ontario, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, and marked "Tenders for Coal," will be received up to noon on MONDAY, MAY 26th, 1902, for the delivery of coal in the sheds of the institutions named below, on or before the 16th day of July next, except as regards the coal for London, Hamilton and Brockville Asylums and Central Prison, as noted:—

Asylum for Insane, Toronto.
Hard coal—1,250 tons large egg size, 200 tons stove size, 100 tons nut size. Soft coal, 500 tons lump, 150 tons soft screenings.

Asylum for Insane, London.
Hard coal—2,600 tons small egg size, 250 tons stove size, 60 tons chestnut size. Soft coal—40 tons for grates. Of the 2,950 tons 1,000 may not be required till January, 1903.

Asylum for Insane, Kingston.
Hard coal—1,350 tons large egg size, 200 tons small egg size, 25 tons chestnut size, 500 tons hard screenings, 500 tons soft screenings, 15 tons stove size (hard).

Asylum for Insane, Hamilton.
Hard coal—3,575 tons small egg size, 474 tons stove size, 146 tons chestnut size, 40 tons for grates, 50 tons for pump house, 200 tons soft coal, 120 tons hard black screenings. Of the above quantity 2,000 tons may not be required until January and February, 1903.

Asylum for Insane, Mimico.
Hard coal—1,800 tons large egg size, 120 tons stove size, 165 tons chestnut, 100 tons soft screenings, 50 cords green hardwood.

Asylum for Idiots, Orillia.
Soft coal screenings or run of mine lump, 2,000 tons; 90 tons hard coal, stove size; 90 tons hard coal, grate size.

Asylum for Insane, Brockville.
Hard coal—1,800 tons large egg size, 125 tons stove size, 165 tons chestnut, 100 tons soft screenings, 50 cords green hardwood.

Asylum for Female Patients, Cobourg.
Hard coal—450 tons large egg size, 15 tons egg size, 50 tons stove size.

Central Prison, Toronto.
Hard coal—100 tons small egg size. Soft coal—2,500 tons soft coal screenings or run of mine lump. The soft coal to be delivered monthly as required.

Institution for Deaf and Dumb, Belleville.
Hard coal—800 tons large egg size, 90 tons small egg size, 15 tons stove size, 14 tons nut size.

Institute for Blind, Brantford.
Hard coal—475 tons egg size, 150 tons stove size, 15 tons chestnut size.

Reformatory for Boys, Penetang.
Eighty tons egg size, 51 tons stove size, 28 tons nut size, 800 tons soft coal screenings or run of mine lump. Delivered at institution dock.

Reformatory, Toronto.
Soft coal screenings or run of mine lump, 650 tons; stove coal, 110 tons.

Tenders are to specify the mine or mines from which the coal will be supplied, and the quality of same, and must also furnish satisfactory evidence that the coal delivered is true to name, free from adulteration in every respect equal in quality to the standard grades of coal known to the trade. Delivery is to be effected in a manner satisfactory to the Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities.

And the said inspectors may require additional amounts, not exceeding 20 per cent. of the quantities hereinbefore specified, for the above mentioned institutions to be delivered thereat at the contract prices at any time up to the 15th day of July, 1903.

Tenders will be received for the whole quantity above specified or for the quantities required in each institution. An accepted check for \$500, payable to the order of the Hon. the Provincial Secretary, must be furnished by each tenderer as a guarantee of his bona fides, and two sufficient sureties will be required for the due fulfillment of each contract. Specifications and forms and conditions of tenders may be obtained from the Inspectors of Prisons and Public Charities, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, or from the Bursars of the respective institutions. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

J. R. STRATTON,
Provincial Secretary,
Parliament Buildings, Toronto, May 12, 1902.—w2.

TRUSSES

YOU KNOW when it is necessary to get an article of this kind that it is essential that you consult one with experience in fitting the same.
We have in stock FOUR of the Best Lines of Trusses made to-day and claim to give best satisfaction as to fit and style in town.

DUNOON'S DRUG STORE,

Next A. Campbell's Grocery.

JUNE WEDDINGS..

We have just placed in stock an entirely new line of FINE GLASSWARE. These new Creations will recommend themselves to those wishing to purchase something decidedly novel and beautiful. The line comprises useful and decorative articles suitable for Dining Room, Drawing Room and Halls.

ASK TO SEE THEM.

BRITTON BROS., Jewellers,

Foot of Kent Street, LINDSAY.

TRY Geen's Store

We can Save you Money on
MILK CANS, CREAMERS, PAILS, PANS and all kinds of Tin and Agate ware.

Axle Grease, Pumps, Sinks, Stoves, Roofing, Siding, Eaveironing and Plumbing.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

A. GEEN.

WOODS' OLD STAND, LINDSAY.

R. B. ALLAN & CO.

LINDSAY, have in Stock a Most Complete Stock in the Following Lines of Goods:

Black Dress Goods in every make and style. Plain Ladies' Cloths, Black and Colored. Black and Colored Homespins. New Spring Dress Muslins, Black and Colored. New Dainty Patterns in Colored Dress Muslins. New Millinery Goods, latest fashions. New Ladies' Ready-to-wear Spits and Skirts. New Underskirts. New Sateen and Silk Waists.

FURNISHING DEPARTMENT

Men's New Spring Derby Hats. Men's New Spring Fedora Hats. Men's New Spring and Summer Straw Hats. Some New Styles in Men's Spring Suits. Some New Styles in Boys' Spring Suits.

HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT

New Carpets, Floor Oilcloths. New Lace Curtains. New Chenille Curtains. New Curtain Muslins.

LADIES' FURNISHINGS

New Corsets, all styles and makes. New Kid Gloves, Black and Colored. New White Wear. New Hosiery, Gloves, Laces.

IF YOU CONTEMPLATE BUILDING

Call at Ingle's Planing Mills.

Mr. Ingle can supply anything in BUILDING MATERIAL.

SASH, DOORS, WINDOW BLINDS, always on hand. Being in business for over thirty years, I am satisfied I know the wants of the people. Nothing but first-class material for house or barn buildings turned out of my factory. Prices most reasonable. Consult me before making a contract.

Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

GEO. INGLE.

Cor. Cambridge and Wellington-sts.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1902.

A VIEW OF THE FIELD

Nomination Day Passes Without Special Surprises.

SOME SOCIALISTS NOMINATED.

Mr. Lucas, Conservative, Elected by Acclamation in Centre Grey-Toronto Has No Fewer Than Sixteen People Running—One of Them Is a Lady—Premier Ross at Mt. Brydges.

Toronto, May 23.—The nominations are over, and we are in the last week of the campaign. There were no special surprises yesterday, though independent candidates appeared here and there at the last moment, increasing the number of three-cornered contests. There are, in fact, in several ridings more than three candidates, as in the case of the four Torontos, and in London and West Hamilton, in each of which there are four nominees. In the Torontos the regular party nominees are supplemented by four Socialist candidates, including in the latter case one who had been nominated in North Toronto, and also by four Socialist-Labor candidates. In London, besides the regular party candidates, there are a Prohibitionist and a Socialist in the field. Socialists appear here and there elsewhere in the province, and there are several Prohibitionist candidates. In West Hamilton, besides the party nominees, Mr. E. A. Colquhoun, the former Conservative member, adheres to his expressed intention of remaining in the field, and his reception was quite cordial. This contest promises to be a particularly interesting one.

There appears to have been only one acclamation, that, namely, of Mr. Lucas, Conservative, for Centre Grey. In several ridings, however, the opposition to Government candidates is practically nominal.

Premier Ross speaks to-night in Windsor, and the Opposition leader, resuming work outside his constituency, speaks at Napanee.

The following candidates are nominated:

Liberal Candidates.	
Riding.	Candidate.
Algoma	D. M. Brodie
Addington	G. A. Aylesworth
Brant North	D. Burt
Brant South	D. Burt
Brantford	C. F. Graham
Brace North	C. M. Bowman
Brace South	D. J. Stewart
Carleton	Donald H. Maclean
Cardwell	Lincoln Hutton
Dundas	W. C. Smyth
Durham East	H. H. Walker
Durham West	W. W. Richard
Elgin East	Dr. Sinclair
Elgin West	A. McCrimmon
Essex North	John A. Auld
Essex South	John A. Auld
Ft. Wm. and Rainy R.	E. C. Cameron
Frontenac	W. J. Shibley
Glenora	D. M. McPherson
Grenville	W. J. Bissell
Grey North	A. G. McKay
Grey South	George Binnie
Haldimand	J. W. Holmes
Halton	J. R. Barber
Hamilton East	Herbert S. Griffin
Hamilton West	S. F. Washington
Hastings East	S. Russell
Hastings West	E. G. Sills
Hastings North	B. O. Lott
Huron East	A. Hyslop
Huron West	M. G. Cameron
Huron South	M. Y. McLean
Kingston	E. J. B. Pense
Kent East	John Lee
Kent West	T. L. Pardo
Lambton West	F. F. Pardee
Lambton East	H. J. Pettipiece
Lanark North	Jos. Cram
Lanark South	W. C. Caldwell
Leeds	C. E. Britton
Lennox	M. S. Madala
Lincoln	D. J. McKinnon
London	Col. Leys
Manitowish	J. T. Fraser
Middlesex East	Dr. Rutledge
Middlesex West	C. W. Ross
Middlesex North	W. H. Taylor
Muskoka	Dr. Bridgland
Monck	Dr. James
Nipissing East	Dr. James
Nipissing West	Dr. James
Northumberland E.	O. Simmons
Northumberland W.	S. Clark
Norfolk North	E. C. Carpenter
Norfolk South	W. J. Kester
Ottawa	Hon. Jno. Dryden
Ottawa North	A. Lumsden
Ottawa South	A. Paulton
Parth North	Dr. A. McKay
Parth South	John Brown
Perth South	V. Stock
Perry Sound	Milton Carr
Peterboro East	W. Anderson
Peterboro West	J. R. Stratton
Pt. Arthur & L.	J. J. Conmee
Prescott	F. E. A. Evtanul
Prince Edward	J. A. Clapp

South Star Marie	W. J. Smith
Russell	O. Guibord
Renfrew North	John W. Munro
Renfrew South	F. R. Leitch
Simcoe West	W. Williams
Simcoe East	J. B. Tudhope
Simcoe Centre	D. Davidson
Stormont	W. J. McCart
Toronto South	W. B. Rogers
Toronto East	L. V. McBrady
Toronto West	Thos. Urquhart
Victoria East	L. L. Heyd
Victoria West	Newton Smale
Waterloo South	Dr. Thompson
Welland	J. F. Gross
Wentworth North	R. A. Thompson
Wentworth South	Jno. Dickinson
Wellington East	J. M. Gibson
Wellington West	Dr. Stewart
Wellington South	George Mutrie
York East	John Richardson
York West	W. J. Hill
York North	E. J. Davis

Addington	James Reid
Algoma	W. R. Smyth
Brant North	John H. Fisher
Brant South	Major Fraser
Braceville	D. O'Brien
Brace North	D. M. Jernyn
Brace Centre	H. H. Clark
Brace South	Dr. Clapp
Carleton	George N. Kidd
Cardwell	E. A. Little
Dundas	J. F. Wainman
Durham East	J. J. Preston
Durham West	W. H. Reid
Dufferin	Dr. Barr
Elgin East	C. A. Brower
Elgin West	F. G. McDermid
Essex North	Dr. J. O. Reame
Essex South	A. B. Herring
Ft. Wm. & Ry. River	Dr. Smollie
Frontenac	J. S. Gallagher
Glenora	W. D. McLeod
Grenville	R. L. Joynt
Grey North	G. M. Boyd
Grey South	Dr. B. Lucas
Grey Centre (incl.)	J. B. Lucas
Haldimand	S. Beck
Halton	Dr. Nixon
Hamilton East	Henry Carscallen
Hamilton West	John S. Hendrie
Hamilton, W. (Ind.)	E. A. Colquhoun
Hastings East	A. A. Richardson
Hastings West	M. B. Morrison
Hastings North	J. W. Pierce
Huron East	Anson Spottan
Huron West	James Mitchell
Huron South	H. Elber
Kingston	John Davidson
Kent East	J. S. Fraser
Lambton West	W. J. Hanna
Lambton East	P. D. McCallum
Lanark South	Col. Matheson
Lanark North	A. M. Grey
Leeds	W. D. Beatty
Lennox	T. G. Carscallen
Lincoln	Dr. Jessop
London	Adam Beck
Manitowish	R. R. Gagey
Middlesex West	Thomas English
Middlesex East	Capl. Robson
Middlesex North	D. F. Stewart
Muskoka	A. A. Mahaffy
Monck	J. A. Ross
Nipissing East	George Smith
Nipissing West	F. Cochrane
Northumberland E.	Dr. Willoughby
Northumberland W.	George Spence
Norfolk South	J. L. Buck
Norfolk North	Dr. Snider
Ontario North	W. H. Hoyle
Ontario South	Chas. Calder
Ottawa	D. Murphy
Ottawa North	C. B. Powell
Oxford	Dr. Snider
Oxford South	D. Sutherland
Perth North	J. C. Monteith
Perth South	Nelson Monteith
Perry Sound	Joseph Edgar
Peel	S. Charters
Peterboro East	Dr. Ford
Peterboro West	J. W. Miller
Pt. Arthur & L. of W.	G. King
Prescott	S. G. Poulin
Prince Edward	L. P. Williams
South Star Marie	A. Miscampbell
Renfrew North	P. White
Renfrew South	Henry Moss
Simcoe West	James Duff
Simcoe East	R. H. Jupp
Simcoe Centre	A. Thompson
Stormont	J. McLaughlin
Toronto North	Dr. B. Nesbitt
Toronto South	J. J. Foy
Toronto East	Dr. Pyne
Toronto West	Thos. Crawford
Victoria East	J. A. Carnegie
Victoria West	S. J. Fox
Waterloo North	Dr. Lackner
Waterloo South	W. A. Kribb
Welland	E. Cronmiller
Wentworth North	A. R. Wardell
Wentworth South	Erland Lee
Wellington East	W. E. Tooke
Wellington West	James Tucker
Wellington South	J. Downie
York East	J. W. Moyes
York West	J. W. St. John
York North	T. H. Lennox

Elgin West	H. G. Wilshire
Hamilton East (L.)	L. M. Gordon
Hamilton West (L.)	R. Roadhouse
London	F. Hazalgrave
Manitowish	J. McMillan
Middlesex East	R. H. Wade
Toronto West (L.)	A. Kelly
Toronto North (L.)	Walter Wellwood
Toronto North (L.)	Miss M. Halle
Toronto South (L.)	J. H. Kripp
Toronto East (L.)	S. A. Corner
Toronto East (L.)	H. S. James
Toronto East (L.)	Chas. Simpson
Toronto East (L.)	Chas. Kemp
Wellington, South	Sam Carter

Elgin West	H. G. Wilshire
Hamilton East (L.)	L. M. Gordon
Hamilton West (L.)	R. Roadhouse
London	F. Hazalgrave
Manitowish	J. McMillan
Middlesex East	R. H. Wade
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Toronto East (L.)	S. A. Corner
Toronto East (L.)	H. S. James
Toronto East (L.)	Chas. Simpson
Toronto East (L.)	Chas. Kemp
Wellington, South	Sam Carter

Dufferin	W. T. Bailey
Lincoln	G. B. Wilson
London	F. W. Daly
Oxford, North	D. R. Ross
Simcoe West	A. B. Spencer
Wentworth, South	J. B. Pettit

Hamilton, West	E. A. Colquhoun
Kent East	John Johns
Toronto, North	C. F. Marter

PEACE IS IN THE AIR.

Optimistic Feeling in London About the Matter.

CABINET HAS BEEN SUMMONED.

The Chronicle Daily Says Peace Is Assured—Despatches From Lord Milner and Lord Kitchener—Boers Seeking to Retain Their Horses—Bennett's Return Thought Generally to Mean Peace.

London, May 23.—The Daily Chronicle this morning claims authority to say that peace in South Africa is practically assured. This is also the general impression which prevails with the other newspapers and public, although the former do not go so far as the assertion published by The Chronicle.

At a late hour last night, however, the Government departments declined to give any information on the matter. It is understood that important despatches were received yesterday from Lord Kitchener, but nothing can be ascertained as to the nature of the contents of these messages.

The fact that the Cabinet was summoned to meet to-day so quickly after the arrival of the delegates at Pretoria is regarded as a good augury, as the discussions at Pretoria could only have commenced on Monday. The Cabinet will meet late this afternoon in order to enable the Ministers who are at a distance to reach London for the meeting.

A despatch to The Daily Telegraph from Pretoria says that the Boers are seeking permission to retain their horses.

Another Ultimatum. London, May 23.—The Daily Mail in its issue on this morning, says it understands that, owing to the protracted haggling of the Boer leaders at Pretoria, Great Britain has presented them with what is practically an ultimatum, their reply to which is awaited, and which it is expected they will accept.

Despatches, which have been received here from Pretoria, continues The Daily Mail, say that during the stay of the Boer delegates there the conference will continue at Vereeniging, and a majority of those present at the conference are trying to persuade the recalcitrant minority into a unanimous vote. In the meantime, the British columns have been resting and they are now all ready for immediate action. The Daily Mail says it believes the delegates at Pretoria will accept the ultimatum to the conference at Vereeniging for its consideration.

CABINET SUMMONED.

Thought to Be Directly Concerned With South African Peace.

London, May 23.—A Cabinet council has been summoned for to-day. While the Government departments are discreetly silent, it is generally accepted that the summoning of the Cabinet is directly connected with the South African peace conference. Most of the Ministers are out of town for the Whitsunday recess, though they left rather expecting to have their holidays broken up by just such a summons.

The consensus of opinion here is that all the signs are propitious, but the British officials have given no indication of the course which the negotiations between Lord Kitchener and Lord Milner and the Boer delegates at Pretoria are taking.

That conference is occurring regarding the bases upon which peace shall be declared is the sum total of the information which the War Office has vouchsafed up to the present, though it is intimated that a definite announcement of the result, peaceful or otherwise, may be speedily expected.

The impression that peace is close at hand has obviously taken a strong hold of operators on the stock exchange. The buying of consols and gilt-edged South African shares continues, it is believed, on behalf of well informed investors.

The Daily Telegraph's belief that Bennett Burleigh is returning from Pretoria because peace has been arranged, is believed here. The standard manner in which Mr. Bennett Burleigh has stuck to his post in South Africa would seem to justify the deduction The Daily Telegraph places upon his despatch. Readers are well acquainted with Mr. Burleigh's work during the earlier and more interesting stages of the war.

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a pound a day by taking an ounce of SCOTT'S EMULSION. It is strange, but it often happens.

Somewhat the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food, which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking

Scott's Emulsion

You will find it just as useful in summer as in winter, and if you are thriving upon it don't stop because the weather is warm.

See and get it at all drug stores. SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Canada.

Long after other special correspondents left South Africa Mr. Burleigh remained, and it is difficult to imagine on what grounds he is returning home now unless it be that he has reason to believe that peace is assured.

Another Canadian Ill.

Ottawa, May 23.—A cablegram from the Colonial Secretary to His Excellency states that Martin Conroy, 42, Nelson, South African Constabulary, is dangerously ill of enteric fever, at Moor River. He belongs to Kingston, Kent County, N. B.

C.M.B. Has Amuck.

Halifax, N.S., May 23.—Nearly 400 men of the 5th Regiment of Canadian Mounted Rifles dashed through the streets at a late hour last night. They were armed with stones and halted in front of a dive on Albermarle street, kept by Sarah Smith, a negro woman. They bombarded the house, shattering every pane of glass therein, and then they tore out the lower portion of the front. The inmates made a hasty retreat from the rear. Several days ago, Trooper Martin of British Columbia was sandwiched in the house, and he is now in the hospital. It was alleged the injury done him that they attacked the house. The civil and military police succeeded in dispersing the men without any further trouble. No arrests were made.

FOR COLONIAL PREMIERS.

A Tour in England That Will Advertise Their Respective Countries.

London, May 23.—The colonial Premiers will be the guests of the Earl of Harrowby at Sandown Hall, St. James's Park, towards the end of their provincial tour.

They will commence their journey round the provinces on June 1st, and will visit Leeds, Liverpool, Manchester, Birmingham, Glasgow and Edinburgh, where they will be feasted, shown over manufactures and called upon to speak about their colonies.

They will be entertained at a banquet, probably at the Guildhall, at which Mr. Chamberlain has promised to preside, and at which Cabinet Ministers and ex-Cabinet Ministers will be present to do them honor.

They will also be invited to a trip up the river with a call at Taplow Court as the guests of Mr. W. H. Grenfell, and to the principal London theatres with social receptions on the stage after the performances.

FELL FROM WINDOW TO DEATH.

A. A. Benson, Traveler For a Toronto Firm, Killed at Peterboro.

Peterboro, May 23.—Mr. A. A. Benson, traveler for the firm of H. W. Petrie, Toronto, met death Tuesday night by falling from a window on the second story of the National Hotel, breaking his neck. Mr. Benson came to Peterboro and retired in his usual good health. About one o'clock yesterday morning the night-watchman heard the crash and going round to the yard discovered the body of Mr. Benson in his night robe. Dr. Gray, coroner, was at once notified and after examining the body decided that an inquest was unnecessary. Mr. Benson was a married man, about 63 years of age, and his wife resides at Mitchell, Ont.

THE KING'S PLATE.

Eighteen Horses Ran—Hendrie's Lyddite Won, Seagram 2, Davies 3.

Toronto, May 23.—The forty-third renewal of the race for the guineas donated by the Sovereign of England to the Ontario J. C. took place yesterday at Woodbine Park, and the result was a grand triumph for the stable of Mr. William Hendrie of Hamilton, president of the club. Mr. Joseph E. Seagram, M.P. of Waterloo, who, since 1890, had only lost the race once till yesterday, was second with Fly-in-Ambler, and Mr. Robert Davies Opuntia finished third. The defeat would probably have been less bitter with Maple Sugar ahead, only the inside talent expecting the crash from Lyddite. The victory was most decisive. The time was 2.15.

Other Events.

First Race, 3-year-olds and upward. 1. Cobourg, 2. Martimas, 3. Medford. Betting 1-4. Time 1.16.

Second Race, 2-year-olds, 1. Mda, 2. Chantrelle, 3. Lorne. Betting 3-1. Time 50.

Third Race, 3-year-olds and up, Minto Handicap, 1. Orontas, 2. Algie M., 3. W. Dempster. Betting 9-5. Time 1.31.

Fourth Race, Royal Canadian Steeplechase, 14 miles, 1. Rising Sun, 2. Lionheart, 3. Verna K. Betting 9-5. Time 3.47.

Fifth Race—King's Plate. Sixth Race, 4 mile, 3-year-olds and up, 1. Lady Berkeley, 2. Andratius, 3. Eu Claire. Betting 8-1. Time 1.16.

SEVENTH CATTLE MARKET.

London, May 23.—Prices, steady; live cattle, 14 1/2 to 15 1/2, dressed weight; refrigerated beef, 11c per lb.

N.W.T. ELECTIONS.

The Members Elected to the Assembly by the Revised Returns.

Winnipeg, May 23.—Revised returns from the Northwest Territories Legislative Assembly show the election of the following members: Band—A. L. Sifton (Govt.), Batoche—C. Fisher (Govt.), Battleford—Mr. Dunn (Ind., leading), Cannington—E. O. McDonald (Opp.), Cardston—J. W. Wolf (Govt.), Calgary—E. C. Young (Ind.), Calgary West—R. B. Bennett (Opp.), Edmonton—M. McCauley (Govt.), Grenfell—R. S. Lake (Govt.), High River—A. W. Galt (Govt.), Inglehart—J. A. Simpson (Govt.), Kinistno—Not heard from, Lethbridge—Dr. Devereux (Govt.), Lacombe—E. Bullock (Govt.), Maple Creek—H. A. Greeley (Govt.), Medicine Hat—W. T. Finlay (Govt.), Moose Jaw—A. W. Galt (Opp.), Moose Mountain—A. S. Smith (Govt.), Morden—A. D. McIntyre (Govt.), Macleod—W. G. Stantail (Govt.), Prince Albert—T. McKee (Opp.), Qu'Appelle, South—G. H. Bullock (Govt.), Qu'Appelle, North—D. H. McDonald (Opp.), Regina, South—J. B. Hawkes (Ind.), Regina, North—O. W. Brown (Govt.), St. Albert—J. Lambert (Govt.), Souris—J. W. Connell (Govt.), Swift Current—T. McIntyre (Govt.), Swift Current—J. H. Stewart (Govt.), Stratford—A. C. Rutherford (Govt.), Victoria—J. W. Shera (Ind.), Westagawin—A. S. Bennett (Govt.), Whitecourt—A. B. Gille (Govt.), Wolseley—D. Elliott (Govt.), Yorkton—Dr. Patrick (Opp.).

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

A Boy and Girl Struck at Fenelon Falls—Great Damage at Toronto by Wind.

Fenelon Falls, May 23.—During a thunderstorm which passed over this village about 6.30 last evening little Jennie and James Smith, aged about 13 and 10 years respectively, children of Mr. Thomas Smith of this place, were killed. The girl was going out to a neighbor's for milk, and as she went out the door the little brother followed about two yards behind her, when lightning struck and killed both instantly within three yards of the door.

Hand's Fireworks' Premises Struck.

Hamilton, May 23.—A severe electrical storm struck the city shortly before 6 o'clock and did considerable damage. Lightning struck one of the storehouses of the Hand Fire Works Company on the Dundas road, causing an explosion. No one was hurt fortunately. The city fire department was summoned, but the call was not responded to as the place is beyond the city limits.

The Storm at Toronto.

Toronto, May 23.—The windstorm that swept over Toronto last evening was one of the most destructive that has visited this part of the province for many a year. Considerable damage was done to property, several buildings being badly wrecked, one boy, William Parker aged 14, had his thigh broken and two horses were reported to have been killed. The storm, which was accompanied by a heavy downpour of rain, struck the city a few minutes before 7 o'clock, but was of short duration. Narrow escapes were reported from various parts of the city, the greater danger being from falling trees and store signs.

Publication of County Minutes.

Collingwood Bulletin: A suggestion which might be adopted with good results is made by the Beeton World. It is to the effect that the County Council instruct its Clerk to furnish every publisher in the county with copies of the minutes and proceedings of the different meetings of that body. The World complains that they have never been favored with a copy of the proceedings except during the year when they had the county printing. This is wholly due to the carelessness of the representative of their district. Up here, in this northern section, our County Clerk, Mr. Brackley, keeps us fully posted on matters relating to the county, the former gentleman having made it a special duty to supply a copy of the minutes to the newspapers. Nevertheless, we believe that were the method suggested by our contemporary adopted the distribution of the copies of the minutes and proceedings would be more uniform, and the information contained therein would be more widely circulated. The above is a sensible suggestion. At present the town papers are put to the expense of sending a reporter to the sessions, which last nearly a week, and of devoting from seven to eight columns to the publication of the proceedings and lengthy committee reports for the benefit of their contemporaries.

The Stimulus of Pure Blood

That is what is required by every organ of the body, for the proper performance of its functions.

It prevents biliousness, dyspepsia, constipation, kidney complaint, rheumatism, catarrh, nervousness, weakness, faintness, pimples, blotches, and all cutaneous eruptions.

It perfects all the vital processes.

William Ross, Sarnia, Ont., took Hood's Sarsaparilla to make his blood pure. He writes that he was all run down his appetite was gone, and his nerves were so unstrung he could not rest nor sleep. He had tried many remedies without benefit when Hood's Sarsapar

Ten Years' Trial

The Story of a Soldier's Struggle

By Brigadier General
Charles King

Copyright, 1901, by Charles King

Continued from last week

CHAPTER II.

Military matters at the great cavalry and artillery post on the Pawnee were not altogether harmonious during the fall and winter following Eric Langdon's departure. There were some things and many soldiers Captain Nathan's money could not buy, and a rider shock and harsher awakening to his true position this platoon batteryman could not well have had than came to him in that scene at the station. He had gone thither to meet and escort to his quarters two prominent and wealthy railway officials from the distant east, one of them a relative of his wife. He had counted on their coming to make a profound impression in the big garrison, and his arrangements for their entertainment included two days of quail shooting, a riding party, some special dinners and three or four elaborate dinners, with dancing to follow in the evening. His first impression on catching sight of the crowd at the station was one of complacency—the officers and men were gathered there to get an early glimpse of his distinguished guests. It never occurred to him that Langdon would be going away on that train, still less that any number of the garrison should go to bid him farewell and godspeed. He figured that Langdon would have to hang about the post a day or two settling up his affairs. He had made inquiries as to the amount in which Langdon was indebted to the mess and to the establishment still maintained at the edge of the reservation by the descendants of an old time post trader. When, therefore, he stepped from his stylish carriage as the footman sprang down and opened the door, he was startled and shocked by the apparition of Langdon himself and stunned speechless by that bitter denunciation. Glancing about him, he saw some half a hundred soldiers, with a sprinkling of civilians, and not one face that reflected anything but sympathy for Langdon and dislike for himself. The rush of the incoming train released him from the humiliation of his position, as the men swarmed about Langdon, eager to clasp his hand, while the captain, friendless and alone, hastened to the rear sleeper to meet the magnates. To lead them to his carriage he was compelled to return through a throng of his own men just as the train began to move, and a stentor of a sergeant shouted, "Three cheers for Lieutenant Langdon, the best officer of Battery D!" whereat, with lusty lungs and swinging caps, the soldiers shouted again and again until the train slipped away round the bend under the bluff, and not one of their number had so much as a look, much less a salute, for the captain. It was no time to resort to discipline then. "I'll fix 'em for this when I get 'em back to barracks," he swore to himself, but the sorest hearted, bitterest man to return that morning from the railway to the post was he who rolled homeward in his cushioned chariot, with liveried retainers on the box and untold wealth beside him.

It chafed him, too, that Woodrow, May and other young officers should gallop past him on the homeward way without so much as a peep at his imposing companions or a touch of the cap to him. The magnates were vastly interested in the dashing riding of the party and in May's beautiful thoroughbred and asked questions concerning them which only added to Nathan's keen sense of humiliation and defeat. He couldn't reach May, for that young gentleman was Melville's adjutant and kept his mount in his own little stable in rear of the bachelor quarters. But Woodrow was poor and rode a battery saddle horse, and that evening at stables the captain sent for him and, with cutting emphasis, informed him that the order permitting officers on temporary duty with the light batteries to use a public horse applied only to occasions of drill, parade or prescribed exercise. "No officer in my battery, sir," he concluded, "can be permitted to use my horses to scatter dirt in the faces of my guests and to race impudently past the battery commander without a salutation of any kind." Woodrow stood at attention, saluted, waited a moment and said, "Anything further, sir?" to which Nathan responded, "That's all, sir." And then as, with another punctional salute, the subaltern was about to turn away the idea that had been uppermost, the sting and humiliation of the morning clamoring for expression, forced from Nathan the very words Woodrow was longing to hear and that he lost no time in rushing off delightedly to tell his fellows at the club: "There is one matter you need to be warned about and one that, should it come to the ears of the commanding officer, may get you subject you to arrest and court martial, your prominence in that riotous, even notorious, demonstration at the depot this morning. When officers and men conspire to cheer a person dismissed in disgrace from the army, they attack the administration and are guilty of gross insubordination. I shall not report the occurrence myself because of my known antagonism to such characters as Mr. Langdon, but you'll be most fortunate if the colonel does not hear of it."

Now, Woodrow had taken no part in the cheer—that was a matter confined almost entirely to the enlisted men—but he had no objection whatever to

very seems to have been in it. Then them to go to their quarters—go to grass—go to Ballyhack—but there must be no more cheering. I won't have it. "There won't be," said his staff officer dryly, "now that Langdon's gone." He, too, had loved the fellow and was sore hearted over his downfall. "There's nobody else they'll be apt to cheer for unless it's Melville."

The colonel turned suddenly and glared, but the adjutant's face was placid and unconcerned as he quietly stepped to the outer room and in low tone bade the assembled through disperse. Then in silence he rejoined his chief.

"You're always quoting Major Melville," said the latter peremptorily. "There's no one in your own corps well considering."

"Plenty," answered the adjutant, "yet none just like Melville. There's the man to straighten out this matter, colonel, if you really want it done."

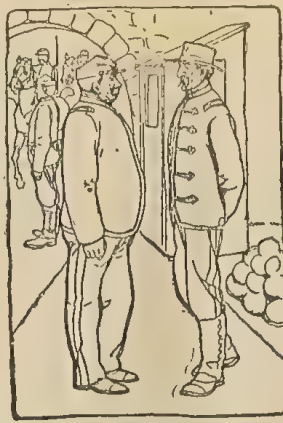
"I can straighten out post matters without having to call on an outside," answered the colonel haughtily, for he had the same conception of his corps that the Chinese had of China—everybody out of it was an outside barbarian. Moreover, he was distinctly jealous of Melville, and it kept cropping out in the most absurd and palpable way. Early in the spring, when ordered to the command of this important station, the department commander had said to him: "We have applied for Melville to command your artillery. He'll be a tower of strength to you and relieve you of all responsibility in the management of the batteries." And this remark, intended to reassure, had just the opposite effect. The colonel did not wish to be relieved of any care or responsibility, did not wish it to be supposed he needed a tower of strength. He was one of a small but somewhat prominent class among our senior officers who rejoice in extended responsibility and who prefer hours of personal work to delegating one lot of authority or power to anybody else. He was so oddly constituted, moreover, that he would gladly have added to his functions the lading out of medicines and the distribution of hospital stores.

His mania was for scraping and saving for Uncle Sam. He would spend hours of valuable time pruning off a dollar from the estimate of the post quartermaster or squeezing a cent a bushel from the hay or grain contract. He had never before served with mounted artillery, but unhesitatingly assumed supreme control of the affairs of the batteries, criticising and forbidding the expenditure of paint for the carriages and caissons, cutting down the number of horsehoes, condemning the amount of grain and hay fed out in the daily allowance and putting a stop to shell and shrapnel practice as being viciously extravagant. "It will all be straightened out when Melville comes," said the colonel, but he never met Melville before, but had had him dinned into his ears every time he talked with an enthusiastic artilleryman, and, to use his own expression, "it made him tired." Melville is a sort of demigod according to these artillery fellows," said he, "but I propose to run my own post, and no man shall run me."

So when Melville arrived and reported for duty the colonel met him with much solemnity and state. Ordinarily offhand and impulsive in speech and manner, he now assumed an imposing dignity of mien that filled his adjutant with merriment and did not deceive Melville in the least. That clear sighted, grave mannered soldier listened with every appearance of courteous interest to the colonel's exposition of what he considered the needs of the batteries and the batteries' discipline and instruction, but as his own views were neither asked nor desired gave no expression of them. The colonel called upon the new arrival at the quarters of Captain Cannon that evening and found a dozen red striped fellows there, all clustered about their demigod, and the colonel's manner was as if something more awfully impressive than in the morning. He remained but ten minutes, and the colonel drew a long breath and looked at each other as he left the room and burst into irrepressible laughter as he stalked away from the gate. But Melville came back to their midst with Captain Cannon, they having seen the colonel safely down the steps, and not a line in Melville's face betrayed the fact that he saw anything comical in the situation.

Within the week he was partially settled in his new quarters and fully engrossed in his new duties. He found the post commander pottering about the battery stables and gun sheds day after day, giving orders direct to stable sergeants, farriers and blacksmiths, but not a line of his face or a tone of his voice betrayed the faintest irritation or disapproval. Into Captain Cannon came to him to protest, and he said, "Patience," and nothing the impetuous post commander could say or do ever seemed to throw him off his mental balance for a moment. He was ever grave, expensively courteous and entirely subordinate. For a month the colonel had things all his own way.

Then one day, all unannounced, there dropped in an inspector, who gave two days to the batteries and two hours to the rest of the command. The colonel insisted on being with him everywhere. The inspector found fault with the condition of the horses' feet and declared them insufficiently shod. He was referred to the order of the post commander. He said all of the horses looked too shelly, drawn, as though they had come in from a hard campaign, and was shown the post commander's order cutting off two pounds of grain per diem. He said the gun carriages looked dingy and was informed of the post commander's prohibition of further use of paint. He criticised their neglect of gun practice with service ammunition, and again the post commander had to shoulder the blame. He dined with that dignitary, as did Melville and Nathan and two or three cavalrymen that evening, and the colo-



"You think he was a very good soldier, I am told."

nel drank much of his own champagne and talked incessantly in defense of his policy, on which point the inspector and the gunners were diplomatically silent, but within a week of the former's departure down came a letter from department headquarters embodying all his criticisms and directing the post commander to take measures to correct the matters complained of without delay. They were all of the post commander's devising, and, "without the ruffling of a feather or the turning of a hair," as the boys expressed it, without a word of altercation or expostulation, Melville had won the battle. He met the colonel with the same grave, imperturbable courtesy, with that utterly unimpeachable respect of manner. Even though the post commander was fuming with wrath and the consciousness of defeat, Melville allowed not a trace of exultation to be visible, not a word of triumph to escape him. He gently, gravely rebuked one or two youngsters who crowded in their delight and by utter superiority of his mental equipoise rasped the irate colonel infinitely more than if he had given voice to the sense of victory. The colonel was forced to the conclusion that the senior major of artillery was a bigger man at department headquarters than he had ever been, and his indignity redoubled.

And yet the soldier in him compelled him to respect Melville. He couldn't help it. Officer or man, the soldier did not live in all the service who knew him and did not honor. Pure in speech, refined and courteous in manner, a gentleman in the finest sense of the term, in every thought and word and deed; just, temperate, merciful, a model of fidelity to duty and to principle, a man to whom an oath was well nigh as intolerable as a lie, he so ordered his life that friends and comrades studied him in vain for fault or folly, and enemies were unknown. Among his elder officers were men who a quarter of a century before had been his pupils in the section rooms of "the old academy," where they well nigh worshiped him. "Never," said they, "no matter how exasperatingly stupid a cadet might be—never was Melville tempted to use an impatient word." Among the younger officers were those who only a few years back wore the gray at the Point when Melville was their honored commander, the position of all others in the army of the United States which has the greatest influence on the character and development of the young soldiers of the nation, the position of all others most difficult to fill, and Melville was the idol of the corps of cadets. At the different stations where he had served—at Newport, at Fortress Monroe and at the Presidio of San Francisco—he had left his impress over the same. They spoke of him as the "Bayard of the Battery," and one of the traditions which his old regiment gloried in was the mountain campaign against a fierce and recalcitrant tribe in which Melville led his guns into the fastnesses of an unexplored wilderness and brought the savages to bay. Add to all this that his home life was as beautiful as his professional career had been well nigh flawless, and even crotchety, fault finding, jealous old "Cat" owned himself powerless to penetrate the armor of Melville's perfections, and May and Woodrow, thinking sadly of the comrade lost to them, found the words constantly springing to their lips, "if Melville had only come earlier!"

And yet, as we have seen, it was unlikely that Melville could have prevailed in a matter such as Langdon's, who had done so much to hurt his own cause. The major had discovered the good points in the post commander much sooner than the latter would admit that there was anything remarkable about Melville. By mid-October, however, the genuine soldier in "Cat's" constitution had compelled in him an admiration and respect for the gravely courteous artilleryman that, in spite of the lingering jealousy he felt, made him desire Melville's friendship. Long ere this he had realized that battery horses were built on far different lines from the "troopers" he loved and, being much heavier—handlers instead of carriers and fed and shod for draft and prepared for severe and sudden strain—should never have been cut down from their allowance with the view of making them conform to his ideas of how a horse should look. "Cat" ruefully admitted, to himself only, that he had come near spoiling some 250 draft animals and nearer still to making one ass who should be nameless. It was not until a month after Langdon's departure, however, that he mustered up manliness to say to Melville: "How much a fellow thinks he knows about some other fellow's business until he tries. Now, I had no more idea that a battery horse had to be so much heavier. Course I could have read it all up in the tactics, don't you know, but I hate books, somehow, and I ought to have realized that battery commanders like Hamor and Singer, at least, knew their biz. I don't take any stock in—Nathan. His horses had hides on 'em like a Yellowstone buffalo. Why, I had

to give him rides the first week I got here, and he gave me a swell dinner. But I just wish you would consider you're at the head of the artillery part of this establishment now, Melville. I believe it's best to leave it all to you."

And the two gravely shook hands. "Cat," as has been observed, had a conscience. After a moment's silence he began again: "Then there's another thing. That adjutant of mine—impudent fellow at times if he is a good officer—has never forgiven me about Langdon. He doesn't speak of it, of course, except when I draw him out. I wouldn't stand that, you know. But he says if I'd been here longer and had known more 'bout Langdon and as much about Nathan and Torrance as I do now I wouldn't have been so hard on him. He says I ought to have sought your views. Well, p'raps I ought, Melville, but I didn't get to know you at first. Where is that fellow now, anyhow? D'you ever hear from him?"

"I have heard once or twice," answered Melville gravely. "But he prefers to say nothing of his occupation. His creditors, at least, are furnished with his address."

"You think he was a very good soldier, I am told," said "Cat," looking keenly into the major's face a moment, then turning to scrutinize as keenly the column of horse just moving leisurely in from morning drill.

"An exceptionally fine one," said Melville.

And at that moment the exceptionally fine soldier, hat in hand, was standing patiently, silently, in the anteroom of a great railway superintendent. The hair dozen chairs now long been occupied by others as watchful looking as himself. There were a dozen more silent, shabbily dressed men wearily lounging about. They had been waiting since 8 in the morning for an audience, but some matters of grave importance "up the road" occupied every moment of the magnate's time. Clerks were hurrying in and out. Other officials, with anxious faces, came and went. Every now and then some of the waiting party would slip quietly out and, returning, hold whispered conferences with others of their kind. They were all, apparently, men of more or less experience in railroading, and Langdon stood among them an alien and a stranger. They looked at him queerly when the clerk came out, nodded to him and held open the door. Hat in hand, Langdon passed through a room where half a dozen men and women were clicking at typewriters and was shown into a small, sunny corner apartment. The superintendent sat at his desk, a stenographer beside him. A well dressed, handsome man of 50 was nervously pacing the floor.

Holding out a note, the superintendent said:

"You brought this from—from our president, Mr.—Mr. Langdon. What do you know about railroading?"

"Next to nothing, sir, practically, as I told the president."

"Then I can't see why he should send you to me. What line of work have you been at?"

"Soldiering."

The superintendent found time to laugh. "That's bad preparation for the work we require of our men. We have no use for soldiers."

"No?" said Langdon, his pale face flushing a trifle. "I recall two occasions on which my regiment was hurried to protect your property against your own men, and now that you're in for another strike I thought you'd be glad to hire men who would stick to their posts. I can at least handle a brake or fire an engine as well as the clerks and typewriters you are sending out to do it, and I'm more used to roughing it."

(Continued next week.)



"My God, Jimmy, it's Lieutenant Langdon."

sions on which my regiment was hurried to protect your property against your own men, and now that you're in for another strike I thought you'd be glad to hire men who would stick to their posts. I can at least handle a brake or fire an engine as well as the clerks and typewriters you are sending out to do it, and I'm more used to roughing it."

(Continued next week.)

\$5 REWARD—A reward of \$5 will be paid to any person giving information that will lead to the conviction of any person selling liquor in the County of Victoria, otherwise than according to the law as laid down in the Liquor License Act. The address of the sender will be treated with confidence and the information will be acted on promptly. JOHN SHORT, License Inspector, Box 473, Lindsay, Ont., dw.

MICA AXLE GREASE
Makes short roads.
Good for everything that runs on wheels.
Sold Everywhere.
Made by IMPERIAL OIL CO.

SEE
THAT THE
FAC-SIMILE

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IS ON THE
WRAPPER

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CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Prescribed by J. C. W. PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Aloes -
Rhubarb -
Senna -
Dandelion -
Parsnip -
Syrup of Marshmallows -
Syrup of Gum Arabic -
Syrup of Gum Tragacanth -
Syrup of Gum Benzoin -
Syrup of Gum Resin -
Syrup of Gum Myrror -
Syrup of Gum Sassafras -
Syrup of Gum Turpentine -
Syrup of Gum Clove -
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Syrup of Gum Pepper -
Syrup of Gum Cardamom -
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**AMMUNITION,
 GUNS,
 RIFLES,
 CARTRIDGE,
 SHOOTING GOODS,
 LANTERNS,
 PLOW LINES,
 HALTERS,
 COW TIES,
 SAWS,
 AXES,
 CHAINS**

J. G. EDWARDS & CO.

**FIRST AID
 TO THE INJURED
 POND'S EXTRACT**
 FOR BURNS, SPRAINS, WOUNDS, BRUISES OR ANY SORT OF PAIN.
 Used Internally and Externally.
 CAUTION! Avoid the weak water which is sold as "Pond's Extract," which is only a cheap imitation of the real "Pond's Extract," which is a powerful and effective remedy for all the above mentioned ailments, and is sold in all drug stores.

THE WEEKLY POST is published every Friday. The subscription rates: \$1.00 PER YEAR.

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JOB PRINTING.
 Our Job Department is one of the best equipped printing offices in Canada, and is prepared to execute all kinds of printing in first-class style at lowest prices. No job too small or too large for us.
 All business communications to be addressed to
WILSON & WILSON
 Proprietors.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1902.

TORY RULE MEANS IMPOVERISHMENT.

The cry of the Tories that it is time for a change of Government in Ontario recalls the fact that the line of demarcation between Tories and Reformers is the same now as in the past.

Judging by the action of the Tories when they were entrusted with power in Canada, they hold the same views in regard to taxation, the administration of the public domain, and privileges, that characterized the rule of their aristocratic predecessors in all ages.

The Tories hold that the poorer the masses the easier they are to rule. When they are entrusted with power they therefore invariably impose taxes with the object of impoverishing the masses and enriching their own class. They teach that taxes are good in themselves. After the enactments governing taxation, put on the Federal statute books in 1879, it will be remembered that all wages fell, and the value of farm land dwindled 50 per cent, throughout the whole Dominion, whilst mill-labor increased rapidly. When Sir Oliver Mowat wrested Northern Ontario from the grasp of the Tories he found that almost the whole of that vast territory had been given away to supporters of Toryism. The grantees were annulled, and that great country is now being administered to the interest of the general public.

Reformers hold that labor pays all taxes, with the exception of one impost. That the lighter the taxes the better for labor. That taxation is a necessary evil. Holding these views, make a Government careful in its administration of the public domain, and privileges, and ingenious in devising taxes which relieve labor of its burden.

Such an impost is the death duty; the only tax devised so far by the cunning of man that cannot be transferred to the broad shoulders of labor. It is for this reason the Tories are so bitter and unanimous in their condemnation of this tax.

After thirty years' administration of the public domain by the Reform Government of Ontario, during which time it has not only been made to produce a large revenue, which has been applied to further relieve labor

of its burden, but what is of far greater importance to the labor of the future, the actual area of this domain has been increased enormously, and its value enhanced, by a judicious expenditure on roads and other improvements. A victory for the Tories, with their peculiar system of taxation, and narrow views of society, would be a calamity for Ontario.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Talk about there having been no change in Ontario in thirty years. Why, look at the Tories, the one-time opposition leader. He has become so disgusted with Tory impotence for governing or legislating that he has quit the crowd. He thought it was time he made a change. There are a few unknowns left with Whitney.

The celebrated Billy Smith, who testified to having expended \$1200 to defeat Hon. John Dwyer in one election was one of Mr. Whitney's associates on the platform in North Ontario the other evening. It is also related that he started the applause when Mr. Whitney referred to purity in elections.—Brookville Recorder.

Judge the Liberal organization by what you know of it yourself. If you know it in your own county to be free from wrong doing you can well afford to treat with contempt stories of wrong doing elsewhere. These are yarns manufactured for campaign purposes, for consumption at a distance, and will never be heard of more after the election.

Manhood suffrage voters owe their right to vote to the Liberal Government. Manhood suffrage in this Province was carried by the Liberals in the face of the strongest opposition from the Conservatives. The young men should keep this fact in mind when they cast their votes. All the progress that has been made in legislation in recent years stands to the credit of the Liberal Government.

Hamilton Times: The goods roads legislation of the Ontario Government promises to prove a great boon to this locality. Already it has given an impetus to the scheme for the abolition of toll roads. This grant of a million dollars to aid municipalities to improve highways is only one of the many good moves of the Liberal Government. The electors don't want to change Ross for Whitney.

The Ontario Agricultural College and Experimental Farm is the most advanced educational institution on the continent of America. It has been brought to its present high status by the wise legislation promoted by the Ontario Department of Agriculture, superintended by a Minister of Agriculture. The extension of the College was opposed by Mr. Whitney and his aids. Agriculture is the basis of the prosperity of Ontario. The aid given to it by the Liberal Government has not only secured the reputation for our farm products in the British market.

Under the heading, "A Model Cabinet Minister," the Catholic Register has some very complimentary remarks about one of the younger members of Hon. Mr. Ross's Cabinet. By the way, has come in for more than his share of the abuse at the hands of Mr. Whitney's advocates. It is the case of Hon. Mr. Stratton. We do not believe it will be disputed either by his colleagues or his opponents that he is the ablest secretary who has served Ontario during his history as a province. But he has made his record wholly by the application of business principles to the affairs of the public, and by his practical, convincing speeches in the House and on the platform. He works harder than the manager of a bank or the general manager of a railroad. He is liberal-minded in the best sense of the word, because no one has ever heard a complaint on the score of narrowness or prejudice against him. Even the extreme partisans who are seldom without a grievance, seem to be satisfied with him. The Register believes that if there is one member of the Government more than another who deserves the approval of the great majority of his constituents, that Minister is Hon. J. R. Stratton. Such a verdict by his constituents would in turn have the approval of the entire public.

BRIGHT BABIS

Are a Joy to Mothers and a Treasure in the Home.

All babies should be bright, good natured and well. If you have a child that is sickly, fretful, nervous, restless at night, or suffers from stomach or bowel troubles of any sort give it Baby's Own Tablets and it will soon be well. There is no other medicine in the world will so safely and speedily cure indigestion, sour stomach, colic, constipation, diarrhoea, and teething troubles. Thousands of grateful mothers speak of this medicine in words of warmest praise. Mrs. Fred Power, 18 Scotland Street, Toronto, says: "My baby suffered greatly from indigestion. She was pale and very thin, and would cry with pain in the stomach, and sometimes would not sleep other day or night. I got a box of Baby's Own Tablets and they have made a great change in my little one. She now digests her foods readily; is not troubled with the pain in the stomach, and has grown quite plump. I can equal Baby's Own Tablets for do not know of any medicine that little ones."

This medicine is guaranteed to contain neither opiate nor other harmful drugs. Children taken the Tablets as early as candy and cream, to a powder they can be given to the smallest, weakest baby. Sold at all drug stores, or sent postpaid at 25c. in box by addressing The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. or Schenectady N.Y.

Commercial Printing. circulars, etc., can be obtained at reasonable prices at The Post

FIRE LIMITS EXTENDED.

Steps Taken to Prevent a Repetition of Wednesday's Great Disaster.

ONLY SOLID BRICK, STONE, IRON OR CEMENT BUILDINGS

Can be Erected in the Business Section of the Town Hereafter—Stables, Storehouses, etc., Come Under this Ruling—Delay in Getting Water Pressure Referred to—Now Regulations to Cover the Storing of Explosives—600 Feet of New Hose to be Purchased.

Five members of Council and a still smaller representation of the Board of Trade responded to a call for a joint meeting of the members of both bodies Thursday evening to discuss matters connected with the serious fire of the day before. Those present were Mayor Ingle, Aldermen McDiarmid, Jackson, Hore and Burrows, Mr. J. D. Flavelle, President of the Board of Trade, Mr. Alex. Fisher, a member of the same body, Town Solicitor Hopkins and Mr. Walter Resnor, Chief of the Fire Brigade.

Capt. Resnor, when questioned, said a considerable interval had elapsed before the arrival of the firemen before there was a working pressure on the mains. When an alarm is sent in from a box the engineer at the pump house is notified at the same time, when the bell in rung instead the engineer has to be notified by telephone, as was the case Wednesday. The firemen had been hampered in fighting the fire by a scarcity of hose, and he thought the Council should purchase 1000 feet and four nozzles; they had 1700 feet of fairly good hose on hand, but the remainder would not stand a strong pressure and was only fit for flushing sewers and such work. Trouble had been experienced with the hydrant in front of R. B. Allan's store—the packing or something gave way and the hose had to be attached to another hydrant. Perhaps 15 minutes had elapsed before they got a good pressure—then it was excellent.

Ald. Burrows: "The sooner we get a few paid firemen the better."
 Capt. Resnor: "If there had been a team in the hall we would have saved valuable time."
 Mayor Ingle: "Hose should be kept on a reel and the carter who rushes it to a fire promptly should be paid \$1; that plan works well in Orillia."
 Capt. Resnor: "We have a reel with 250 feet of hose always on it."

Moved by Ald. Jackson, seconded by Ald. Burrows, that the Town Property Committee be authorized to purchase 600 feet of new hose.

Ald. McDiarmid advised that Chief Resnor be sent to Toronto to purchase the hose quietly; he would be able to make a better bargain than would any of the aldermen, and would save his expenses ten times over.

Ald. Burrows thought Mr. Ingle should accompany the Chief, and moved a resolution to that effect. After considerable discussion, in the course of which two resolutions were voted down, a motion authorizing the Chief to proceed to Toronto and purchase 600 feet of hose and four nozzles, was adopted. Aldermen McDiarmid and Jackson being the mover and seconder.

The Fire Limits Enlarged.
 Ald. Jackson pointed out that under the existing Fire by-law two classes of buildings were allowed within the area therein described—solid brick, stone or iron fronting on the streets named therein, while a certain distance in the rear thereof being veneered or iron sheeted structures were permissible. In his opinion the latter class should be prohibited in the business portion of the town.

Solicitor Hopkins read the by-law for the information of all, and said some people had the idea that a building of wood sheathed with metal constituted an iron building within the meaning of the by-law. Such was not the case—there was an iron block in Toronto, and the by-law called for similar material. It would be well to include cement buildings also. Shingles laid in mortar on roofs should be ruled out, the material being seldom laid on in sufficient quantities to form a protection. All the frame buildings destroyed in Wednesday's fire were contrary to the by-law, and their erection should not have been permitted. Whatever regulations were now passed should be enforced. They had the example in the case of Mr. Chisholm's building in the rear of his store; the Chief of Police was about to prosecute him for infraction of the fire by-law, whereupon he appealed to the Council for a respite, promising to comply with the by-law as soon as the weather or something of the sort had not yet done so. The constable or other officer should enforce the town by-laws without special instructions in every case. Parties wishing to build should be compelled to file their plan with the Town Clerk and receive a permit. He would advise making it compulsory to erect buildings inside the distance of 400 feet north and south of Kent-st., and he limit should take in a certain distance east of Lindsay-st. also.

Mr. J. D. Flavelle said he was in hearty co-operation with the proposal to allow no flimsy buildings within the area bounded by Peel-st. on the north, Russell-st. on the south, Cambridge-st. on the west, and Lindsay-st. on the east.

Solicitor Hopkins urged that the fire limits should overlap the limits mentioned by Mr. Flavelle, giving Lindsay-st. an example.

Mr. Fisher said he thought the limits mentioned should be included. On motion a by-law to fix the boundaries and fix the class of buildings was introduced and read a first time on motion of Aldermen McDiarmid and Jackson.

Mr. Flavelle: "I don't know what are the provisions of your by-law—if any—regarding the storage of explosives, but I don't think we should be exposed to the risk we are yesterday. I think such explosives should be kept beyond the town boundaries."
 Mayor Ingle: "I am glad you mentioned the matter. I fancy the insurance underwriters knew that explosives have been kept in the vault mentioned for many years."
 Ald. Burrows: "I am exceedingly in favor of a certain hardware firm having from 50 to 300 pounds of high

A pure hard Soap.

SURPRISE SOAP
 MAKES CHILD'S PLAY OF WASH DAY.

explosives constantly stored in their cellar."

At Jackson's—M. Lennan Brothers, in conversation with me to-day, agreed that all explosives should be stored beyond the town limits."

It was agreed that action be taken at a future meeting.

Another Fire Team Needed.

Ald. Jackson referred to the growing conviction that another fire team is badly needed, and asked Mr. Flavelle, as representing the Board of Trade, for an expression of opinion. Mr. Flavelle said he had held very strong feelings relative to that matter for a number of years. He was at the fire early, and felt confident that if the hose team had reached the spot on time the loss would have been confined to a few hundred dollars. When he saw how poor the water pressure was he at once telephoned the engineer at the pump house and was told that he had not been notified and was not aware there was a fire. He (Mr. Flavelle) was not there to explain or excuse; his personal conviction was that a second team should be purchased and kept in the fire hall ever if they stood there for the next 10 years waiting for a fire call. The time lost Wednesday night easily have cost the destruction of a large section of the town, an immense amount of property, and perhaps human lives. The Council would save the cost of a second team on extra water, and snow-cleaning work. The C.T.R. fire brigade had done noble service. He would like to know whose duty it was to send an alarm to the pump house engineer in case an automatic alarm was not sounded.

Chief Resnor: "Previous to the old fire hall being torn down the alarm apparatus sent in an automatic alarm, but in an automatic alarm, but as it was not working one of the firemen and Mr. J. B. Knowlson telephoned the pump house."

Ald. Burrows: "I understand that in all probability a fire inquest will be held. It would be a good thing if it taught that the fire warden and his servants must do their duty without fear or favor."

Mayor Ingle: "I'm the people's fault that we had not a second team long ago. There was no room in the old fire hall and they were asked to vote money for a new hall, but the by-law was voted down. It was our intention to purchase another team as soon as the new hall was built, the accommodation for two teams having been arranged for."

Given a Third Reading.
 Council then went into committee of the whole on the second reading of the by-law fixing the boundaries of the block inside which only solid buildings must be erected, being the space enclosed by Cambridge, Lindsay, Russell and Peel-sts., the boundary extending 112 feet west on Cambridge-st. and 112 feet east on Lindsay-st.

The committee rose and reported, after which the by-law—No. 969—was read a third time.

Several Accounts.
 Chief Resnor presented a bill for \$8 wages of men engaged to watch the fire ruins at night, and \$4 for firemen's meals at the Butler house. Passed. Accounts from F. Armstrong, \$4, R. Kelly, \$27, were referred to the Finance committee.

The meeting then closed.

Drink Grano Cereal Coffee.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

A Pretty Wedding in Galway.

The Galway Catholic church was the scene of a very pretty ceremony on Wednesday, May 14th, the occasion being the marriage of Miss Mary Clark, third daughter of Mr. Thos. Clark, to Mr. J. Pearson. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Fr. O'Leary, parish priest. The bride was assisted by her sister, Miss Annie Clark, while the groom was supported by his cousin, Mr. John Dolan. After the ceremony the party repaired to the residence of the bride's father, where a grand dinner awaited them. The young couple left on the afternoon train for Peterboro, and on their return will take up their residence near Kinnelon. The Post join with their many friends in wishing them a long and happy married life.

Obituary.

Died, in Lindsay, on Friday, May 2nd, Mr. Jas. Bell, of the north ward. He was born in the township of Hope about 60 years ago. In his eighteenth year he came to Lindsay, where he has resided for forty-two years. At the time of his coming he learned the carpentering with his brother, Robert, after which he worked for himself. At the age of twenty-eight he was married to Miss Amelia Sheehy, of Marlboro. About two weeks before his demise Mr. Bell was taken ill with inflammation of the stomach; afterwards pneumonia of the lungs set in, which caused sudden death. He leaves to mourn the loss of a kind and loving father and husband a wife, son and three daughters, also two sisters and three brothers. Mrs. M. Kennedy, of Millbrook; Mrs. McGuire, of Monticoulin Island; Mr. Spencer Bell, Garden Hill; Mr. John Bell, Leamington; Robert, who died two years ago.

An Optical Parlor.

We now have a room completed in the rear of the store where we can test your eyes privately. We have equipped it with every modern convenience for the examination and correction of defective vision, making one of the most up-to-date optical rooms in Ontario.

Examination and Advice Free.

MORGAN BROS.
 Druggists and Opticians.

GENUINE IRISH FREIZE.

We have it in Overcoats and Suits. No need of a description—Irish Freize is like the Bank of England, known the world over, and almost as durable.

We have an immense stock of English and Scotch weaves as well.

Nowhere in the Midland district can you get better value for your money in the way of stylish, well-trimmed Suits or Overcoats. Call and talk the matter over with us.

CATHRO & CO.

FARM LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage for any term from 5 to 10 Years

at Lowest Current Rate of Interest with privilege of repayment in instalments when required.

Expenses kept down to the lowest notch.

All business of this nature kept strictly private and confidential.

Come and see me if you want money and get my terms.

J. H. SOOTHERAN

Land Agent, 91 Kent-st. Lindsay

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion from whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F. St., Washington, D. C.

MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM IN EMILY.—Under and by virtue of the Powers of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the time of Sale, there will be offered for Sale by Public Auction, on Saturday, the Fourteenth day of June, 1902, at the Simpson House, in the town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, being composed of all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Emily, in the County of Victoria and Province of Ontario, being comprised of the North Half of the South Half of Lot Number Seven in the Sixth Concession of the said Township of Emily, on siting by admeasurement Fifty Acres be the same more or less. This farm is conveniently situated, about 2 1/2 miles from Village of Onondago and 1 1/2 miles from Lindsay; convenient to School and Church; all cleared, outside fences fairly good; good roads. There will be a reserved bid. Terms of Sale: Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid down at time of sale, Twenty-five per cent. more in one month thereafter, and the balance can remain on first Mortgage for 5 or 7 years, payable in yearly instalments of not less than \$50 each and a final instalment of the balance of purchase money, with interest at 6 per cent per annum. Further terms and conditions of Sale will be made known at the time of Sale. For further particulars apply to SETH S. SMITH, Solicitor for Vendors, Port Hope, Ont. Dated at Port Hope, Ont., 10th May, 1902.—wt.

UP-TO-DATE SHOES FOR EVERYBODY



FINLAY & CHANTLER

PHONE 153.

EVERY LADY LIKES A COMFORTABLE, Easy-Fitting, DURABLE AND STYLISH

CORSET.

We have all the newest and best. The New La Reine Girdle, Erect Form and Straight Front Corsets, and a full range of the ordinary shapes at from 25c to \$1.25.

We also keep a full assortment of Misses' and Children's Hygienic Waists and Infants Bands.

GLOVES ARE ALWAYS NECESSARY.

Our stock contains a full range. Linenette, all colors, at 15c. Best English Lisle at 20c and 25c. Silk Taffeta from 25c up. Pure Silk at all prices. Best Quality Kid Gloves in all shades and sizes.

Ladies' Vests starting at 5c, special value at 10c, 12c and 15c. Women's and Children's Hosiery in all sizes and qualities in Cashmere and Cotton. In Cotton we have very special value women's sizes at 10c and 15c, and at 25c, 30c and 40c in Cashmere.

MURCHISON & GILCHRIST
 WOODVILLE

Another Nice Shipment

—OF—

BABY CARRIAGES and GO CARRIAGES.

Rubber Tires on Wheels. Parosol and Brake.

—ALSO—

BICYCLES, BICYCLE SUNDBIES

—AT—

JOS. RIGGS,

Lindsay.

The 'Referendum'

will—if it passes—increase the consumption of Tea and Coffee in this County.

We're prepared for the possibility; we've stocked up.

Whether Prohibition carries or is defeated you'll save money by buying here.

SPRATT & KILLEN.

A Wonderful Preparation

"Rocco Cereal Coffee," pure, wholesome, nourishing, highly recommended by leading physicians. Rocco is equal to 40c. coffee, but only costs 1/2 the price and is used at meals instead of poison, tea and coffee. By constant use ROKCO CEREAL COFFEE will give you vim, vigor, vitality, energy, health and strength, and is a positive cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, etc. 10c. packages, 15c. lb. or 2 lbs. for 25c. For sale by ALL GROCERS.

For sale by P. J. HURLEY, Lindsay.

McGHEE'S HEAVE CURE.

For Broken Winded Horses.

The only medicine in the world that will stop Heaves in three days. But for a permanent cure it requires from one half to one bottle used according to directions. \$1.50. Dr. McGhee's Condition Powder destroys worms, purifies the blood, putting horses, cattle and calves in condition. 25c. Take no other. Sold by Lindsay druggists. The DR. McGAHEY MED. CO., Kemptville.—wlyr.

BOXALL
MATTHIE

WE WANT

YOUR TRADE,

And will attend promptly to all orders
intrusted to us.Plumbing, Steam Fitting, Tin-
smithing, Iron Piping, Hot Air,
Hot Water and Steam Heating,
Iron Roofing and Eavestroughing,
Pumps and Sinks, Builders' Hard-
ware, Paints and Oils, Stoves and
Ranges.The Cheapest Store for Good Goods
and Good Work.

TRY US AND SEE.

BOXALL & MATTHIE,

Kont-st., Lindsay.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1902.

THE GOVERNMENT SUSTAINED.

Once more the voters of Ontario have declared in favor of Reform principles. The majority at time of writing appears to be small—as we go to press the Great North Western Telegraph Co. announces the figures as being 45 Conservatives and 52 Liberals, with Manitoulin island to hang from; the Toronto Mail figures 40 Conservatives and 51 Liberals with one place to hear from, while The Globe—usually correct—gives precisely the same figures. There being no independent elected to create a difficulty, the house will divide on straight party lines, and a majority of even three will enable Premier Ross to administer the affairs of the Province comfortably and carry out his wise schemes for the rebuilding of Ontario. Besides, the majority will undoubtedly grow as time passes.

In West Victoria victory remains with Mr. Fox, his majority being in the neighborhood of 100. The defeat of Mr. Newton Smale, the bright, clever and many young candidate of the Reform party, is a severe disappointment to his many friends. That splendid work was done in the northern part of the riding is borne out by the returns in Lindsay, where over 450 new votes were added to the list. Mr. Fox's majority of 238 at the last election was reduced to 113; in Ops it was cut down from 180 to 10; Mariposa gave him 92 as against 78 for Dr. McKay in 1898; but unlooked-for losses in the northern parts of the constituency robbed Mr. Smale and his friends of their expected reward. The village of Woodville, which in 1898 gave Dr. McKay a majority of 73, contributed only 9 to Mr. Smale's majority, and the township of Eldon, which gave the Dr. 113 in '98, turned in an overwhelming majority this time for Mr. Fox. Reliable figures for Dalton and Carden townships are not available, but we understand the former gave a small majority for Mr. Smale, while the latter went against him.

We accept the defeat in a philosophic spirit, knowing that all fair means were used to achieve a victory, and knowing also that Mr. Smale and his hardworking band of supporters, as well as every member of the Liberal party would rather lose the battle than win by discreditable tactics. All we can do is to accept the defeat as gracefully as we may and prepare for the next trial of strength.

BIRTHS

WHITE.—In Lindsay, on May 29th, 1902, to Dr. and Mrs. White, a daughter.

WHITE.—In Lindsay, on Saturday, May 24th, to Mr. and Mrs. A. H. White, Adelaide-st., a daughter.

DEATHS

BRANIFF.—In Lindsay, on Saturday, May 24th, 1902, William Braniff, east ward, aged 66 years, interred in the R. C. cemetery on Monday, May 26th.

DEWEY.—On May 25th, 1902, at her late residence, 245 University-ave., Ella, the dearly beloved wife of Rev. Geo. W. Dewey.

WEST VICTORIA RETURNS FOR 1898-1902.

LINDSAY:	1898	1898	Mo.	Mo.	1902	1902	Mo.	Mo.
	Fox	McKay	Fox	McKay	Fox	McKay	Fox	McKay
East Ward, No. 1.....	62	99	2	...	109	110	...	10
East Ward, No. 2.....	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	156	169	...	...	171	183	...	12
North Ward, No. 1.....	85	61	24	...	85	84	1	...
North Ward, No. 2.....	80	61	10	...	81	72	0	...
North Ward, No. 3.....	128	67	61	...	133	61	42	...
Total.....	293	192	101	...	299	247	62	...
South Ward, No. 1.....	149	69	87	...	142	82	60	...
South Ward, No. 2.....	121	61	60	...	119	70	40	...
South Ward, No. 3.....	66	108	...	...	12	100	...	...
Total.....	336	238	135	...	273	252	100	...

OPS:

1—Hussey's.....	63	70	...	...	73	91	...	48
2—Williamson's.....	63	46	17	...	46	41	2	...
3—Township Hall.....	51	20	31	...	51	57	...	7
4—Caddah's.....	85	72	13	...	84	47	...	...
5—Heabro's.....	101	30	61	...	60	50	32	...
6—Jackson's.....	60	38	22	...	61	50	14	...
Total.....	414	284	117	...	297	370	88	...

MARIPOSA:

1—Fitzgerald.....	77	70	1	...	73	70	0	3
2—Valentia.....	78	34	44	...	95	44	2	...
3—Little Britain.....	94	85	9	...	74	33	...	21
4—Oakwood.....	81	80	...	...	61	42	82	42
5—Marilla.....	44	108	...	...	26	32	57	...
6—Black's.....	47	94	...	...	47	52	85	...
7—Beacham's.....	42	31	11	...	...	...	...	7
Total.....	404	567	65	...	388	600	600	124

ELDON:

1—Loraville.....	81	103	...	...	62	87	...	5
2—Harley.....	98	132	...	...	40	110	78	32
3—Kirkfield.....	97	120	...	...	23	107	102	5
4—Balsaver.....	70	68	8	...	19	38	...	61
Total.....	316	423	8	...	121	403	300	103

CARDEN:

1.....	33	61	...	...	28	40	...	39
2.....	23	42	...	...	20	30	...	2
Total.....	55	103	48	70	...	41

DALTON:

1.....	48	15	33
2.....	7	24	17
Total.....	55	39	33	...	17

WOODVILLE:

1.....	21	94	73	45	...	9
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THE NEW NORTH.

(Toronto Daily Star.)

Up in Northern Ontario, in the country that will be tapped by the Temiskaming Railway, there are 16,000,000 acres of land equal to the best in the old-settled parts of the Province.

The full significance of this has not yet been fully grasped by the people there. There are but 13,000,000 acres of land that have ever been touched by a plow in the old Province up to the present time, so that there are 3,000,000 square miles of good agricultural land in that newly-explored north that there are under actual cultivation in Old Ontario.

The old idea that we are hemmed in on the north by a wilderness of little use to man has been dispelled. There is a second kingdom there awaiting those who shall enter into possession of it.

If Uncle Sam should unexpectedly find himself the possessor of so vast and good an agricultural reserve, he would get up on the roof of the world and make such a noise about it that people would come on the run from all parts of both hemispheres to take homesteads there.

We cannot and do not quite want to boom things in that way, but to produce a slower and surer growth. This country's long-waited-for innings has arrived, and Ontario's back-country is ready for early occupation.

When the immense possibilities of that northern country are considered, it will be conceded that there is no railway more necessary than the one to Temiskaming, and no road that could be built and owned by the Government to so much public advantage. If the Intercolonial ties the Maritime Provinces to Canada and the C.P.R. unites British Columbia with the east, so the Temiskaming Railway will unite Northern and Southern Ontario. That road starts out to open up a country that invites and can support a population of millions.

Here for Neat Printing.

When in need of anything in the line of commercial stationery, visiting cards, etc., leave your order at The Post job department. Workmanship unexcelled.

A Baseball Event.

Our citizens will learn with pleasure that the Lindsay Baseball Club has engaged the Boston Bloomers Ladies' Championship Baseball team to play an exhibition game in the Agricultural Park here on Saturday, June 7th, commencing at 3.30 p.m. The playing field will be enclosed with 850 square yards of canvas 14 feet in height, running out in front of the band stand. The ladies play five games in Toronto next week, and will also visit Oshawa and Bowmanville. Admission 25c., children under 12, 15c.

CALENDARS FOR 1903.

To merchants and business men—our representative will have the pleasure of calling on you in a few days with a full range of Calendar Samples, German Hangers, Cards and Advertising Novelties for 1903. Kindly reserve any orders you intend giving in that line until you see his samples.

WILSON & WILSON,
Proprietors The Post

BORNE TO THE TOMB.

Funeral of the Late S. G. Harstone to Kildonan Cemetery.

(Winnipeg Free Press, May 20.)

The last sad rites of respect were paid to the late Samuel G. Harstone yesterday, when a mournful cortege followed the remains of the well-known earlier to their resting place in Kildonan cemetery. The funeral was of a very imposing nature and was largely attended. Representative citizens of all professions and walks of life were present, but the curfew, the more intimate friends of the deceased, were particularly well represented.

Rev. C. W. Gordon conducted the service. The reverend gentleman spoke as one who from childhood had known the deceased, and made touching reference to his many manifold qualities. The beauty of the casket was a representative emblem of all of which were warm friends of Mr. Harstone. They were Mr. W. L. Parrish, president of the Manitoba branch R.C.C., and representative of the Assiniboine club; Mr. W. F. Payne, a past president of the branch and the representative of the Thistle club; Mr. Geo. R. Bryan, president of the Granite club; Mr. Alex. Macdonald, past president of the Granite; Mr. Ed. G. Barrett and Mr. Jas. H. Turnbull, members of the deceased's rink. Among outside clubs represented at the funeral were Solikirk, by Dr. Grain and Harry Nelson; Brandon, by Sheriff Henderson; Duluth by F. N. Macdonald.

The chief mourners were Mr. R. B. Harstone, of Port Arthur, brother; Mr. R. M. Harstone and Mr. J. Harstone, nephews; and Mr. A. Harstone, cousin of deceased. In the same carriage were Mr. C. F. Bunnell, proprietor of the Clarendon, and Mr. J. P. Robertson, secretary of Manitoba branch R. C. C., both intimate friends.

Following the mourners a large number of curling friends from the Granite, Thistle and Assiniboine clubs, walked to the C.P.R. tracks. The carriages with other friends of deceased, bringing up the rear, made the solemn procession a very lengthy one.

Floral Tributes.

The floral offerings from the Manitoba branch R.C.C., the city curling clubs, from Brandon, Calgary, Solikirk, Duluth, St. Paul and other outside clubs, as well as from many friends of the deceased, were beautiful and varied in design. The casket was literally covered with them, and was a respectful tribute to the memory of the deceased.

Maidonia Branch—An anchor of roses, carnations and calla lilies.

F. W. Thompson, patron—a beautiful pillow of roses and carnations.

Granite Club—Large wreath of roses, carnations and sweet peas.

Thistle Club—Wreath of red carnations, with small brown crosses in.

Calgary Club—A Maltese cross of white and red roses and calla lilies.

Brandon Club—Broken floral broom of white roses, carnations and sweet peas.

Duluth Club—A floral curling stone of roses, carnations and sweet peas.

St. Paul Club—A broken broom of red roses and white carnations.

Solikirk Club—A wreath of roses, carnations, lilies and sweet peas.

The family—An anchor of white and red roses and calla lilies.

A. and E. Harstone—A wreath of calla lilies.

E. Barrett, son, and family—An anchor of roses, carnations and sweet peas.

C. F. Bunnell and family, of Clarendon—A cross and crown of yellow and white roses.

Messrs. Barrett, Turnbull and Lattin—A wreath of roses and carnations.

Large curling stone of red carnations, with handle of white carnations.

Messrs. Rutley and W. M. Conklin—A wreath of roses and carnations.

Survivors of the accident—A sickle wreath of calla lilies.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wallis, of Vancouver, B.C.—Wreath of carnations and sweet peas.

Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie Thompson, of San Francisco—Wreath of roses and carnations.

Mr. and Mrs. Lane—A spray of white roses.

J. W. Greenwood, Crystal City—A wreath of pink and white roses, sweet peas and calla lilies.

Winnipeg Lacrosse Club—A cross of pink carnations and white roses.

Mrs. Noah Quance, St. Thomas, Ont.—A wreath of roses and carnations.

DROWNED AT BUCKHORN.

Wm. Smith Meets a Watery Grave on Tuesday.

(Petersburg Examiner, Wednesday.)
The body of William Smith, a Dickson Company employee, who was drowned near the head of Mississauga River yesterday, was brought to town last night. The deceased was a son of Mr. John Smith, Stewart-st., and was 24 years of age. He was engaged as a river driver by the Dickson Company, and was on a drive that was coming down the Mississauga River, about ten miles above Buckhorn. He slipped from a log when attempting to run the rapids, and was unable, owing to the very swift current, to reach the log again. He sank for the last time when about 25 feet from the shore. His body was recovered in about 20 minutes, but life was extinct.

The late Mr. Smith was well-known in Petersburg, where he was well liked, and bore an excellent character. Many will regret exceedingly his untimely demise.

Methodist Minister in Session.

Tuesday and Wednesday last the Methodist ministers of this district gathered in Cambridge-st. Methodist church to report on the progress made during the year, and to appoint representatives to the Bay of Quinte conference, which opens in Napames next week. After the ministerial session the following representatives were appointed: Rev. B. Brown, chairman in place of Rev. T. Manning, B.A., transferred to London conference; Statistical Secretary, Rev. H. W. Foley, B.A.; Journal Secretary, Rev. W. W. Leigh, B.A.; Stationary Committee, Rev. E. E. Howard, S.S. Committee, Rev. A. J. J. Stricks, Dr. E. A. Totten; Rev. L. Committee, Rev. J. Garbutt, W. McWaters; Statistical fund, Rev. E. Roberts, R. J. McLaughlin.

Wood Wanted.

I will pay the highest cash price for wood delivered at my store on Kent-st., John Feary.—wtd.

Heard in the North Ward.

Sobriety—"Have you had the pin pong wrist?"

Hubbards—"No, but I have a well developed case of lawn-mower back."

MARKET REPORTS.

Wheat Cables Declined—Malice Options Also Fell Off a Fraction—The Latest Quotations.

Wednesday Evening, May 28.
In Liverpool to-day wheat futures declined 3/4d to 9/4d per cental, and malice options fell off a small fraction.
Chicago wheat futures fell 1/4c to 1 1/2c per bushel, and corn options declined 1/4c to 1 1/2c per bushel.

Following are the closing quotations at important wheat centres to-day:

	Cash	May	July	Sept.
Chicago.....	79	72 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2
New York.....	79	70 1/2	70 1/2	70 1/2
Toledo.....	80	73 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2
Dul., No. 1 Hard.....	74 1/2	73 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2
do. No. 1 Hard.....	74 1/2	73 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2

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BARGAIN DAYS

Friday AND Saturday

MAY 30th and 31st

THE LAST OF THE MAY BARGAIN DAYS

These Bargain Days present chances for Money Saving on what you buy.

12 Ladies' Print Wrappers, reg. \$1, Bargain Days	75c
38 Print and Muslin Blouses, reg. 55c and 65c, Bargain Days	50c
50 pairs Lace Curtains, reg. 35, B. D. 28c; reg. \$1.25, Bar. Days	98c
100 pairs Lace Curtains, reg. \$2.50, Bargain Days	1.95
50 pairs Lace Curtains, reg. \$1.75, Bargain Days	1.38
12 Fancy Colored Duck Skirts, reg. \$1.10, Bargain Days	95c
12 Black Satteen Underskirts, reg. \$1.50, Bargain Days	1.25
6 pieces printed Muslin, reg. 9c and 12c, Bargain Days	8c
24 yards White Lawn, reg. 10c, B.D. 7c; reg. 13c, B.D. 10c; reg. 15c 11c	
4 pieces Fancy Plaid Dress Goods, reg. 18c and 20c, Bargain Days	15c
1 piece 8-4 Unbleached Sheet, reg. 20c, Bargain Days	20c
1 piece White Sheet, reg. 25c, Bargain Days	13c
1 piece 44 inch Pillow Cotton, reg. 17c, Bargain Days	15c
1 piece Black Satin Cloth, 1 piece Sole, 1 piece Poplin, reg. 65c	50c
1 piece 54 inch Black Serge, reg. 90c, Bargain Days	65c
1 Natural Canvas, reg. 13c, Bargain Days	10c
1 piece Brown, 1 piece Gray Jean, reg. 9c, Bargain Days	7c
1 piece Turkey Red, 1 piece Scrim, reg. 10c, Bargain Days	8c
2 designs Ladies' White Vests, reg. 10c, Bargain Days	40c
Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, ribbed and plain, reg. 50c, Bar. Days	40c
reg. 35c, Bargain Days	25c
Ladies' Cotton Hose in Black and Grey, reg. 12c, Bargain Days	10c
Ladies' Satin Belts, reg. 28c, Bargain Days	22c
Ladies' Leather Belts, reg. 25c, Bargain Days	21c
Ladies' Black Silk Gloves, reg. 40c, Bargain Days	32c
Ladies' Black Taffeta Gloves, reg. 28c, Bargain Days	23c
Ladies' White Summer Corsets 25c, Ladies' Jean Corsets, Barg. D	25c
Ladies' White Summer Corsets 45c, Bargain Days	38c
Ladies' White Summer Corsets, reg. 50c Bargain Days	44c
Ladies' Fancy Satin Corsets, reg. 20c, Bargain Days	16c
White, Blue, Cream and Pink Watered Ribbons, reg. 30c, Bargain Days	23c
5 Pieces white Embroidery, reg. 13c, Bargain Days	11c
5 Pieces Insertions, 5 pieces edgings, reg. 10c, Bargain Days	8c
5 Pieces Val. Laces, reg. 31c, Bargain Days	2c
5 Pieces Black Vellings, reg. 38c, Bargain Days	25c
6 Beauty Pins, Bargain Days 5c, 4 Bunches Tape	5c
10 percent off all Shirts and collars, on Bargain Days	
1 Box Men's Braces, reg. 25c, Bargain Days	20c
2 Pieces Towelling, reg. 10c, Bargain Days	8c
3 Pieces Towelling, reg. 7c, Bargain Days	5c
1 Table Linen 56, reg. 28c, Bargain Days	18c
1 Table Linen 60, reg. 35c, Bargain Days	28c
2 Pink Flannellette, reg. 10c, Bar. Days	7c
2 Pink Flannellette, reg. 6c, Bar. Days	5c
10 percent off all carpets and Mats, Bargain Days	\$1.50
12 pairs Men's Overalls, reg. 75c, Bargain Days	60c
Men's Fedora Hats Black and Colored, reg. \$1.25, Bargain Days	95c
10 percent off all Men's Hats and Caps, Bargain Days	
50 remnants Print and Flannellette to go at 5c a yard.	
1 Piece of Ticking, reg. 25c, Bargain Days	20c

E. E. W. McGAFFEY,

LINDSAY'S LEADER OF LOW CASH PRICES.

GEO. A. LITTLE

150 Rolls Wall Papers at 5c per Roll.	
200 Rolls Wall Papers at 6c per Roll.	
250 Rolls Wall Papers at 8c per Roll.	
300 Rolls Wall Papers at 10c per Roll.	

Remember the place
GEO. A. LITTLE,
Book and Stationery Store, Kent-st.,
Lindsay.

Sign of the Mill Saw.

South Side Kent St.

McLENNAN & CO.

LAWN MOWERS,
GARDEN SHEARS,
REFRIGERATORS,
ICE CREAM
FREEZERS,
SCREEN DOORS,
ADJUSTABLE
WINDOW SCREENS
WASHING
MACHINES,
Prism Mixed Paints,
ELLWOOD FIELD
FENCE.

McLennan & Co.

COAL,
GLAZED SEWER PIPE
PORTLAND CEMENT.

UNDERTAKING
and UPHOLSTERING.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has purchased the business in the above lines carried on for so many years by Mr. H. Holtorf and removed same to No. 16, Knowleson's Bldg., William St. Upholstering and Repairing done on short notice. All orders for Undertaking promptly attended to. Terms reasonable.

WM. HOLTORF.



AT THE PHARMACY COUNTER.

Always sure to get what you're looking for here. Our stock includes all the most famous proprietary remedies, patent medicines and pharmaceutical specialties. Nothing is ever misrepresented. No attempt to substitute "something just as good." For the article desired at this store. The goods are reliable goods, honorable dealing and popular prices, we have secured hold on public favor.

A. HIGINBOTHAM, Druggist,
NEXT TO PYM'S HOTEL.

Grand Excursions to California.
at half usual fare. Going from May 26th to June 7th; return within 60 days. See G. Wilder, Express Office. —w223.

Gentlemen Who are Bald
or have thin hair should call on Prof. Dornay at the Benson house on Saturday, June 7, and see his wonderful devices in Tonnes and Wig worn on over 65,000 heads. Explanation and demonstration free. Private apartments at hotel. Don't fail to see his new invention, patented all over the world.

This Boy Will be a Traveller.
Lindsay Journal, Master Arthur Luke, of Greenwood, took a trip last Friday that gave his parents a more anxiety than pleasure. He is about five years old, and went to Port Perry with his mother. While Mrs. L. was busy shopping he slipped out of the store unnoticed and wandered down to the railway station. The train was just leaving for Lindsay, and seeing the people getting on the train he walked on too and was soon on the way to Lindsay. His mother had soon missed him and was anxiously searching for him, and by the help of friends got trace of him. A telegram headed the train at Manilla Junction, and the conductor, Mr. W. R. Kelley, who had only a few minutes before discovered that he had a passenger heading his way, sent word back that he would take him home and bring him back next day. Master Arthur arrived in Port Perry the next day, none the worse for his trip — much to the relief of his parents.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES

—A pretty woman seldom gets elected to office at a women's convention.
—So far, however, Rudyard Kipling has not intensified the Mont Pelee situation with a poem.
—Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Cresolene Tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.
—Turkey's treasury is empty, which makes it look as if the Sultan may have indulged in a beefsteak dinner.
—Mr. H. Munigan, of Millbrook, inspector for the Midland Loan & Savings Co., Port Hope, was in town today on business.
—Mr. and Mrs. Sid Johnston, passed through to Halliburton yesterday, after enjoying a pleasant visit with Victoria Harbor friends.
—On and after June 1st, 1902, luncheon and meals will be 20 cts. A good meal given. W. J. Morton, confectioner, —d5.

—The Montreal City Council has decided to accept Mr. Carnegie's offer of \$150,000 towards a public library building, provided the city contributes \$15,000 a year.
—Division Freight Agent Arthur White, of the G.T.R., has notified local shippers that the C's grain elevator at Port Hope will be closed until June 15th for repairs.

—The Canadian Government is sending lumber to St. Vincent. It will go in bond to Norfolk, Va., and from there will be carried by a collier of the United States navy.
—Work on Mr. J. C. Grange's large summer residence at Sturgeon Point is progressing at a rapid rate, and the contractor is confident of his ability to have it completed by June 10th.

—Commencing Monday next, June 2nd, the Str. Estarion will run double trips between Bobcaygeon, Sturgeon Point and this town. The steamer will leave Bobcaygeon at 6:15 a.m. and 3:10 p.m., Lindsay at 11 a.m. and 5:45 p.m. The Str. Estarion on the same day will start on her route between Bobcaygeon and Lindsay, making connection with the steamer for Burleigh and Lakefield.

Ladies Look Younger.

Which is the desire of one and all. Take the trouble of visiting Prof. Dornay's private show rooms at the Benson house Saturday June 7, and see the many beautiful inventions in Styles of Human Hair Coverings, Wigs, Bangs, Switches, etc., and inspect his new patent structure.

Notice to Farmers.

We have on hand several choice varieties of seed beans to distribute among growers. Some of these varieties returned 36 bushels to the acre last year. We have also a quantity of Evergreen Sweet Corn for sale. Farmers who want to grow beans will please call early and sign for the quantity they need. JAS. M. SQUIER & SON, Lindsay.—w2.

A Small Blaze in The North Ward.

A spark from a chimney caused a small blaze on the roof of Mr. McLean's cottage, corner of Regent-st. and Victoria-ave last Thursday afternoon. On account of the team being engaged on the sprinkler on Kent-st., a few minutes elapsed before the brigade responded. When they arrived their services were not required, the fire having been put out by the neighbors.

Died at The Home.

Luke Finnigan, one of the pioneers of Ops township, died on Sunday last at the Home for the Aged, and was interred Monday afternoon at St. Mary's cemetery. The old man was in his 80th year and had been a powerful man in his day. For the last two years he had been suffering with kidney trouble, and an operation was performed on him about a year ago, but without permanent benefit. Two weeks ago he became very ill and failed to rally. Many of the old residents of the township will regret to learn of his demise.

Live Stock Notes.

The market place this morning was filled with farmers' rigs, the owners of which were anxiously awaiting their turn to get their hogs weighed. There must have been thirty wagons there at one time, and for some hours Clerk Callaghan was kept busy at the scales. The occasion of the bustle was the regular shipment of hogs made by Mr. P. B. McIlhenny, local buyer for the Geo. Matthews Co., Port Hope. The lot made up four carloads, the stock being purchased from farmers in Verulam, Fenelon, Mariposa and Ops. The price paid was \$6.75 per hundred live weight.

Railway Notes.

A few days ago, as one of the through freight trains was passing between Mariposa Station and Lindsay, the fireman noticed the supposed form of a man lying on the track. He notified the engineer and the train was brought to a standstill. The fireman got out to inspect, the object and discovered it to be an up-date scarecrow — nothing but frame and clothes. Such a lot trick should not be repeated, and the offender or offender found committing such acts should be punished to the utmost extent of the law. The engineer who he will stop for no such object in future, and as a consequence some poor unfortunate may suffer as the result of the not obvious light-headed joker.

Prof. O'Brien's Strange Skill.
Fiction Gazette: Prof. O'Brien, scientific palmist and phrenologist, who has been at the Collins' house for the past two weeks, leaves for Napanea tomorrow morning. During his visit here a great interest has been manifested in these sciences, and the Professor's readings and demonstrations have proven extraordinarily accurate. During his visit at Trenton a singular incident occurred which goes to prove the ability of the Prof. in occult sciences. The wife of the late J. W. Cunningham who was then lost from the Guelph Sanitarium, consulted the Prof. and was told that she would never see her husband alive again — that he was drowned and his body would be found in a river. This only a short time later proved to be too true.

PERSONALS

—Mr. Montgomery, of Minden, was in town today.
—Mr. A. McKay, of Toronto, was home for a few days.
—Mr. Wm. Hartley, of Guelph, is spending a few days in town.
—Mr. Barnhart Craig, of Golden, B. C., is visiting Lindsay friends.
—Miss E. Munroe, of Kirkfield, was a visitor to town Saturday.
—Miss E. Brookshire, of Fenelon Falls, was in town yesterday.
—Mr. J. F. Johnston, of Bath, is spending a few days in town.
—Mr. H. H. Barnham, of Port Hope, was in town today on business.
—Mr. J. Workman, of Toronto University, is visiting his sister in town.
—Mr. Thos. Beck, of the Toronto Medical School, is home for vacation.
—Mr. and Mrs. W. Bryant, of Brockville, are visiting relatives in town.
—Mr. A. H. Perkins, manager of the Campbell Electric Light Co., was here Thursday.

—Mr. J. W. Jackson, of Dorset, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Weir, Victoria-ave.
—Mr. and Mrs. H. Tomson, of Peterboro, were in town over Sunday visiting friends.
—Mr. A. R. Taylor, of Toronto, representing the McIntosh Piano Co., is spending a few days in town.

—Mrs. M. Wilson and Mr. G. F. Fisher, of Toronto, are the guests of Mrs. Geo. Adams, Lindsay-st.
—Mr. W. Widdess, Mr. T. W. Greer and Mr. Alex. Keith spent Monday with friends in Toronto.
—Mr. H. Littleton and Mr. W. B. Swanton, of Fenelon Falls, were visitors to town yesterday.

—Mr. W. R. Ingle, of the Winnipeg Free Press staff, arrived from the West Tuesday to visit relatives.

—Mr. E. Campbell, of Satchell & Son's staff, left last night for Bythe to spend a few days with friends.

—Mrs. Crozier, Miss Miller, Miss Henderson, and Miss Arnot spent the holiday with friends in Fenelon Falls.
—Mr. Alex. Watson, of Kimmont, was in town Thursday, passing through to his home to spend a few days with his family.

—Mr. Percy White, who has been visiting at home for a couple of weeks, returned to St. Louis today to resume his position with the Simmons Hardware Co.

MERRY WEDDING BELLS.

Scutthorpe—Webster.

A pretty May wedding took place on Wednesday last at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. S. Scutthorpe, Port Hope, when Evelyn, eldest daughter of the late Elias Scutthorpe, was united in marriage to Mr. Wesley Webster, of Glanville, Mariposa.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Edwards, of Port Hope, assisted by Rev. Jos. W. Robinson, of Hildburg. The bride was given away by her aunt, Miss Scutthorpe, and the wedding march was played by Mrs. J. W. Robinson. The bride's dress was a beautiful pearl party dress, decorated with sequin lace yoke and she carried in her hand a lovely bouquet of red and white roses. Miss George Webster was bridesmaid, and was attired in white tulle silk over pink silk, and carried a bouquet of pink roses. The flower girls, Miss M. Walker and Miss Ruby Webster, looked very pretty, and carried baskets of white and pink carnations.
The groom—son of Mariposa's most respected sons, and a prominent farmer—was supported through his ordeal by his cousin, Mr. Wm. Davidson, of Glanville. The groom's gifts were in pearls and the bridesmaid a lovely crescent set in pearls; and to the flower girls, gold necklaces set in pearls. The numerous presents to the happy couple were rich and useful.
After the wedding breakfast the happy couple took train for Toronto, Fenelon, New York and points south. On their return they will reside in Lindsay.

The following were present from Lindsay, Mariposa and other points: Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Webster, Glanville; Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Webster, Oakwood; Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Down, Downsville; Mr. and Mrs. R. J. McLaughlin, Mr. and Mrs. A. White, Peterboro; Rev. and Mrs. Jos. Robinson, Hildburg; Mr. and Mrs. Davidson, John Davidson, Wm. Davidson, Oakwood; Hugh Ray, Glanville; George Webster, Lindsay; Miss Ella Davidson, Lindsay.

THE TOOTING OF STEAM WHISTLES.

A Nuisance that Should be Stopped by The Police Authorities.

There is general complaint made by citizens residing in all parts of the town that the by-law regulating the blowing of steam whistles is not being observed and that some of our mill and factory owners are invertebrate offenders, allowing the men to blow the whistle as they please. The nuisance is particularly objectionable in the morning, when some of the whistles are sounded soon after six o'clock, although the law states that no stationary engine whistle shall be sounded before 6:45. In some cases apparently, the whistle is tied down and emits its rest-disturbing wail for a period in excess of the limit. For the information of our citizens, the police and the offenders, we publish the regulations passed March 31st, 1899.

"The stationary engine may whistle for a reasonable length of time, not exceeding five seconds, as a signal for starting or quitting work morning, noon and evening, at any factory machine shop or other place of business using steam for driving machinery therein, providing that no such factory, machine shop or other place of business shall blow or sound a steam whistle at an earlier hour than forty-five minutes after six o'clock in the morning."
2. "Steamboats may whistle as a signal for the opening of bridges, or when approaching steamboats, but for such signals no one sound of the steam whistle shall exceed a longer period than two seconds. Steamboats may also whistle, not exceeding three times each time not exceeding five seconds, as a signal prior to starting or quitting work."
3. "That the penalty for violating any of the above provisions is a fine of Twenty Dollars and costs, or imprisonment in the County Gaol for a term of twenty days at hard labor."

WE ARE COMPLETE

Men's and Boys' Furnishers

There is hardly a want that cannot be supplied at this store. Try us and see for yourself how completely we have anticipated every want. When you get here you will be surprised at the wealth of choice our widely assorted stock affords, and your surprise increases as you behold the newness, richness and worthiness of what is spread before you. If you are a judge of values there'll be heaps of satisfaction in reviewing our prices, which are genuine money-savers.



MEN'S SUITS

Fine line of Men's extra quality, high style suits, single and double breasted saques and morning shapes, worsteds, serges, and tweeds

\$8.00, \$10.00, \$12.00,

BOYS' SUITS

3 piece suits, sizes 27 to 34 inches, and double breasted styles, tweeds, worsteds and serges, extra well tailored and tailored, prices

\$2.50 to \$7.00

BOYS' WASH SUITS

All this season's styles. We are very proud of this department for it will certainly fill a long felt want with the little fellows, ages 4 yrs. to 10 yrs., prices per suit

50c. to \$1.50

MEN'S SUITS

Single or double breasted saques style, made from all wool Canadian tweeds and serges, special prices

\$5.00, \$6.50, \$7.50

BOYS' VESTEE

And 2-piece suits, 21 to 30 inches, in worst ds, tweeds and serges, prices

\$1.50 to \$5.00

BOYS' WASH BLOUSES

In all the new and up-to-date styles and colors

40c. to \$1.00

Our furnishing man is daily receiving new lines for his department in Hats, Caps, Shirts, Collars, Ties, Gloves, Underwear, Hosiery, Umbrellas, etc.

CARTER,
THE ONE-PRICE CLOTHIER, LINDSAY

Water Commissioners Meet

LOW PRESSURE AT THE RECENT FIRE INQUIRED INTO.

Supt. Begbie Asked to Present a Written Report Thereon.

The regular monthly meeting of the Water Commissioners was held Wednesday afternoon at four o'clock in Secretary Hopkins' office. Matters relating to the recent fire were discussed.

Those present were Chairman Flavelle, Mayor Ingle, Messrs. McNellie, Brady and Supt. Begbie. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

The Secretary read and submitted a number of accounts, which on motion were passed.
Treasurer Hopkins presented the auditor's report certifying to the correctness of the Treasurer's accounts. On motion of Mayor Ingle, resolved by Mr. McNellie, the report was adopted.

Supt. Begbie wanted to know who was responsible for the payment for the water used in the erection of the new fire hall. Mayor Ingle said that as the work was being done by the day it should be charged against the town.

Some discussion then followed as to the low pressure supplied at the beginning of the recent fire. Supt. Begbie stated that he had noticed The Post's comment thereon and had sent in a letter explaining the situation. Mayor Ingle thought Supt. Begbie should not have taken it upon himself to put a letter in the paper without consulting the Commissioners.

Supt. Begbie then explained that the low pressure was attributed to the misunderstanding of orders at the pump house. When the fire broke out he was among the first to arrive. Noting heavy smoke coming from the rear of Pym's hotel he had phoned Engineer Hammond and said "poke her up." Mr. Hammond misunderstood his order and shut off the pumps, and for a few minutes no pressure was on excepting what was in the mains. Fearing something was wrong at the pump house he notified the engineer the second time but in the meantime he had heard there was a big fire and had the pumps working. The pressure was only off for two minutes. The hydrant at Allan's failed to work on account of the valves being shut off by some person, but he soon had it working. Had the engineer received orders at the proper time there would have been no trouble as far as the water pressure was concerned.

Mr. McNellie—"I am not supposed to know what terms Supt. Begbie uses, but I do not think he should have said 'poke her up.' I think he should have said 'There is a big fire up town, and we require more pressure.' I am of the opinion that we should have a written report from the Superintendent as to who is responsible. I was not pleased to hear of him writing to the papers—he should act in conjunction with the Commissioners in matters of that kind."

Mr. Flavelle said he noticed the low pressure and ran into Dr. Vrooman's office and phoned Mr. Hammond, who said he did not know there was a fire. The Commissioners should be willing to take a certain amount of blame so far as water pressure went, but the primary reason for the fire gaining so much headway was the need of another fire team.

Mr. Hopkins—"I think some man in connection with the fire department should have sent in an automatic alarm."

Mr. Flavelle—"Chief Reesor said that when the old fire hall was being used the alarm was sent in just as soon as the team left the building." On motion of Mr. McNellie, seconded by Mayor Ingle, the Superintendent was requested to make a report in connection with the recent fire.

It was decided to shut off the supply to consumers in the Hamilton terrace and only charge them for what they have used since the 1st April. Those who paid in advance to 1st July will be given a rebate. The meeting then adjourned.

OPS COUNCIL IN SESSION

COURT OF REVISION MATTERS AND GENERAL BUSINESS.

\$3,250 Appropriated For Roads and Wire Fences—Consent Culverts to be Tried.

The members of Ops Council met at 10 a.m. on Monday, May 26th, took the prescribed oath of office, appointed Mr. McLane chairman, and proceeded to dispose of the list of appeals received.

There were but two appeals against assessment, one being that of Mr. Wm. B. Fee, stating that he was improperly assessed, and the other that of Wm. Wylie, tenant of west half lot 1, con. 6, complaining of over assessment. The other complaints were for easements on the part of the assessors. Mr. Wm. B. Fee stating that the Rathbun Co. occupy an acre or more of the township which has not been assessed, and Mr. B. Walker that 33 acres had been omitted from the roll which should be entered therein.

As Mr. Wm. B. Fee failed to attend the Court and had not stated wherein he was improperly assessed his appeal was summarily dismissed. Mr. D. Ray appeared on behalf of the Rathbun Co. and said the Company had no desire to evade assessment. The land referred to, he promised, was the piling ground near the river, which had been filled up and reclaimed by the company. The assessors stated that it could not be assessed as arable land and the Court did not assess it. Mr. Wylie's ground of appeal was that his land, though good soil, was overgrown with dirt and in a bad state of cultivation. After comparing his assessment with others the Court confirmed the assessment. Mr. Walker's appeal was next considered. Twenty-four out of the thirty-three names given were entered on the roll, five were on already and four were withheld by the Court as being of doubtful value.

Mr. Philip Farrelly said he had bought a lot from Mr. R. Brydson, west of the town, on which he was building a house. He desired that it be assessed to himself and son Matthew as joint owners. It was so assessed, and the roll of 1902 was then declared revised and the Court closed.

W. F. O'Boyle, Clerk of Court.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 1:30 p.m. to transact township business. After the minutes of last regular meeting were read and adopted Mr. Arkey moved, seconded by Mr. Staggitt, that the assessment roll be accepted, and that an order be issued in payment of the assessor's salary—Carried.

Mr. Jas. O'Reilly, owner of east half lot 5, con. 1, was permitted to address the Council and said that as the piece of road allowance east of his land could be of no use to the Township he requested that the Council deed it to him in lieu of the roadway across the west end of his lot. Mr. Bruce and others neighbors in the vicinity and that Mr. O'Reilly was justly entitled to the piece of road in question, which, when cleared of stone and stumps, would be of great value to him. The Reeves said the Council could lease it for a nominal rent until such time as it would be needed for public travel, but all present stated it would never be used by the public, and Mr. O'Reilly said he would not go to the expense of clearing it unless it was decided to him. He was willing to copy and transfer. The request was favorably received by Council to be considered and decided at next meeting.

Prospecting for Gravel.
Commissioners Staggitt and Hawkins reported that they had tested lot 15, con. 11, and lot 8, con. 5, for gravel, and found some very good gravel on the latter. Mr. Jas. Shen, owner, was present, and in answer to the query, "What will you take for a quarter acre and right of way until the gravel was removed, say twenty years, if it should hold

out that long?" Mr. Shen said that, owing to the pit being so far off the road, he considered the right of way worth as much as the gravel, and thought six hundred dollars little enough. The Council made no offer, as they considered the price asked three times the value, and the matter dropped.

Omnibus Road.
A petition signed by Mr. Wm. J. Reil and thirty others, was now read, praying that in the portion of the Omnisbus Road crossing the Ops. con. be closed to public travel, and giving reasons therefor. A contra petition, signed by John Cairns and twenty-eight others, was next read, praying that no portion of the Omnisbus road be closed for various reasons given. Owing to the petitioners being directly opposed to each other the Council, on motion, decided to take no action in the matter at present.

Jas. Bingham and Jas. Kearney stated that owing to a culvert on the 6th con. road near their dwellings being closed the water was backed into their cellars. They requested that the culvert be repaired and that they be allowed their statutory labor for damage by water. The Council said the pathmaster had charge of the statute labor, and Mr. L. Patterson said he would review the culvert referred to.

Road Appropriations.
The Council in committee of the whole next considered the appropriation for roads, and after due deliberation decided to appropriate \$2,000, which, with the \$750 for stone and road material and \$500 for wire fences, amounts to \$3,250 for the current year, and on motion of Mr. Arkey, seconded by Mr. Hawkins, a resolution was passed accordingly that \$2,000 be appropriated for roads and bridges, and that it be apportioned as follows: Dr. No. 1, \$870; No. 2, \$370; No. 3, \$430; No. 4, \$380; No. 5, \$420; and that a by-law be introduced to confirm the same.

Revs. McLane was requested to have some culvert piping set as soon as possible; a resolution was passed authorizing the payment of a few verified accounts, and on motion of Messrs. Patterson and Arkey, the Council adjourned at 5 p.m., till Monday, June 3rd, next, at 10 a.m.

W. F. O'BOYLE, Clerk.

Commercial Printing.
Circulars, etc., can be obtained at reasonable prices at The Post.

GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE.

ARRIVALS	
60. From Toronto, Ont.	5:00 a.m.
61. From Hamilton	8:30 a.m.
62. From Port Hope	9:05 a.m



The Baby Sick?

Then probably it's a cold. Babies catch cold so easily and recover so slowly. Not slowly, however, when you use Vapo-Cresolene. Then a single night is all that is necessary for a cure. You just put some Vapo-Cresolene in the vaporizer, light the lamp beneath, and place near the crib. While baby sleeps he breathes the healing vapor. Cold lozenges, inflamed membranes heal, and all trouble ceases. It's a perfect specific for whooping-cough and croup.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold in drug stores everywhere. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, and a bottle of Vapo-Cresolene, complete, \$1.50, extra supplies of Vapo-Cresolene 25 cents. Illustrated booklet containing 150 testimonials for free. Write to: Vapo-Cresolene Co., The Union St., New York, U.S.A.

The Weekly Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1902.

L. C. I. WIN AT CRICKET

DEFEAT ST. CYPRIANS BY AN INNINGS AND 71 RUNS.

The School Team Displayed Fine Form—Cameron Scores 48 Runs.

Quite a number of spectators watched the game of cricket played on the Union School grounds on Saturday last between St. Cyprian's Cricket Club, of Toronto, and the first eleven of the Lindsay Collegiate Institute Club. These spectators were very agreeably surprised at the game put up by the Collegiate team. It was the opening game of the season, and the boys had been practising steadily as they wished to make a good showing in their first match.

The visitors arrived on the 11 o'clock train and were taken to the Benson house for dinner. At one o'clock the game commenced. Capt. Davis, of Toronto, having won the toss, sent his men to bat. Cameron opened the bowling for the Collegiate, and succeeded in getting two wickets the first over. So destructive was the bowling of Cameron and Eagleston that it took only 11 overs altogether to dispose of the Toronto team in their first innings, the whole side being retired for the very small score of 10 runs.

Gladman and Hooper opened the game for Lindsay's innings. These two played very steady, Gladman being the first to retire, bowled l.b.w. for 2 runs. Armour joined Hooper and the runs kept steadily mounting up. Hooper retired for a well-played 12, and his place was taken by McKenzie. He was clean bowled the first ball, and the School lost in him one of their best and surest bats. His place was taken by Cameron, who played a beautiful game, and runs came very rapidly. The batting of all the team was good. The whole side were out for 120 runs; Armour contributed 10, Cameron 48, Wheeler 10 and Hart 10. The St. Cyprian's men had put on five different bowlers during the innings.

In the second innings of the St. Cyprian's they did considerably better, scoring 39 runs. J. Colborne was the only one to reach double figures; his score of 11 was made by good, careful cricket.

The Toronto players speak very highly of the play of the School team. They consider them particularly strong on the field. The bowling of Cameron, Eagleston and Armour was of a high order and in batting the form displayed by Cameron and a number of others was exceptionally good. Below we give the scores:

St. Cyprian C.C.	
J. Stokes, bowled for Toronto	5
J. Colborne, b Cameron	11
T. Fance, c McKenzie, b Cameron	0
C. Smith, run out	0
T. Baker, c Hooper, b Cameron	0
F. Colborne, b Cameron	0
F. J. Davis, c McKenzie, b Eagleston	2
H. Wise, c Wheeler, b Cameron	1
W. Carter, b Eagleston	1
T. P. Wood, not out	1
E. Davis, c Wheeler, b Cameron	0
Total	39

L. C. I. C.C.	
V. L. O'Adair, bowled for Toronto	2
A. O. Hooper, b Colborne	12
B. H. Armour, b Stokes	10
W. D. McKenzie, b Colborne	0
C. B. Cameron, b Davis	48
J. F. Hest, bowled for Toronto	13
J. Eagleston, c E. Davis, b Smith	5
F. J. Hest, not out	5
P. McKenzie, c Stokes, b Davis	2
O. G. McNeill, b Davis	2
Extras	2
Total	120

St. Cyprian C.C.	
Wood, b Cameron	3
Davis, (Capt.), b Cameron	4
Stokes, c Hart, b Cameron	1
Colborne, c Eagleston, b Armour	11
Fance, run out	0
Smith, c Cameron, b Cameron	0
Hooper, run out	2
Colborne, b McKenzie, b Cameron	0
Wise, c Eagleston, b Armour	2
Carter, b Cameron	1
Extras	11
Total	39

LCI 1st innings 120
St. Cyprian 2nd innings 49
LCI won by one innings
We would remind our readers that next Saturday, May 31st, the Collegiate eleven play Trinity College School Second Eleven on the Union School grounds. A good game is expected, and the friends of the game are invited to be present.

Wedding Bells.

Mr. Wesley Webster, of Glandine, a brother of Mrs. R. J. McLoughlin, Esq., was married yesterday to Miss Southworth, of Port Hope. They will take up their residence in town, and will occupy the fine house formerly owned by Mr. C. Chittick.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES

—Volcanoes are worse than grade crossings.
—When a man starts out for a tank he begins it with a swallow.
—Mr. F. C. Taylor has been elected a member of the Toronto Board of Trade.
—Fenelon Falls people will vote on a by-law to raise \$1500 for fire purposes in the near future.
—President Schwab who has bought a hotel to give his friends a vacation in, will be surprised at the number of his friends.
—Carnegie keeps on talking how hard it is to give away his money, but he constantly refrains from calling it for help.
—London is being thoroughly cleaned in honor of the coronation, which makes us regret that we haven't got a coronation on in Lindsay.
—Some men excel in talking much, and some in talking loud.
—The man who tells his money talk to the man who leads the crowd.
—Some of our citizens should get a little on and build a couple of dozen new residences. The destruction of nine dwellings by fire this week has caused a house famine and several families will be compelled to board, while others have rented cottages at the point.

—About 20 members of Court Lindsay, No. 125, C.O.E., drove to Renbora on Sunday and attended divine service in the Methodist church there, with the Renbora brethren. Rev. A. J. H. Strike preached a very interesting sermon, in which he referred to the flourishing condition of the order.

—On July 12th falls on Saturday, and as it is celebrated in Lindsay, an effort should be made to have the celebration on Monday. The rush of regular Saturday visitors will make it difficult to accommodate another large body of people on that day, while on Monday they can have the freedom of the town.

—About 200 of our citizens took in the excursion to Port Perry Monday under the auspices of the citizens' band, and spent a very enjoyable day. It was the initial trip of the St. Kenosha and it is safe to say that a more comfortable and easy running craft is not to be found on the inland waters east of Toronto. The band entertained the excursionists by furnishing a choice programme of music on board, and those who patronized the excursion were highly delighted with the day's outing.

—Much property removed from the terrace dwellings last Wednesday is scattered about the homes in the vicinity. The owners do not know where to apply for their property, which they need very badly. Chief Newson desires all persons having property not belonging to them to convey or send same to the old Council chamber, while he will oversee its distribution to the proper owners. This duty should be attended to at once.

Weak and Helpless.

THE CONDITION OF MRS. WM WESCOTT, OF SEAFORTH.

Suffered From Headaches and Dizziness—Could Not Stand Exertion.

From the Sun, Seaforth, Ont.
Mrs. Wm. Wescott is well known to many all the reasons of her condition. It is also well known to her neighbors and friends that she passed through a trying illness, but is now happy, in robust health. To the editor of the Sun Mrs. Wescott recently gave the particulars of her case for publication merely in the hope that her experience might be of some benefit to some other sufferer. She said: "For some time past my health was in a bad state, my whole system being badly run down. I was troubled with headaches much dizziness, my appetite was poor and I could not stand the least exertion. I consulted different physicians, but their treatment did not seem to benefit me, and I gradually became so bad that I was unable to attend to my household duties. I then tried several advertised medicines, but without any beneficial results, and I began to despair of getting better. One of my neighbors strongly advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and somewhat reluctantly I consented to do so. After I had taken the second box I began to note a great improvement in my condition, and by the time I had used five boxes, I was fully restored to my former good health, much to the surprise of my neighbors and relations. I do not suffer from the least headache, my nerves are good and I can attend to my household duties with the greatest ease. In fact I feel like a different woman, and all this I can say is due to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. All who suffer from a run-down constitution should give these pills a trial."

When the vitality is low; when the blood needs to be replenished, enriched and purified; when the nerves are weak and require strengthening, there is no other medicine can take the place of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It is because of their direct specific action on the blood and nerves that these pills cure such troubles as anemia, nervous headache, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, rheumatism, sciatica, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, kidney and liver ailments, and all functional troubles that make the lives of so many women a source of almost constant misery. Do not take any but the genuine, which have the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all druggists, or sent postpaid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Church Notes.

—The members of Westminster Lodge, No. 20, Sons of England, attended divine service at St. Paul's church Sunday morning, where they listened to a very interesting sermon delivered by the Rector, Rev. C. H. Marsh. The text was taken from the 21st chapter St. Matthew, 28th verse. "A certain man had two sons, and he came to the first and said, Son, go work to-day in my vineyard." While the offertory was being taken up Mr. Clarke, of Toronto, sang a solo. After the brethren had returned to their rooms the usual vote of thanks was extended to Rev. C. H. Marsh, the choir and the Churchwardens.

PERSONALS

—Mr. W. Landry, of Toronto, was home for the 24th.
—Mrs. Tait is spending a few days with friends in Toronto.
—Dr. Rogers and wife, of Omeneau, were in town recently.
—Mr. R. T. McKay, of Beaverton, was in town last week.
—Mrs. J. Mark, of Kilmount, was in town last week.
—Mrs. W. F. O'Boyle, town, visited Port Hope friends Monday.
—Miss Lottie Oakes, of Toronto, was home for the holidays.
—Mr. P. Murphy, town, spent Sunday with Port Hope friends.
—Miss McSwynn and Miss Peden are visiting friends in Toronto.
—Dr. J. F. and Mrs. Ross, of Kirkfield, were in town Saturday.
—Mr. J. R. Dixon, of Walkerville, is spending a few days in town.
—Rev. A. B. and Mrs. Chaffee, of Coboonk, were in town Saturday.
—Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Mosgrove, of Kirkfield, were in town Saturday.
—Mr. Harold Woods, of Toronto, is spending a couple of days at home.
—Mr. and Mrs. Kenny, of Toronto, are visiting Lindsay and Opa friends.
—Mr. R. C. Sootheran, of Toronto University, is home for the summer vacation.
—Mr. Wm. Jordan and Miss Jordan, of Fenelon Falls, were in town yesterday.
—Messrs. Jos. and Will Robinson, of Bobaygon, were in town lately on business.
—Mrs. W. Porter and Mrs. A. Sutherland, of Fenelon Falls, were in town Friday.
—Mr. E. A. Packard, of the Bank of Montreal, Port Hope, was in town over Sunday.
—Mr. Herb. Williams, who has been attending Osgood Hall, is home for the holidays.
—Mrs. J. J. Pearson and daughter, Mazie are spending a few days with Toronto friends.
—Sergeant Major John Martin left lately for Toronto to spend a few days with friends.
—Mrs. Warner, Bond-st., is visiting relatives in Toronto, Hamilton and other points.
—Mr. Thos. arrived Saturday from Sault Ste Marie to spend a week with his family.
—Miss McElgin, of Toronto, is spending a few days with her cousin, Mr. Wm. Webster.
—Mr. A. L. Short, of Kingston, is spending a few days with Lindsay and Manilla friends.
—Mr. Bert. H. Stock and Mr. Percy White, of Peterboro, spent the 24th with friends in town.
—Mr. E. McLellan and Mr. White, of Kirkfield, were in town Saturday and made The Post a call.
—Mr. Leslie Maund, of Duluth, Mich., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Maund, Peel-st.
—Mrs. W. Wright and Miss Wright, of Toronto, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. Henderson, Cambridge-st.
—Miss Bertha O'Neill, of Toronto, spent a couple of days in town with her brother, Mr. Geo. O'Neill.
—Mrs. H. Staples and Mrs. N. McErgon, Kirkfield, are the guests of Mr. A. J. McArthur, Russell-st.
—Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Fair, of Millbrook, spent the 24th holiday and Sunday with Lindsay friends.
—Mr. Sam. Staples, of the Toronto Medical School, was in town lately, passing through to Lorneville.
—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Webster, of Peterboro, visited Mr. and Mrs. Reay, south ward, Saturday and Sunday.
—Mr. D. L. Somerville, of Peterboro, passed through Saturday to Fenelon Falls to spend a few days with friends.
—Mr. Harry Tims, of the Bank of Montreal, and Mr. W. Bartlett, of the Hamilton Bank, left for Toronto last Friday.
—Mr. L. C. Casselman, of Hantsville, a former student of the Lindsay Collegiate Institute, is spending a few days in town.
—Mr. J. S. McLean, of Toronto, formerly of the Collegiate Institute staff, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in town.
—Mr. Sam. Ferguson, of the Canadian General Electric Co., Peterboro, was in town Saturday and Sunday with his family.
—Mr. J. C. Ross, of Knox College, Toronto, formerly Y.M.C.A. Secretary, is spending a few days with Dr. and Mrs. Clarke.
—Port Hope Guide, Saturday: Mr. Byrd Wood and wife, of Lindsay, were in town over the holidays, the guest of Mr. W's mother, Mrs. Wood, Park Terrace, Elm-st.
—Mrs. A. Hyfield and family, of Kirkfield, were in town Saturday, passing through to Brooklyn, where she will visit her mother.
—Dr. L. McD. Coulter, Mrs. McDonald and Miss Coulter, of Detroit, arrived last Friday to take up their residence at Sturgeon Point for the summer.
—Mr. H. J. Lytle, manager of the Ontario Bank, returned last Friday from Toronto, where his little daughter underwent a successful surgical operation.
—Mrs. Johnston Ellis, Cambridge-st., and Mrs. J. Williams, Bagin-st., left today for Kingston, where they will spend three weeks or a month visiting friends.
—Miss Sara Ford, of Surry, England, arrived by the S.S. Numidian last week and will remain for this summer with her brother, Mr. Chas. Ford, South Ops.
—Mr. John Barber, head pressman with the Methodist Publishing Co., Toronto, was in town Saturday, passing through to Galt to spend a few days with friends.
—Mrs. A. C. Carmichael (nee Miss Touchburn), who has arrived from San Francisco, Cal., and is visiting her mother while Mr. Carmichael is away on a business trip to St. Louis, Missouri.
—Messrs. L. E. Fitzpatrick, J. O'Connell, Misses Sailer and M. Fitzpatrick, of Port Hope, and Miss Berwick, of Port Hope, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John McGuire, Renbora, on Sunday.
—Mr. David Robertson and wife, of Montreal, are the guests of Mrs. J. M. Squier for a few days. Mr. R. is a prominent contractor and at present is carrying out a great work at Valleyfield, where the labor trouble occurred last season. The value of the contract is half a million dollars. Mr. Robertson thinks Lindsay is a good town with a bright future.

A HOT TIME!

During Election Week.

GRAHAM WILL WIN

There will be a Hot Time this week. Politics will be hot, the weather is to be ditto—and GRAHAM'S SWEEPING SALE OF FINE SUITS and SWELL FURNISHINGS will be hotter than ever.

The Man or Boy who has not yet bought his Suit or Summer Underwear will be in great luck this week, because PRICE CUTTING WILL BE MERCILESS. Our aim is to close out the month of May with a record-breaking week of selling. Everything goes, during the election excitement, regardless of original cost or our former lowest selling prices, during this growing sale.

Special Values In Hot Weather Suits and Hot Weather Outfittings.

Men's Suits, regular value up to \$5.50, reduced one half, \$2.75
Men's Suits, reg. value up to \$6.50, reduced one-half, \$3.25
Men's Suits, reg. value up to \$8.50, reduced one-half, \$4.25
Men's Suits, reg. value up to \$10.00, reduced one-half, \$5.00
Men's Suits, reg. value up to \$14.00, reduced one-half, \$7.00
Men's Trousers, made to sell for \$1.50 and \$1.75, now, 89c
Men's Trousers, made to sell for \$2.00 and \$2.50, now, \$1.28
Youths' Long Pant Suits, reg. price \$4, this week only \$2.98
Youths' Long Pant Suits, reg. price \$5, this week only \$3.90
Boys' Suits that sold up to \$2.50, this week only \$1.75
Boys' 2-Piece Suits that sold up to \$1.35, for..... 95c
Boys' 2 Piece Suits that sold up to \$2.00, reduced to... \$1.35

New Negligee Shirts for the Hot Weather, 65c, 75c and \$1.00
Fine Imported Cashmere Socks, regular 35c, our special 25c
Plain Black Cashmere Socks, worth easy 20c a pair for 15c
Light Weight Panama and Fine Fedora Felt Hats, \$1.50, \$1.90 and..... \$2.25
Straw Hats, any price you like.
Outing Caps and Knockabouts.

Take Your Pick while the Picking is Good.

The bargains eclipse any of our former offerings during this entire sale.

Men's Summer Underwear.

We have just opened some special values in light weight Underwear—the best qualities at lowest prices consistent

—FOR 25c—Special Balbriggan Underwear.
—FOR 35c—Extra Balbriggan Underwear.
—FOR 50c—Fine Balbriggan Underwear. Handsome line, fine double thread, satin facings,
—FOR 75c—Fine Natural Wool Underwear.
—FOR 50c—Plain Natural Wool Underwear.

This will be the Greatest Week Yet of Graham's Greatest Sale.

WATCH GRAHAM GROW.

A. J. GRAHAM,

Lindsay's King of Clothiers.

OVER 100 MEET DEATH

Terrible Mine Calamity at Fernie, British Columbia.

POSSIBLY THE RESULT OF A SHOT

The Disaster Occurred in No. 2 Mine of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company at Coal Creek, Five Miles From Fernie, B.C.—The Relief Parties Quickly to the Rescue—Distressing scenes.

Fernie, B.C., May 24.—One of the worst coal mining disasters in the history of British Columbia occurred at the Coal Creek mines at 7 o'clock Thursday night, when from 125 to 150 men met almost instant death in mines No. 2 and 3. The explosion occurred in the deeps of No. 2, and not a man of over 100 employed in that mine escaped to tell the tale. From No. 3 workings, which are connected with No. 2, about 21 men escaped.

The first intimation of the disaster which those on the outside received was a rush of coal dust and fire to a height of over 1,000 feet above the fans. Word was immediately sent to Fernie, five miles from the mines, and inside of 12 minutes from the time the accident occurred relief parties were at work.

General Superintendent R. Drinnan, Dr. Donnell and True Witherby were the first to enter the mine. When about 500 feet into the workings Drinnan was overcome by fire damp, and had it not been for his two companions would have perished. On being removed to the outer air he recovered, and gave instructions to the rescue party to commence repairing the overcasts. The overcasts are the pipes which conduct the air through the mine, and, as they had been almost completely destroyed, it was impossible to enter, owing to the after damp which prevailed.

Volunteers were called for and a score of brave men sprang to work. For nearly six hours this policy was pursued with reckless energy. Every five minutes the men would collapse, and were borne to the outer air, and their places were quickly filled by volunteers. The first body recovered was taken from No. 3 mine about 11 o'clock and was that of Willie Robertson, a lad of 13. Several hours elapsed, and then three more bodies were recovered. None of the victims gave the slightest sign of life, and were removed to the wash house. At 4 a.m. the relief parties had penetrated so far that the gas became unbearable, and operations had to be suspended for an hour or two in order to allow the men to clear of after damp. Among those who escaped from No. 3 mine were: C. Bur-

rows, James Baker, C. McNeill, C. Dunlop, A. Farquharson, Jas. Carr, James Debie, John Sharp, H. Monahan, H. Salter, and a number of foreigners.

Many acts of bravery were witnessed during the night. The heroic work of a miner named True Witherby, who time and again entered the pit, where men were falling around him, was particularly notable.

So far only 10 bodies have been taken from the mine, and several days will elapse before all are recovered.

The dead who were recovered are: Steve Morgan, Joe Sangall, Willie Robertson, Victor Johnson, John Leadbeater, Frank Salter, John McLeod, T. Farquhar, Thomas Johnson, and an Italian whose name is unknown.

The mine is free from fire, and the bodies will be removed as fast as the after damp is cleared from the mine. The rescue parties are working in four-hour shifts, and the company are doing all in their power to assist in the work.

General Superintendent Stockett and Superintendent Drinnan have been on the scene ever since the accident, and are doing all in their power for the comfort of the men who are working.

The town is horror-stricken and heart-rending scenes meet the eye on every side. All day the trains to the mine have been crowded with anxious friends and relatives of the imprisoned men, hurrying to the scene of the disaster.

The cause of the accident is unknown, but the opinion of the many of the miners is that it was the result of a shot from one of the machines.

It is thought that most of the men entombed are foreigners, Italians, Hungarians and French. Coal Creek is the centre of the coal output of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company. There is a population of 500 or 600, almost entirely made up of miners. Three shifts of eight hours each are worked at the mines, and it was probably the day shift that was caught in the mine. The explosion is not expected to affect the output of the company for any great length of time.

The Fernie mines are one of three camps, which the Crow's Nest Coal Company operates, namely, Fernie, Michel and Morrissey, all within a few miles of each other. The Fernie mines are situated six miles out of the town, and are in the most advanced stage of development, three seams are being worked.

Montreal Runs the Rapids.
Ogdensburg, May 27.—The steamer Montreal, built in Toronto, entered the first rapids of the St. Lawrence yesterday afternoon under her own steam. She is the largest vessel that ever ran the rapids.

G.T.R. Karings.
Montreal, May 27.—Grand Trunk Railway System earnings, 15th to 21st May, 1902, \$583,040; 1901, \$518,868; increase, \$64,172.

IT PAYS TO BUY AT CINNAMON'S.

—HEADQUARTERS FOR—

PURE MIXED PAINT,

White Lead, Linseed Oil, Varnishes,
Paint Brushes, Garden Tools,
Lawn Mowers, Coal Oil Stoves,
Bicycles, Screen Doors and Windows,
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Dealer in Hardware and Stoves

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He will be at the Benson House, Lindsay, June 7th, with HAIR GOODS, Ladies' and Gents' WIGS, TOUPEES, BANGS, WAVY and PLAIN FRONTS, SWITCHES of every description, etc.

He can improve your personal appearance. Plain features and disfigured heads caused through the loss of hair made perfect.

Thousands owe their fine looks to the skill of Prof. Dorenwend.

Having Hair Adorns and Protects the head. Don't fail to see his new PATENT HAIR STRUCTURE, patented all over the world.

Private Apartments Secured at Hotel Rembrandt for 1 Day Only

First class Cut Hair, especially Grey and White Hair, taken in Exchange.

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 Money to loan at lowest rates. Conveyancing, etc. Office, Hotel block, Lindsay.

MOSWEN & WELDON, Barristers,
 Solicitors, etc. Money to loan at lowest rates. Office, over Ontario Bank, cor. Kent and William Sts., Lindsay.

G. H. HOPKINS, Barrister, etc., 60
 Hotel for the Ontario Bank. Money to loan at lowest rates. Office, No. 8, William St., south, Lindsay, Ont.—25

MOORE & JACKSON, Barristers, etc.,
 etc., solicitors for the County of Victoria and the Bank of Montreal. Money to loan on mortgages at lowest current rates. Office, Williams, Lindsay, F. D. MOORE. ALEX. JACKSON.

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Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.
 Private Funds at very lowest rates and on most suitable terms.
 Office immediately opposite Daily Home
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 Barristers, Solicitors, Etc., Lindsay,
 and Penelton Falls.
 Lindsay Office: Baker's Block, Kent-st.
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 Engineers, Land, Loan and Insurance Agents.
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 Branchman, Engineer for the County of Victoria and Townships of Opa, Mariposa, Elgin, and Georgian, Woodville, Ont.
 Boundaries between lots accurately defined. Plans of towns and villages made for registration as per Boundary Act. Municipal drainage under the Drainage Act. A specialty. Levels and Grades taken for kinds of land and open areas. Plans, Elevation and Detail Drawings made, and construction supervision of bridges, school buildings, etc. Mechanical drawings of any kind for patents, neatly executed. Will be at the office of Mr. O'Boyle, Clerk of the Township of Opa, Kirkfield, Lindsay, every Saturday.

DENTISTRY.
DR. E. A. TOTTEN,
DENTIST.
 Graduate of Toronto University and Royal College of Dental Surgeons. OFFICE NO. 24, Kent-st., Lindsay, formerly occupied by Telephone Co.—24-ly.

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DENTIST, Lindsay.
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 All the latest and improved branches of Dentistry carefully performed. Charges moderate.
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 Honor Graduate of Toronto University and Royal College of Dental Surgeons.
 All the latest improved methods adopted. Prices moderate.
 OFFICE—Over Anderson & Nugent's, opposite Butler's Hotel, Lindsay.—17-ly.

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 without pain by GAS and VITALIZED AIR administered by him for 25 years with great success. He studied the gas under Dr. Colton, of New York, the originator of Gas for Extracting Teeth. Dr. Colton writes Dr. Neelands that he has given the gas to 125,417 persons without an accident. Dr. Neelands uses the best local Pain Obstructors.
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FINE JOB PRINTING

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Fly Pad
POISON
Will clear your
house of flies

The Weekly Post.
 LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1902.

ON THE TENTER-HOOKS
 Unconfirmed Rumor of Hitch in the Peace Negotiations.

DAILY MAIL: "PEACE SURE."
 Likely, However, That a Few Hours, or Days at the Most, Will Solve the Mystery of the Revening Conference—An Obstinate Minority—Still Differences Among the Burgers.

London, May 27.—Just before Parliament rose after midnight last night a rumor reached the lobbies that a hitch had occurred in the peace negotiations.

Nothing official concerning this rumor could be ascertained, but the despatch to the Associated Press from Pretoria in which it was said that the prevalence throughout South Africa of the optimistic feeling in regard to the peace negotiations was hardly based upon solid facts may be regarded as an indication that such a hitch has occurred.

Little information from Pretoria has been able recently to pass the censor there. That the Government yesterday fully anticipated a speedy conclusion of peace is believed to be shown by the postponement of the budget bill in the committee stage with the view, as was frankly admitted on the Government side of the House, of enabling the budget to be re-cast in the event that peace is secured.

AN OBSTINATE MINORITY.
 Anxious to Continue Fighting Although Independence Claim is Abandoned.

Pretoria, May 26.—The prevalence throughout South Africa of the optimistic feeling in regard to the peace negotiations is hardly based upon solid facts. The protraction of the conference at Vereeniging is not necessarily a hopeful sign. The delegates to the conference, although they have abandoned their hopes of securing independence, still have many points of difference with the Government, while an obstinate minority continues to regard the resumption of hostilities as the best outcome of the present situation, and at any moment these points of difference may be accentuated into a refusal to continue the negotiations.

It is most unlikely that those who are in favor of peace will throw up the sponge, so long as a decent minority is desirous of continuing the struggle, and all these dissonant elements must be taken into account before it is possible to give any sort of prediction as to the issue of the present negotiations.

LOOK FOR NEWS.
 Announcement of Terms of Boer Surrender Expected Soon.

London, May 27.—Those persons expecting a definite announcement regarding peace in South Africa on the resumption of Parliament yesterday afternoon were disappointed, for the Government leader in the House of Commons, A. J. Balfour, declined to "make any forecast" as to when the Government would be able to make a statement. Better informed people did not anticipate that the Government would be in a position yesterday to give anything of importance in this connection; but possibly after to-day's Cabinet meeting Mr. Balfour may be able to communicate the eagerly-awaited news.

Although Mr. Balfour declined to commit himself publicly, there is no doubt whatever in Government circles that a definite proclamation of peace is only a question of hours.

It was reported in the lobbies of the House of Commons yesterday that the proclamation of peace may be followed by an abandonment of the tax on grain.

Peace is Quite Certain.
 The Daily Mail this morning says the Cabinet council to be held to-day will decide upon points of detail, mostly of a financial nature, which have been raised by the Boers in the peace negotiations. Great Britain's decision in the matter will then be communicated to the Vereeniging conference by delegates at Pretoria, says the paper, and, being the best obtainable terms, they will almost certainly be accepted.

The result should be announced officially either Thursday or Friday of this week, probably on Friday, the day upon which King Edward's birth is celebrated. Peace is quite certain, says The Daily Mail, and the delegates at Pretoria are only engaged in endeavoring to glid the pill for the patient Vereeniging conference to swallow. The Daily Mail says further: "Our despatches from Pretoria assert that numerous communications are passing between Lord Kitchener and Milner in South Africa, and London."

Kitchener Has Agreed.
 "Lord Kitchener, although he is still full of energy, it much aged in appearance as a result of the severe and continuous strain which he has undergone. The consensus of opinion is that the recent negotiations have proved Lord Kitchener to be a great diplomatist, as well as a great soldier. It is difficult to appreciate the magnitude of the difficulties Lord Kitchener has had to contend with; the Boer leaders are all deeply impressed with his personality, and trust him implicitly."

It is understood that Lord Milner (the British High Commissioner in South Africa) has gracefully admitted that the ultimate credit for the accomplishment of the great task is due to Lord Kitchener.

Boer Request Refused.
 The Inquiry, May 27.—It is said in Boer circles here that the peace proposals made to the conference at Vereeniging, Transvaal, included the condition that the Boers in the field be allowed to consult with the Boer delegates in Europe before a definite attempt is made. It is declared also upon the same authority that the British Government refused May 23 to accede to this request.

Forty-six Boers Quit.
 Pretoria, May 26.—Forty-six Boers, with their wagons and cattle, surrendered at Balmoral, Transvaal, yesterday.

Canadians Still Ill.
 Ottawa, May 27.—Lord Minto received a cablegram from the Casualty Department yesterday announcing the continued illness of Canadians suffering from enteric fever.

The cable reads: Cape Town, May 26.—Dangerously ill, enteric fever, May 25 at Kimberley, 2nd C.M.R., Harry Wilson Dymott, C. McVicar, E. C. Keddy. At Pietermaritzburg, E. C. Redswell.

Dymott enlisted at Halifax, Mo-Vicar at London, Keddy at Quebec, and Redswell at Medicine Hat.

Trooper Murphy Ill.
 Ottawa, May 27.—Trooper Charles Murphy, Second Canadian Mounted Rifles, of Strathcona, Alberta, is dangerously ill with enteric fever at Blandfontein.

SPRINGFIELD'S \$50,000 FIRE.
 Wide Swath Cut in an Elgin County Village Monday Afternoon.

Springfield, May 27.—A fifty thousand dollar fire occurred in Springfield yesterday. Shortly after noon fire broke out in C. B. Atkins' hay loft in the rear of a block of buildings on Main street. The fire getting into the hay soon got beyond control of the willing helpers.

The following are the losses:
 D. W. Henry, departmental stock and buildings, \$24,700, insured for \$9,800.
 C. B. Atkins, butcher, loss \$800, partly insured.
 B. Swaley, house good \$500, no insurance.

The Mansel Implement Agent \$500, no insurance.
 D. T. Eck, harness and implement \$4,000, partly insured.
 John Haver, building \$2,000, insured for \$1,400.
 R. T. Stout, cheese box manufacturer, loss \$1,000.
 Wilcox & Smith, drygoods and groceries, loss of \$1,000 on goods destroyed.

Methodist Church, valued at \$15,000, insurance \$5,000.
 All these buildings are totally destroyed except Stout's and Wilcox & Smith's. Half the Methodist Church shed was destroyed.

Messrs. Swartz & Moorehouse were badly burned by the explosion of Mr. Henry's gas machine, and John Harris was hurt by falling bricks, otherwise no fatalities. Mr. Atkins' horses narrowly escaped.

Springfield is an incorporated village in Elgin County, 13 miles from St. Thomas, with a population of about 800. There are three churches, three hotels and about twenty stores.

Crackers Cause \$10,000 Damage.
 Ottawa, May 27.—A hardware store occupied by Graves Bros. and Hintonburg, was burned down Sunday, the burning caused fire through the setting off of crackers, and \$10,000 damage was caused.

Killed by a Train.
 Toronto, May 27.—The G.T.R. express from Toronto, due here at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, brought in the body of a section hand who was killed near Bronte. The man's name is A. Hofflander, whose home is at Petersburg, near Stratford. It appears that Hofflander and some other men were at work near Bronte when the express came along. They made a rush for their tools and other things. Hofflander got hold of a leveling board, but before he pulled it from the track the locomotive struck it. It was knocked against his head, and his skull was fractured. The train was stopped and the body taken aboard and brought to the city. Deceased appeared to be about 22 years of age. No inquest will be held.

From West to Corroboration.
 Winnipeg, May 27.—The train carrying the coronation contingent left Vancouver Sunday. It will reach here Wednesday.

GOOD CROP OUTLOOK.
 Wheat, Oats, Barley and Flax Acreages Show Great Increases.

Winnipeg, May 24.—W. L. Parib, secretary of the Northwest Grain Dealers' Association, has compiled the following statement regarding the crop conditions in the Northwest. From circulars sent out on May 1 answers from 103 points show condition when tabulated as follows:
 Wheat acreage compared with last year, 103; oats, 106; barley, 105; flax 145.

The following replies were given as to the season being favorable or otherwise: Good, 77; fair, 10; late, 12; unfavorable, 10.
 The Red River Valley shows considerable decrease in wheat acreage, and a few other portions of Manitoba, on account of too much rain, but from the 83 points in Manitoba the percentage shows 98.78, and the 21 points in the Northwest Territories show the acreage to be 119.29, as compared with last year.

The wheat land is now practically all seeded, and the weather has been of the most favorable kind to make rapid growth.
 The following was the acreage last year:
 Manitoba: Wheat, 2,011,835; oats, 689,951; barley, 191,999; flax, 2,978.
 Northwest Territories: Wheat, 608,564; oats, 229,933; barley, 20,044.

CANADA ATLANTIC RY.
 Messrs MacKenzie and Mann Have Inspected the Property.
 NO CONNECTION WITH DR. WEBB
 Such a Report Was Set on Foot, But Mr. Mackenzie Has Given It Prompt Denial—Says Their Intentions Will Be Known in a Few Days—The Trip Over the Road.

Ottawa, May 27.—A report is on foot that a number of prominent Canadian capitalists and contractors may join Dr. Seward Webb to take hold of the Canada Atlantic Railway.

Since the Meyer crash in New York, when some associates in stock transactions of Dr. Webb came to grief, there has been doubt of his purchasing of the Canada Atlantic going through. The purchase was to have been practically made by the Rutland Railway Company, which Dr. Webb controls, but two meetings of the shareholders have been held without conclusive action being taken. Since the Meyer trouble, Dr. Webb seems to have hesitated to consummate the matter.

The report now regarding Canadian aid for Dr. Webb arises from the fact that within the past couple of days, when the plan had been made of the Canada Atlantic system by a party under charge of Dr. Webb's solicitor, and on a special train ordered by him. The party included Senator Cox of Toronto, Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann, and Z. A. Lash, K.C., of Toronto, solicitor of the Canadian Northern Railway Company.

It is reported also that Mr. Clergue is interested.

The situation is that if the Webb-Clergue-Mackenzie-Mann interests united, there would be now, or soon completed, a through railway route from Boston to Grasset, half way round the north of Lake Superior, and a comparatively easy link would remain to connect this with the Mackenzie and Mann roads in Manitoba and the West.

Not in Co-operation With Dr. Webb.
 Ottawa, May 27.—It has been asserted that Dr. Webb is seeking the co-operation of Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann in order to carry out the deal, but this was denied last night by Mr. Mackenzie. That gentleman stated that he and Mr. Mann were in no way connected with Dr. Webb, and the trip over the Canada Atlantic Railway was not inspired by the American capitalist. Mr. Mackenzie would neither confirm or deny the report that something was on foot in connection with the Canada Atlantic Railway. "You will know in a few days," he stated. "And moreover, it is not very probable that anything will come of it."

FAVORS TRADE WITH CANADA.
 New Zealanders Say So, Even if They Have to Pay for It.

Toronto, May 27.—D. E. Theomin of Dunedin, New Zealand, president of the New Zealand Chamber of Commerce, was one of the Mayor's visitors yesterday afternoon. He is accompanied by Mrs. and Miss Theomin, and they are on their way to the coronation.

Mr. Theomin said that Toronto was an ideal city, but there was something to be said in favor of his side of the world, for there they had municipal or government ownership of the public franchises, and that was a great benefit to the people. He had remarked in coming through Canada from Vancouver that there was an abundance of water power. If New Zealand was so well-blessed he was satisfied that his country was sufficiently progressive to lead even Canada in the use of electricity in all its benefits. At present they have government telephones, for which business houses pay £7 a year. In Dunedin the Street Railway is controlled by the city.

"One thing you can say," remarked Mr. Theomin, "is that we in New Zealand are proud of Canada, and that we are a unit for the interests of the Empire. We will favor trade with Canada even if it should cost us a little more."

BASEBALL.
 Eastern League, Monday.
 Toronto 2, Buffalo 12.
 Newark 7, Providence 8.
 Jersey City 8, Worcester 5.
 Montreal-Rochester. No game. Rain.

National League, Monday.
 St. Louis 4, Chicago 5.
 American League, Monday.
 Baltimore 3, Chicago 8.
 Boston 9, St. Louis 3.
 Philadelphia 8, Detroit 6.
 Washington 3, Cleveland 6.

O.J.C. Spring Races.
 Toronto, May 27.—Monday, 4th day O.J.C.'s spring meeting. Weather cloudy; track fast. The record: First Race, 1 mile, 3-year-olds and up, 1 Cobourg, 2 Springwells, 3 Currie I. 1 to 4. Time 1:02 1/2.
 Second Race, 4 1/2 furlongs, 2-year-olds, 1 Kite, 2 Nod, 3 Enue. 20 to 1. Time 58 1/2.
 Third Race, 1 1/8 miles, Maple Leaf Stakes, 3-year-old fillies, 1 Lyddite, 2 Golden Crest, 3 Callen Herries. 1 to 5. Time 1:54 1/2.
 Fourth Race, about 2 miles, Helter Skelter Steeplechase, 1 L'vonian, 2 Inkerman, 3 Vernak. 8 to 5. Time 5:05 1/2.
 Fifth Race, 1 1/4 miles, Woodstock Plate, 3-year-olds, 1 Red Robe, 2 Gold Cure, 3 Circus. 3 to 1. Time 1:57 1/2.
 Sixth Race, 1 mile, 3-year-olds and up, 1 Advocate, 2 Frank McKee, 3 Jack McKinn. 5 to 1. Time 1:46 1/2.
 Charged With Murder.

Ottawa, May 27.—Joseph des Chatelets of Little Ripon, St. Andre Avon parish, near Papineauville, in Ottawa County, is in Hull jail awaiting trial on the charge of murdering Benjamin Richar, a 15-year-old boy. He is alleged to have thrown the boy into the Little Nation River. Bailiff Hillman of Papineauville brought the prisoner to Hull yesterday afternoon.

HOW CAPT. MILLIGAN DIED.
 Had Helped a Wounded Comrade Just Before Being Hit.
 Mrs. Milligan, wife of the late Capt. W. E. K. Milligan, who lost his life in the Little Hart's River fight in the Transvaal on March 31st, while serving with the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles, has received letters from Lieut. Marshall and from Corp. Brown, relating the circumstances of Pte. Milligan's death. Lieut. Marshall writes from the camp of the Canadian Rifles, 40 miles from Klerksdorp, April 4th. His letter says:
 "Just a few lines to express to you our heartfelt sympathy regarding the death of your husband. It will be of some consolation to you to know that he more than did his duty while out with us. He was very faithful in all his work, very quiet and most willing, a general favorite, not only in his troop, but in the squadron. Your husband had given a hand to one of our wounded men, and on rejoining his troop was struck by a rifle bullet. It was instant death to him; no suffering whatever. Capt. E. Bailey asks me to tell you how much we regret his loss. Again wishing you much sympathy. We are looking after his effects and hope to send them home to you."
 Corporal W. W. Brown, formerly Major in the 3rd Dragoons, who had headquarters here at Peterboro, writes: "Your husband and I were comrades, and I deeply sympathize with you in your irreparable loss. He was a good man, and well thought of by officers and men. I secured his watch and his chain, money belt, containing £3, and field glass, and handed them over to Mr. Marshall to be sent home, also his Maple Leaf badge. I hope to come back, and will visit you upon arrival, and as we had an understanding if anything happened we would write to each other's wives. It was a fierce engagement, and our loss was heavy. I may say his end was painless, and quiet. He had helped another man on a stretcher, and took up his position again, and was shortly hit. We did all for the dead we could and fixed up the grave in which lay eight Canadians. I send you the deep and the heartfelt sympathy of myself and the whole troop, and trust I may be spared to visit you and your dear family when we come back."

Five little minutes are all the time Perry Davis' Painkiller needs to stop a stomach-ache, even when it is sharp enough to make a strong man groan. Don't be fooled by imitations. 25c. and 50c.

A PIOL & STEEL
 for Ladies. PILLS
 A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES
 Superseding Bitter, Apple, Pill Ochia, Pennyroyal, etc. Order in all chemists or post free for \$1.00 from
 EVANS & SONS, Limited, Toronto, or MARTIN, Pharmacien, 101 Chalmers, SOUTHAMPTON, Eng.

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VICTORIA FARMERS
 When in need of—
FARM IMPLEMENTS, BUGGIES,
WAGGONS OR PUMPS
 you should call on us.
 Picture Framing and Photo Enlarging neatly and promptly done.
 J. J. CONNELLY,
 Victoria Road,
 THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE.
 The Largest Fire Insurance Office in the World.
 Capital, \$10,000,000
 Accumulated Fund, \$3,500,000
 Invested in Canada, \$900,000
 Rates and premiums as low as any other respectable company. The settlement of losses is prompt and liberal. The resources and standing of the company afford three insured in its perfect security against loss.

W. R. WIDDESS
 Agent for Lindsay and Victoria County
Life and Fire Insurance

SUN LIFE
 Assurance Company of Canada. The Sun gets up early in the morning, and led all Canadian Companies during 1900. Amount of new business taken and paid for being \$10,500,000. Income, \$2,780,000.

Fire Insurance—The Waterloo Mutual
 noted for its fair dealing and prompt settlements. Capital, \$1,000,000. Assets, \$1,000,000. Merit and other reliable companies.

Money to loan at the lowest current rates of interest.
 Office: Rear of Dominion Bank Building, where I will be personally present on Wednesday and Saturday of each week.

JOHN P. CUNNINGHAM

MONEY TO LOAN.
STRAIGHT LOANS AT
VERY LOWEST CURRENT RATES
 repayable on terms to suit borrower. Also a large amount of trust funds to loan on advantageous terms.
 G. H. HOPKINS,
 Barrister, etc., Lindsay, Ont.

TO BORROWERS
 We are loaning money on real estate mortgages at the lowest current rates. The business is done in our own office and the principal and interest is repaid in installments as convenient to the borrower. We also purchase mortgages and debentures.

TO INVESTORS
 We invest money for clients on mortgages also on municipal debentures, investments stocks and bonds.
 MCLAUGHLIN, McDIARMID & PEELE,
 Barristers, etc., Baker's Block, Lindsay, Ont.

Every Cyclist Deserves
Dunlop
Tires
 Do you want the best tires—Dunlop Tires? Or do you want to pay just as much for the second best?
 Dunlop Tires for Carriages and Autos—solid rubber and pneumatic.
DUNLOP TIRE CO., LIMITED,
TORONTO.

WE ARE READY for
the BIGGEST MUSLIN
SEASON in Years
 We saw it coming. We are prepared for it. We are showing so many Fine, New, Exclusive Designs that we hardly know which deserves first mention.
 Perhaps White and Black effects, Linen colors, Blues, and Plain White. We have more different kinds and more handsome effects than ever.
 At 25c per yd. We are showing Satin-Striped Lined D'Avenir with White Grounds and Floral Designs. We have also the same in Plain Colors with Self Colored Satin Stripes.
 At 18c per yd. We are showing a serviceable Wash Goods for Ladies' and Children's dresses. There are no Goods we can recommend to you stronger than Amoskeag Chambray in plain Ox-Blood, Pink, Light Blue, Dark Blues, Brown, Grey and Linen Shades. Also above in all fancy stripes.
 At 15c per yd. We start our Plain White Organdies and have them at all prices up to 45c.
 At 30c and 40c yd. We have Fine Black Sheer Organdies, A Fine Black Sheer Indian Linen Lawn.
 At 10c per yd. We start our 42 inch Victoria for Ladies' Waists, some beautiful designs with neat stripes of Butter Insertion; others with stripes of Fine Valenciennes Insertion. Prices 60c to \$2.00.

FINE MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
 Snowy White Gowns, Drawers, Corset Covers, Skirts, all full and wide and made of best materials, daintily trimmed with choicest Lace and Embroideries, and priced to save you from 10 to 15 per cent.

O'LOUGHLIN & McINTYRE
KENT-ST. LINDSAY.
CASH AND ONE PRICE

C. HUGHAN,
JEWELLER,
 and Issuer of Marriage Licenses
 ONTARIO BARK BLOCK,
 Corner of Kent and William Street
 will sell on
Saturday May 3rd,
12 Eight Day Mantle Clocks
 with or without alarm, that strikes the hours and half hours, walnut or oak cases same as cut fully guaranteed, usually sold for \$4.00, Saturday
\$1.98
 These clocks will only be sold on the above date, and only one to a customer.
 Bring along your Watch Repairing.
EYES TESTED FREE

LIPPINGOTT'S
MONTHLY MAGAZINE
 A FAMILY LIBRARY
 The Best in Current Literature
 12 COMPLETE NOVELS YEARLY
 MANY SHORT STORIES AND PAPERS ON TIMELY TOPICS
 \$2.50 PER YEAR; 25 CTS. A COPY
 NO CONTINUED STORIES
 EVERY NUMBER COMPLETE IN ITSELF

PENITENTIARY SUPPLIES.
 SEALED TENDERS addressed "Inspector of Penitentiaries, Ottawa," and endorsed "Tender for Supplies," will be received until Monday, 18th of June, inclusive, from parties desirous of contracting for supplies for the fiscal year 1902-1903, for the following institutions, namely:—
 Kingston Penitentiary.
 St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary.
 Dorchester Penitentiary.
 Manitoba Penitentiary.
 British Columbia Penitentiary.
 Regina Jail.
 Prince Albert Jail.
 Separate tenders will be received for each of the following classes of supplies:—
 1. Flour (Canadian Strong Baker's)
 2. Beef and mutton (fresh).
 3. Forage.
 4. Coal (anthracite and bituminous).
 5. Cordwood.
 6. Groceries.
 7. Coal Oil (in barrels).
 8. Dry Goods.
 9. Drugs and Medicines.
 10. Leather and Findings.
 11. Hardware, Tinware, Paints, etc.
 12. Lumber.
 Details of information as to form of contract, together with forms of tender, will be furnished on application to the Warden of the various institutions.
 All supplies are subject to the approval of the Warden or Jailor.
 All tenders submitted must specify clearly the institution, or institutions, which it is supposed to supply, and must bear the endorsement of at least two responsible sureties.
 Papers inserting this notice without authority from the King's Printer will not be paid therefor.

DOUGLAS STEWART,
GEO. W. DAWSON,
 Inspectors of Penitentiaries.
 Department of Justice,
 Ottawa, May 12, 1902.—w3.

Marriage Licenses.
 At Britton Bros., Jewellers.

MONEY TO LOAN
 at 4 1/2 to 5 p.c.

We are prepared to make loans on town and farm property from either private persons or loaning companies, at any rate desired, and to issue to borrowers, with special privileges and by paying in installments without increase in rate of interest interest and installments payable at our office.

STEWART & O'CONNOR,
 Barristers, Lindsay

